# **Problem D. Reconnaissance 2**

**Time limit** 2000 ms **Mem limit** 262144 kB

n soldiers stand in a circle. For each soldier his height  $a_i$  is known. A reconnaissance unit can be made of such two **neighbouring** soldiers, whose heights difference is minimal, i.e.  $|a_i - a_j|$  is minimal. So each of them will be less noticeable with the other. Output any pair of soldiers that can form a reconnaissance unit.

## Input

The first line contains integer n ( $2 \le n \le 100$ ) — amount of soldiers. Then follow the heights of the soldiers in their order in the circle — n space–separated integers  $a_1, a_2, ..., a_n$  ( $1 \le a_i \le 1000$ ). The soldier heights are given in clockwise or counterclockwise direction.

## Output

Output two integers — indexes of **neighbouring** soldiers, who should form a reconnaissance unit. If there are many optimum solutions, output any of them. Remember, that the soldiers stand in a circle.

### Sample 1

Input	Output
5 10 12 13 15 10	5 1

### Sample 2

Input	Output
4 10 20 30 40	1 2