

Formation of Milky Way-like galaxies in cosmological context

Facts, Fiction and Future Challenges

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American Museum of Natural History Astro colloquium, 1st of March 2022
somewhere in cyber space
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THE STRUCTURE OF THE NEXT ~40 MINUTES:

- ▶ Some selective (personally biased) observational **Facts** about the Milky Way
- ▶ Simulated **Fiction** about Milky-Way's formation history
- ▶ **Future Challenges:** How to build better models?

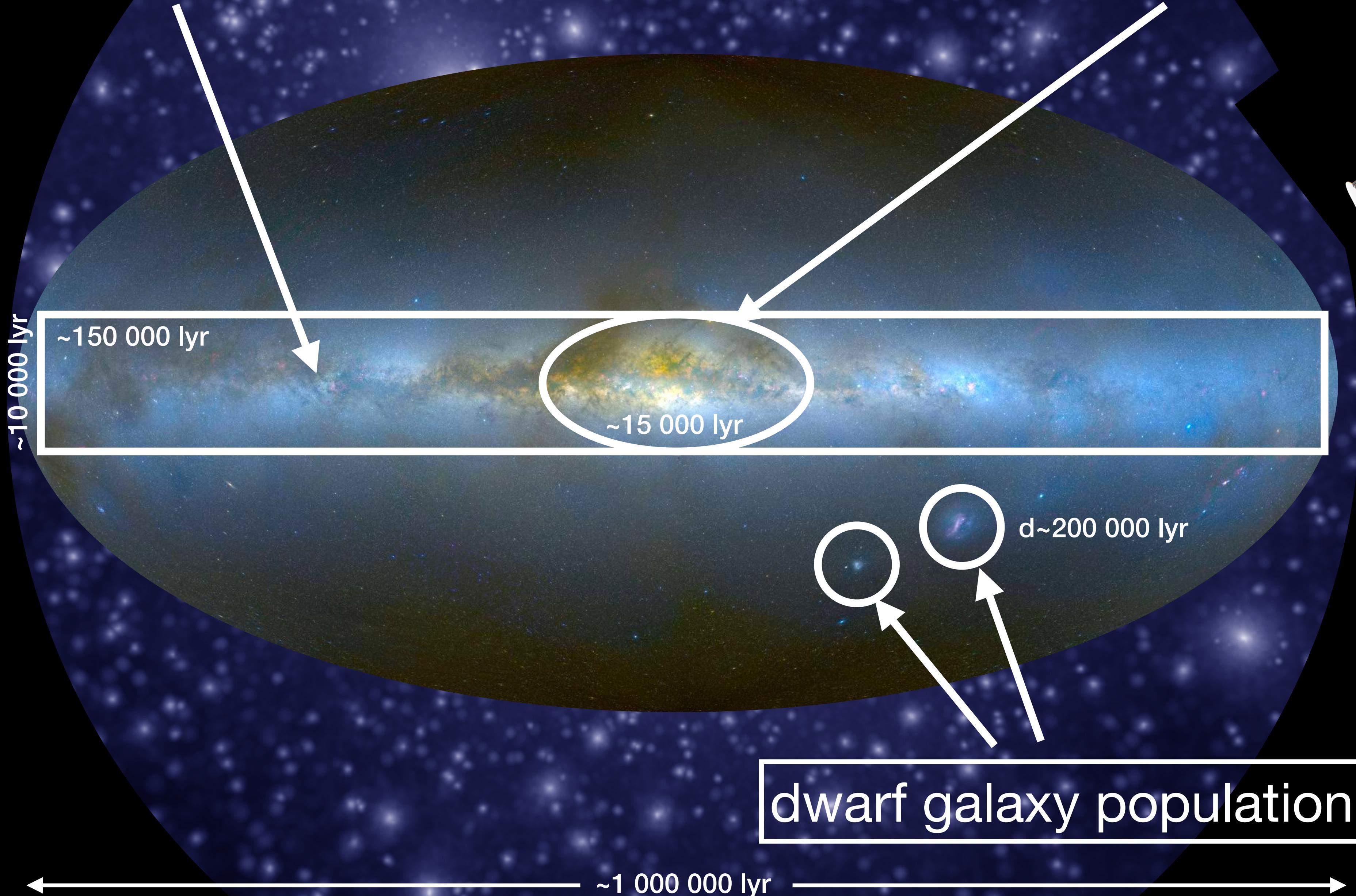
THE STRUCTURE OF THE NEXT ~40 MINUTES:

- ▶ Observational Facts about the Milky Way: Buder, Yuxi, Eilers, Sestito? chemical bimodality..., Obreja 2022
- ▶ Simulated **Fiction** about Milky-Way's formation history: all my own work... NIHAO-UHD and results, Buck+2019 SF threshold, Buck+2020 impact of CRs, Buck+2021 new elements
- ▶ **Future Challenges:** How to build better models? statistical model of density structures, AI for simulations, junior group

OBSERVATIONAL FACTS

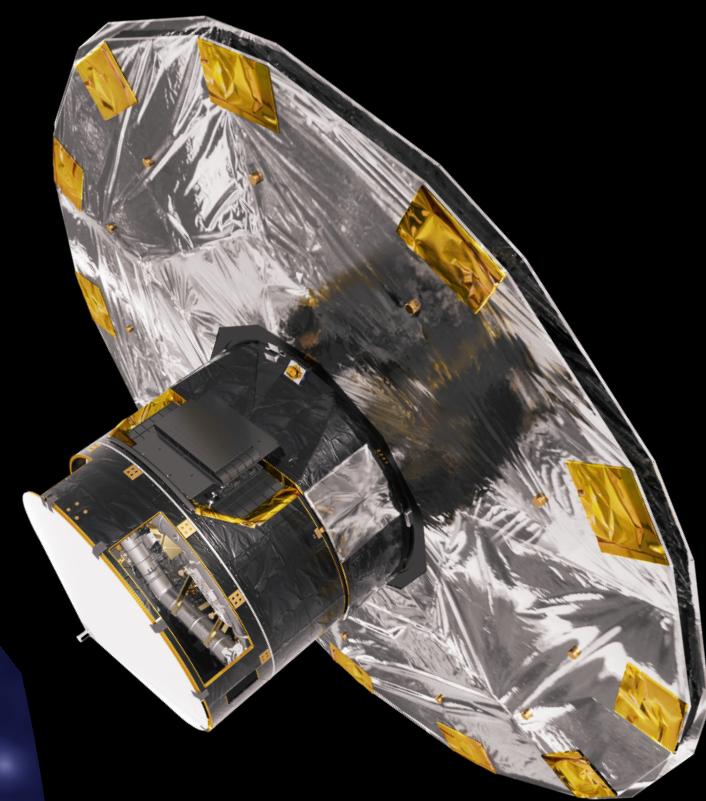
the stellar disc

the bulge



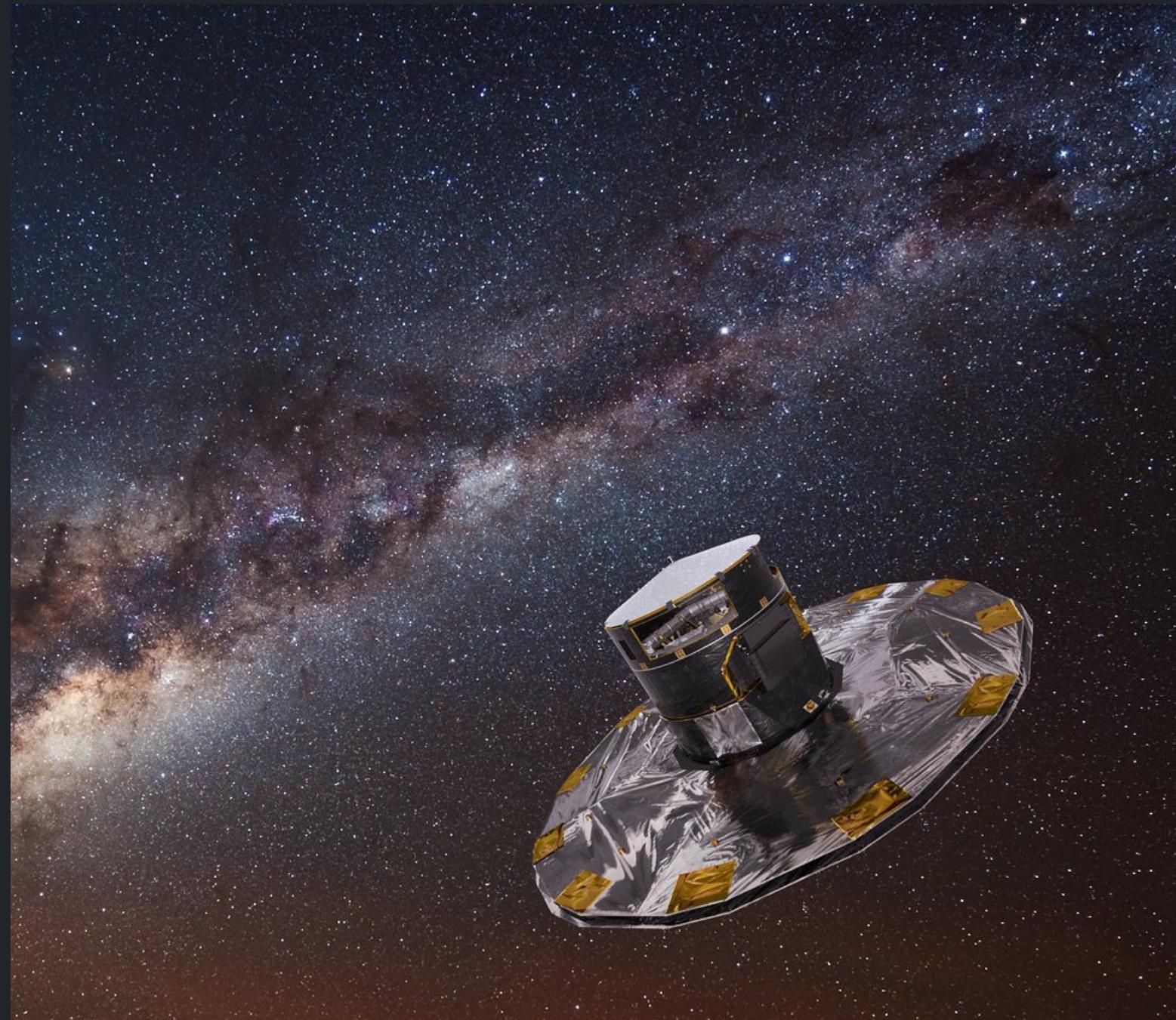
dwarf galaxy population

$\sim 1\,000\,000 \text{ lyr}$

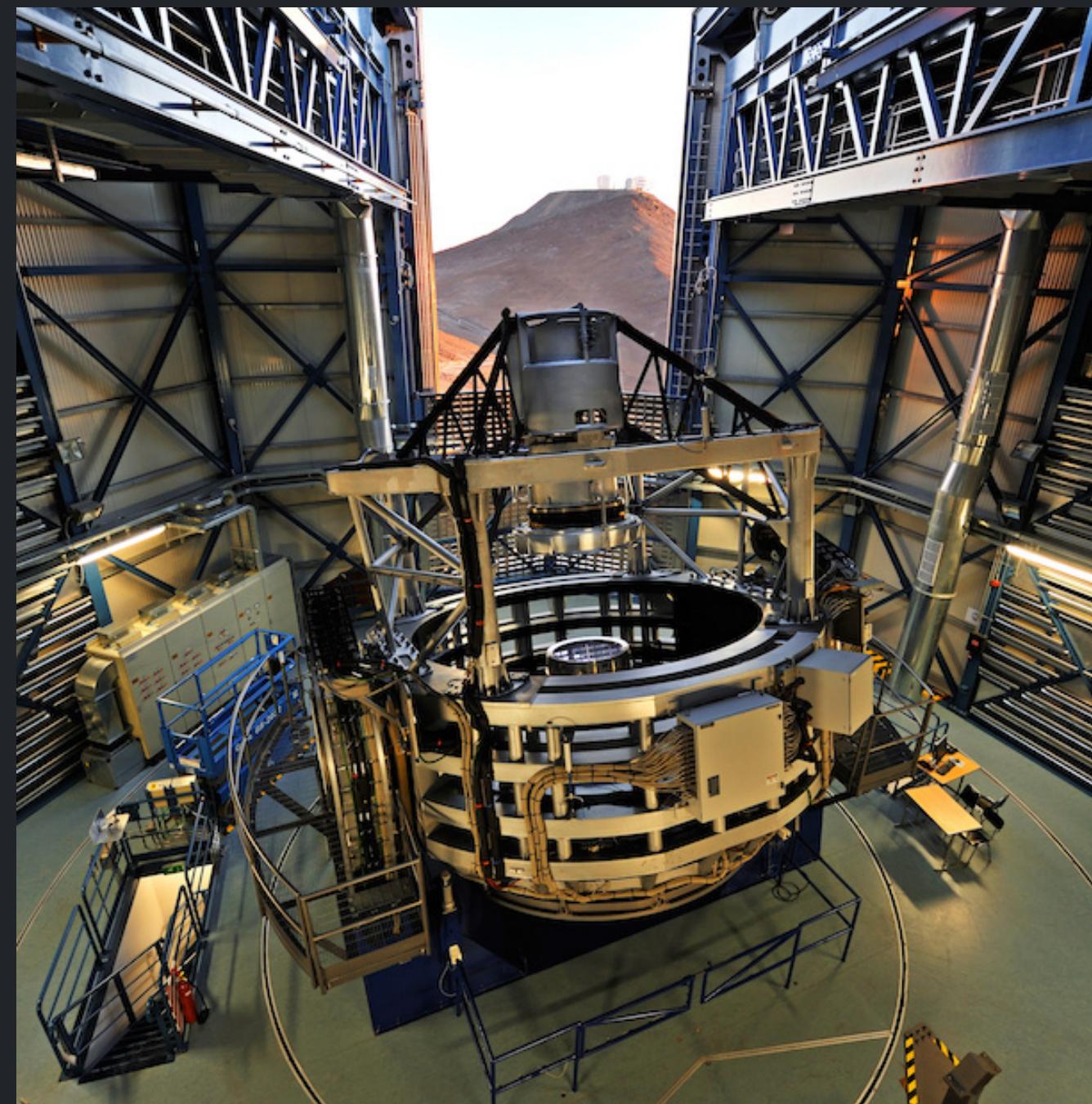


Gaia

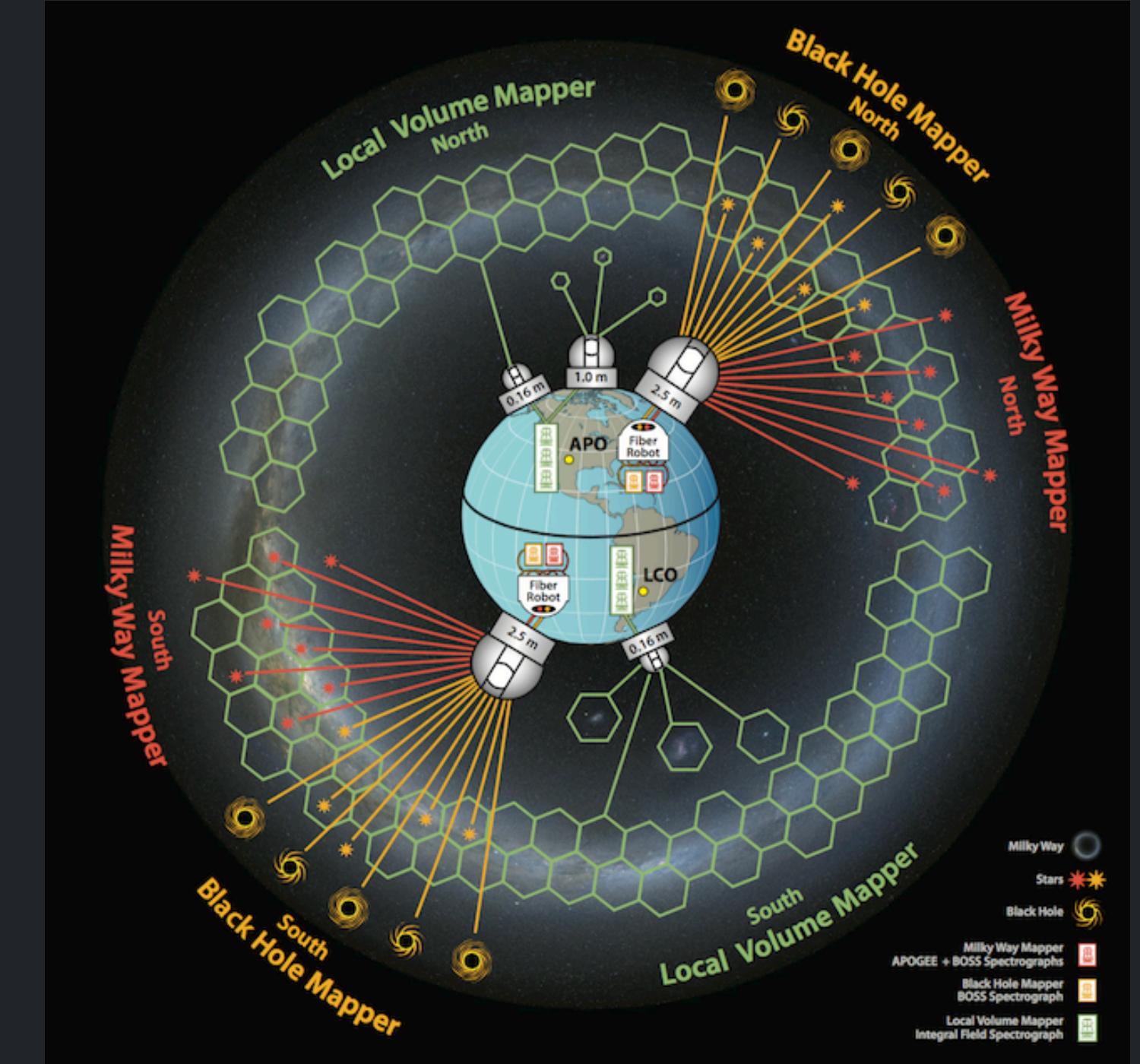
MILKY WAY SURVEYS



Gaia

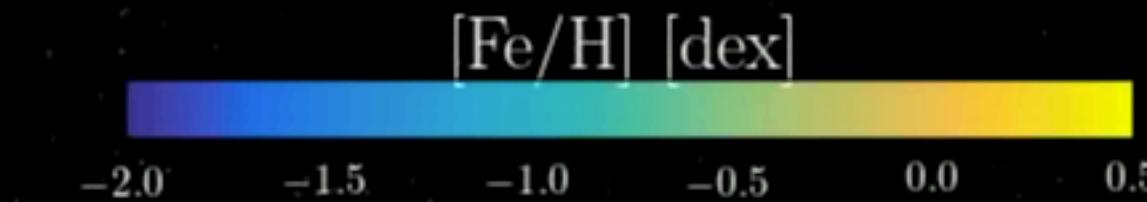


4MOST

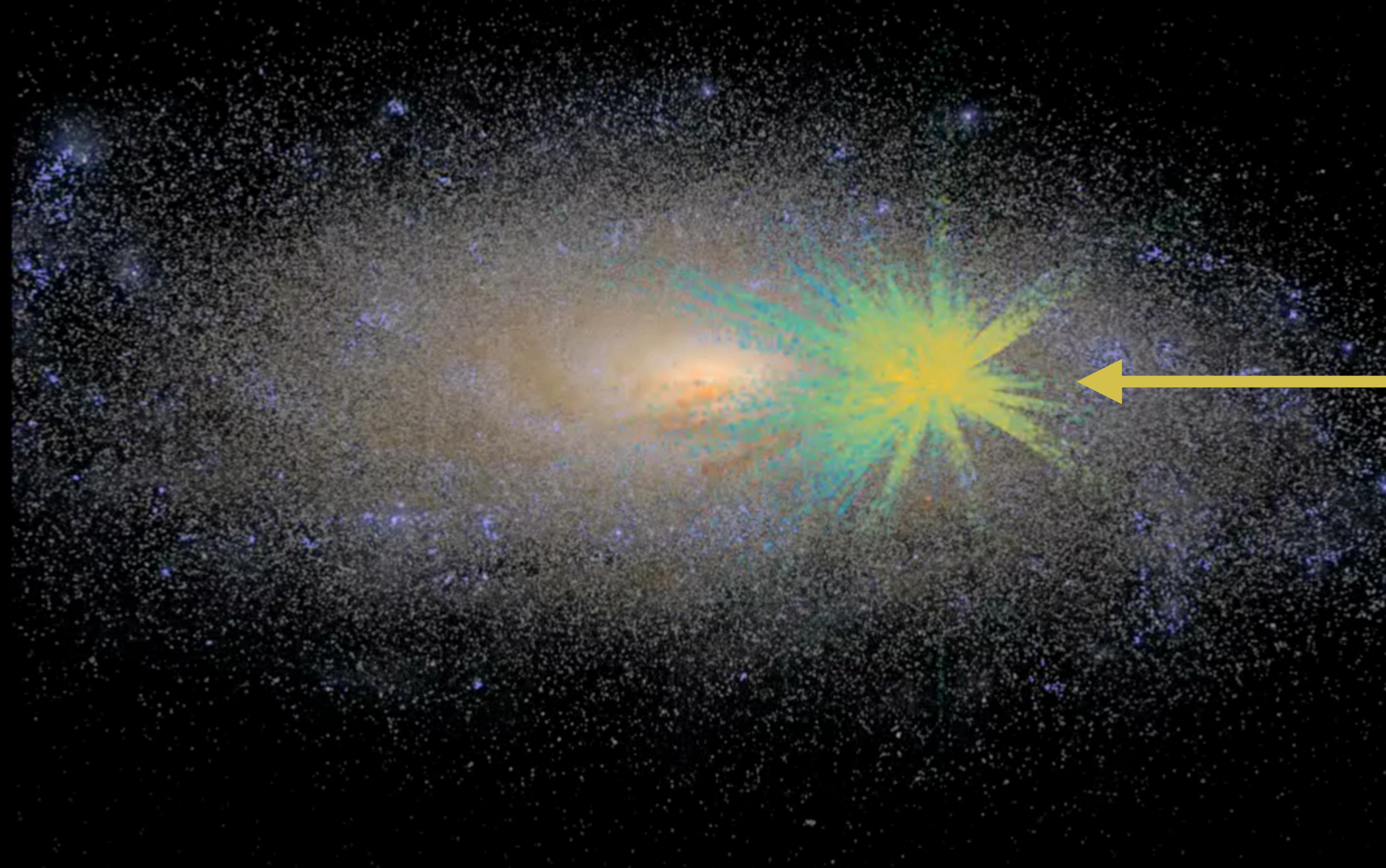


SDSS-V

MAIN DATA PRODUCT: $\sim 10^7$ STELLAR SPECTRA



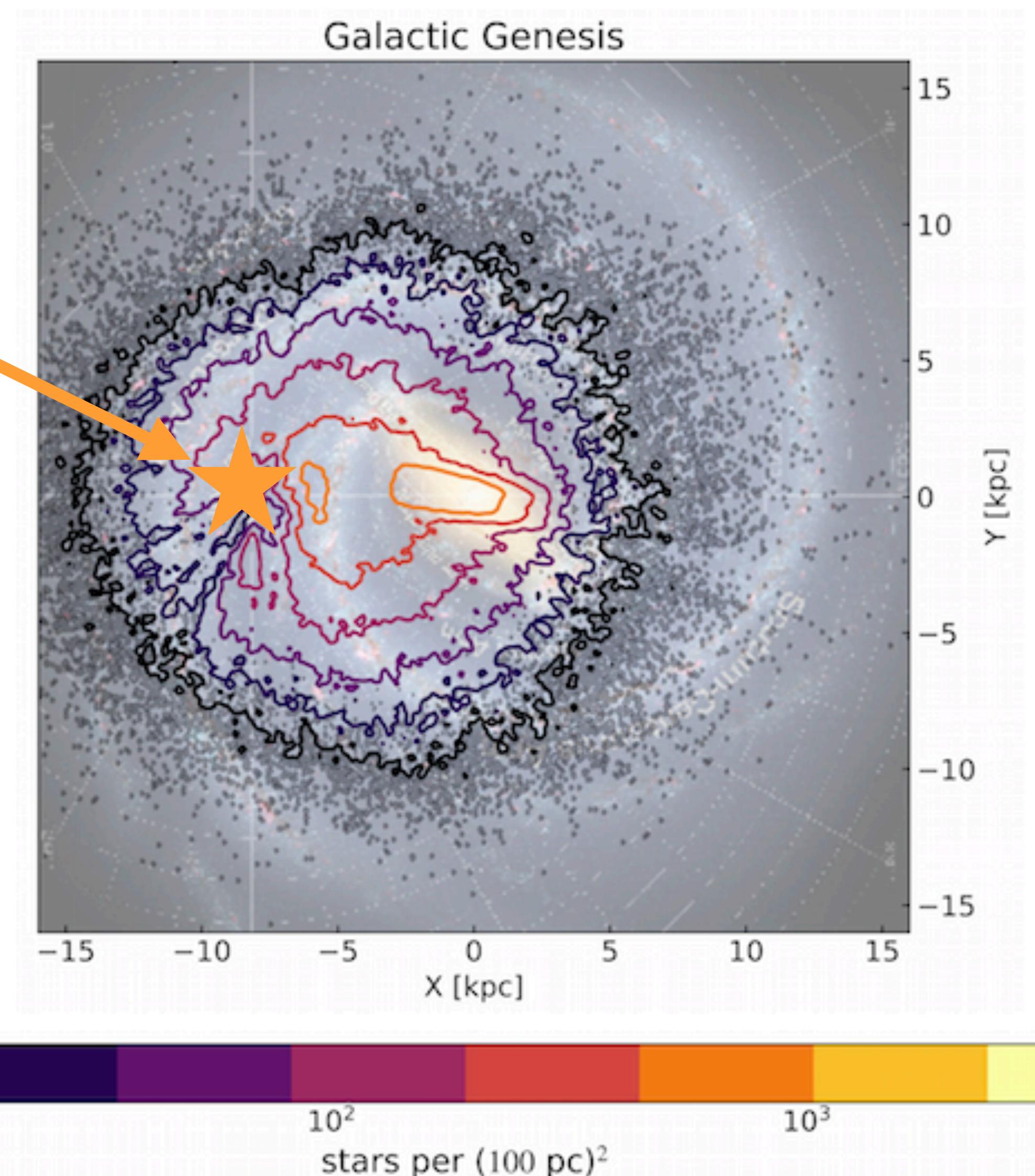
HOW MUCH OF MW'S STELLAR DISK DO WE ACTUALLY RESOLVE RIGHT NOW?



Animation: T. Buck (MPIA, NYUAD)
based on NIHAO simulations

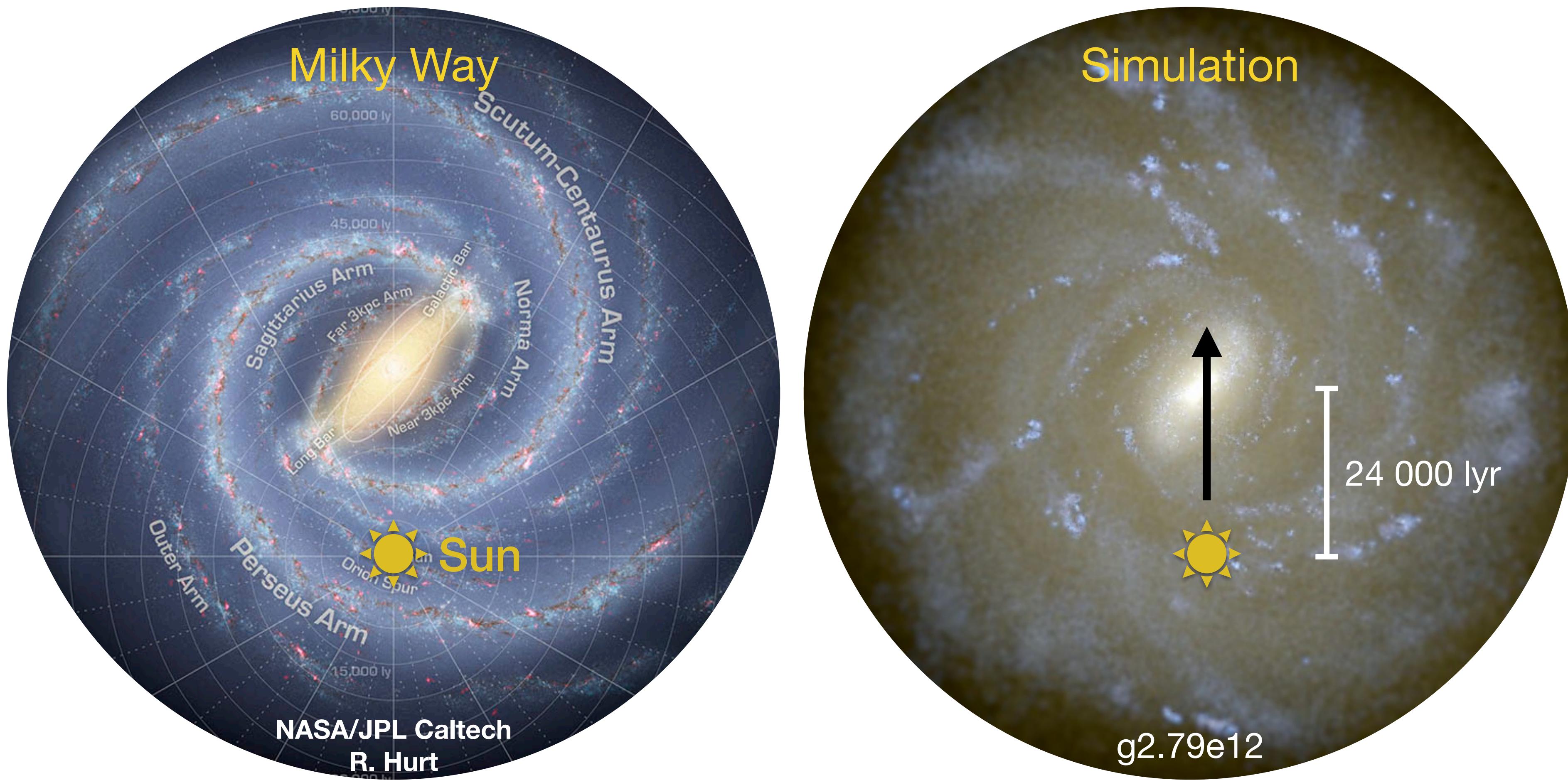
MILKY WAY AS A RESOLVED MODEL GALAXY:

Sun

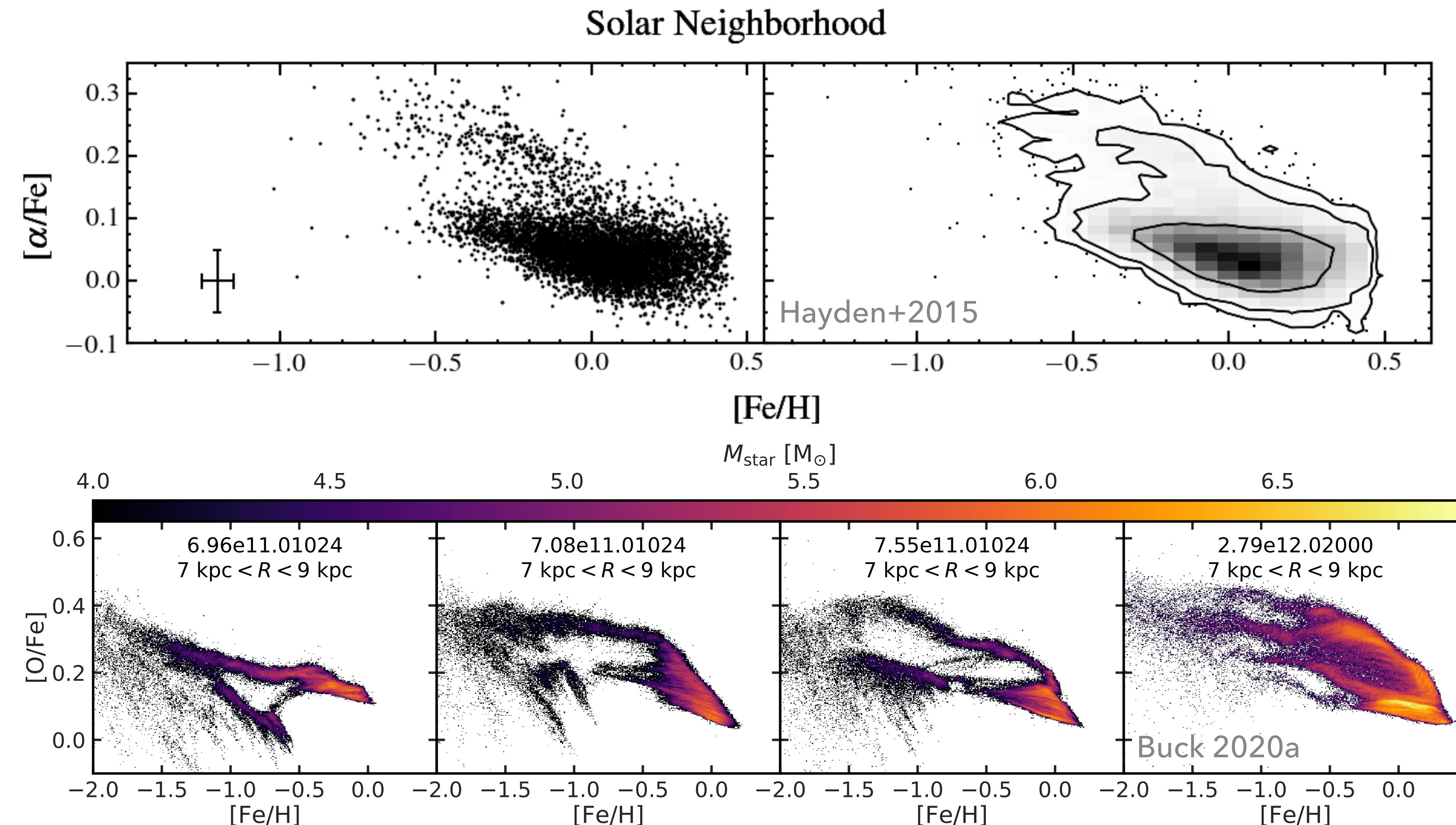


- ▶ Milky Way's formation history is encoded in its structure
- ▶ Stellar properties like age and chemical composition correlate with stellar orbits
- ▶ Stellar orbits in turn are set by global properties like gravitational potential (dark matter, gas and stars), size and shape
- ▶ Need to understand Milky Way in cosmological context

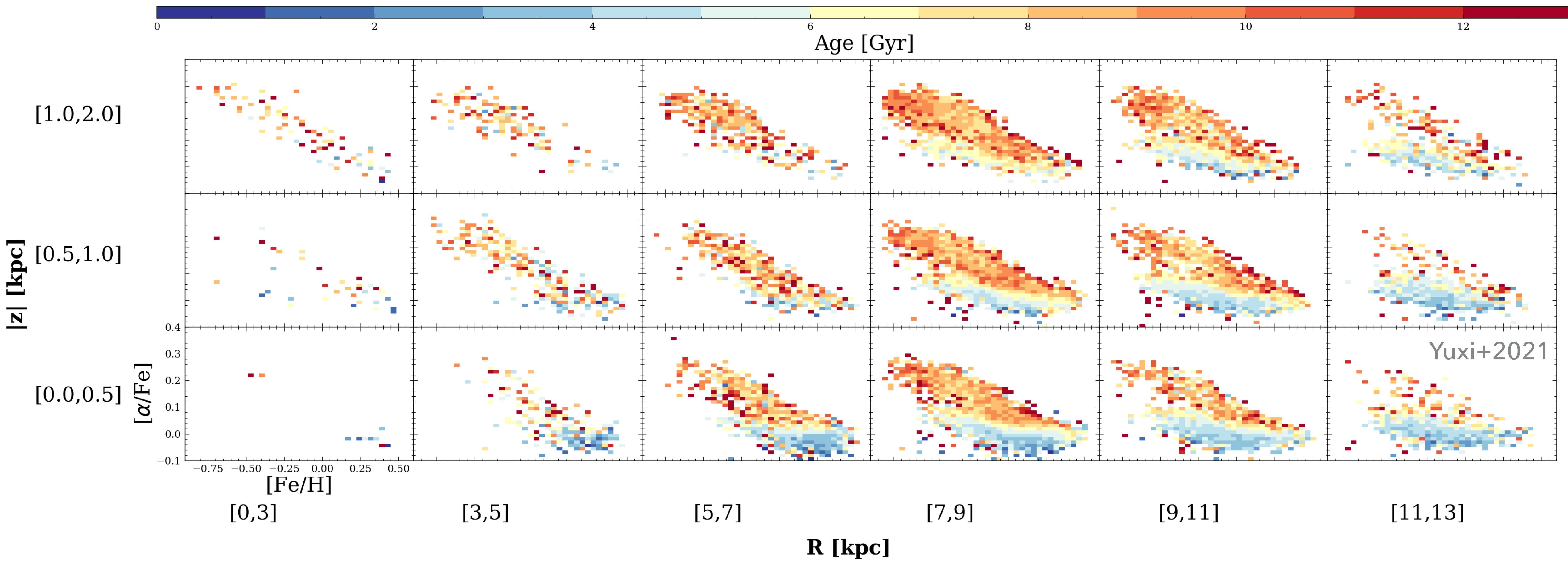
MW BULGE: MORPHOLOGY AND KINEMATICS – ONGOING DISCUSSIONS



MILKY WAY'S AGE-ABUNDANCE STRUCTURE FROM STELLAR SPECTRA

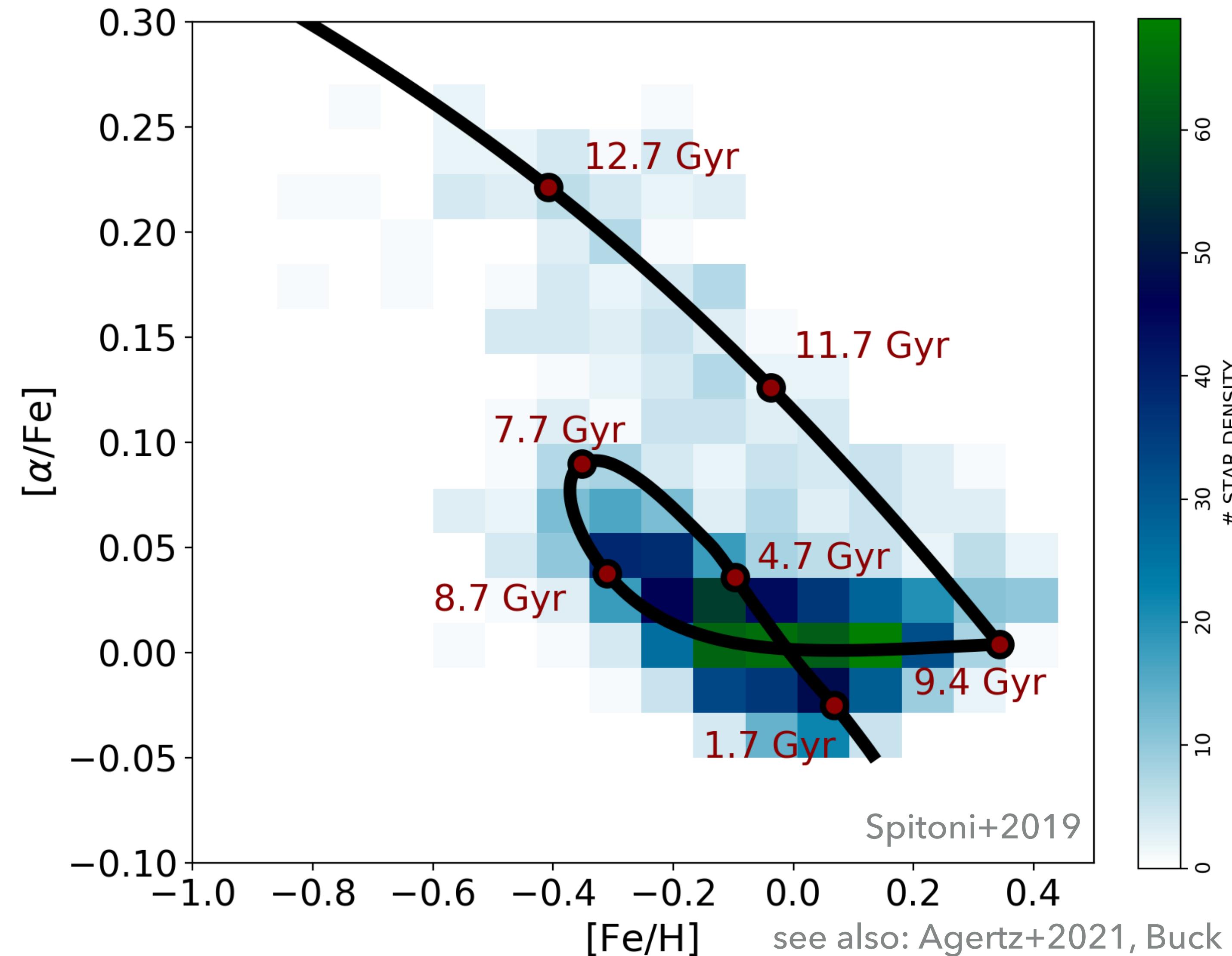


MILKY WAY'S AGE-ABUNDANCE STRUCTURE FROM STELLAR SPECTRA

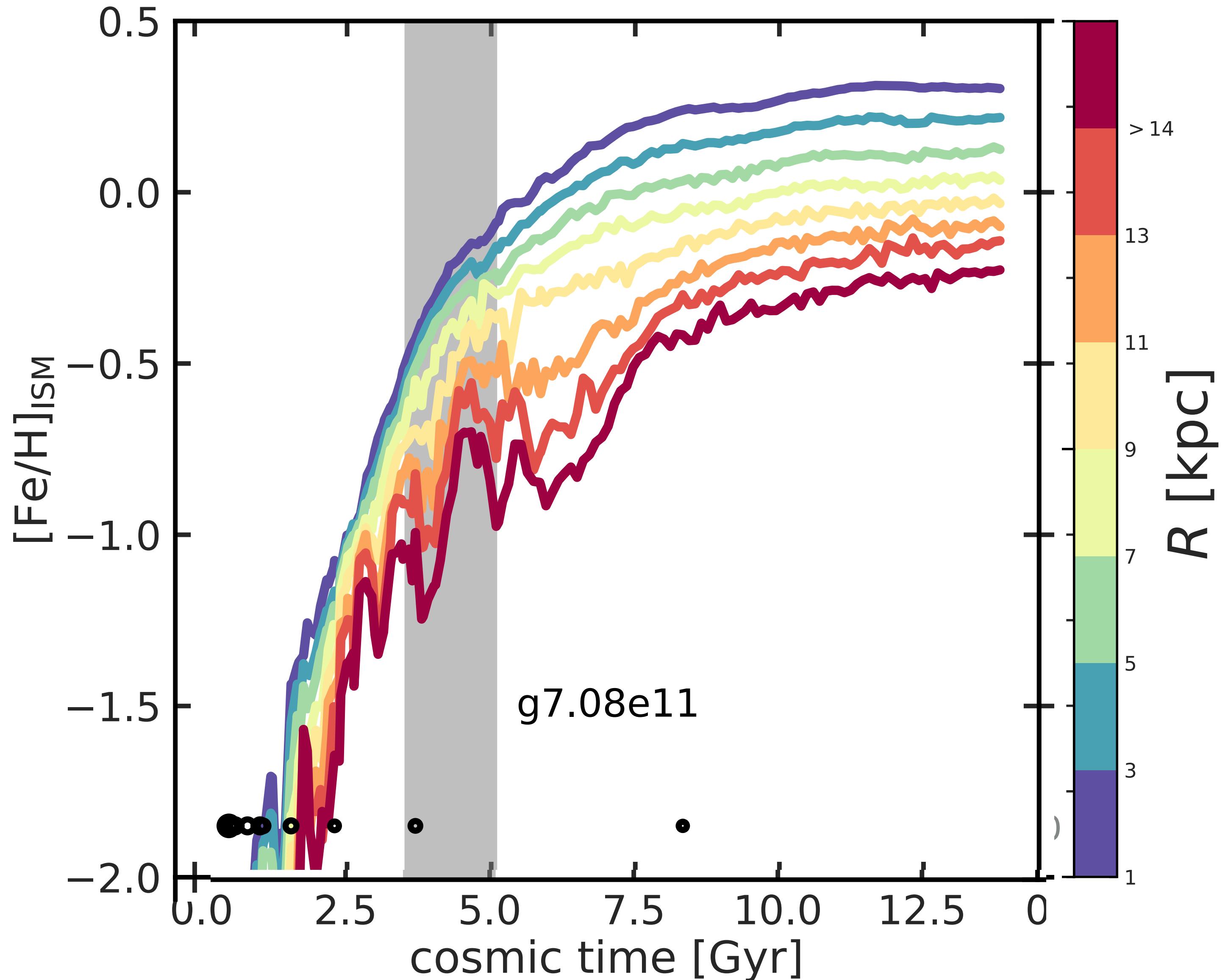
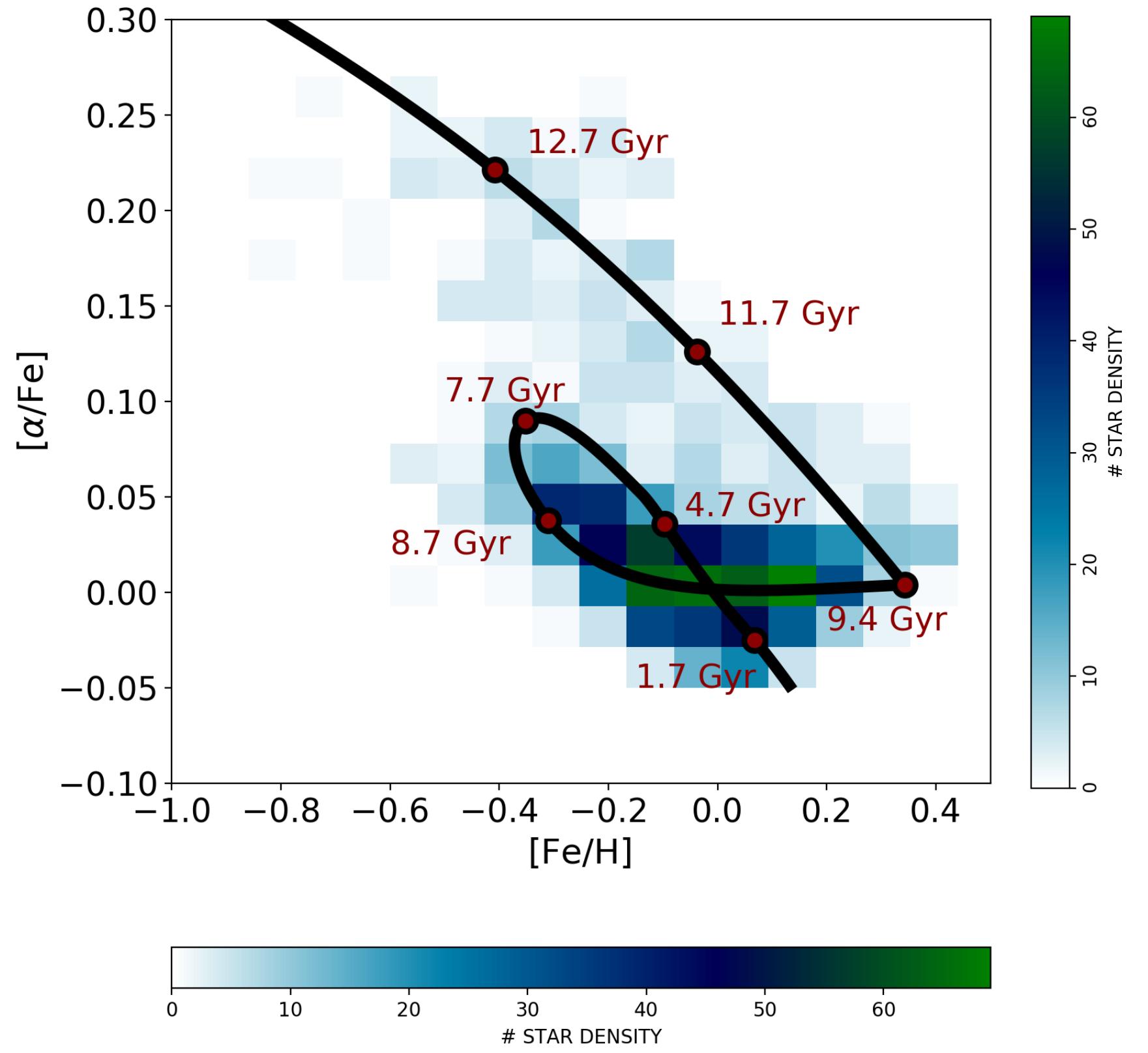


see also: Nidever et al. 2014, Hayden et al. 2015, Martig et al. 2016, Ness et al. 2016, 2019, Bensby et al. 2017 Mackereth et al. 2019, Bovy et al. 2019,

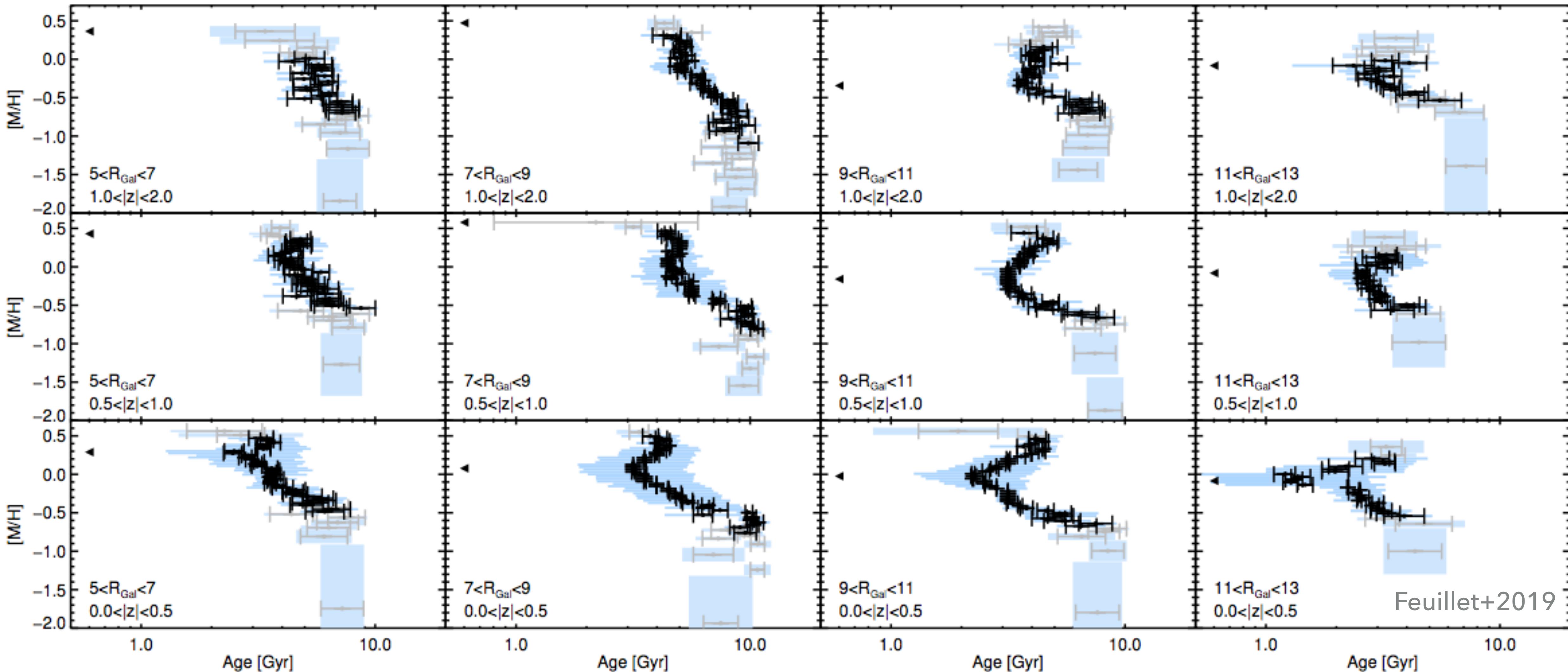
MILKY WAY'S AGE-ABUNDANCE STRUCTURE FROM STELLAR SPECTRA



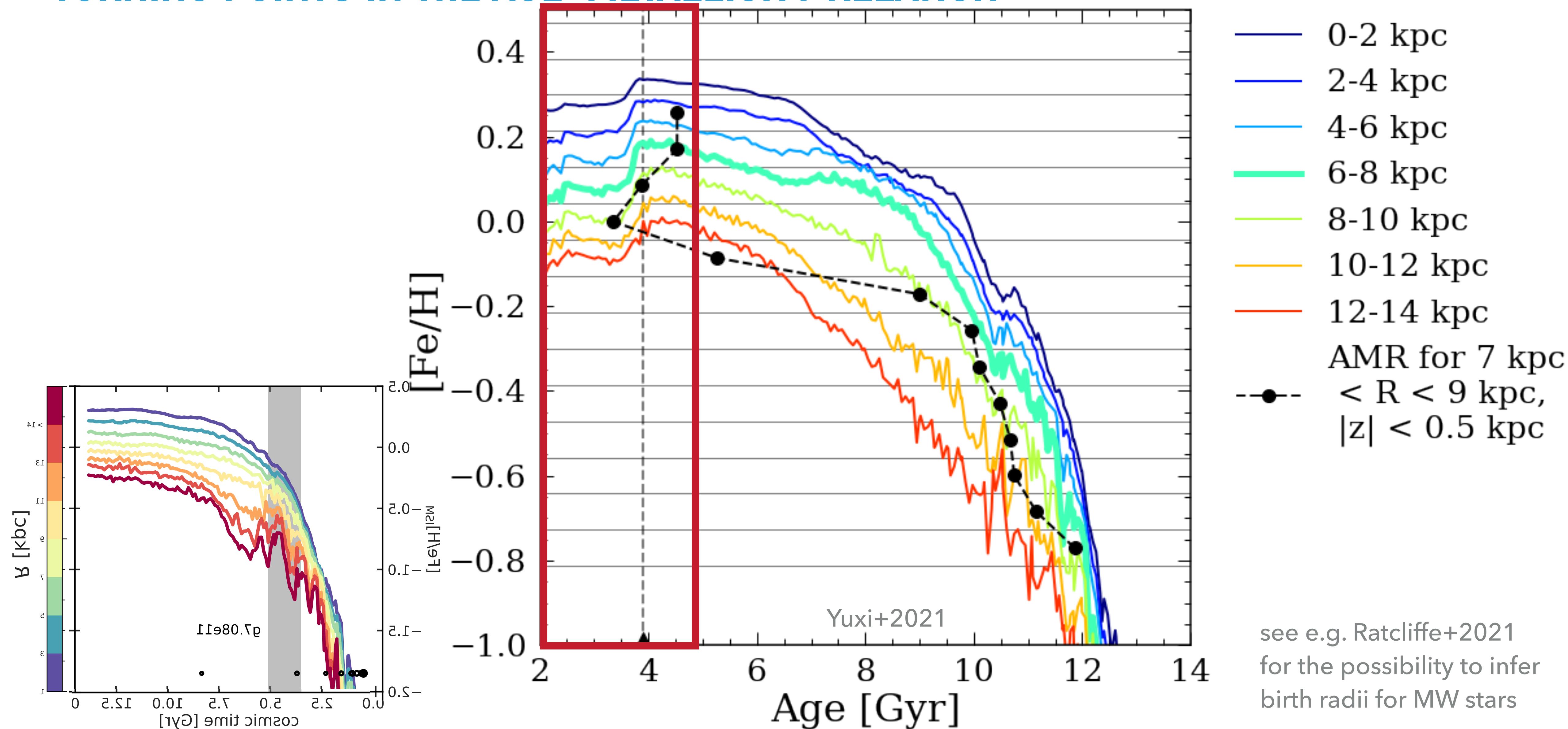
TURNING POINTS IN THE AGE-METALLICITY RELATION



TURNING POINTS IN THE AGE-METALLICITY RELATION

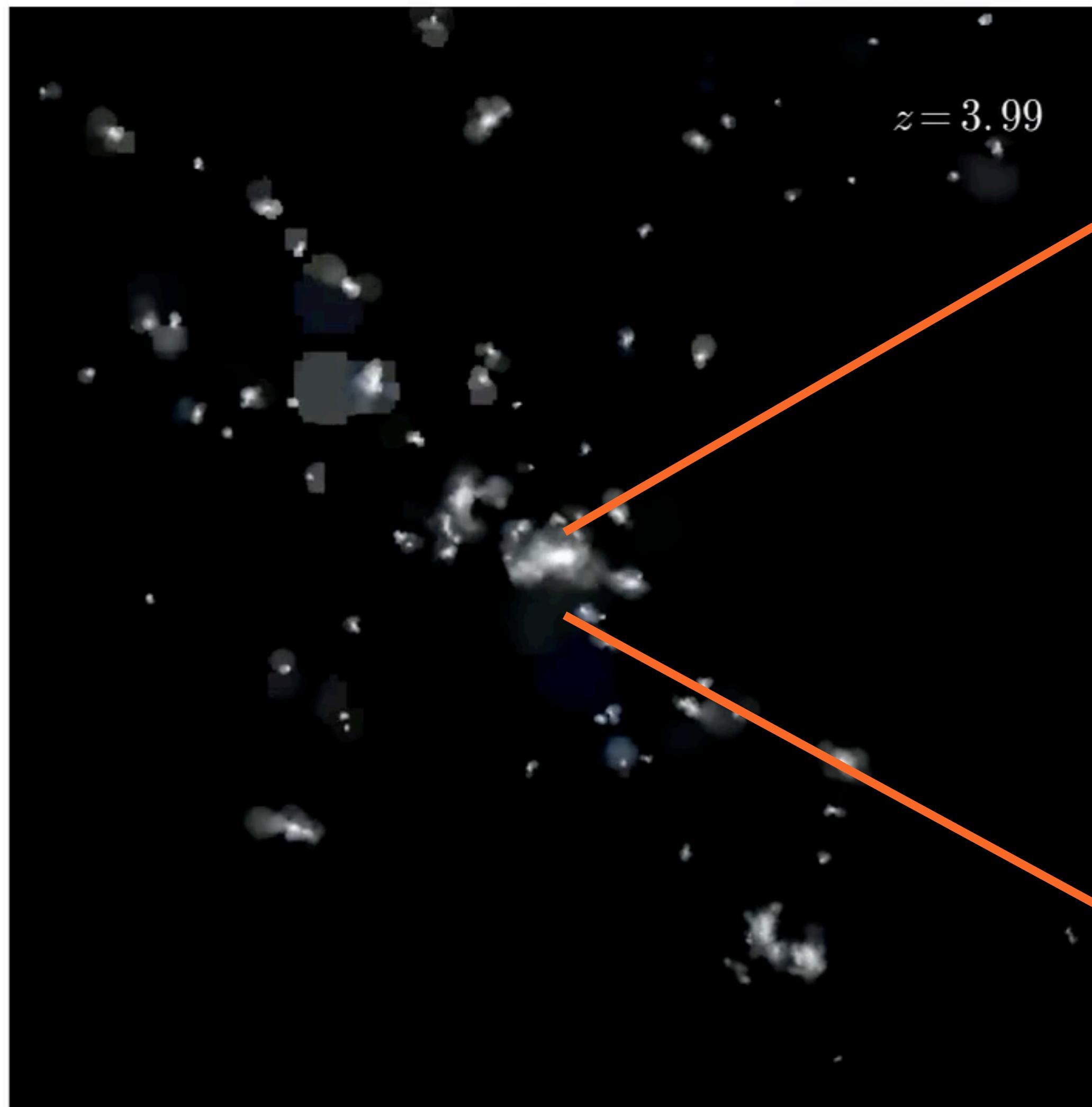


TURNING POINTS IN THE AGE-METALLICITY RELATION

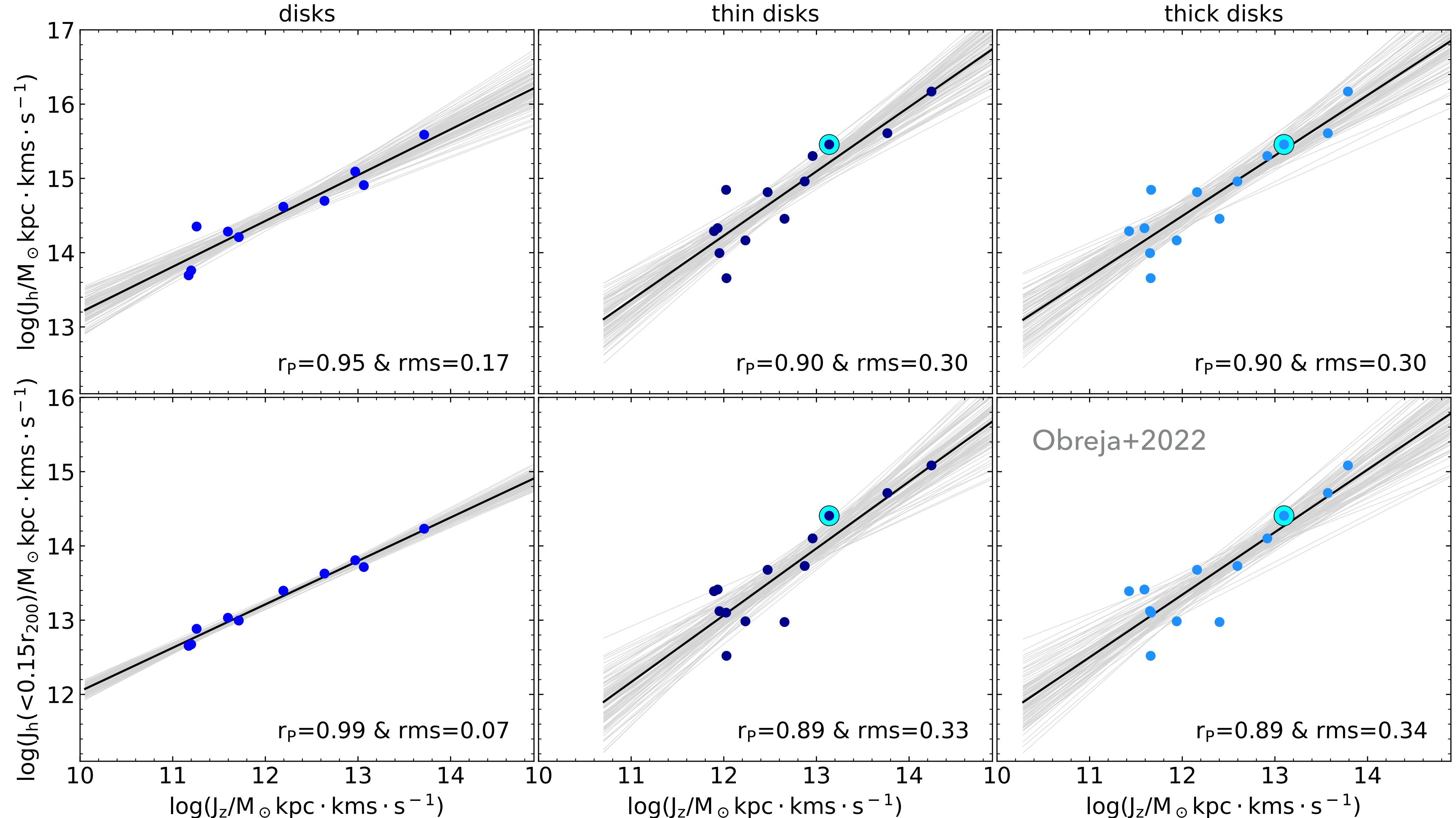


MOVIE TIME: COSMOLOGICAL FORMATION SCENARIO FOR THE MW

Satellite population properties: see Buck+2015,2016 and Buck+2019b

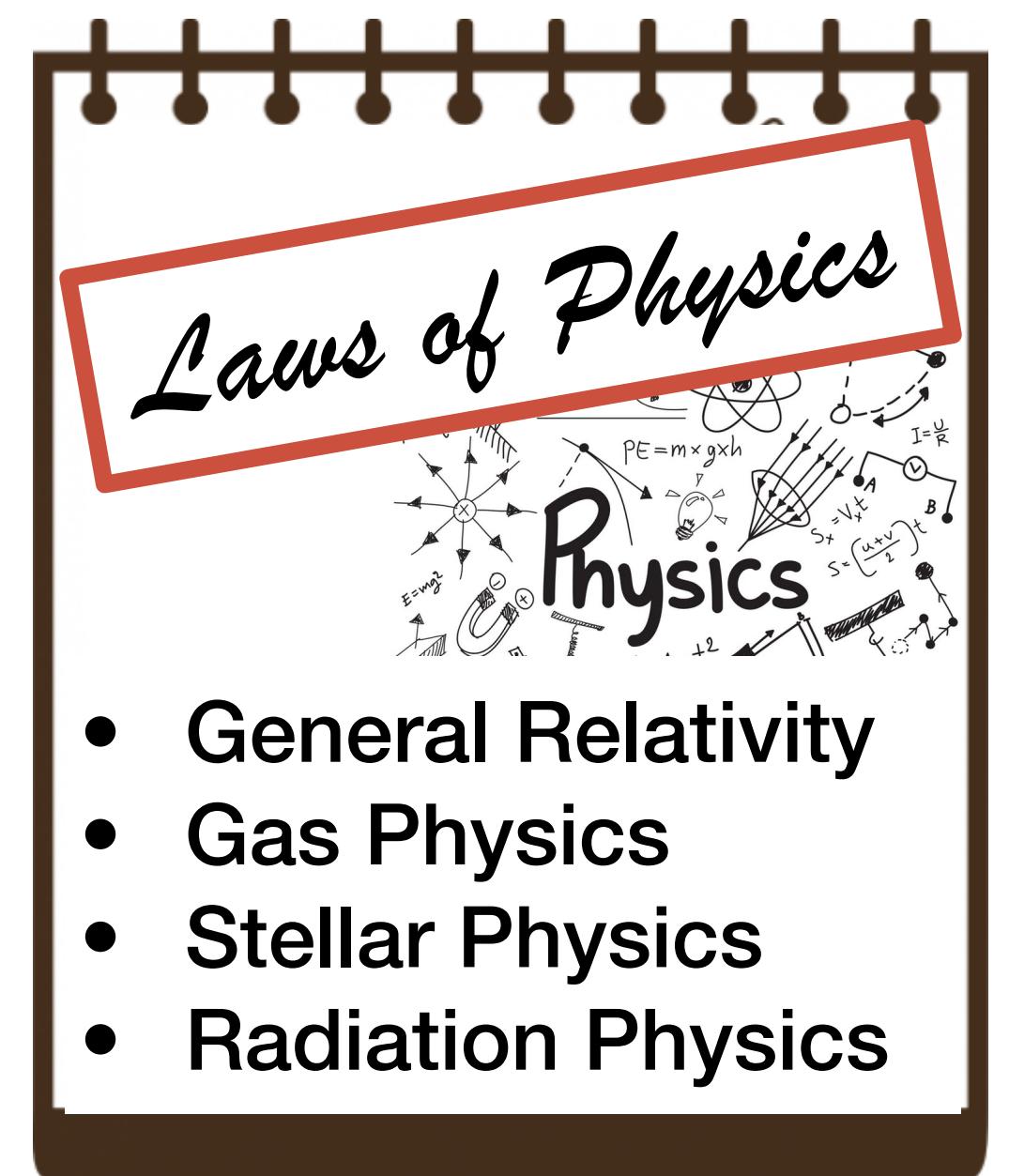
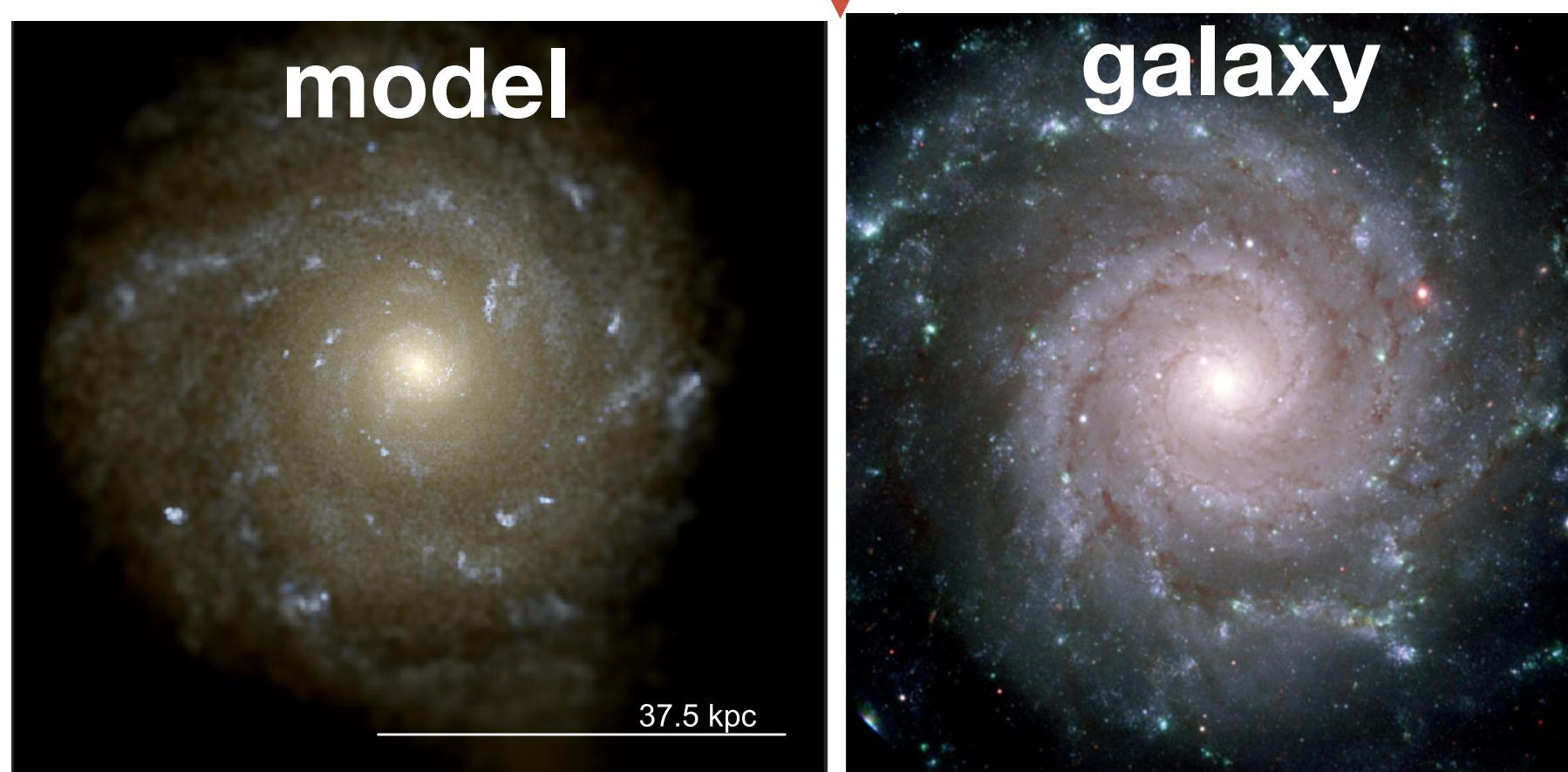
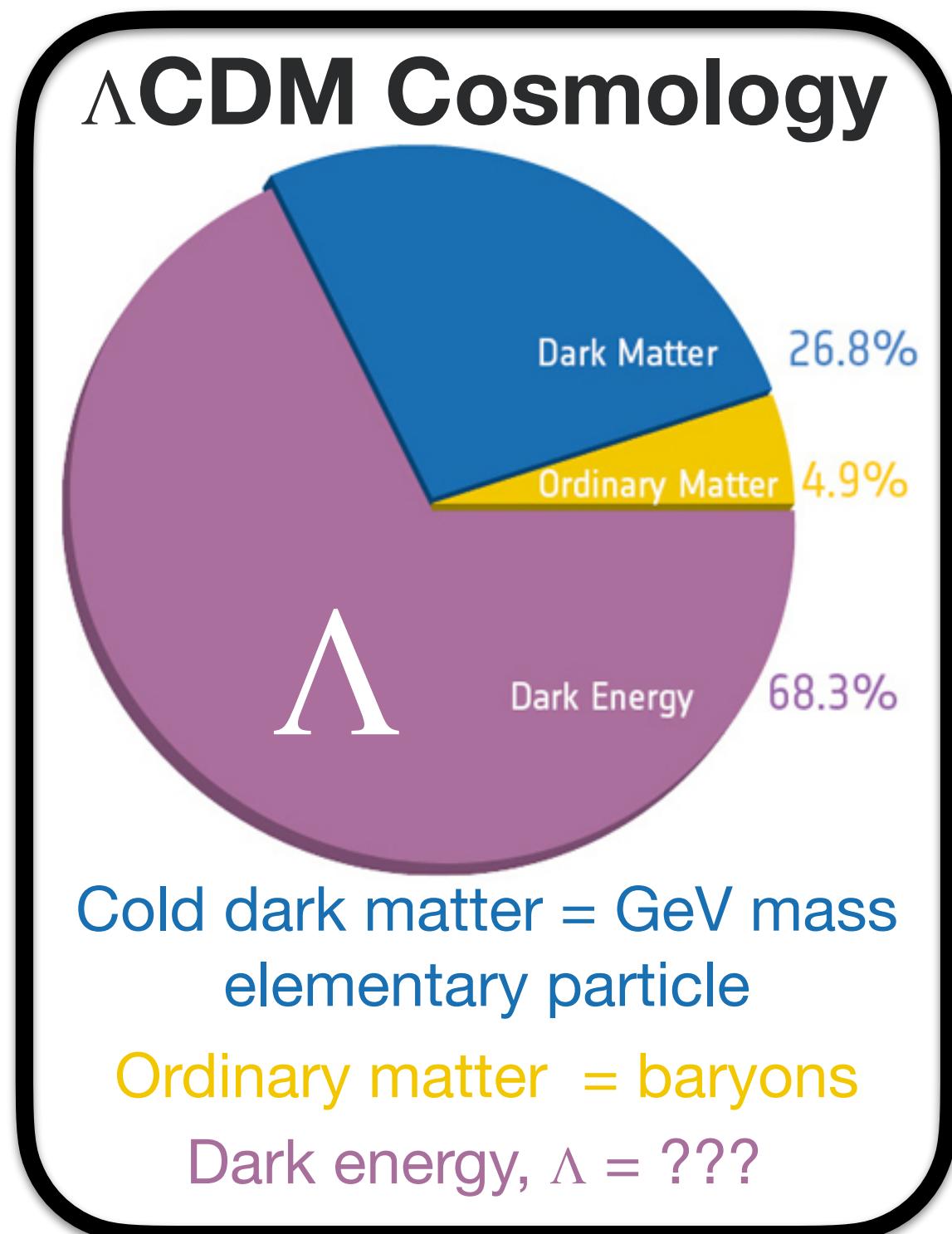


MW'S DARK MATTER HALO SPIN

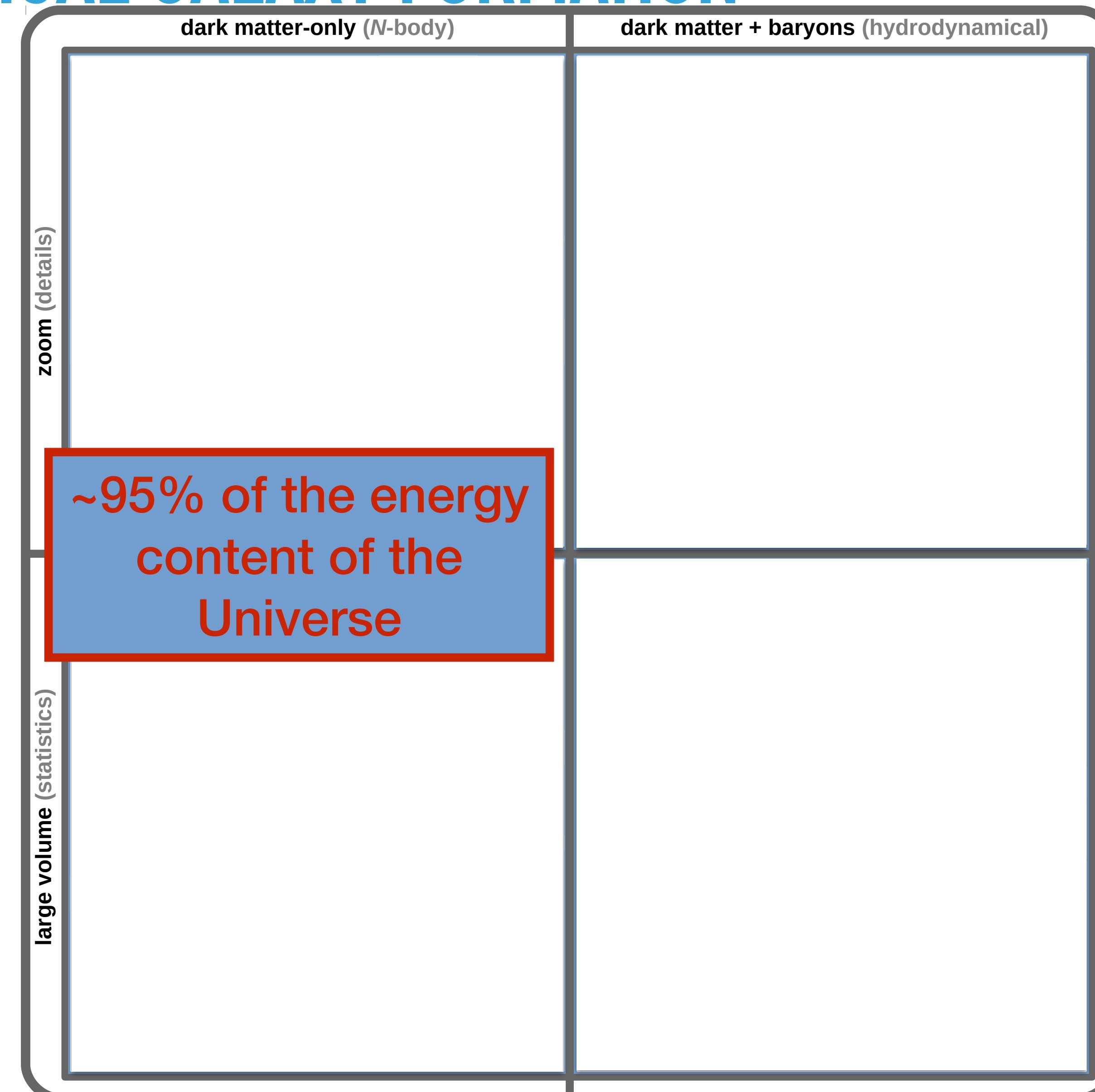


FICTION
AKA. SIMULATIONS

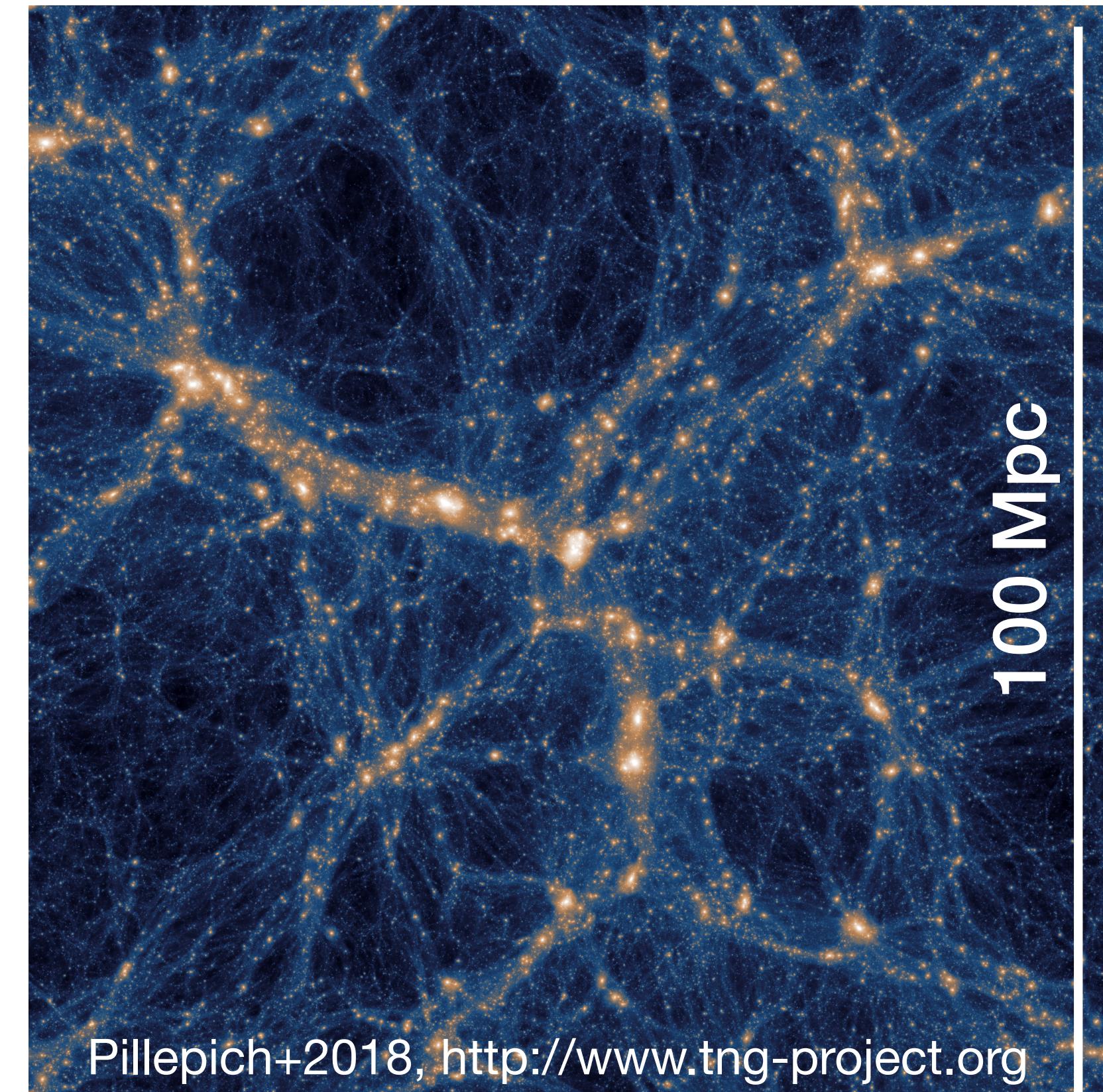
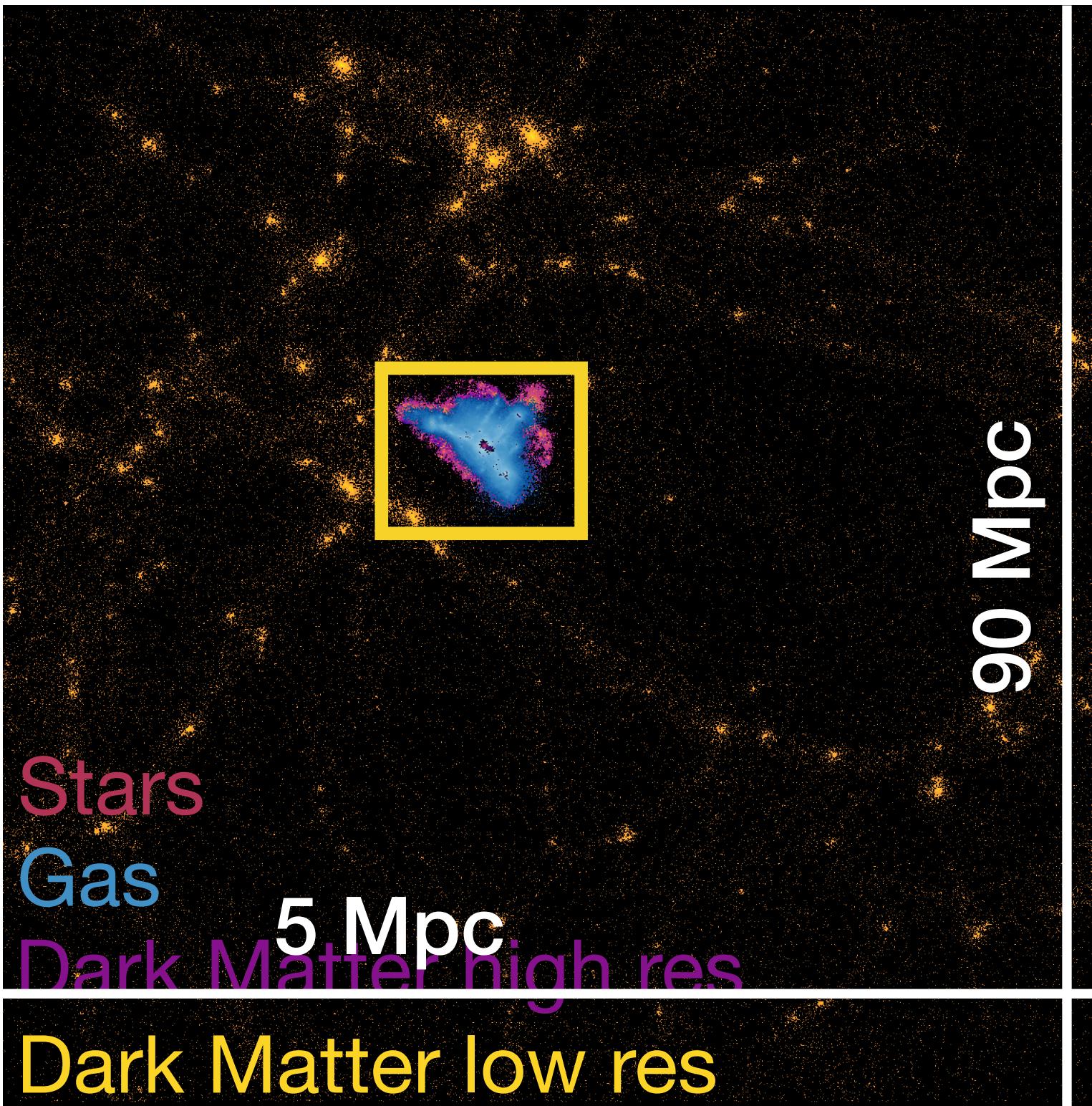
A GALAXY FORMATION MODEL IN A NUTSHELL



BASICS OF NUMERICAL GALAXY FORMATION

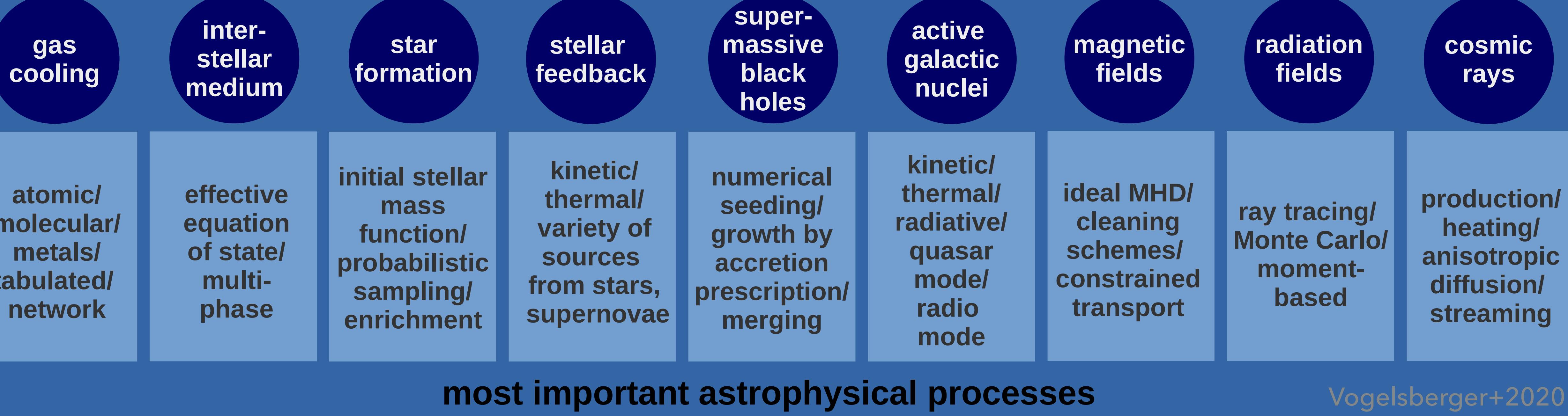


ZOOM SIMS VS. VOLUME SIMS



- zoom-in, „single object“ sim
- mass resolution: stars $\sim 10^4 M_{\odot}$
- Large scale uniform box
- mass resolution: stars $\sim 10^6 M_{\odot}$

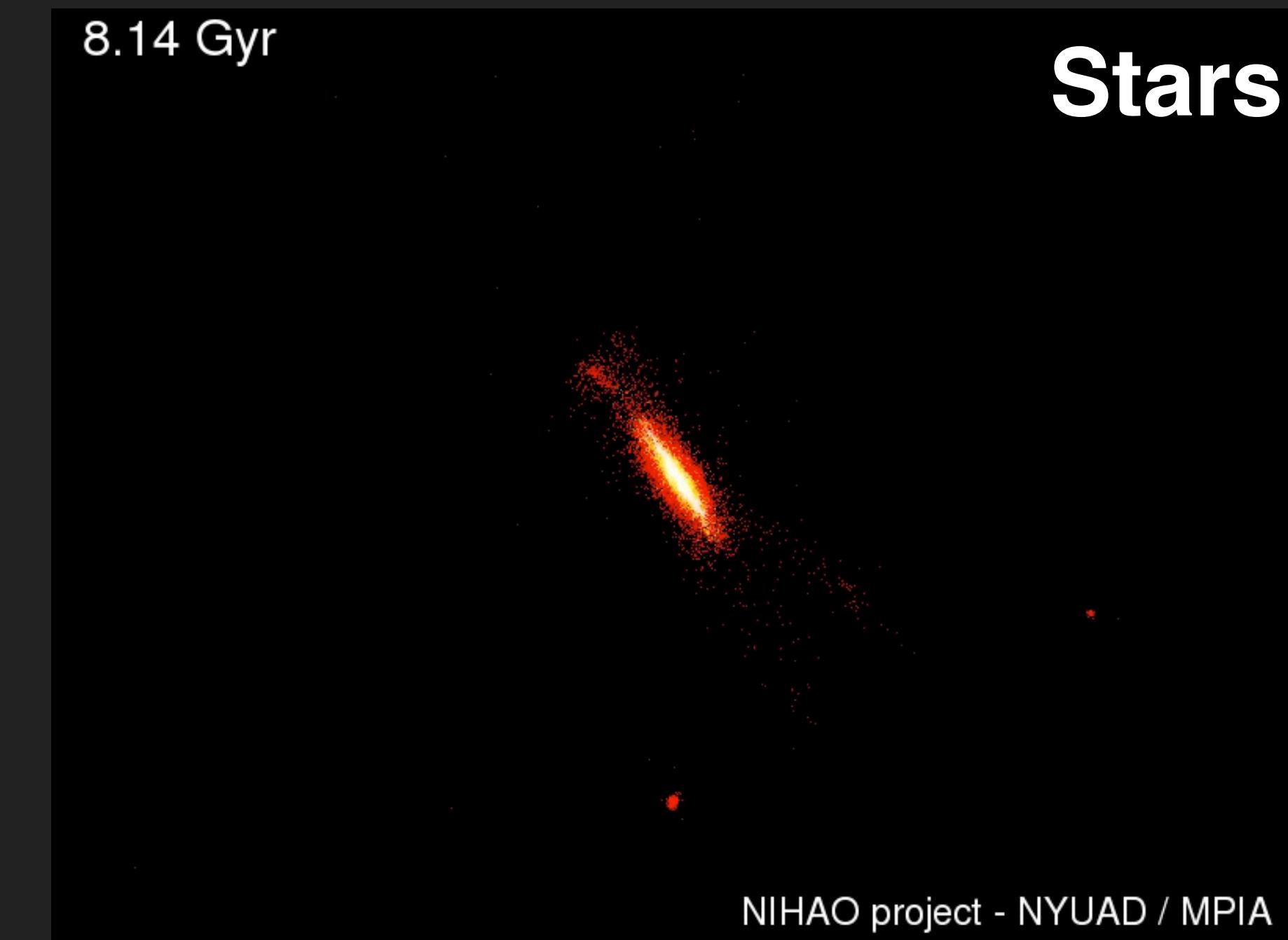
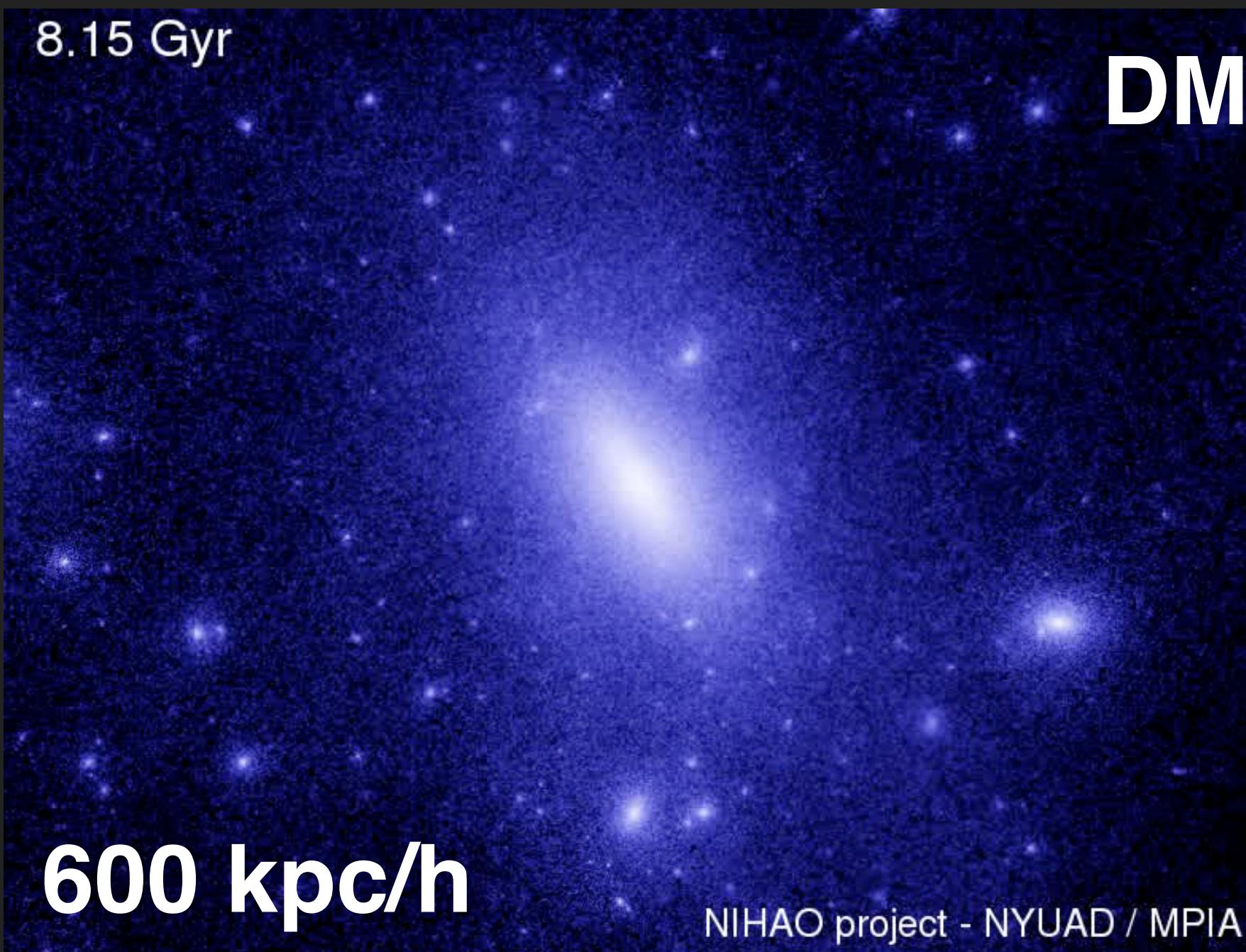
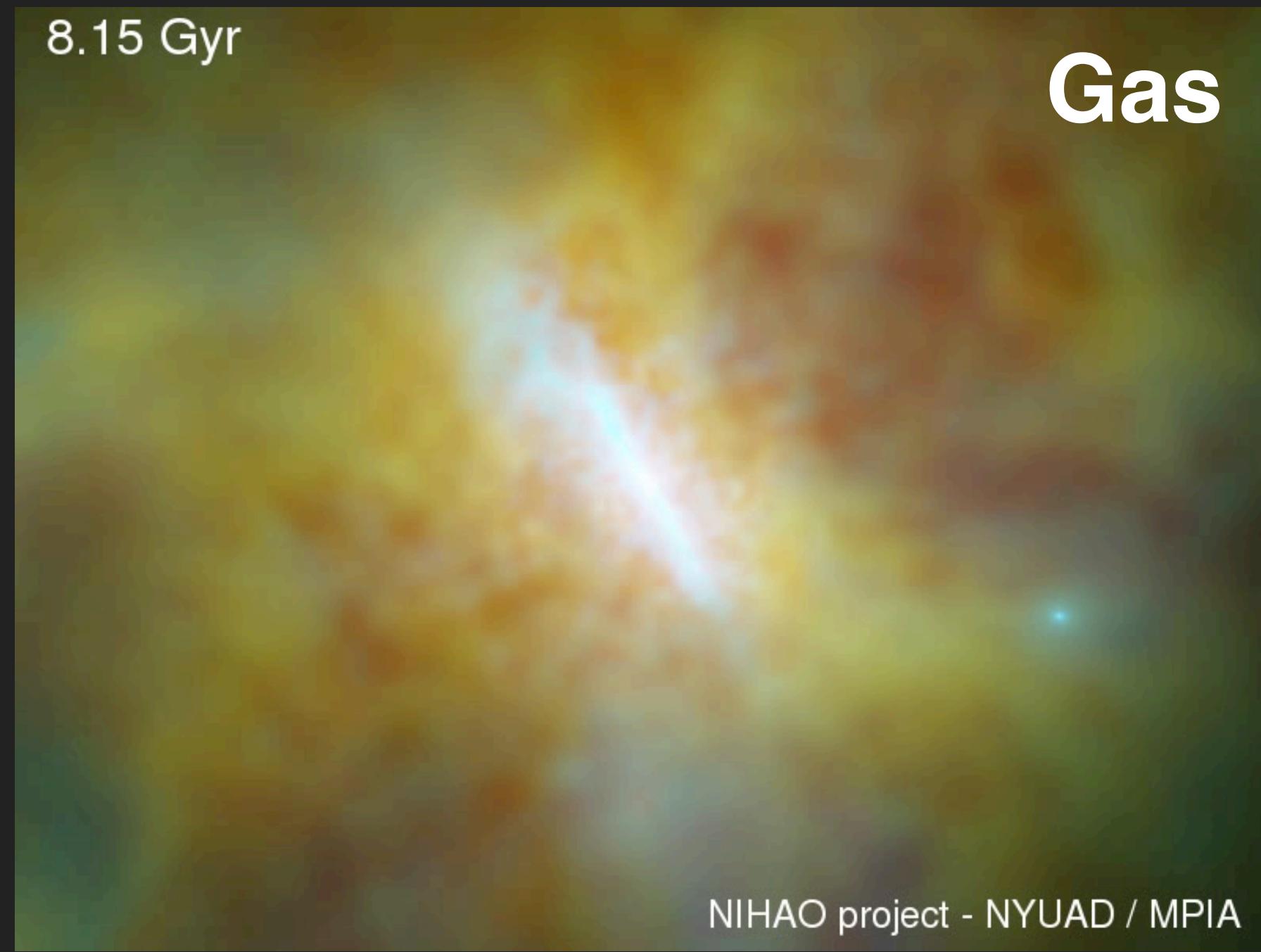
SIMULATED ASTROPHYSICAL PROCESSES



- At the same time: bridging 10^6 orders of magnitude in spatial scale from sizes of stars to entire galaxies and beyond

MOST MECHANISM PUT IN BY
HAND IN A PARAMETRISED WAY.

cosmological zoom-in hydro simulations of a Milky Way analogue

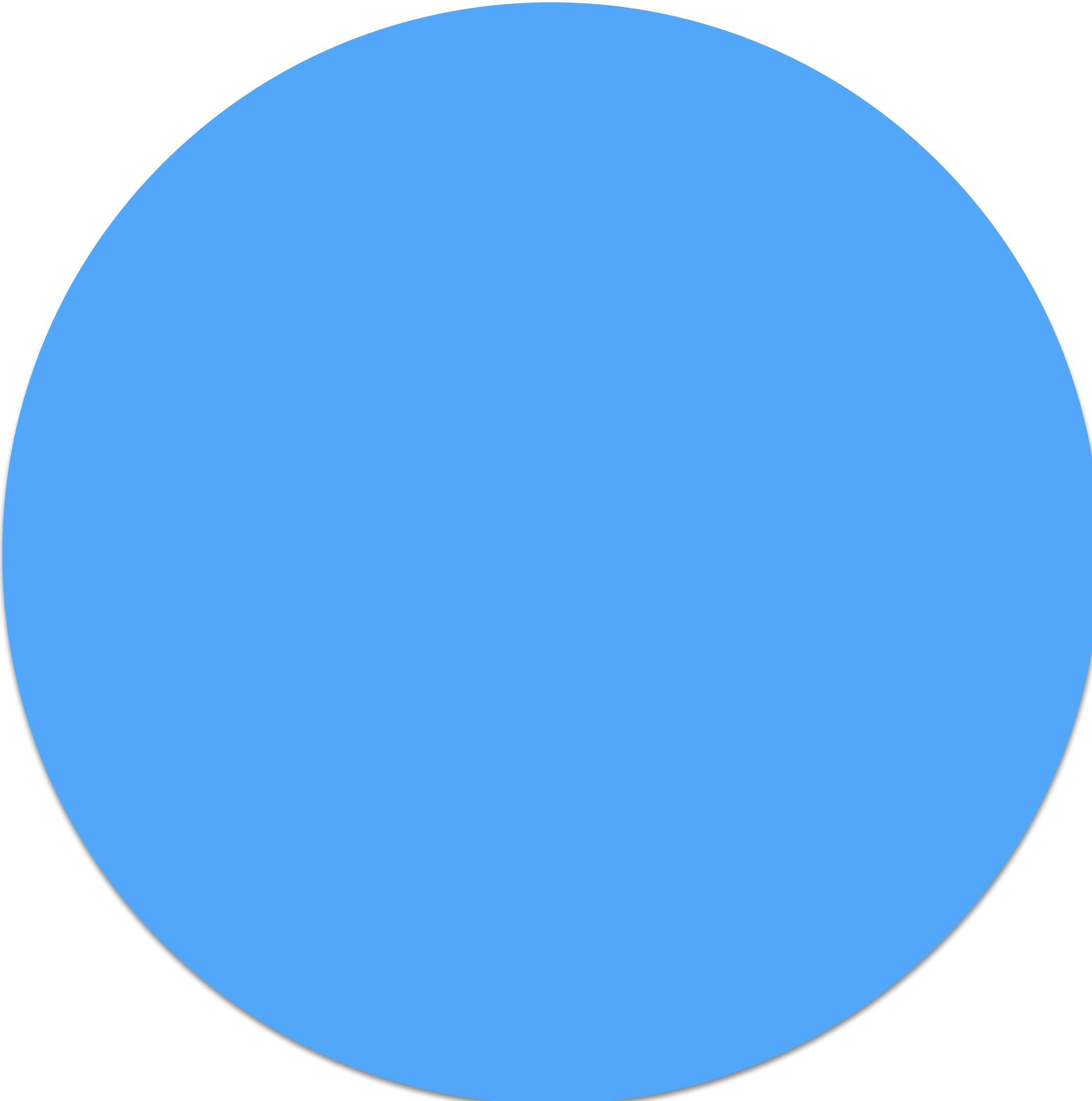




NIHAO-UHD

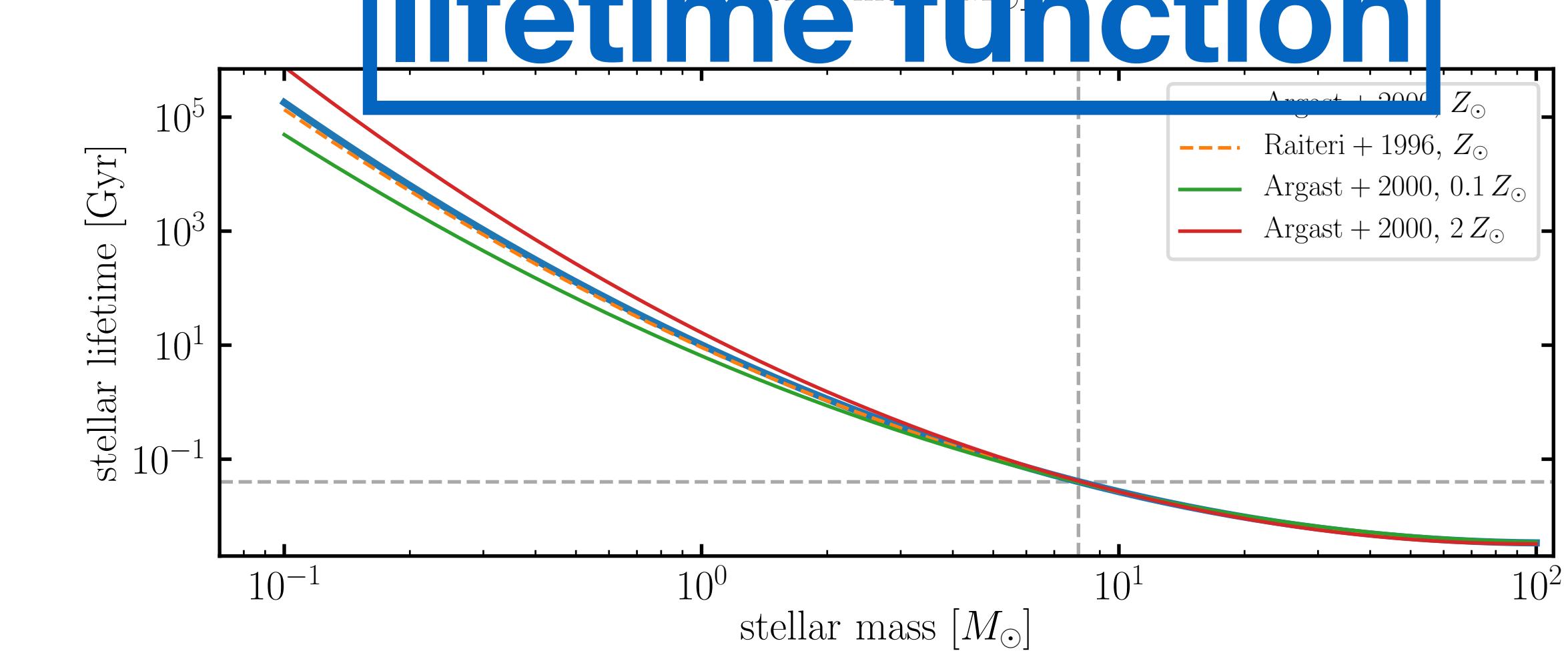
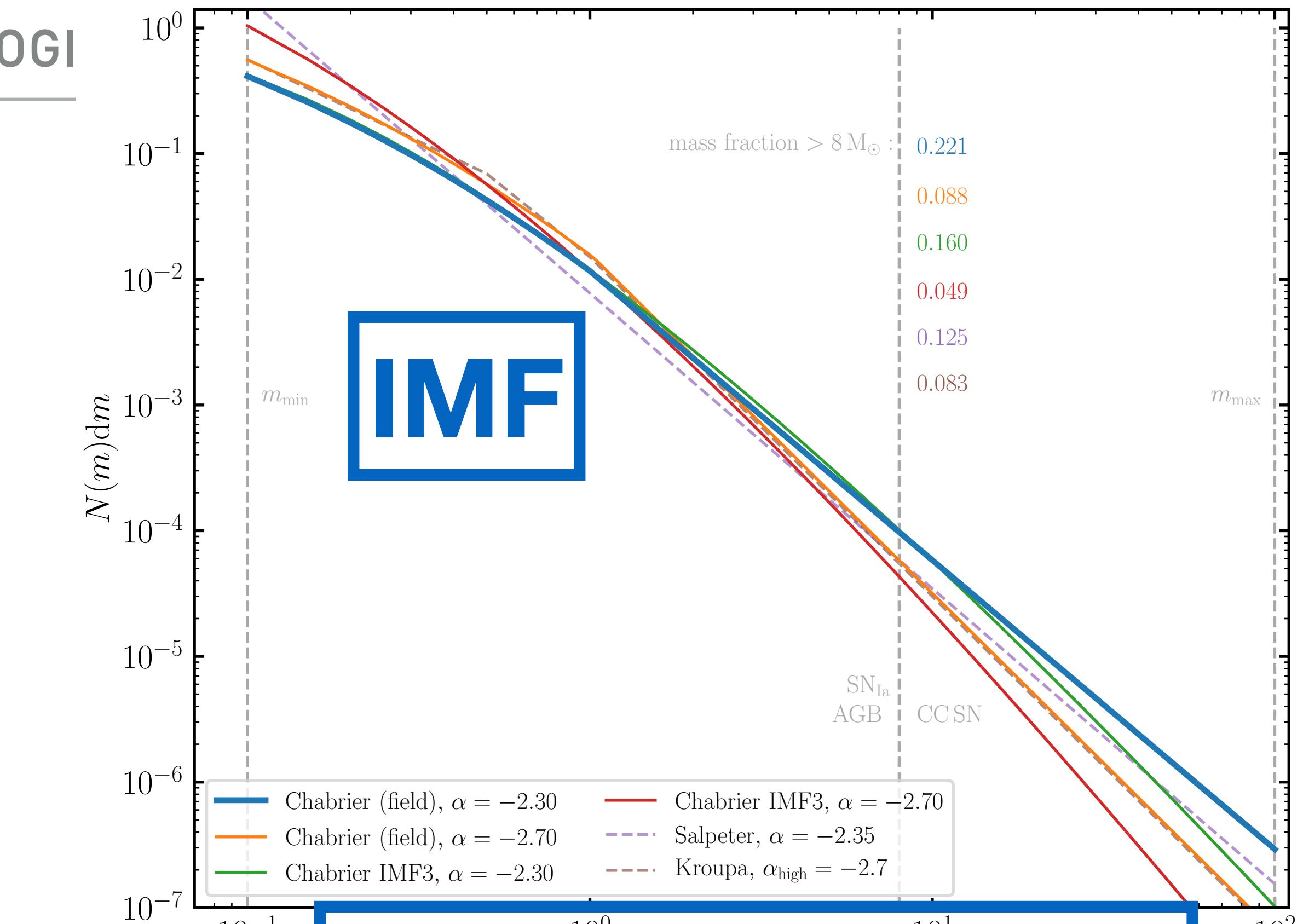
BUCK ET AL. 2020

STAR PARTICLES IN COSMOLOGICAL SIMULATIONS



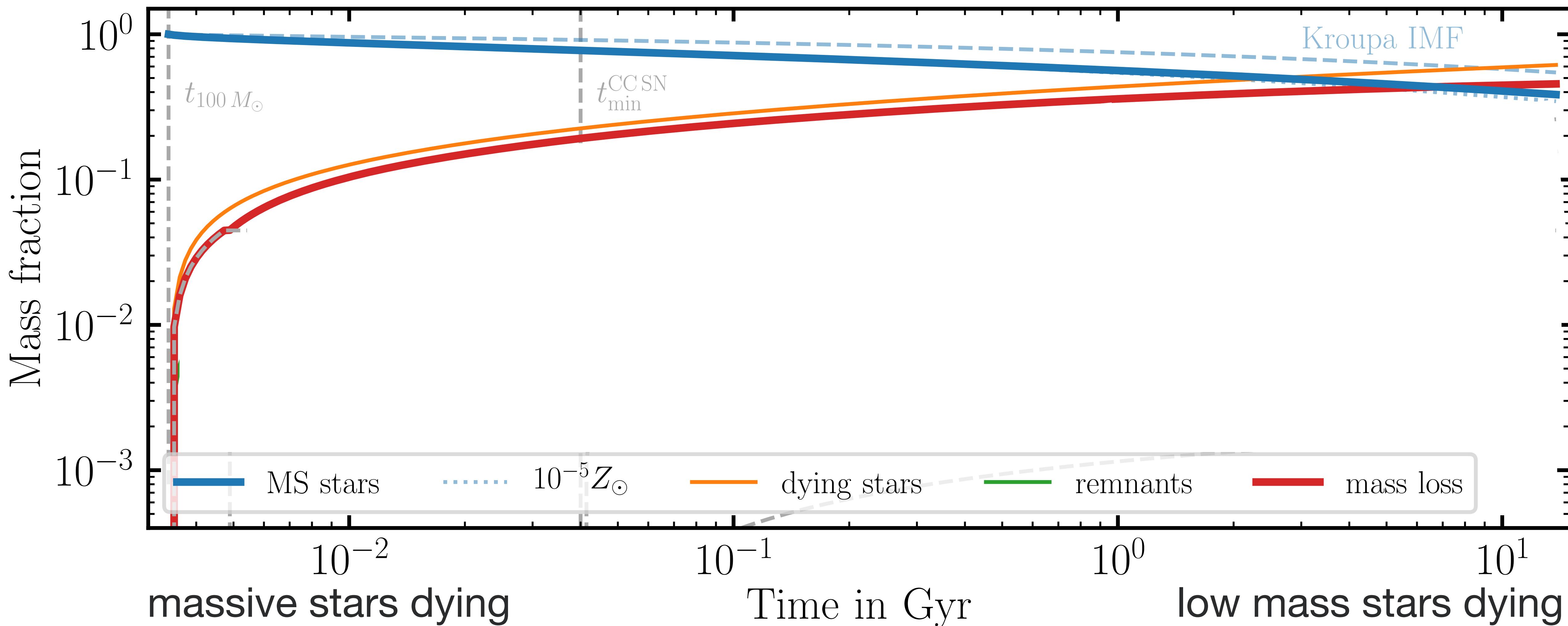
SIMPLE STELLAR POPULATION

mass, metallicity, age

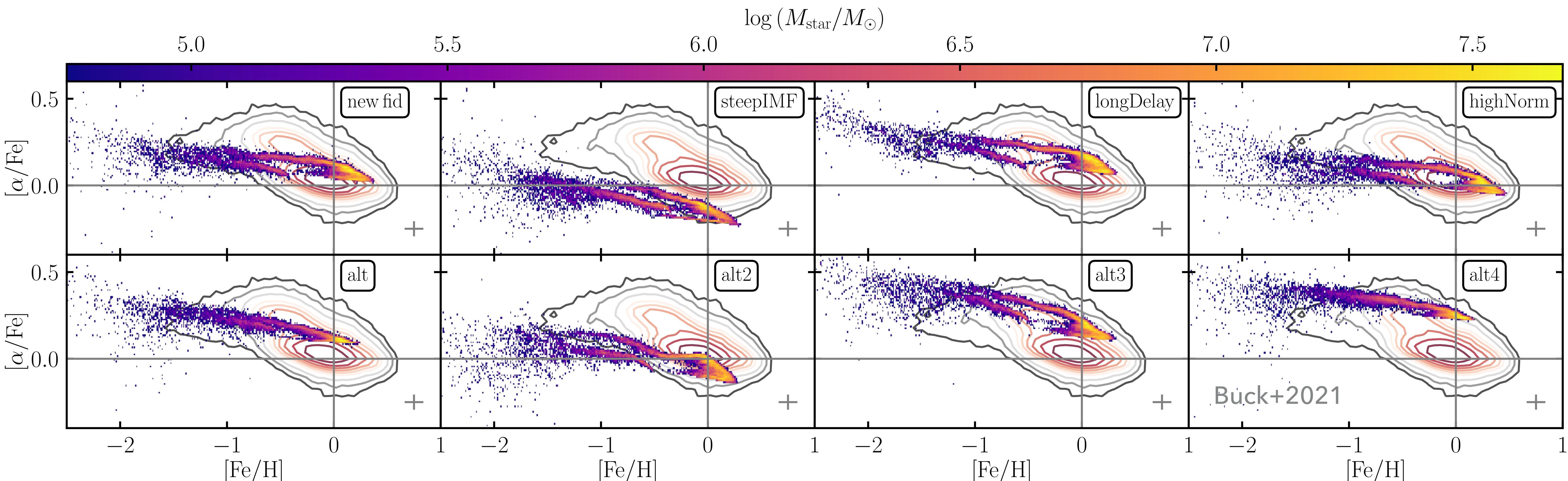


Simple stellar population model

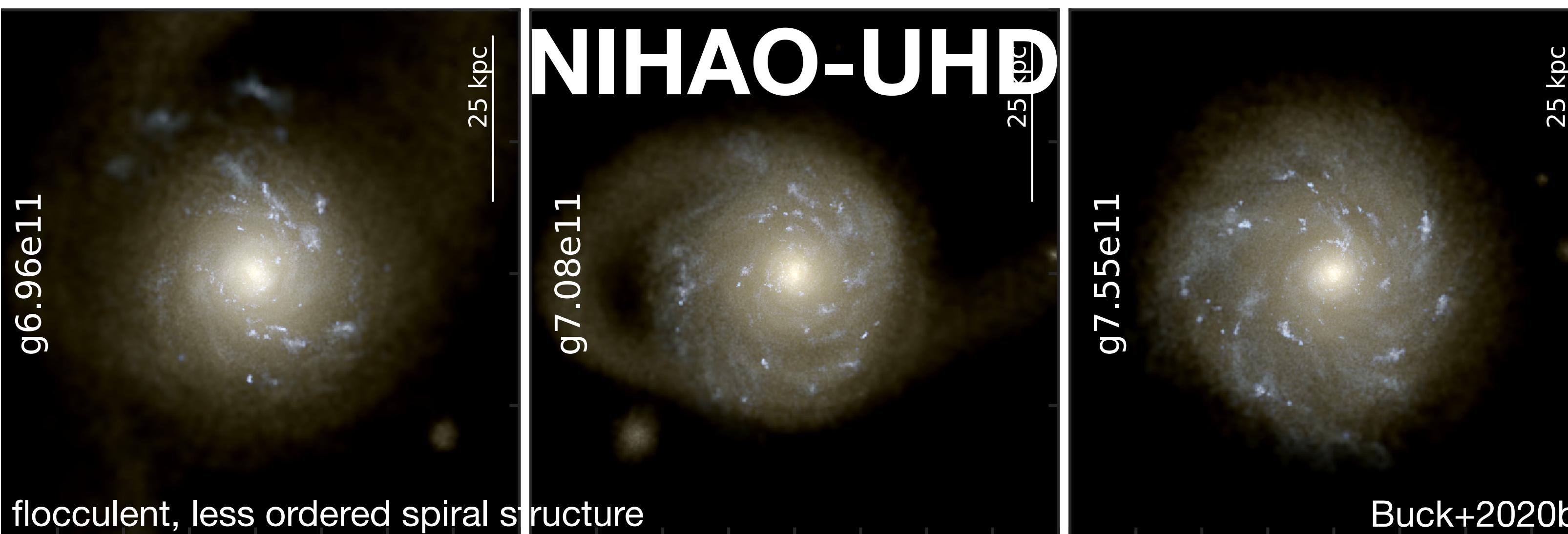
assume stellar evolution models to calculate time evolution of the SSP
i.e. massloss and stellar remnant masses



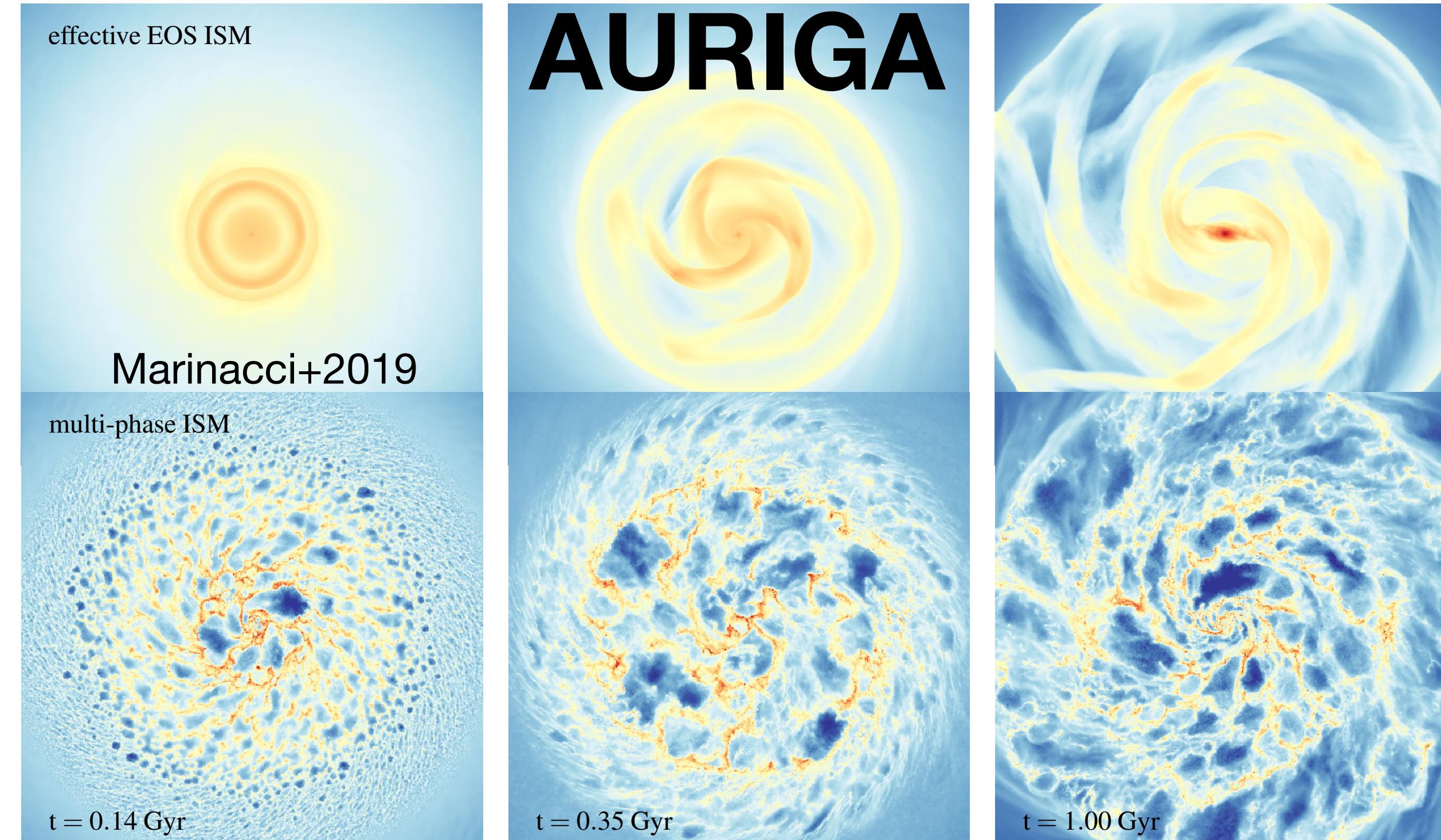
DIFFERENCE IN CHEMICAL ABUNDANCES DUE TO MODEL UNCERTAINTIES



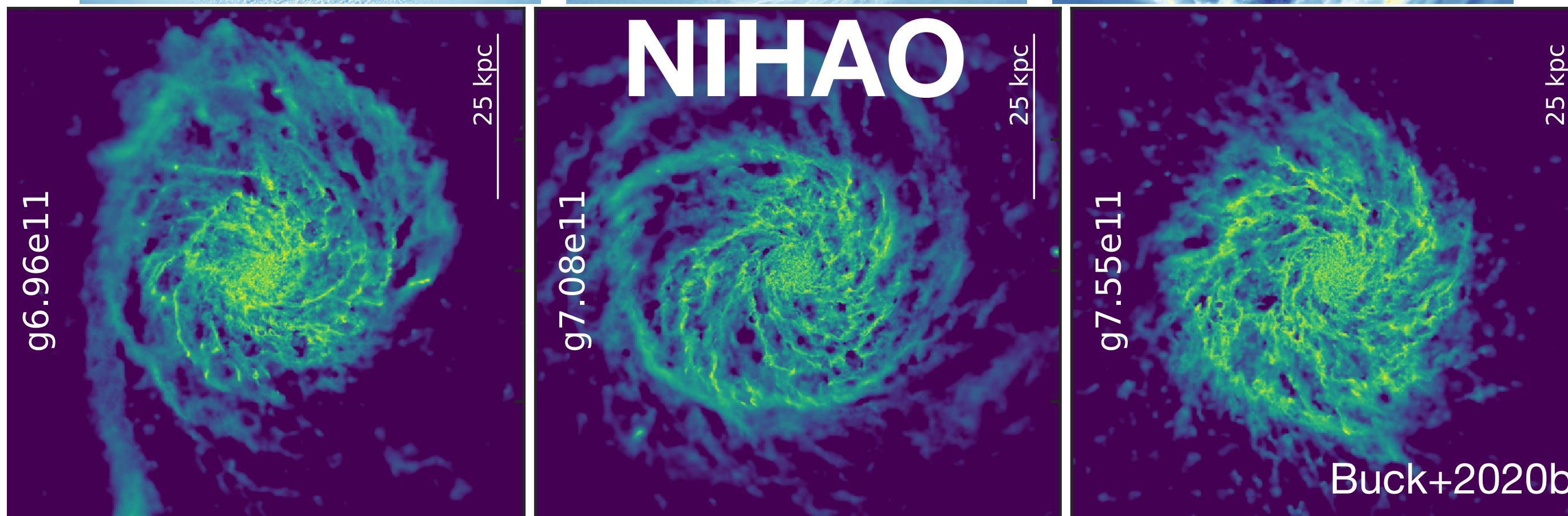
GALAXY MORPHOLOGY DEPENDS ON THE EXACT PHYSICS IMPLEMENTATION!



THE IMPACT OF GAS COOLING AND HEATING PHYSICS ON GALAXY MORPHOLOGY



Arepo
effective equation
of state

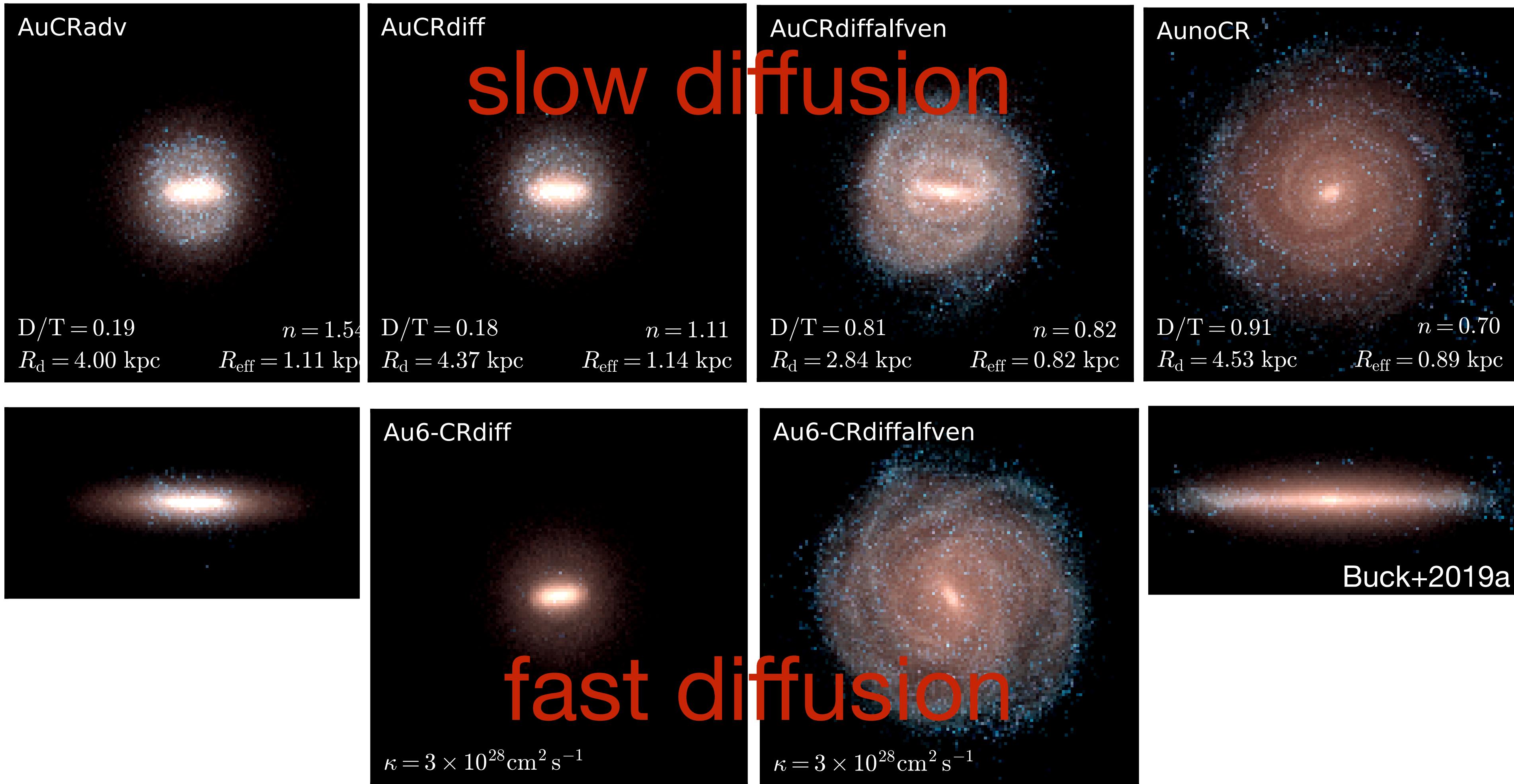


Gasoline2
multiphase ISM

Buck+2020b

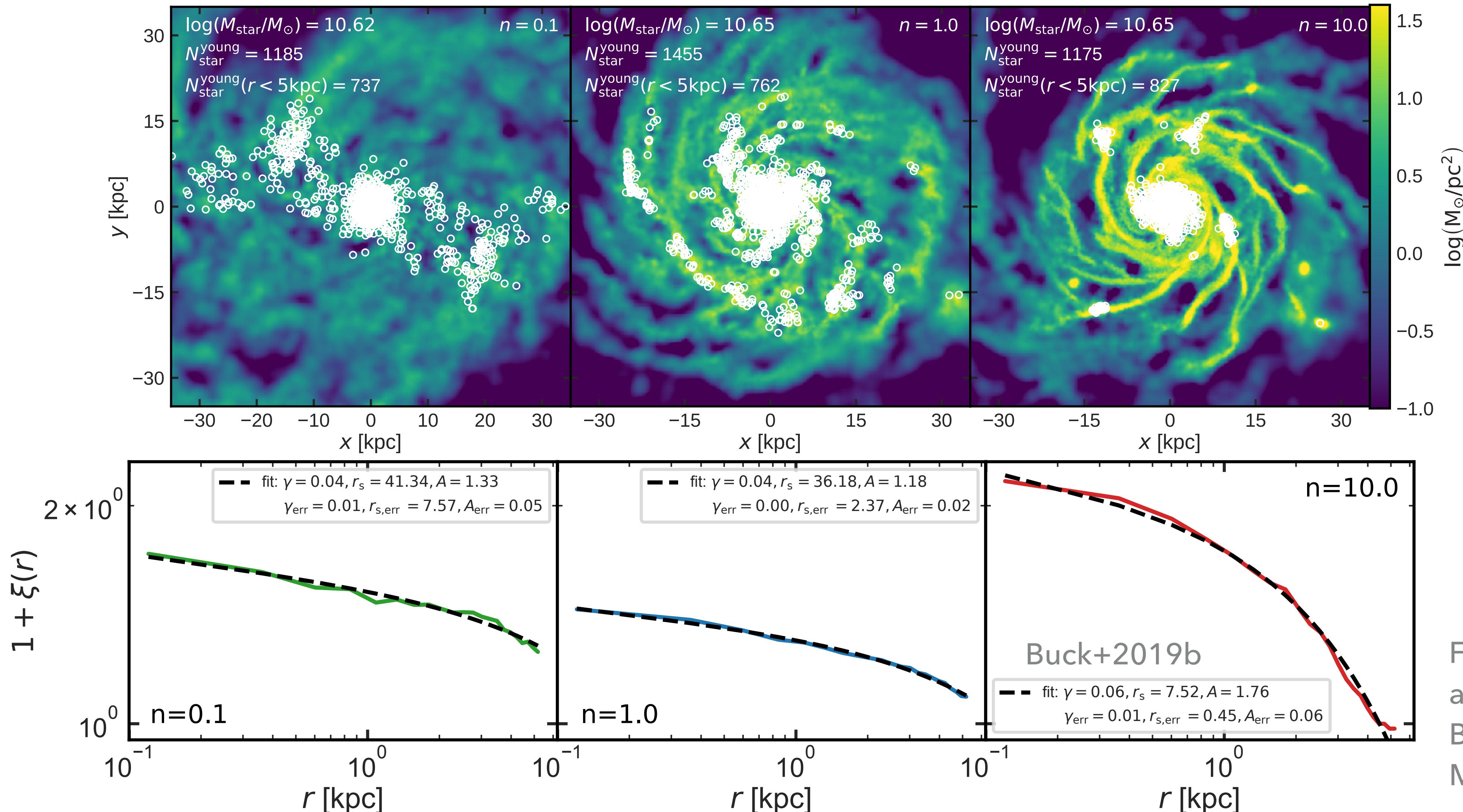
THE IMPACT OF CR PHYSICS ON GALAXY MORPHOLOGY

4 different models for CR transport



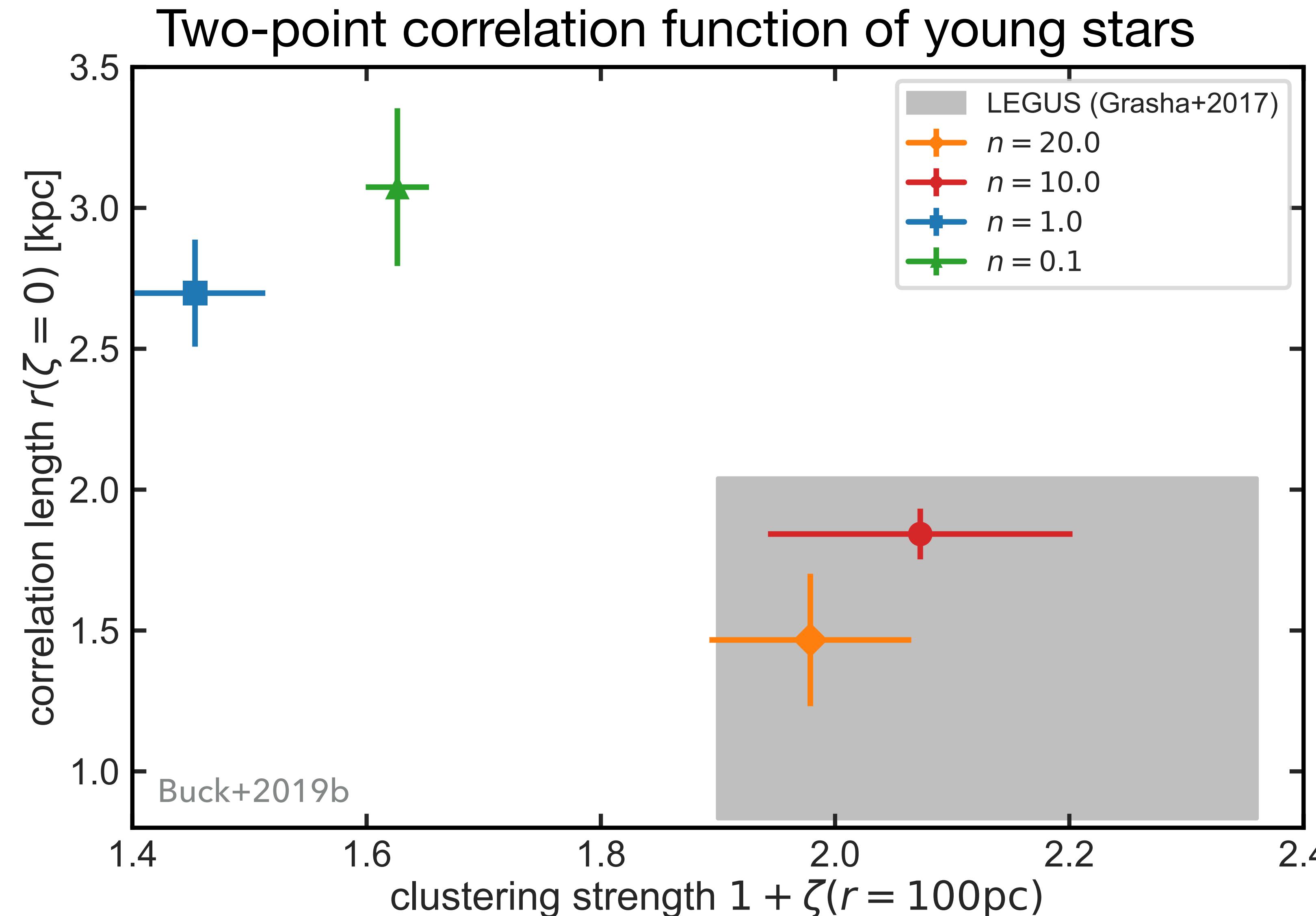
HOW TO DISTINGUISH MODELS? → CAREFUL COMPARISON TO OBSERVATIONS!

Two-point correlation function of young stars



For a more fancy ML approach see:
Buck+Wolf 2021,
Macciò+2022

HOW TO DISTINGUISH MODELS? → CAREFUL COMPARISON TO OBSERVATIONS!

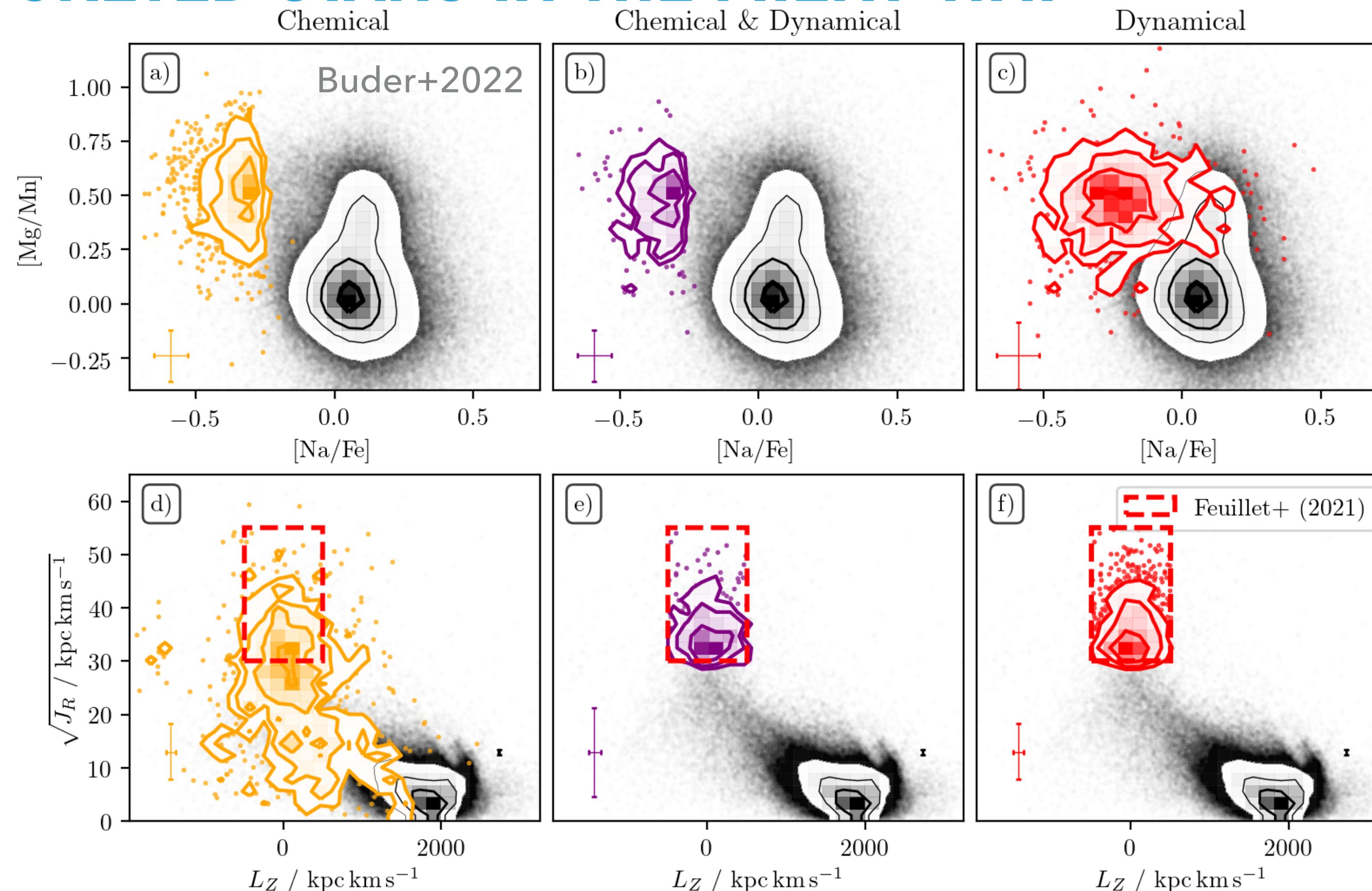


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approach see:
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FUTURE CHALLENGES

HOW TO CONNECT PRESENT AND PAST?

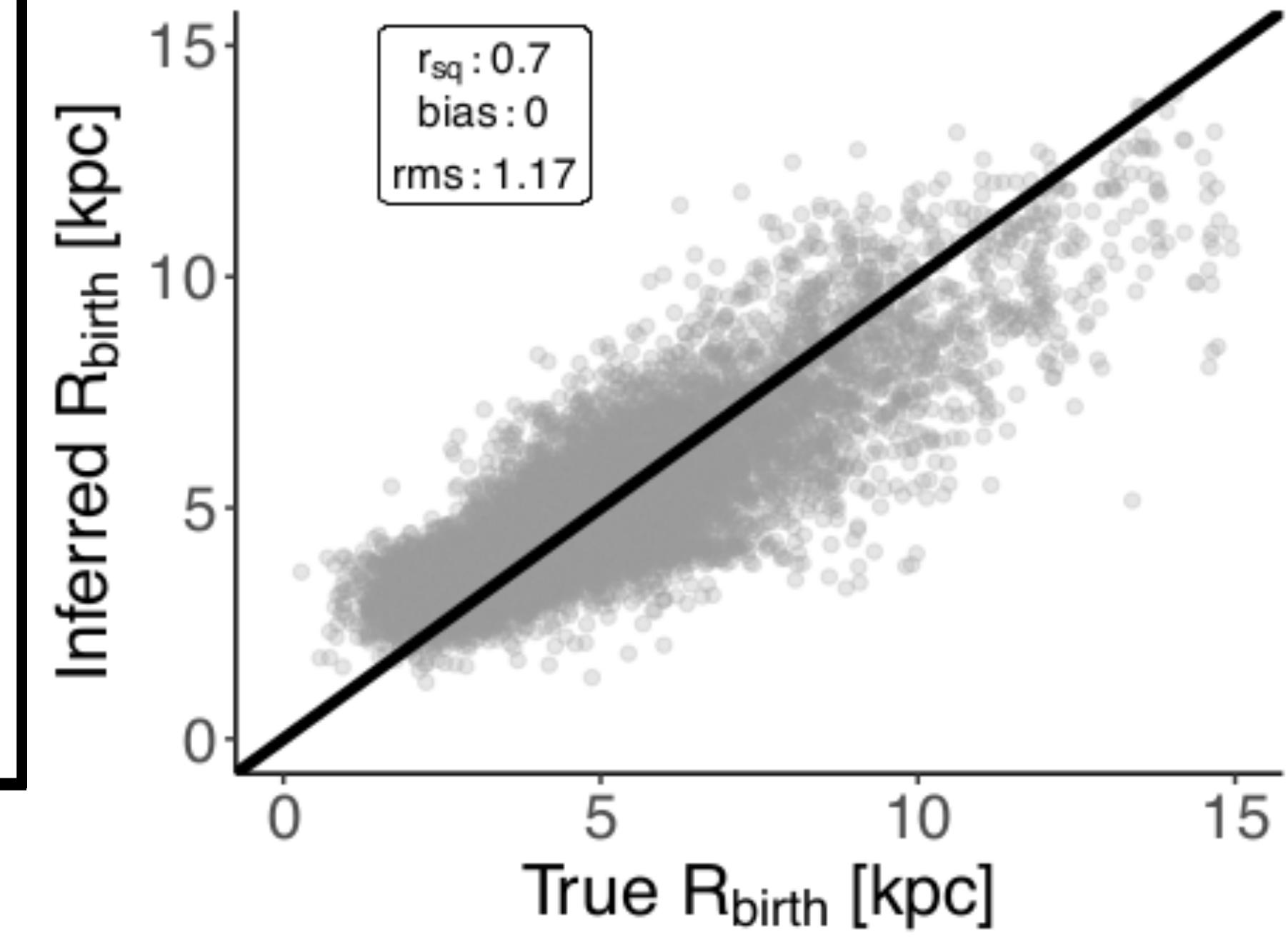
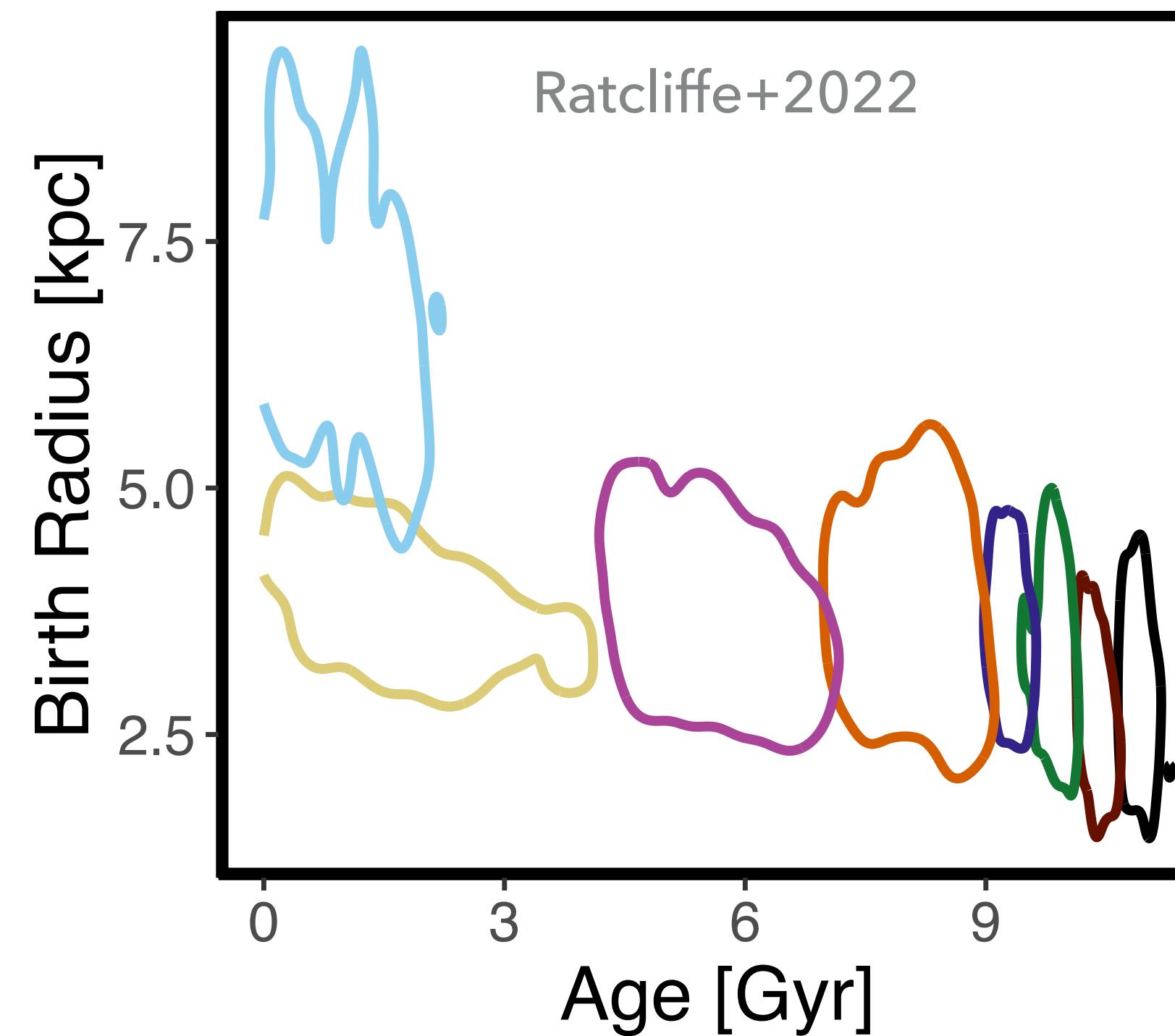
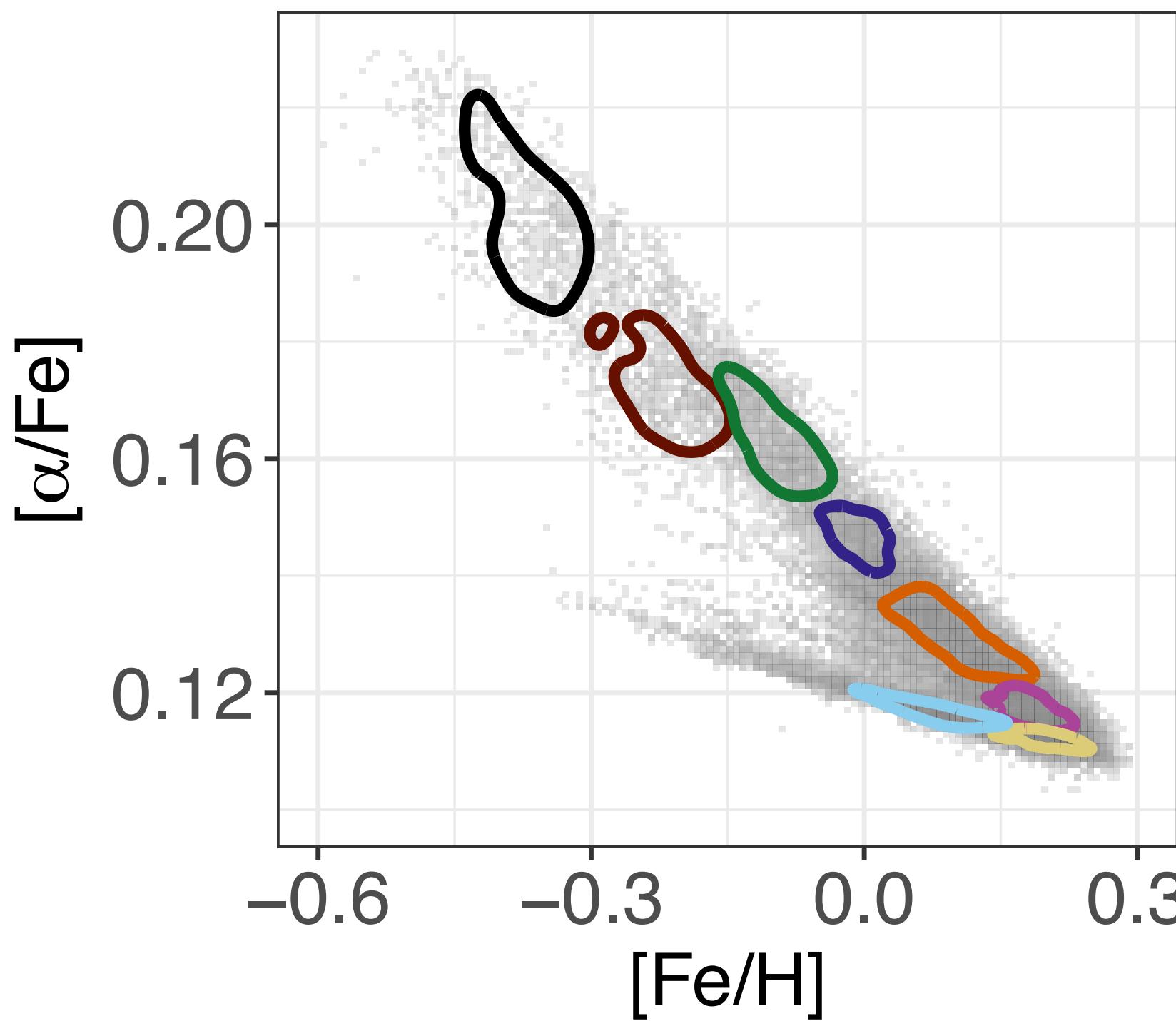
FINDING ACCRETED STARS IN THE MILKY WAY



see also:
 Helmi+2018,
 Belokurov+2018,
 and many more

HOW TO CONNECT PRESENT AND PAST?

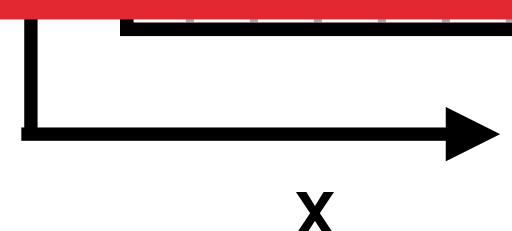
DERIVING BIRTH RADII FROM PRESENT-DAY ABUNDANCES



GALAXY FORMATION IS A DATA INTENSIVE, MULTI-SCALE PROBLEM

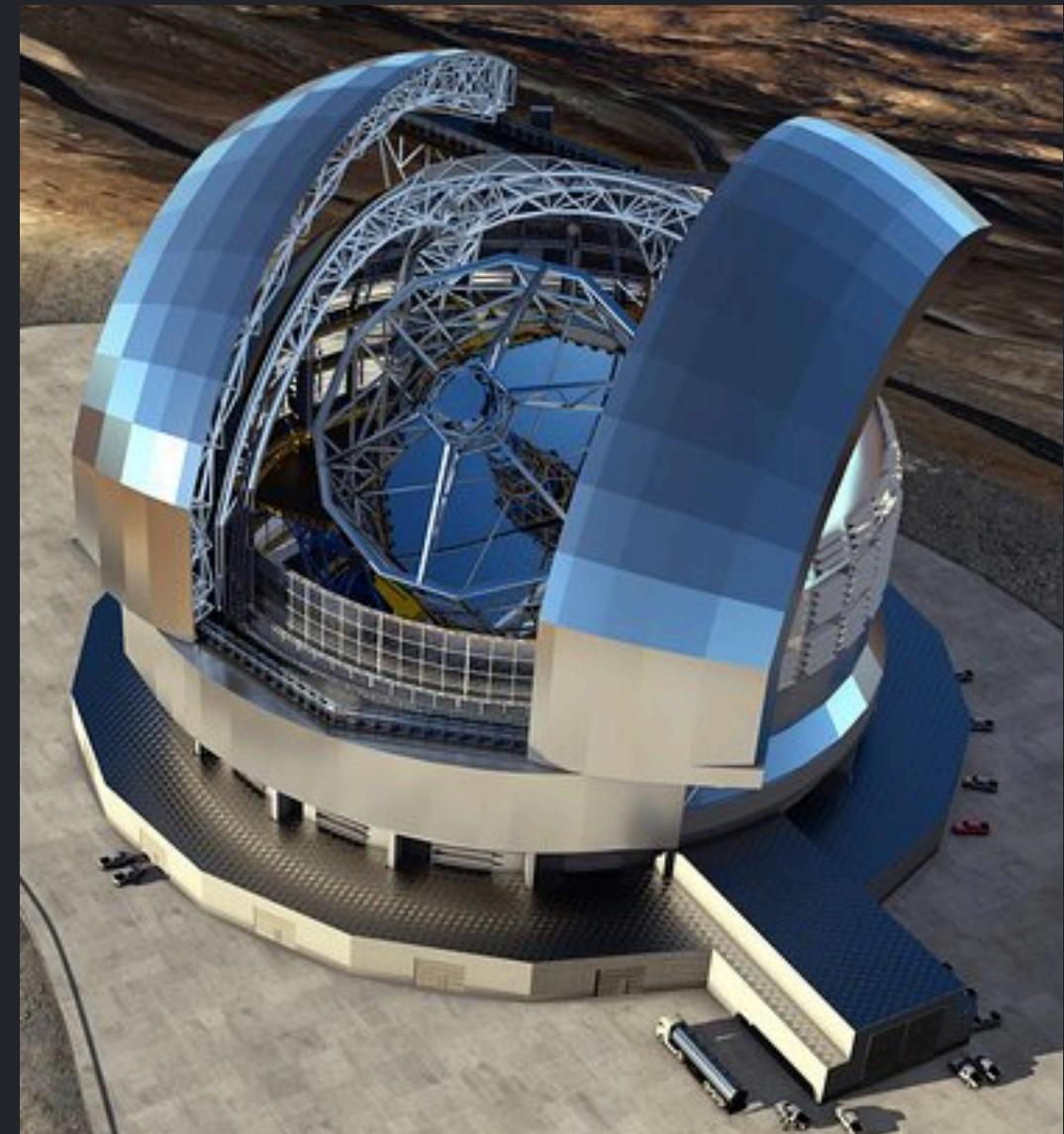
HOW CAN WE BUILT PREDICTIVE MULTI-SCALE
MODELS FOR GALAXIES?

$$\dot{z}_i = g(\vec{z}, p)$$



wavelength

EXTRAGALACTIC SURVEYS



European Extremely
Large Telescope

Nan
Space



JWST



Euclid

MAIN DATA PRODUCT: $\sim 10^6$ GALAXY IMAGES

~ 30 TERABYTES PER NIGHT —> HOW TO PROPERLY ANALYSE ALL THE DATA?

HOW CAN WE BUILT PREDICTIVE MULTI-SCALE MODELS?

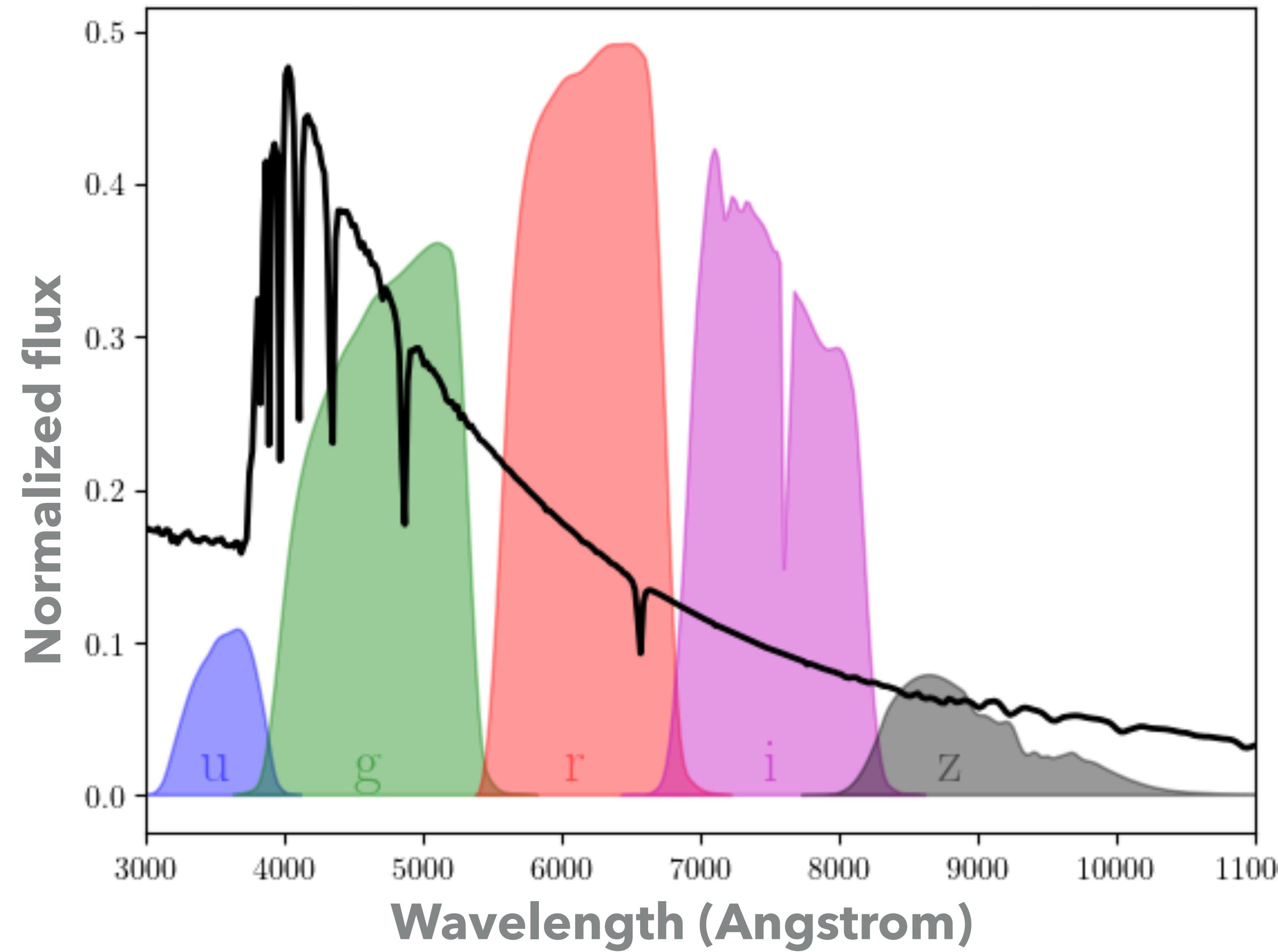
- ▶ limits for models will always be the computational power
- ▶ need smart algorithms!
- ▶ combine physical laws with the flexibility of modern machine learning!
- ▶ In August I will start a junior research group on physics informed Machine Learning!
- ▶ **You have ML experience and are looking for an interdisciplinary PhD or a Postdoc position: Get in contact with me!**

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

- ▶ large spectroscopic surveys in combination with state-of-the-art numerical simulations unravel MW's formation history
- ▶ simulations inform about MW's past and observations inform about numerical limitations of the models
- ▶ computational power is always a limit for the physical fidelity of our models
 - ▶ need a diversity of algorithms and implementations to cross-compare
 - ▶ need smart, innovative approaches. Data driven and AI/ML models can help

OBSERVATIONS: SPECTROSCOPY VS. PHOTOMETRY

Spectroscopy



Photometry

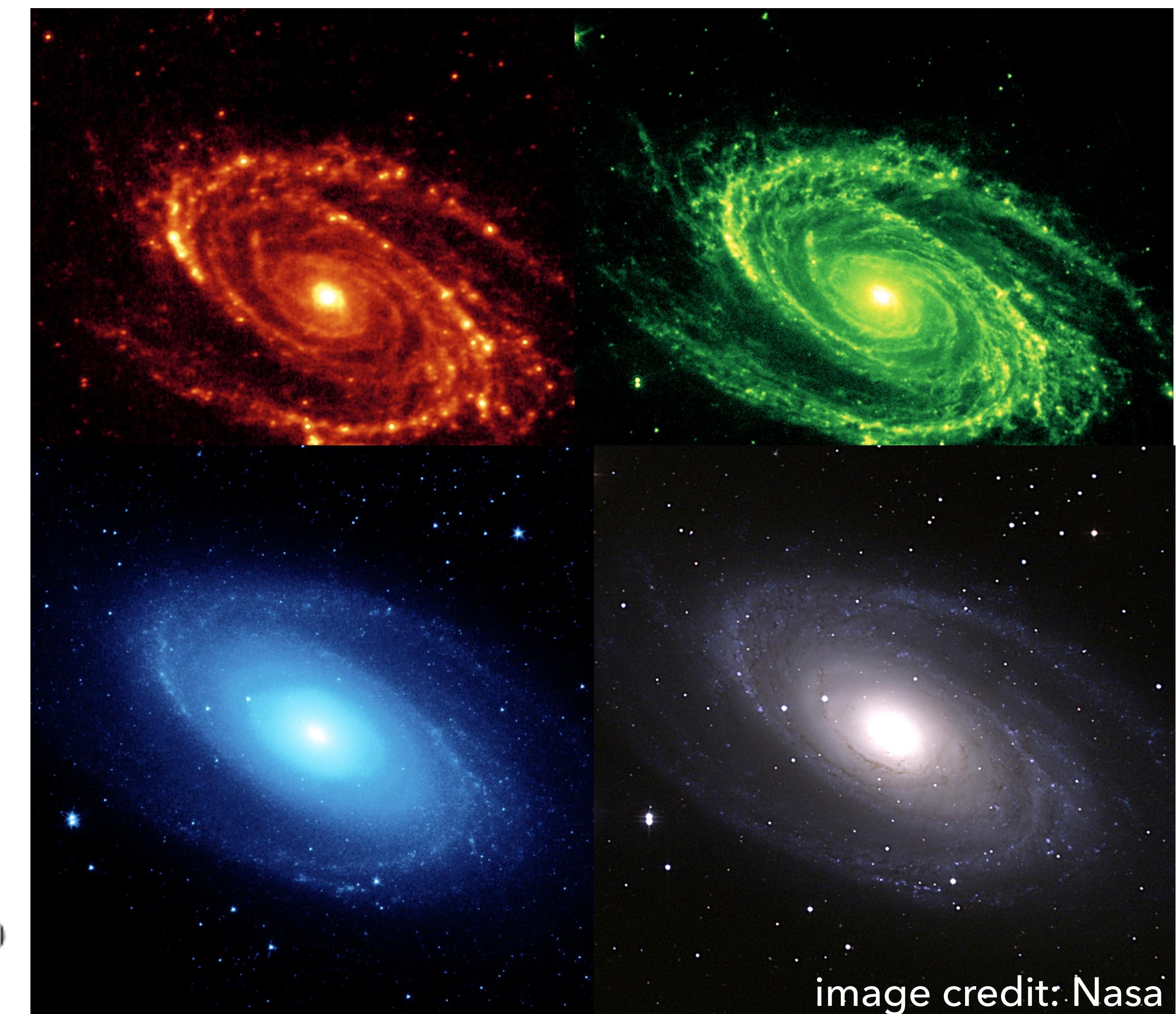
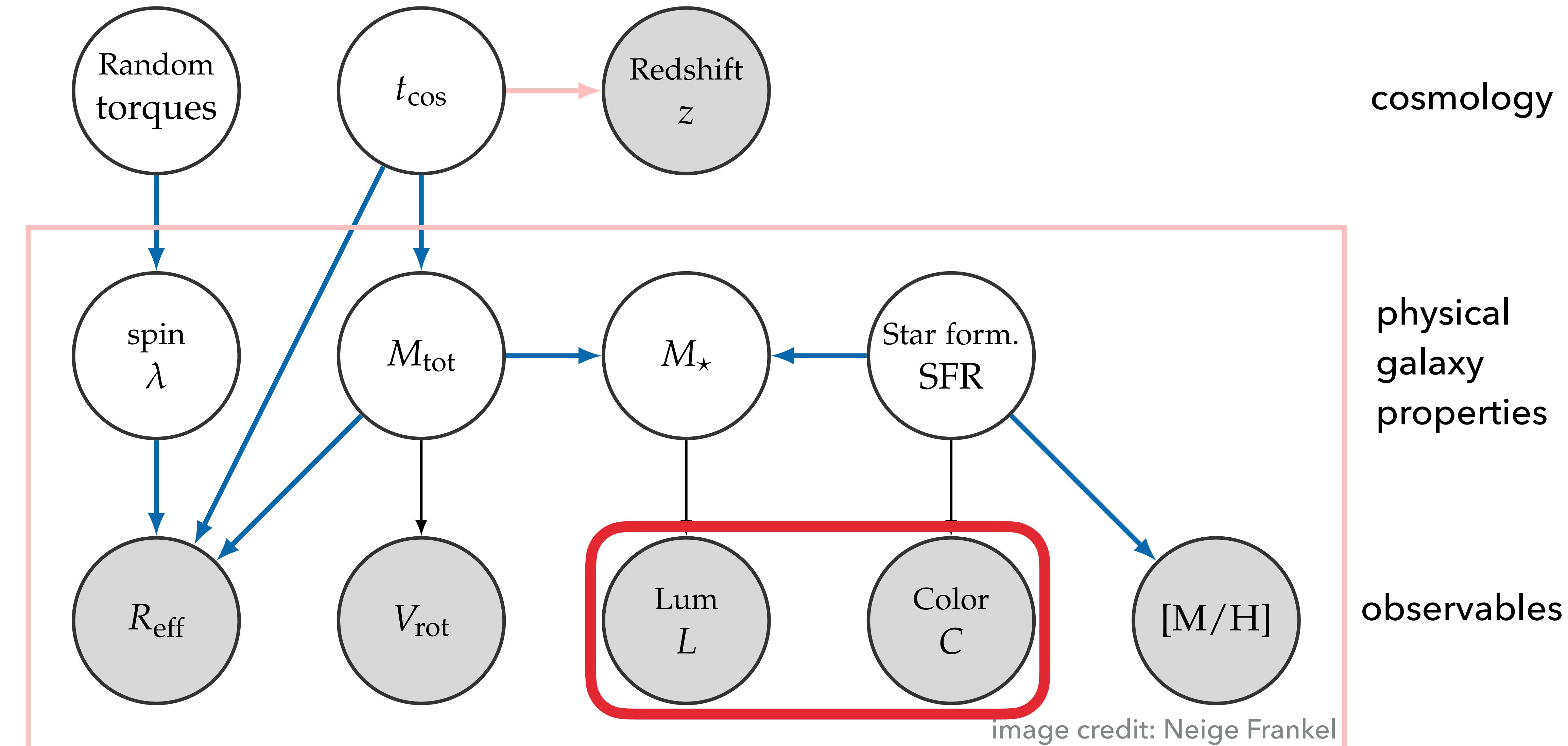


image credit: Nasa

ESTABLISHED CORRELATIONS BETWEEN OBSERVABLES AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

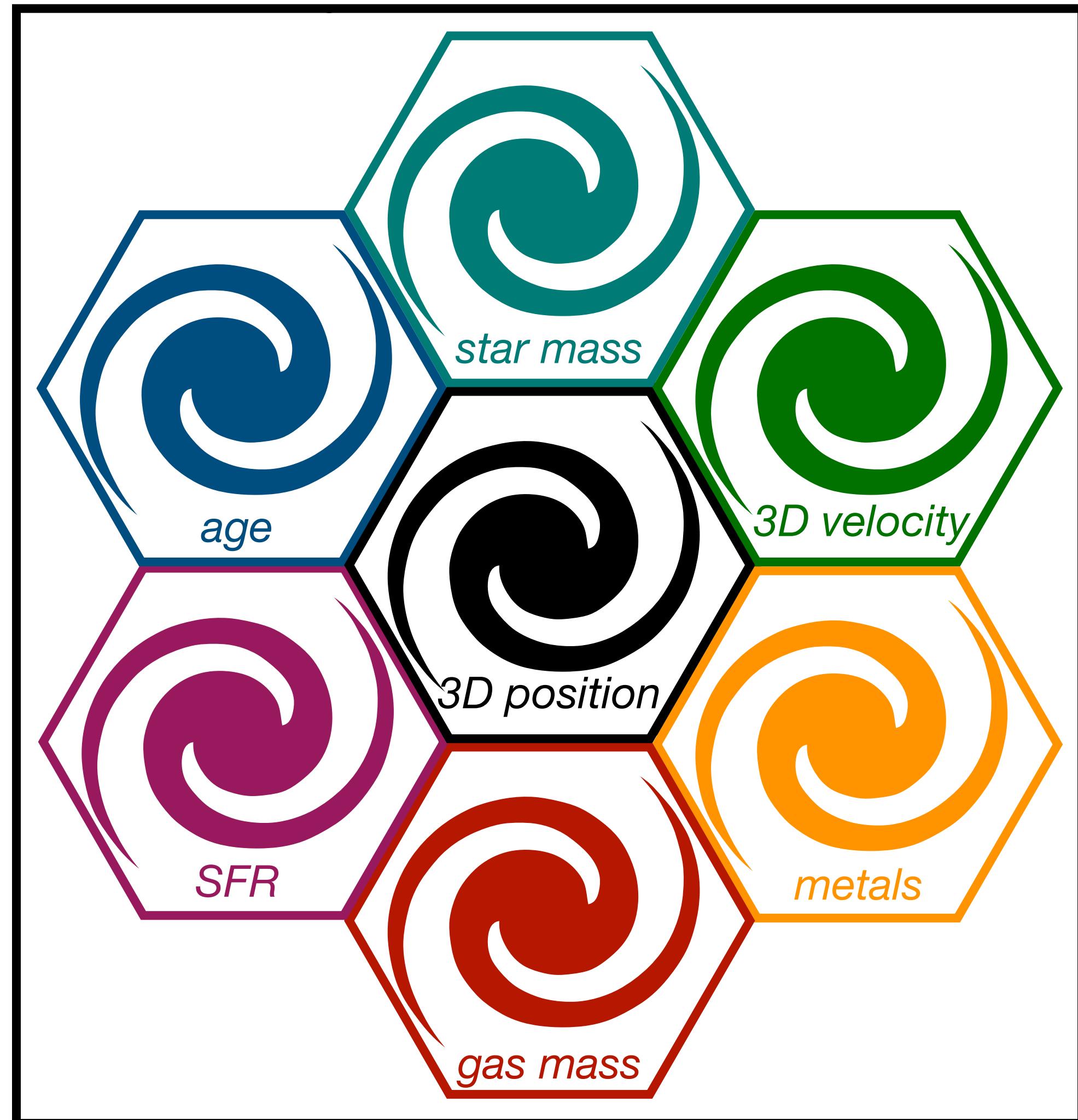


EXTRACTING GALAXY PROPERTIES FROM THOSE IMAGES?

- ▶ Can we reconstruct intrinsic galaxy properties from their images?
- ▶ Can we build a (3D) galaxy model from multi-band images?

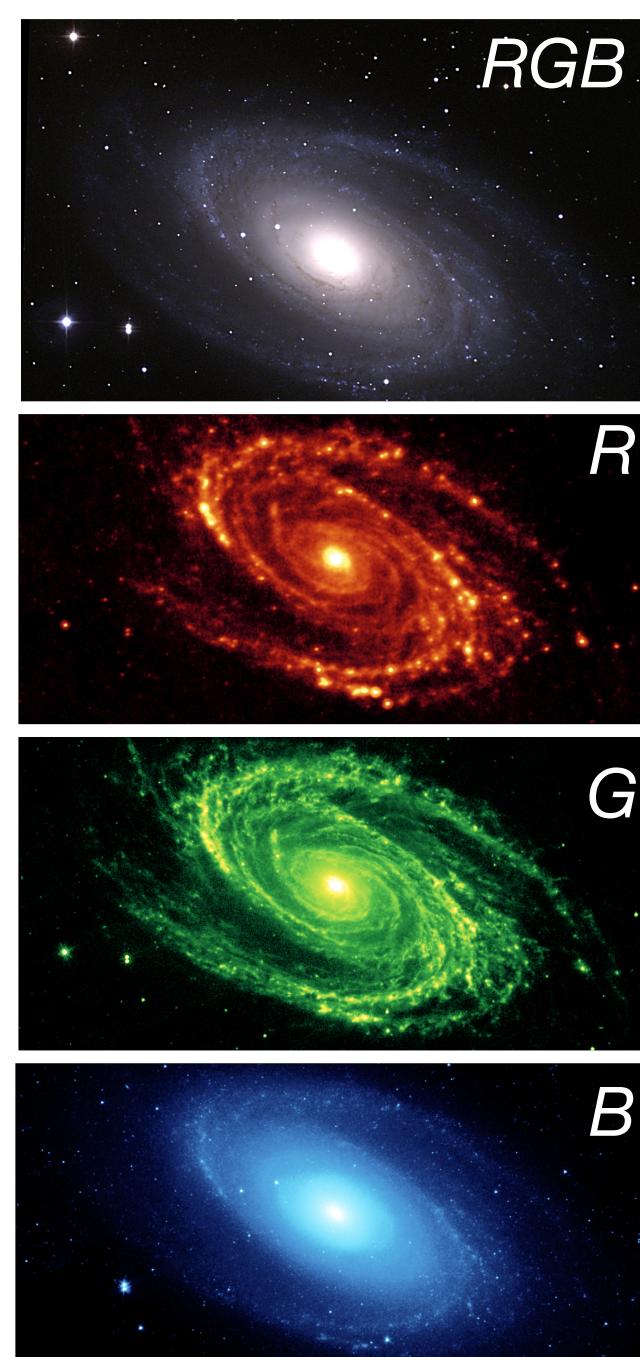


derive maps of
physical parameters

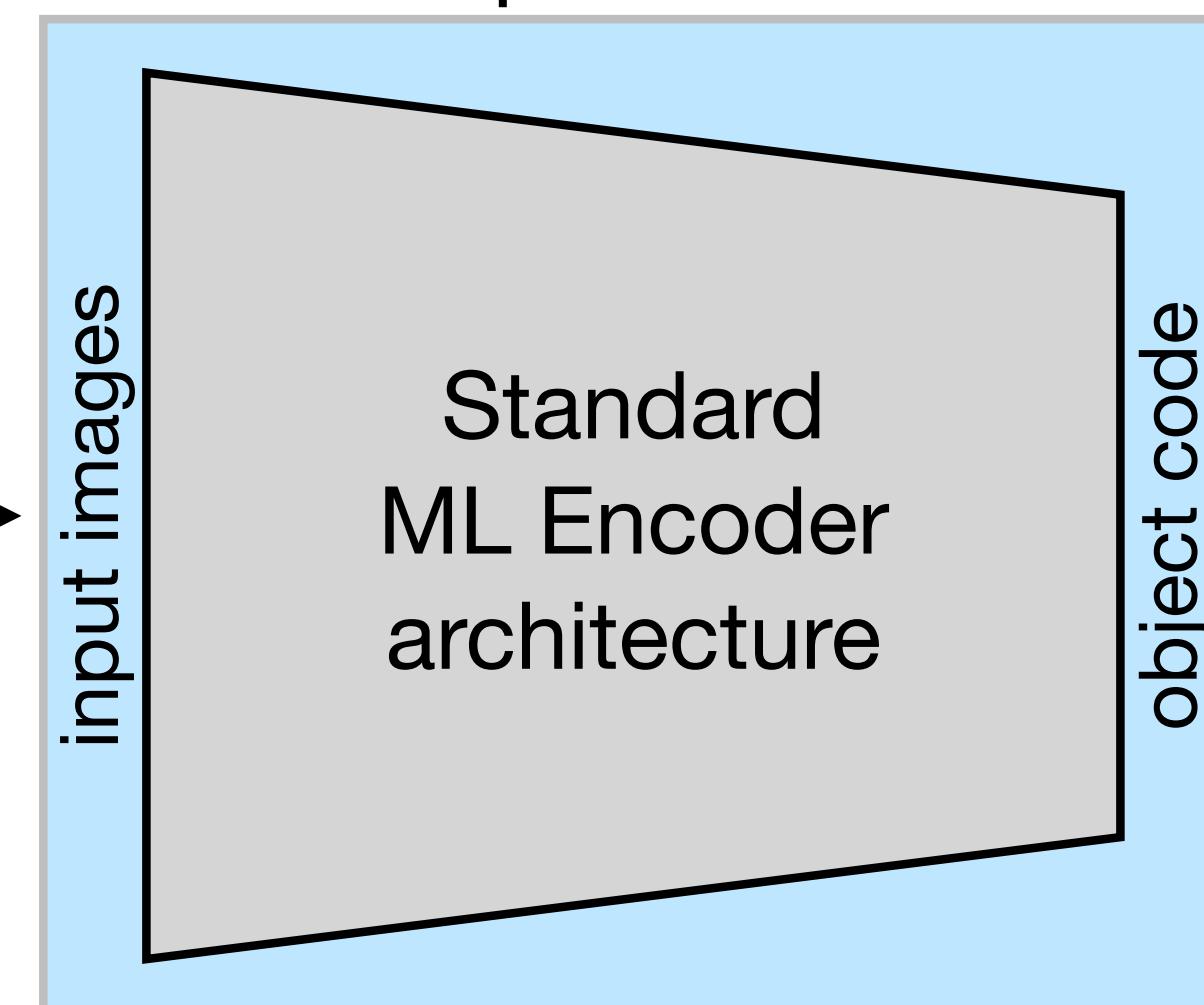


THE IDEA: RECONSTRUCTING GALAXY MODELS FROM IMAGES

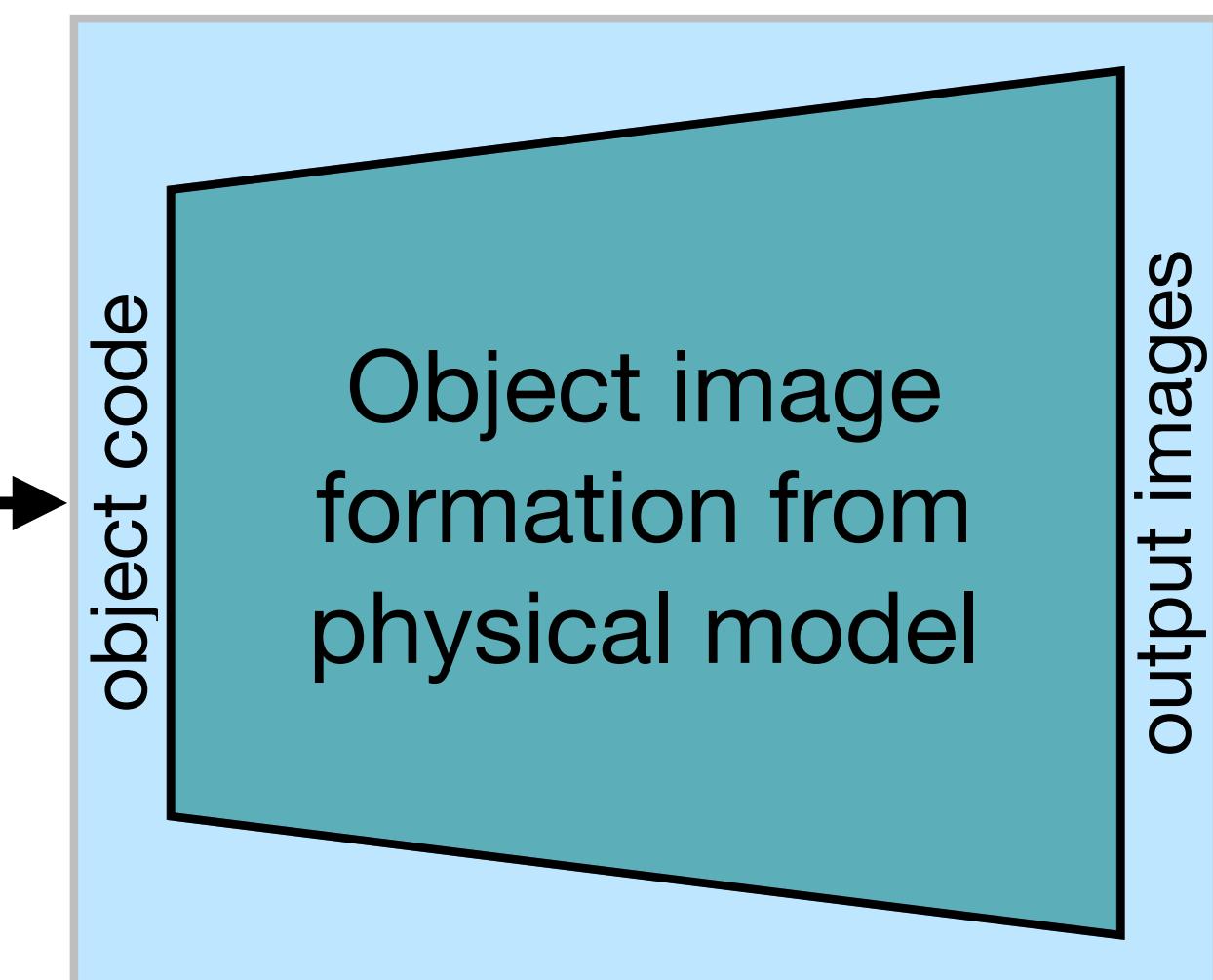
Input Image(s)



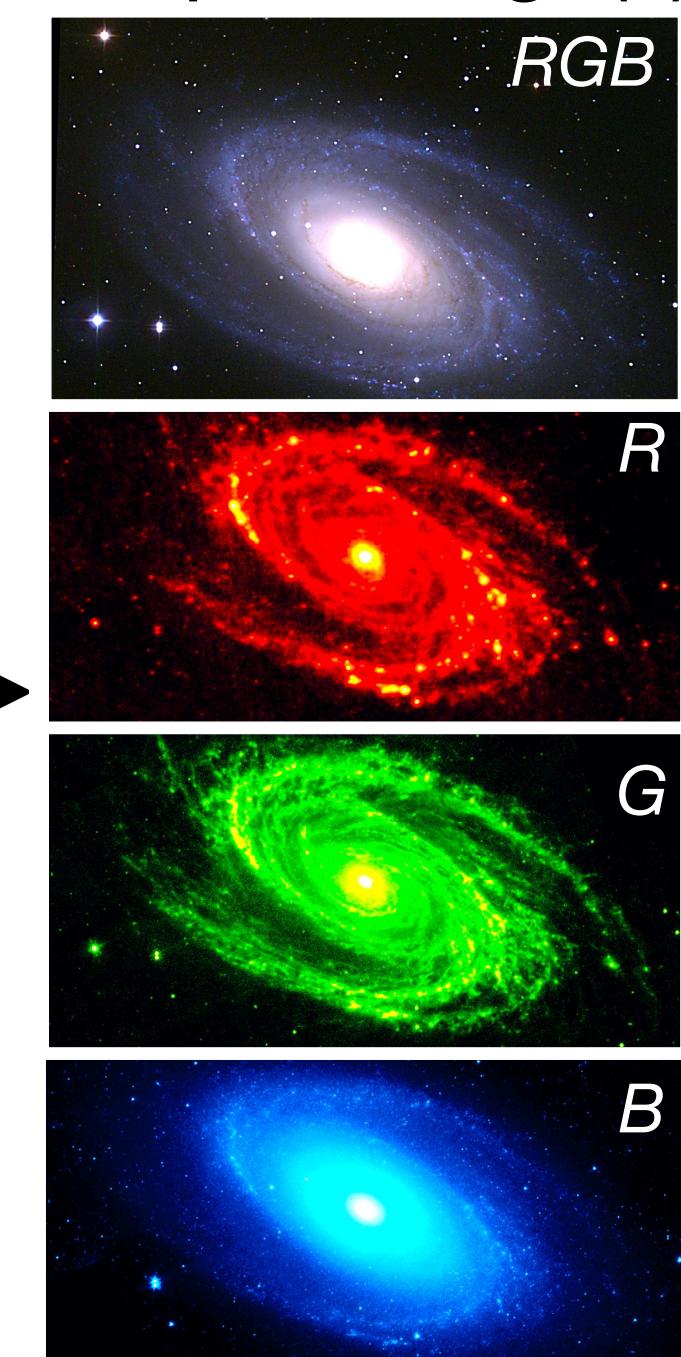
Deep Encoder



Model-based Decoder



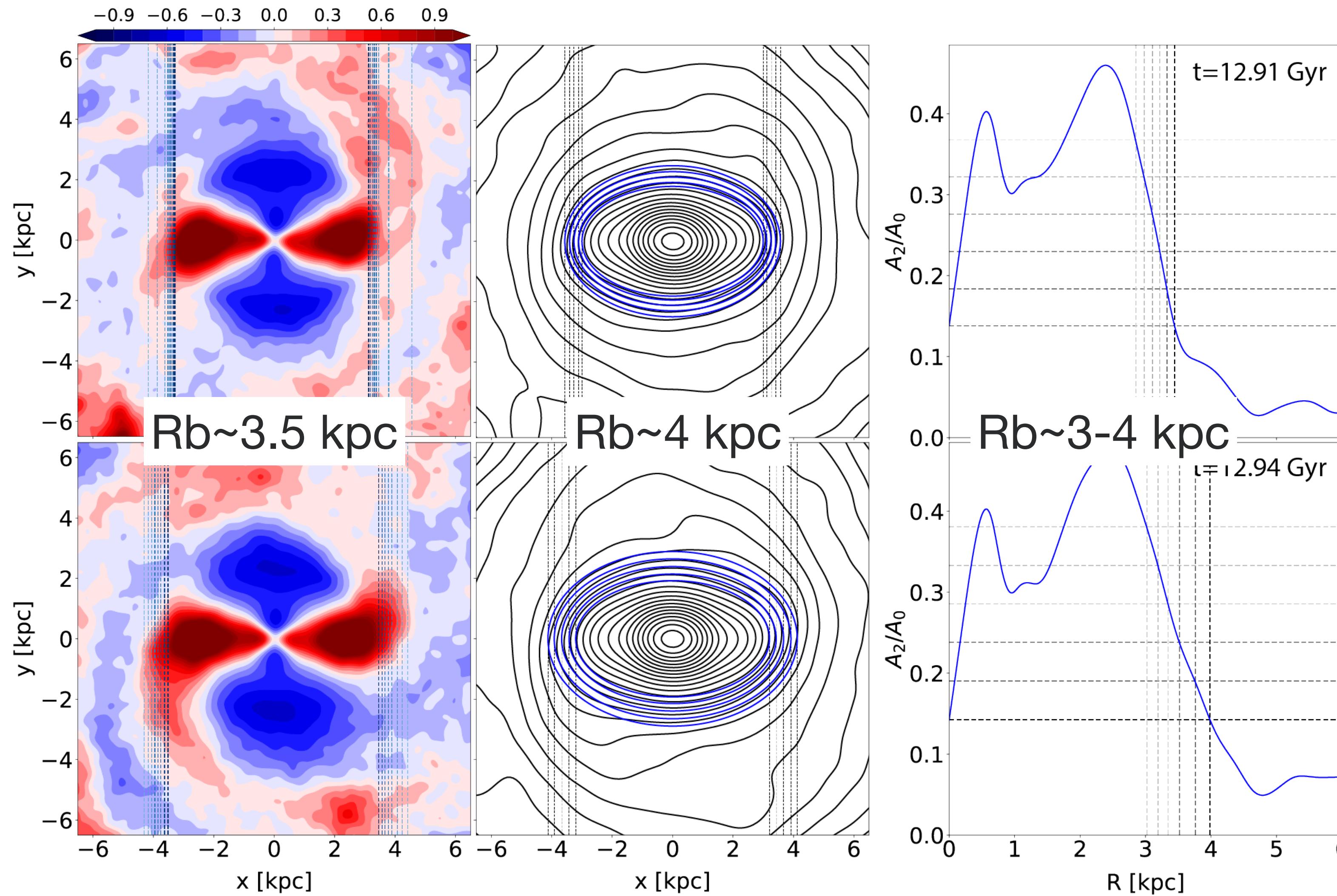
Output Image(s)



model parameters describing
object shape, composition, dynamical state,
luminosity, etc. and camera position

idea credit: Bernhard Schölkopf based
on face reconstruction by Tewari+2017

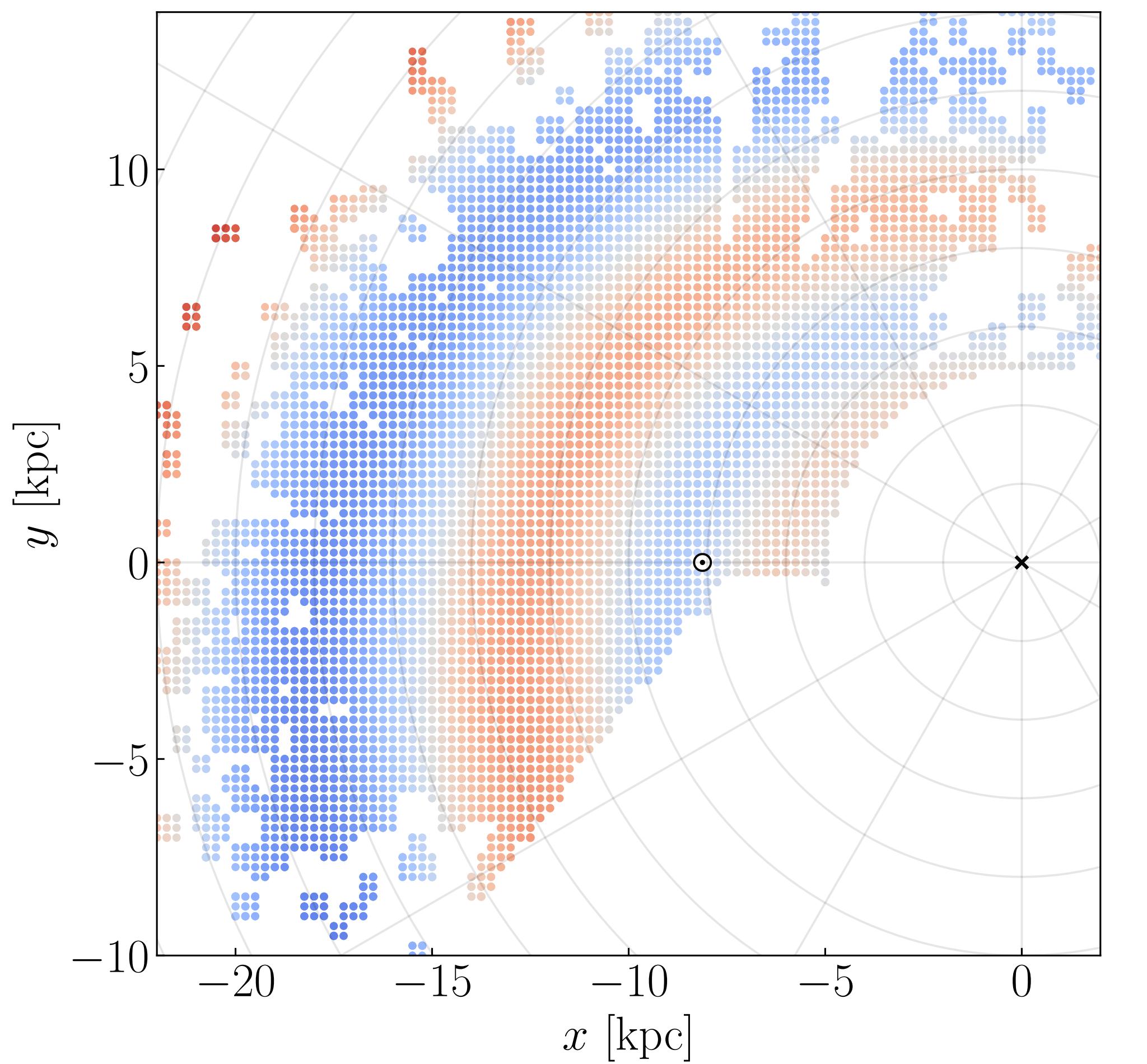
How to measure the length of MW's central stellar bar?



Hilmi, Minchev, Buck+2020

QUANTIFYING MILKY WAY'S SPIRAL STRUCTURE FROM STELLAR SPECTRA

Model



Data

