

THE ONE PAGE *LINUX* MANUAL

A summary of useful Linux commands

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Starting & Stopping

shutdown -h now	Shutdown the system now and do not reboot
halt	Stop all processes - same as above
shutdown -r 5	Shutdown the system in 5 minutes and reboot
shutdown -r now	Shutdown the system now and reboot
reboot	Stop all processes and then reboot - same as above
startx	Start the X system

Accessing & mounting file systems

mount -t iso9660 /dev/cdrom /mnt/cdrom	Mount the device cdrom and call it cdrom under the /mnt directory
mount -t msdos /dev/hdd /mnt/ddrive	Mount hard disk d as a msdos file system and call it ddrive under the /mnt directory
mount -t vfat /dev/hda1 /mnt/cdrive	Mount hard disk a as a VFAT file system and call it cdrive under the /mnt directory
umount /mnt/cdrom	Unmount the cdrom

Finding files and text within files

find / -name filename	Starting with the root directory, look for the file called filename
find / -name "**filename**"	Starting with the root directory, look for the file containing the string filename
locate missingfilename	Find a file called missingfilename using the locate command - this assumes you have already used the command updatedb (see next)
updatedb	Create or update the database of files on all file systems attached to the linux root directory
which missingfilename	Show the subdirectory containing the executable file called missingfilename
grep textstringtofind /dir	Starting with the directory called dir , look for and list all files containing textstringtofind

The X Window System

xvidtune	Run the X graphics tuning utility
XF86Setup	Run the X configuration menu with automatic probing of graphics cards
Xconfigurator	Run another X configuration menu with automatic probing of graphics cards
xf86config	Run a text based X configuration menu

Moving, copying, deleting & viewing files

ls -l	List files in current directory using long format
ls -F	List files in current directory and indicate the file type
ls -laC	List all files in current directory in long format and display in columns

rm name	Remove a file or directory called name
rm -rf name	Kill off an entire directory and all it s includes files and subdirectories
cp filename /home/dirname	Copy the file called filename to the /home/dirname directory
mv filename /home/dirname	Move the file called filename to the /home/dirname directory
cat filetoview	Display the file called filetoview
man -k keyword	Display man pages containing keyword
more filetoview	Display the file called filetoview one page at a time, proceed to next page using the spacebar
head filetoview	Display the first 10 lines of the file called filetoview
head -20 filetoview	Display the first 20 lines of the file called filetoview
tail filetoview	Display the last 10 lines of the file called filetoview
tail -20 filetoview	Display the last 20 lines of the file called filetoview

Installing software for Linux

rpm -ihv name.rpm	Install the rpm package called name
rpm -Uhv name.rpm	Upgrade the rpm package called name
rpm -e package	Delete the rpm package called package
rpm -l package	List the files in the package called package
rpm -ql package	List the files and state the installed version of the package called package
rpm -i --force package	Reinstall the rpm package called name having deleted parts of it (not deleting using rpm -e)
tar -zxvf archive.tar.gz or tar -zxvf archive.tgz	Decompress the files contained in the zipped and tarred archive called archive
./configure	Execute the script preparing the installed files for compiling

User Administration

adduser accountname	Create a new user call accountname
passwd accountname	Give accountname a new password
su	Log in as superuser from current login
exit	Stop being superuser and revert to normal user

Little known tips and tricks

ifconfig	List ip addresses for all devices on the machine
apropos subject	List manual pages for subject
usermount	Executes graphical application for mounting and unmounting file systems