丁. 大数学 1989

•

...

[解] Q(d,d2) R(P,B3) (d<B) LINT良い。in时 Q.RTin于新加口各区

$$y = 2dx - d^2$$

 $y = 2Bx - B^2$

Tiths.Pはこの交点で、(dp ap) である。Pはy=ocの下側だめる。

これは はくりから南にみたされる。そこで、はりか、、ひこはりり、しては月とした日子実教新報が 那意的

$$\begin{cases} b \leq \frac{1}{2}(a-1) - \frac{1}{2}(a+1) & \dots \\ (-1 \leq b), b \neq \frac{1}{2}(a^2) \end{cases}$$

FALI 力がら動い時のQRの中点、M(XY)のキセキを示いいで良い。

$$\begin{cases} \lambda = \frac{1}{2} (\alpha + \beta) = \frac{1}{2} (\alpha - 2\beta) \\ \lambda = \frac{1}{2} (\alpha + \beta) = \frac{1}{2} (\alpha - 2\beta) \end{cases}$$

で制、のを図示すると右図科領部(境界をむ)たが、

$$\begin{cases} - | \leq b \leq + \frac{1}{2} 0 - 1 & (0 \leq 0 \leq 2) \\ - | \leq b \leq -\frac{1}{2} 0 + 1 & (2 \leq 0 \leq 4) \end{cases}$$
 ...

2015

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}\alpha^{2} - \frac{1}{2}\alpha + | \le y \le \frac{1}{2}\alpha^{2} + | & (0 \le \alpha \le 2) \\ \frac{1}{2}\alpha^{2} + \frac{1}{2}\alpha - | \le y \le \frac{1}{2}\alpha^{2} + | & (2 \le \alpha \le 4) \end{cases}$$

Or QEHILLY

1=27(2-7(+1

(2)
$$\overrightarrow{PQ} = \begin{pmatrix} d - \frac{d+\beta}{2} \\ \alpha^2 - \alpha\beta \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{d-\beta}{2} \\ \alpha(d-\beta) \end{pmatrix} \overrightarrow{PR} = \begin{pmatrix} \beta - \frac{d+\beta}{2} \\ \beta^2 - \alpha\beta \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\beta-d}{2} \\ \beta(\beta-d) \end{pmatrix} \overrightarrow{Tr} \vec{Tr} \overrightarrow{Tr} \vec{Tr} \vec{$$

$$\Delta PQR = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{1}{2} (d-\beta) \beta (\beta-d) - \frac{1}{2} (\beta-d) \alpha (\alpha-\beta) \right|$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (\beta-d)^3 \quad (\beta > d)$$

こて: β.d はtn2次寸t°-Gt+ b=0の2期子でt= - ロエ 10-43 で:かつdくβから

ES

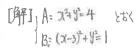
tent: OEBERLUT.

APOR=20時.

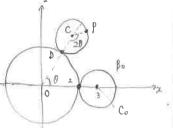
$$\beta = (\alpha^2 - 4b)^{3/2} \iff 4 = \alpha^2 - 4b \quad (2\alpha^2 - 4b > 0)$$

Titus, P(XY) konz X = \frac{1}{2}\alpha \cdot Y = b\tau \text{5.5}

である。



Boの中心Co, Bの中心C, AをBの 接点をDをおく。∠DOC=0 (0≤0≤2天)の時 知研=20



(P→Pまで、Aとすをしていた方の科)

たがら、LPCP (細印塔tin) = 218 であり、Pの座標 P(XXY)は

$$\begin{pmatrix} X \\ Y \end{pmatrix} = \overrightarrow{OC} + \overrightarrow{CP} = 3 \begin{pmatrix} c_{\bullet}.0 \\ sin(0) \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} c_{\bullet}.(30-\pi) \\ sin(30-\pi) \end{pmatrix}$$
$$= 3 \begin{pmatrix} C \\ S \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} c_{\bullet}.30 \\ sin(30-\pi) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{dX}{d\theta} = -3S + 3(3s - 4s^3) = 3S(2 - 4s^2)$$

$$\frac{dV}{d\theta} = 3c - 3(4c^3 - 3c) = 3c(4 - 4c^3)$$

か下表もうろ。たたし、(Y) | 0=t と (Y) | 0=x= (osts下)が文軸に関いて対称があって、0≤0≤なとした

0	0		74		7/2		7x		て
χ		1	υ	-	-	_	U	+	
Υ		+	+	4	0	-	-		
	(20)	1	(25,5)	1	(0,2)	1	(-)石瓦)	7	(-2,0)

したが、て、こで2座標が最大なかは、(215、また)。 である

又、Co長まりとして、(X、Y)が海南につても対称なことから、

$$\frac{1}{4} = \int_{0}^{\sqrt{2}} \int [3S(2-45)]^{2} + [32C(1-c^{2})]^{2} d\theta$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\sqrt{2}} \int 36 S(2-45)^{2} + [444 C^{2} S^{4}] d\theta$$

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$$= \int$$

$$[AF] \quad f(x+y) = f(x) + f(y) + f(x)f(y) \quad \cdot \cdot \Phi$$

(1)
$$\frac{f(2+\sqrt{1}-f(2))}{y} = \frac{f(y)\left(|+f(2)|\right)}{y} \longrightarrow f'(0)\left(|+f(20)|\right) (y\rightarrow 0)$$

ty-示拟主ZZIJ明3か.图

(2) ひょういかな、またので (コリ)= (0.0)とて、

$$f(0)$$
 (1+ $f(0)$) = 0

..(2)

7. 63. (1) M5, y=fine bic.

$$\frac{dy}{da} = \alpha(1+y)$$

--(3)

Q=ONED y=C(C、定数)とかける。OK供してC=Oため。 f(x)=のは行のしつ。以下のものとする、のから

$$\frac{R+1}{R+1} = Odzr$$

動了

とおりな、ただし、C、C、は定数、Oに代して、C=0,1で配

[°C=1の時

y= ead-1 FAB. 01=11 732

$$(\cancel{L}\vec{u}) = \Theta^{\alpha x} + \Theta^{\alpha y} - 2 + (\Theta^{\alpha x} - 1)(\Theta^{\alpha y} - 1)$$

$$= \Theta^{\alpha(x+y)} - 1$$

that. 植等的木の材成立。

IXEMS

M

[A] $I_n = \int_0^{\pi} x^2 |smnx| dx$, $Q_k = \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x^2 |smnx| dx$, $f_n = x^2 |smnx| dx$, [T. T., K.] T. four max, mint \$7.3 at Mk, mkt \$3. | sinhx | zoth 5.

 $f(m_k)|_{smhal} \leq f_{(m)}|_{smhal} \leq f(m_k)|_{smhal}$

動几. $f(m_f) \int_{\frac{L_1}{L_2}}^{\frac{L}{L_2}} |smn x| dx \leq Q_K \leq f(M_K) \int_{\frac{L_1}{L_2}}^{\frac{L}{L_2}} |smn x| dx$

227: Sin Ismhayda = = 7 Fth 5.0th 5.

 $\frac{2}{m}f(m_k) \leq Q_k \leq \frac{2}{m}f(M_k)$

KI=317 40 をとって

こで、日本情がりかのとして

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^{N} f(m_k) & \longrightarrow \frac{1}{N} \int_{0}^{R} f(n) dn = \frac{1}{3} \pi^{2} \\ \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^{N} f(N_k) & \longrightarrow \frac{1}{3} \pi^{2} \end{cases}$$

ためら、②及びはまみろちから、

$$b(2^{k-1}) = \frac{\omega}{W^{1-1}} b(2^{k-1}+1) + \frac{\omega}{L} b(2^{k+1}+1) + \frac{\omega}{L} b(2^{k+1}+1) + \frac{\omega}{L} b(2^{k+1}+1) = \frac{\omega}{L^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

(2) 石雪被数 Xtt.

· と定めと、Ski= デXt だが、期待值的心体的

$$E(S_K) = E\left(\sum_{t=1}^{n} X_t\right) = \sum_{t=1}^{n} E(X_t) = n E(X_1) \quad (当林性) = 0$$

てある。 ドロ目までは しのカートを引く石は幸なは、排反をかんがえて、

$$% k = \left| -\left(\frac{h-1}{N}\right)^{k} \right|$$

7.
$$E(x_1) = 0 \cdot P(x_1 = 0) + |P(x_1 = 0)| = P(x_1 = 0) = P(x_2 = 0) = P(x_3 = 0)$$

$$\mathbb{E}^{k} = \mathcal{N} \left[\left| - \left(\frac{N}{N} \right)_{k} \right| \right]$$

[%]

(2) (111) 両正下をかけてトにかて和をとる。

$$\sum_{K=1}^{k-1} k b(2^{K-k}) = \sum_{K=1}^{k-1} \frac{k!}{k!} b(2^{K-1}-k) + \sum_{K=1}^{k-1} \frac{k!}{k! k + k(k-1)} b(2^{K-1}-k-1)$$

P(SK-1=K)=0+=t/5