

The challenge of simultaneously matching the diversity of chemical abundance patterns in cosmo hydro simulations

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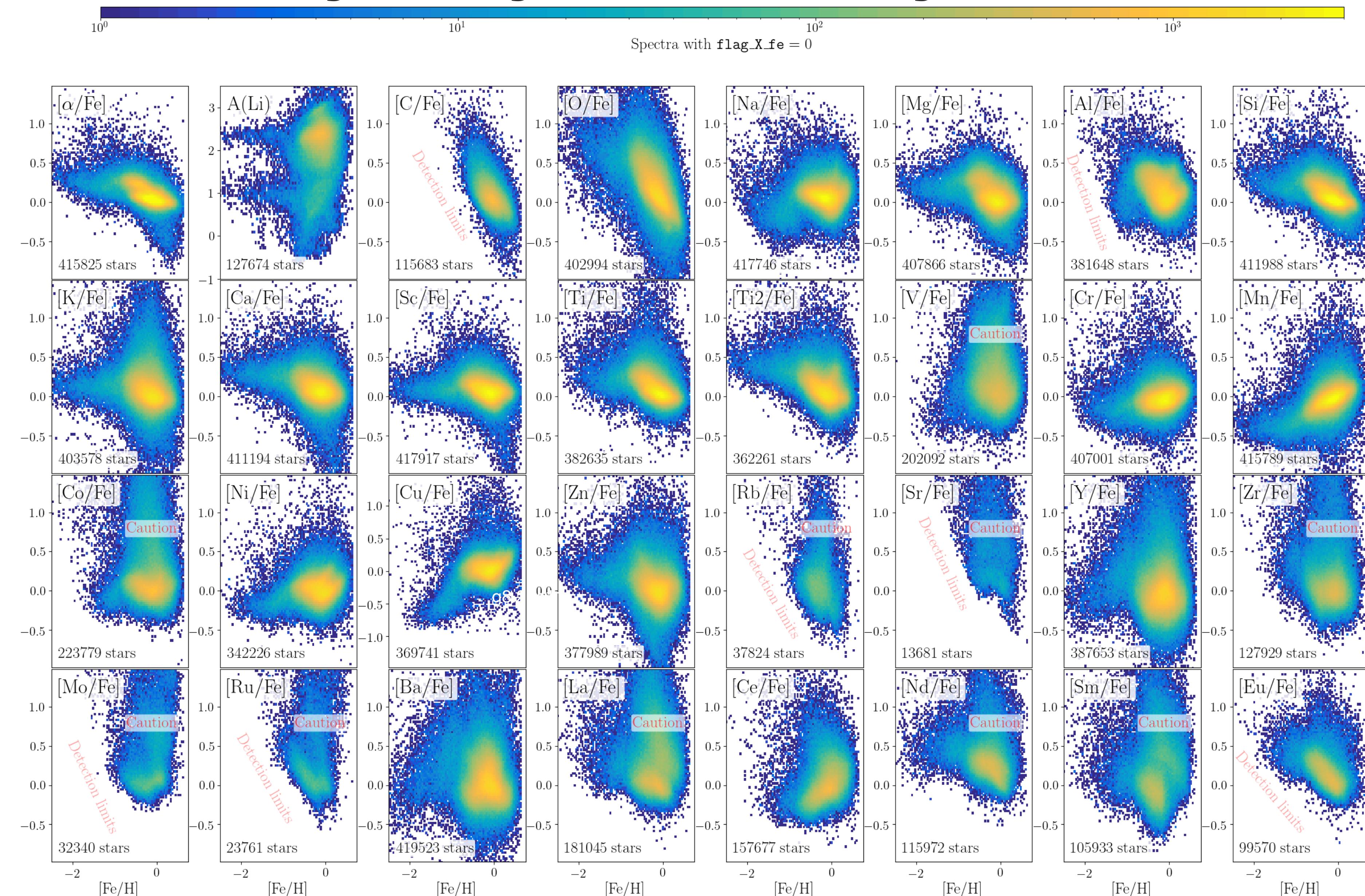
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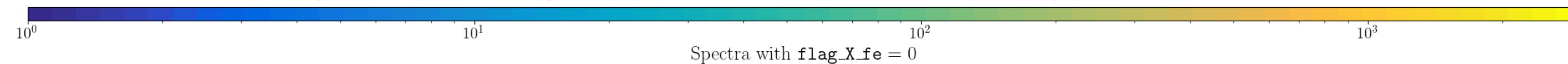
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Milky Way chemo-dynamics



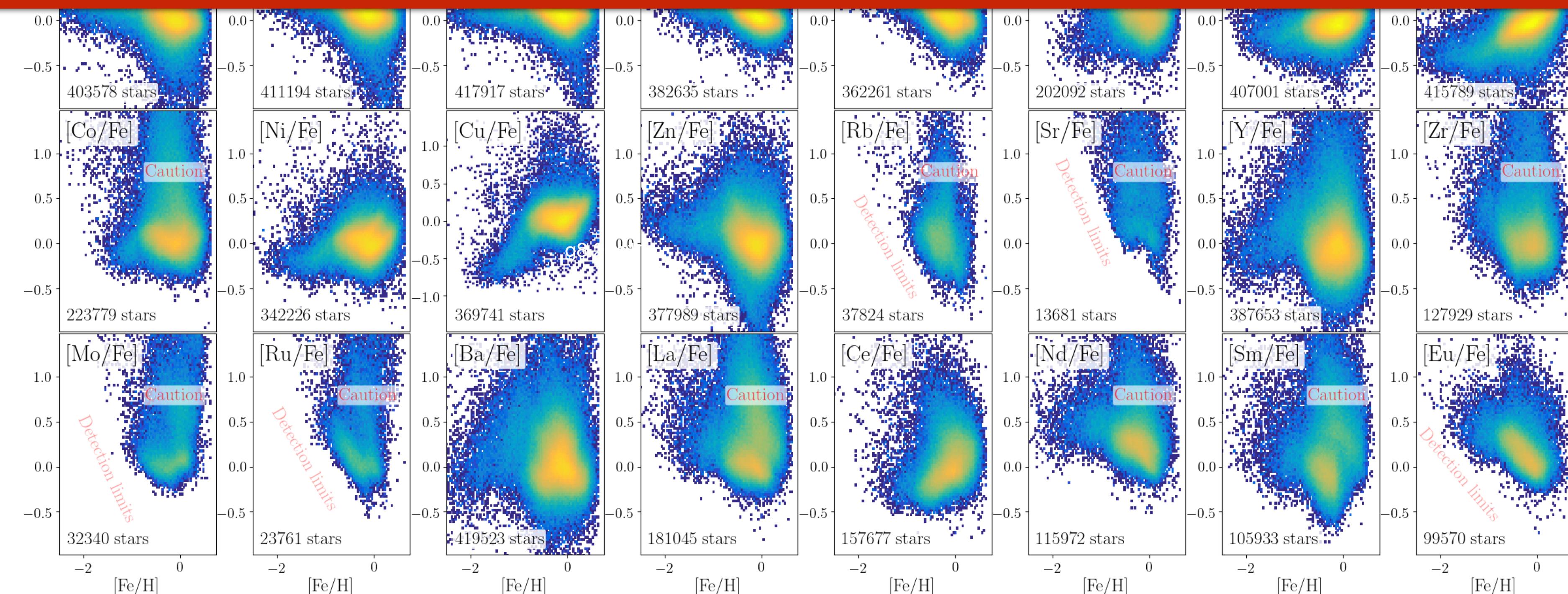
see also
Grand+2018,
Kobayashi+2020,
Agertz+2021,
Renaud+2021 and
Buck2020 for
explanation of
abundance tracks
and of course
all the great
analytic models!

Milky Way chemo-dynamics



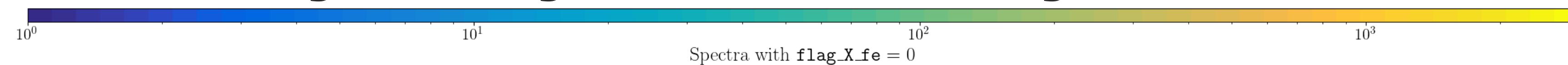
+2021

Galah → 30 abundances
Gaia → precise kinematics



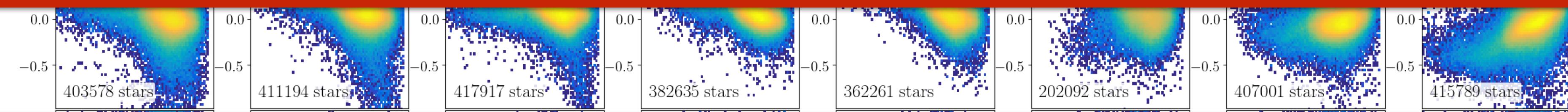
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Milky Way chemo-dynamics

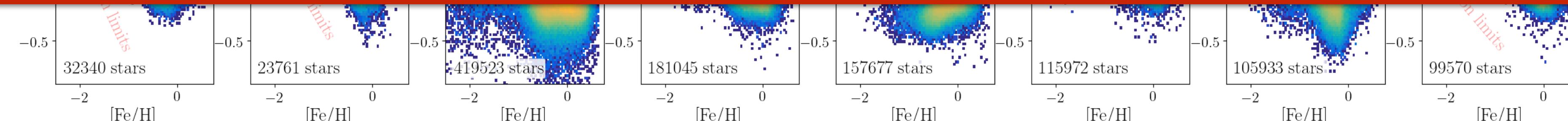


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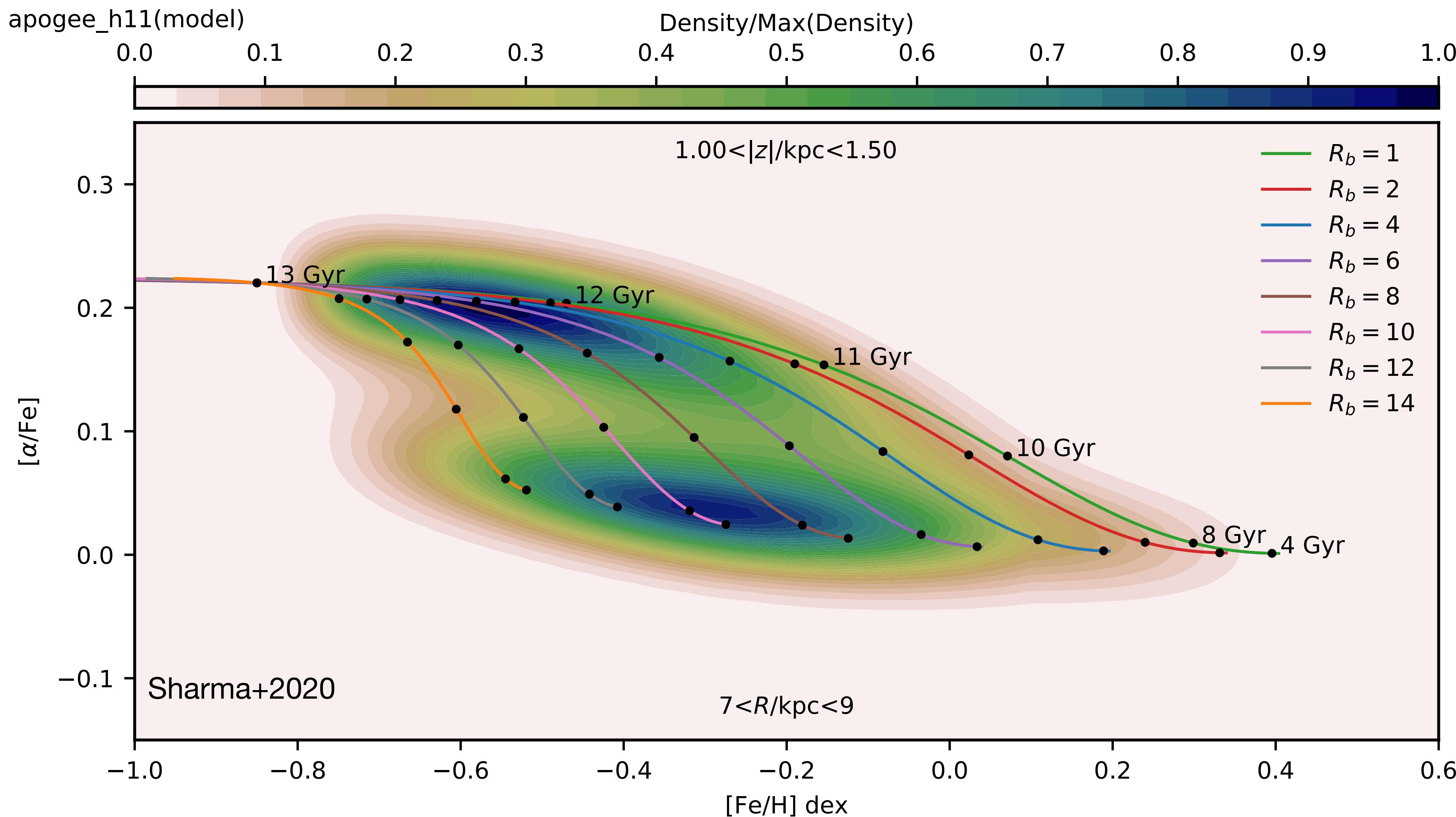


**What do these patterns tell us about
Milky Way's formation history?**

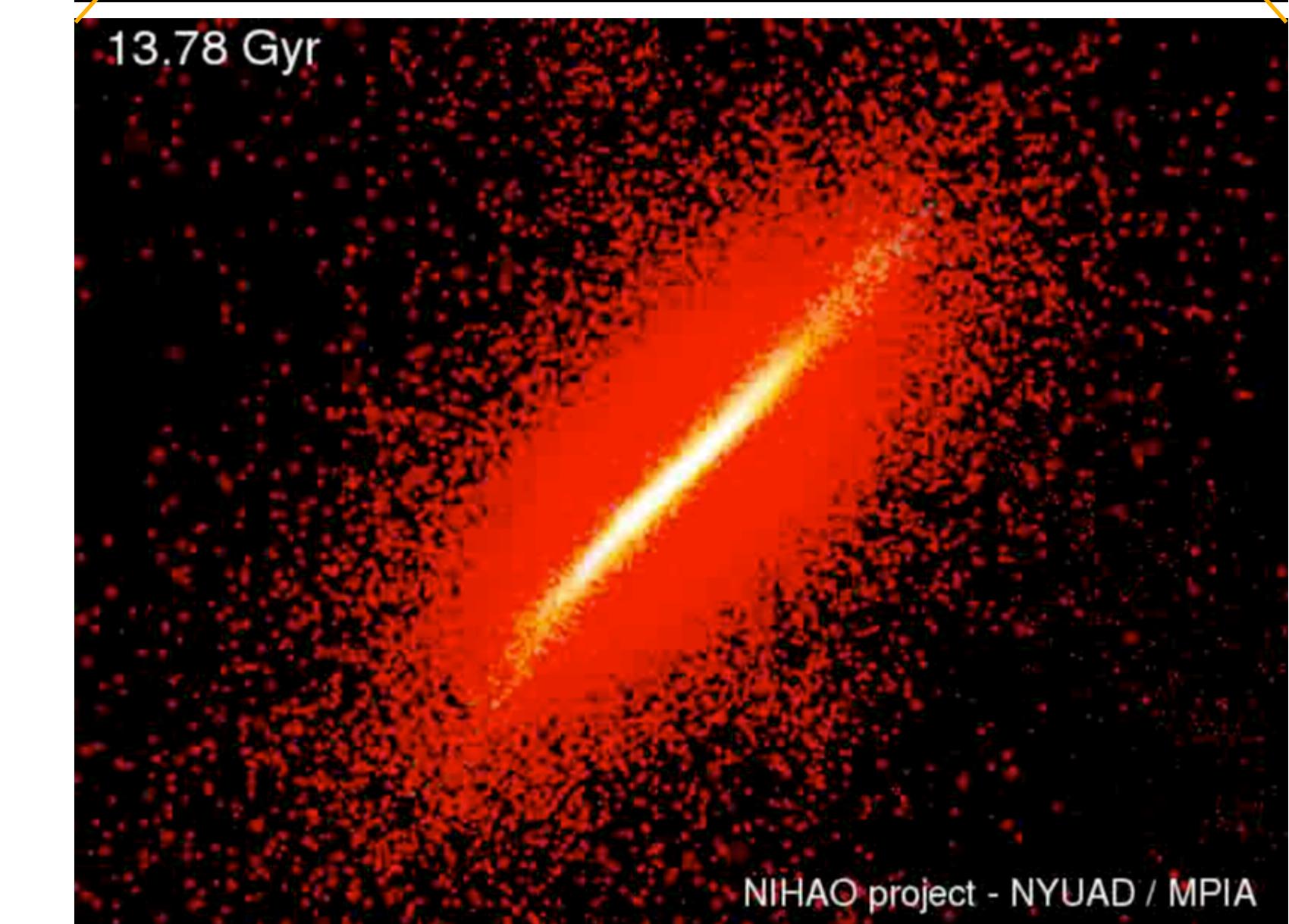
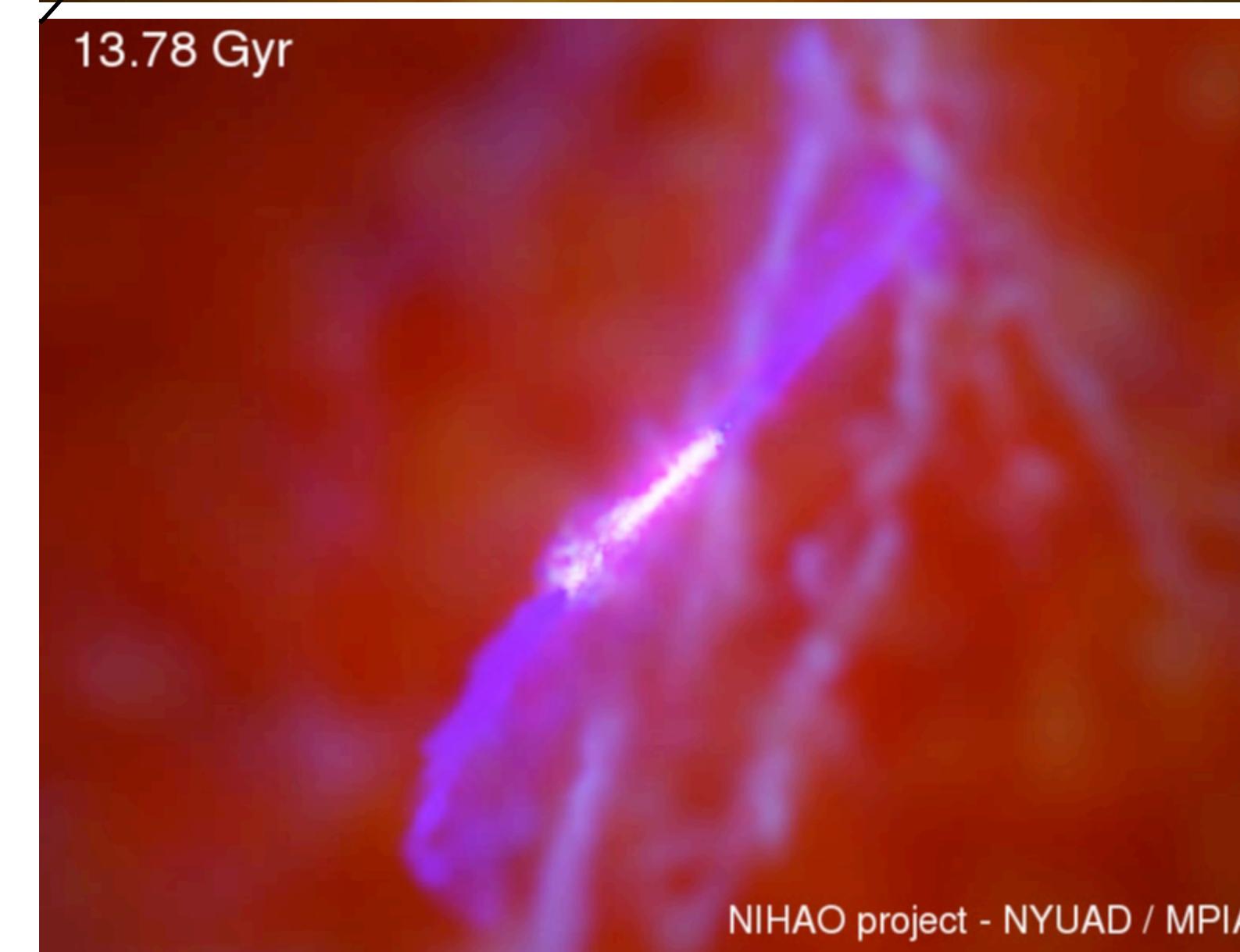
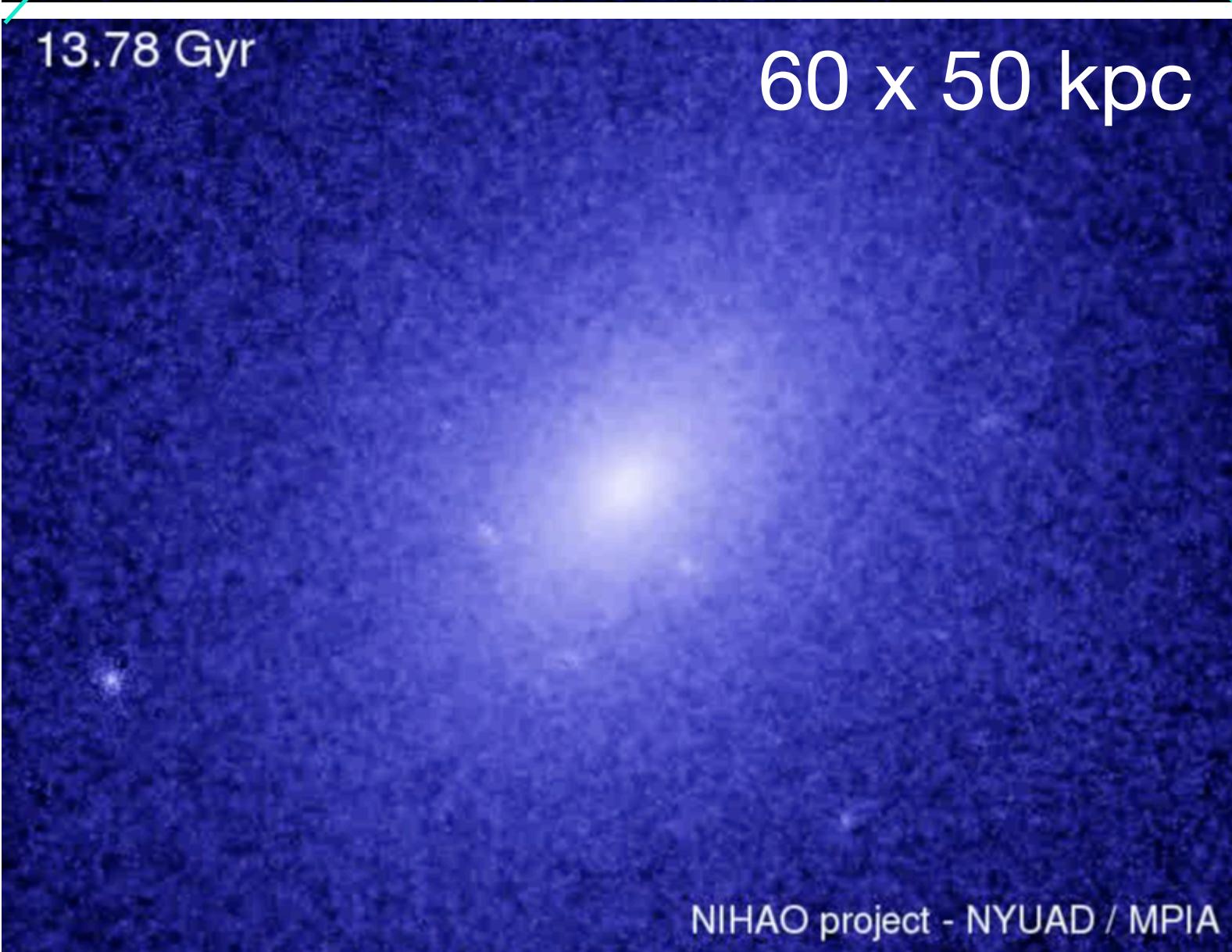
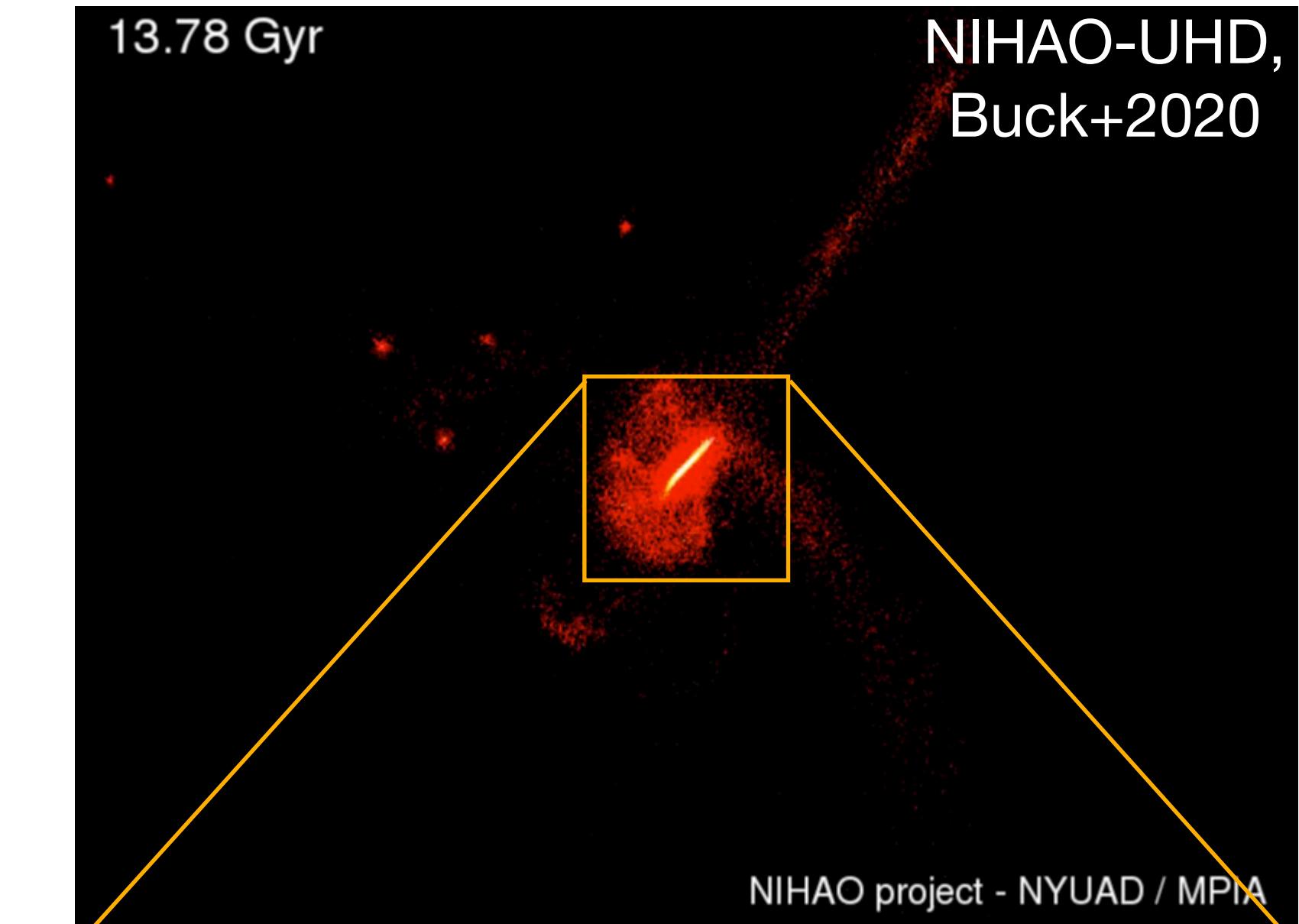
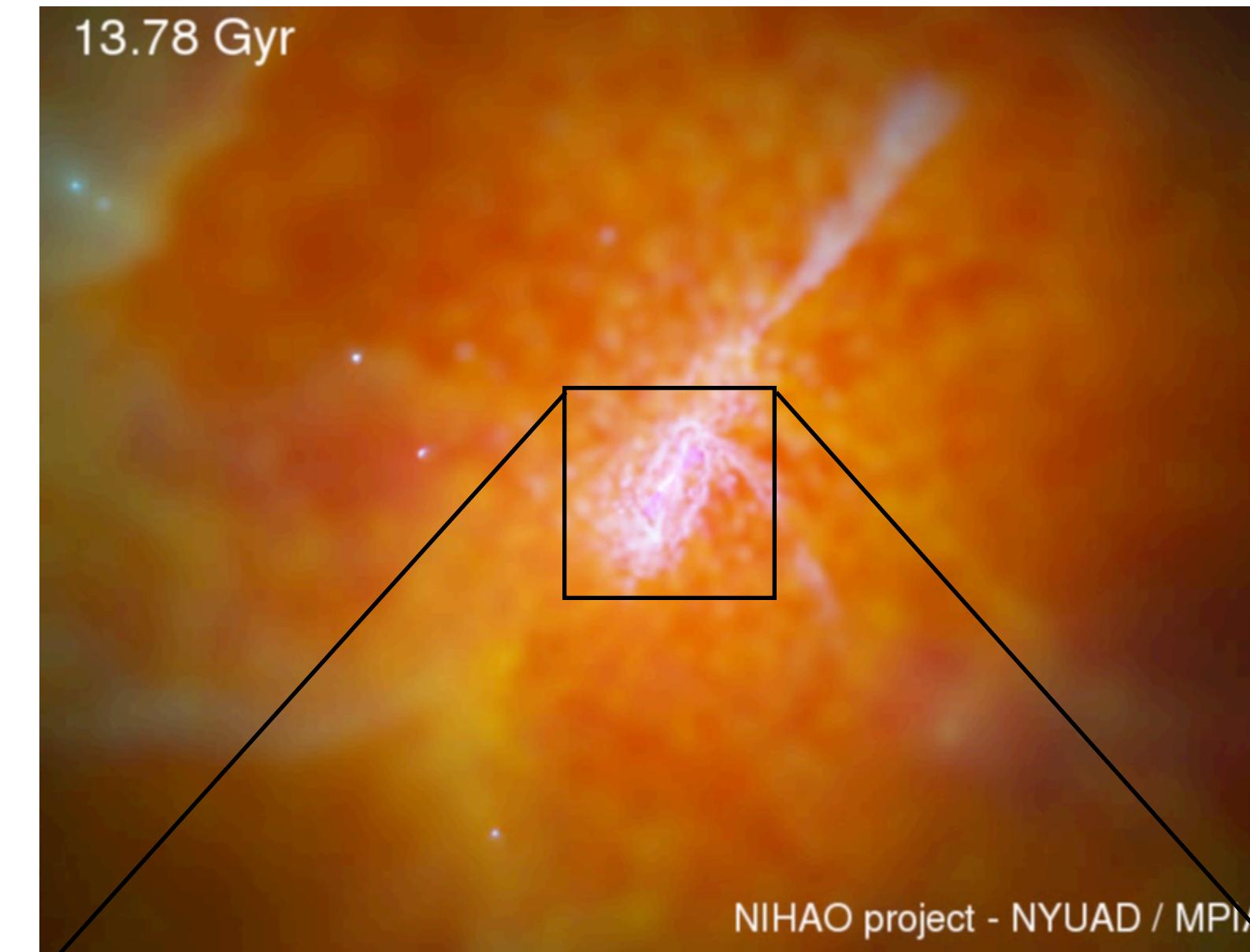
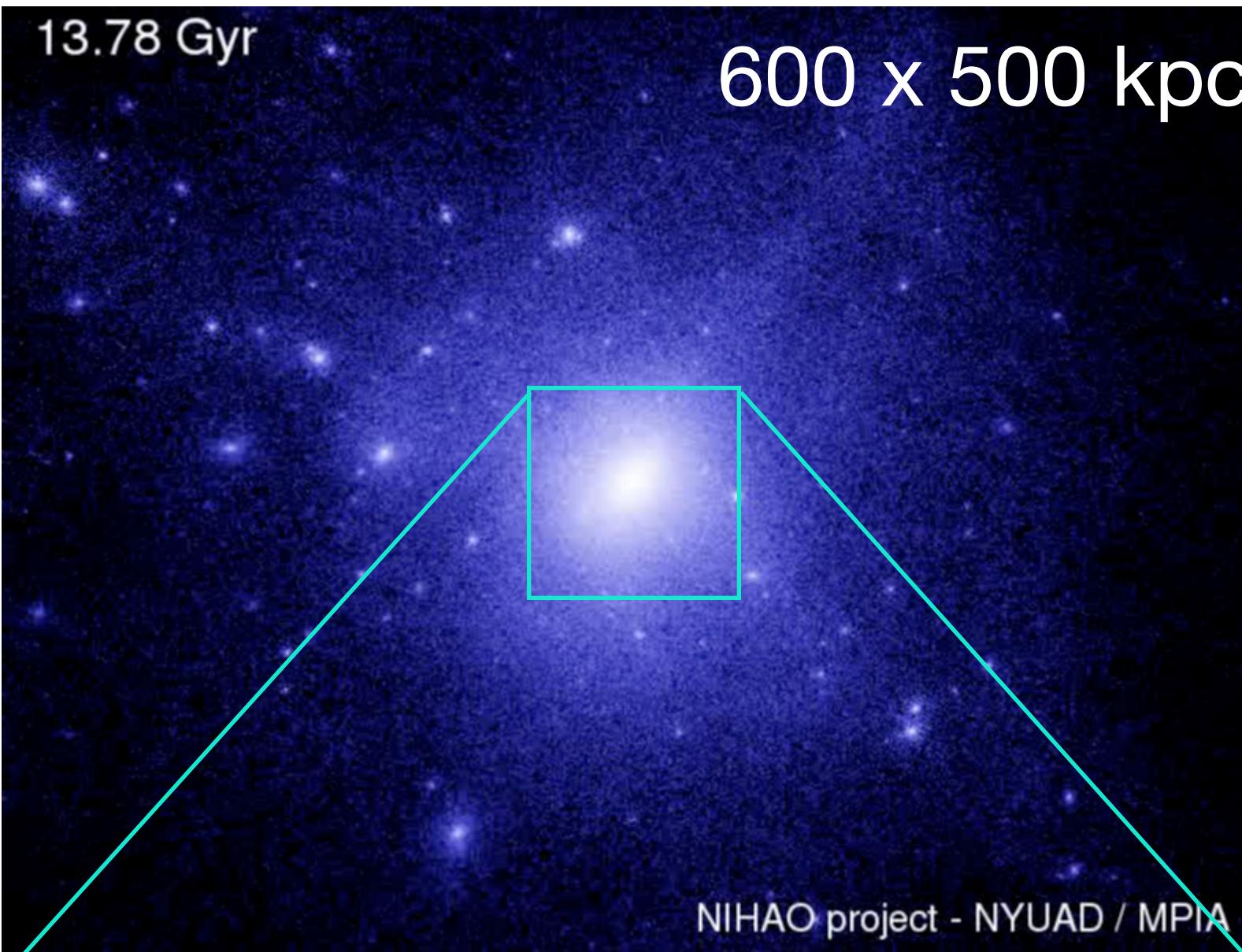


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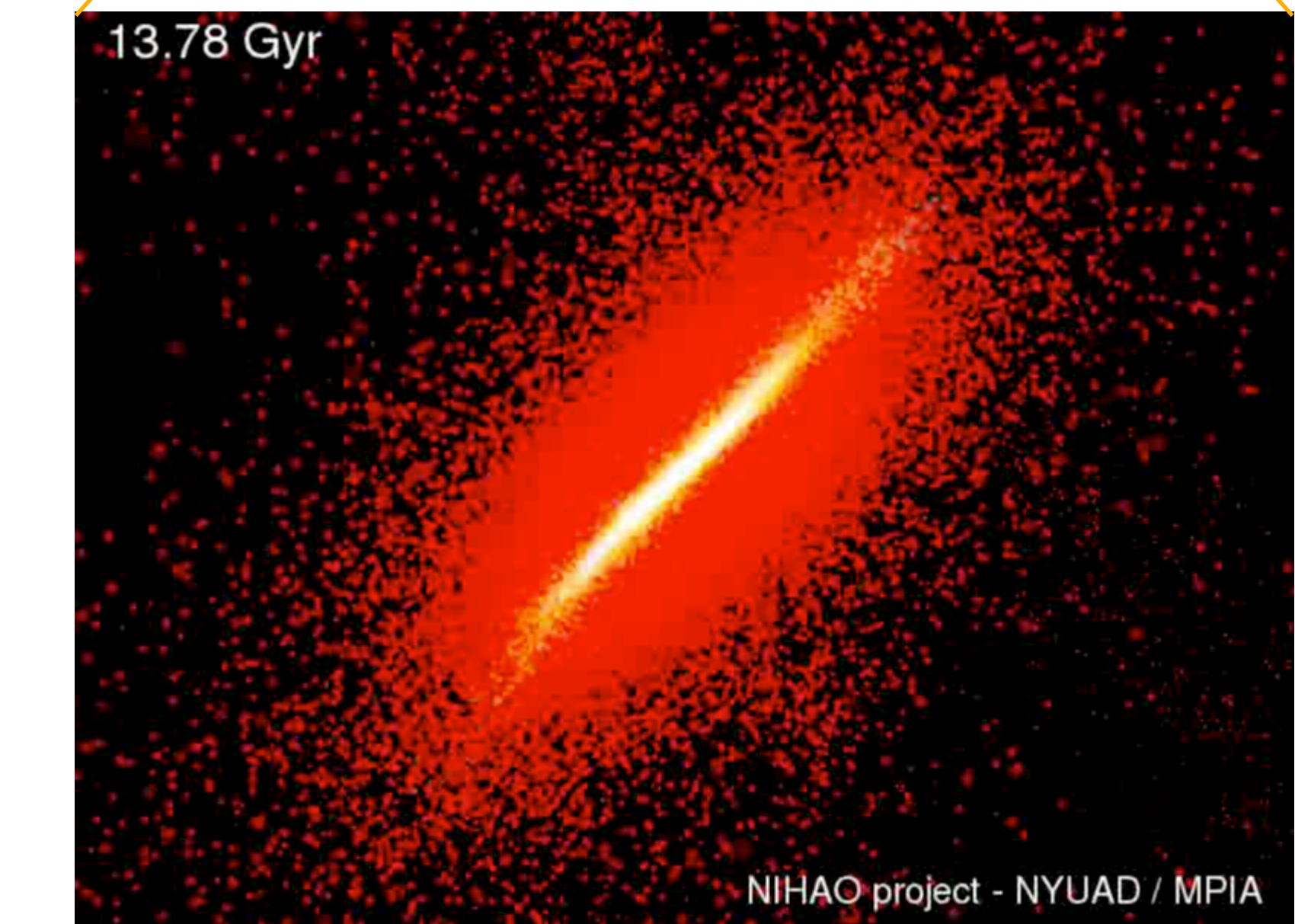
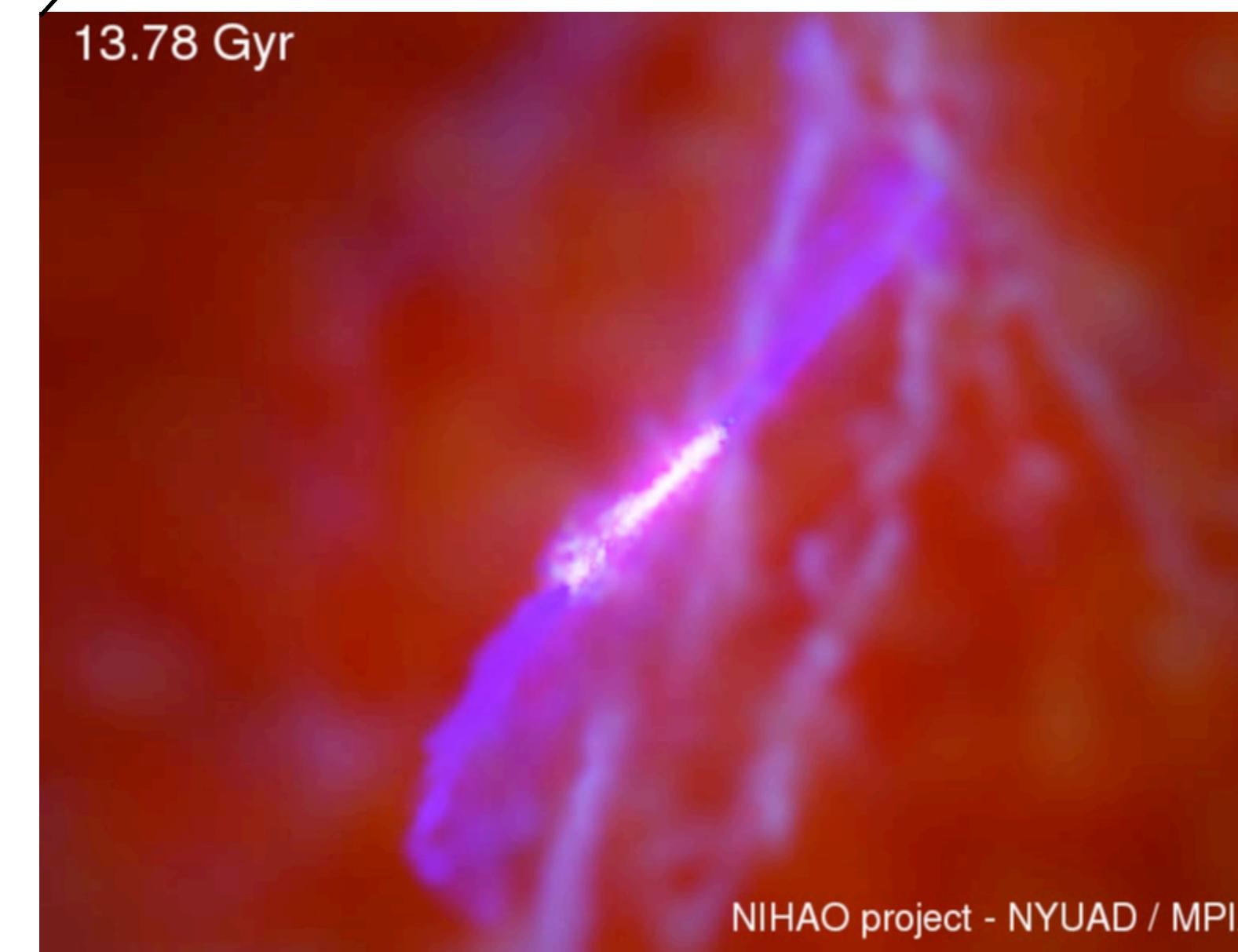
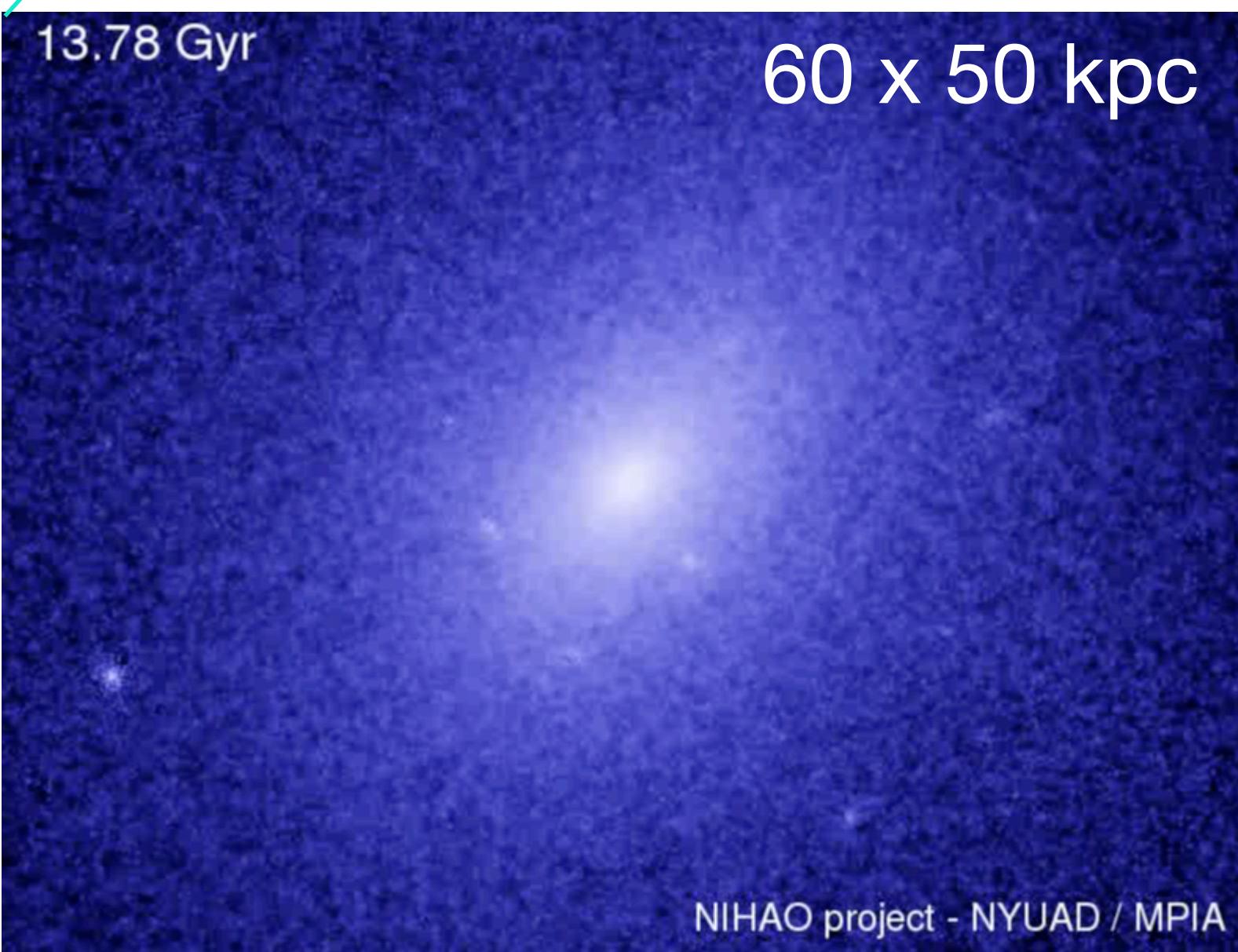
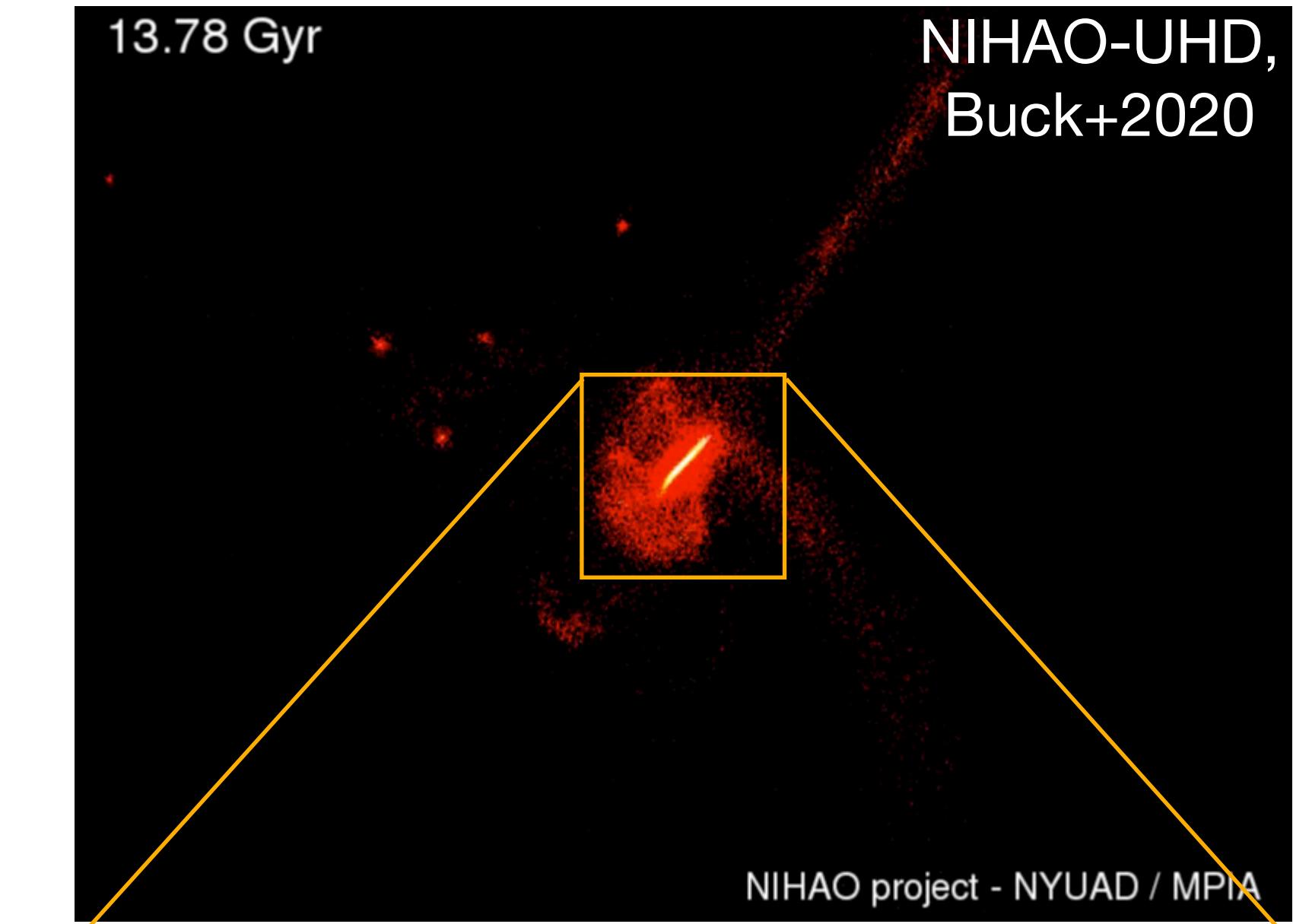
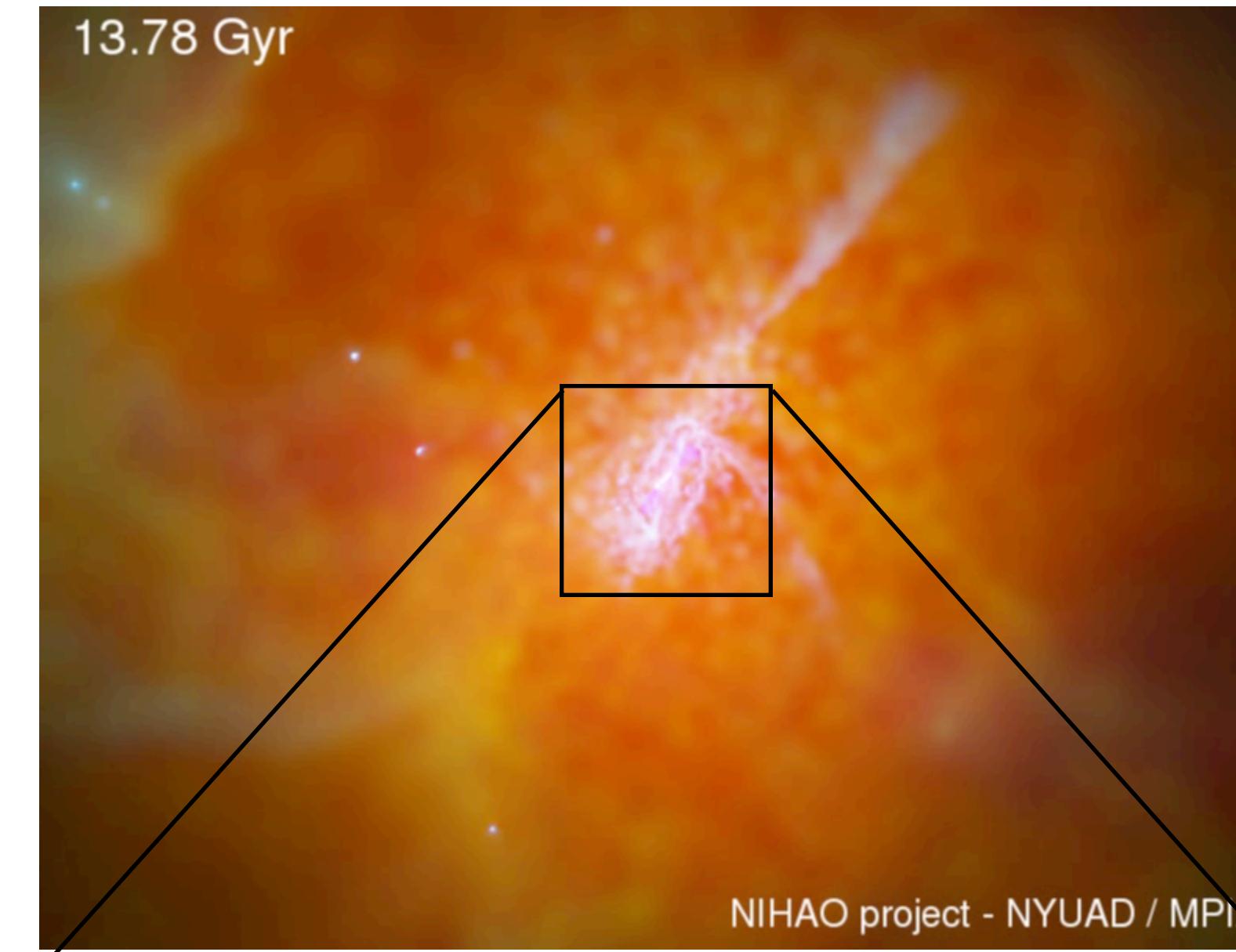
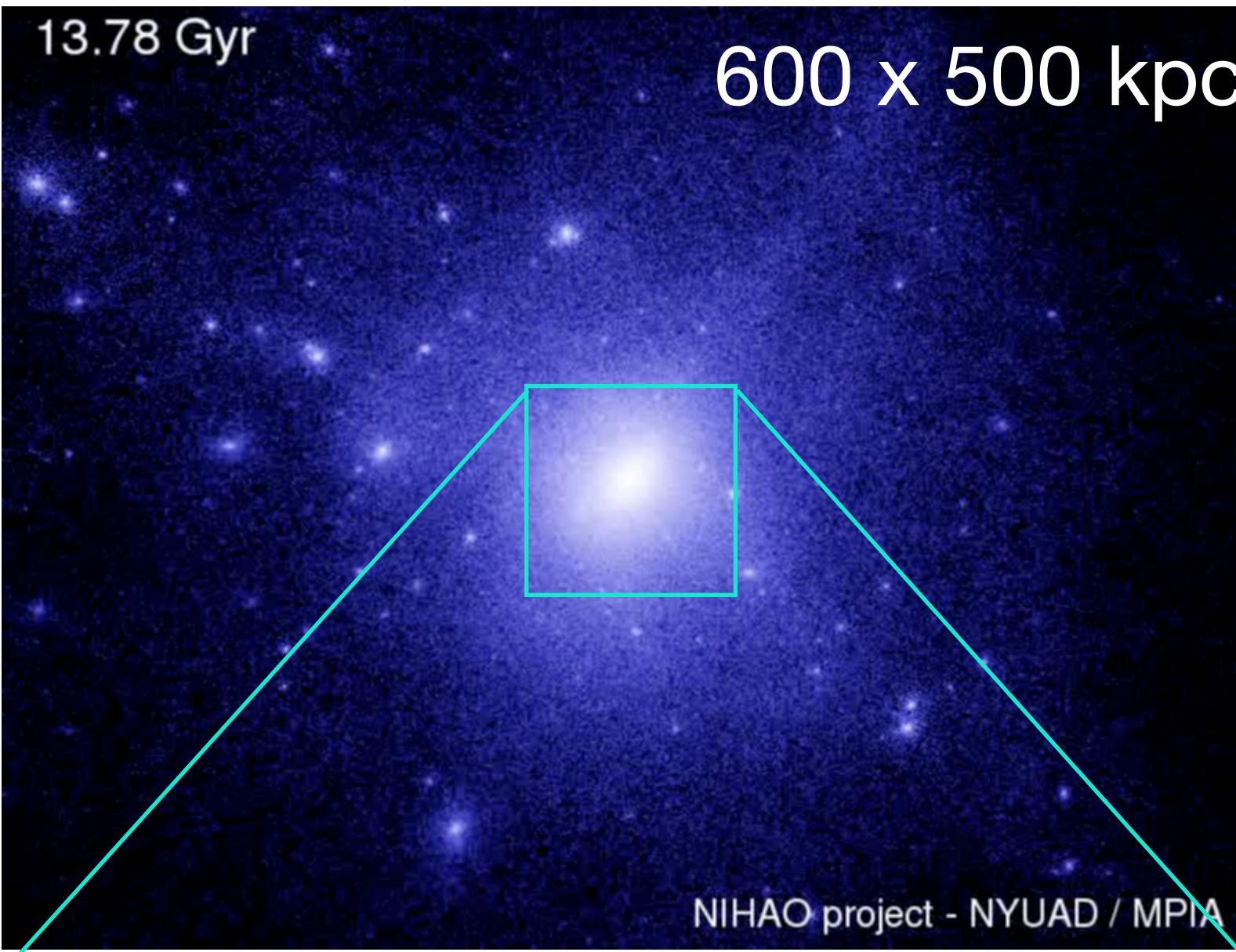
Formation of the bimodality in $[\alpha/\text{Fe}]$ vs. $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]$ in analytic models



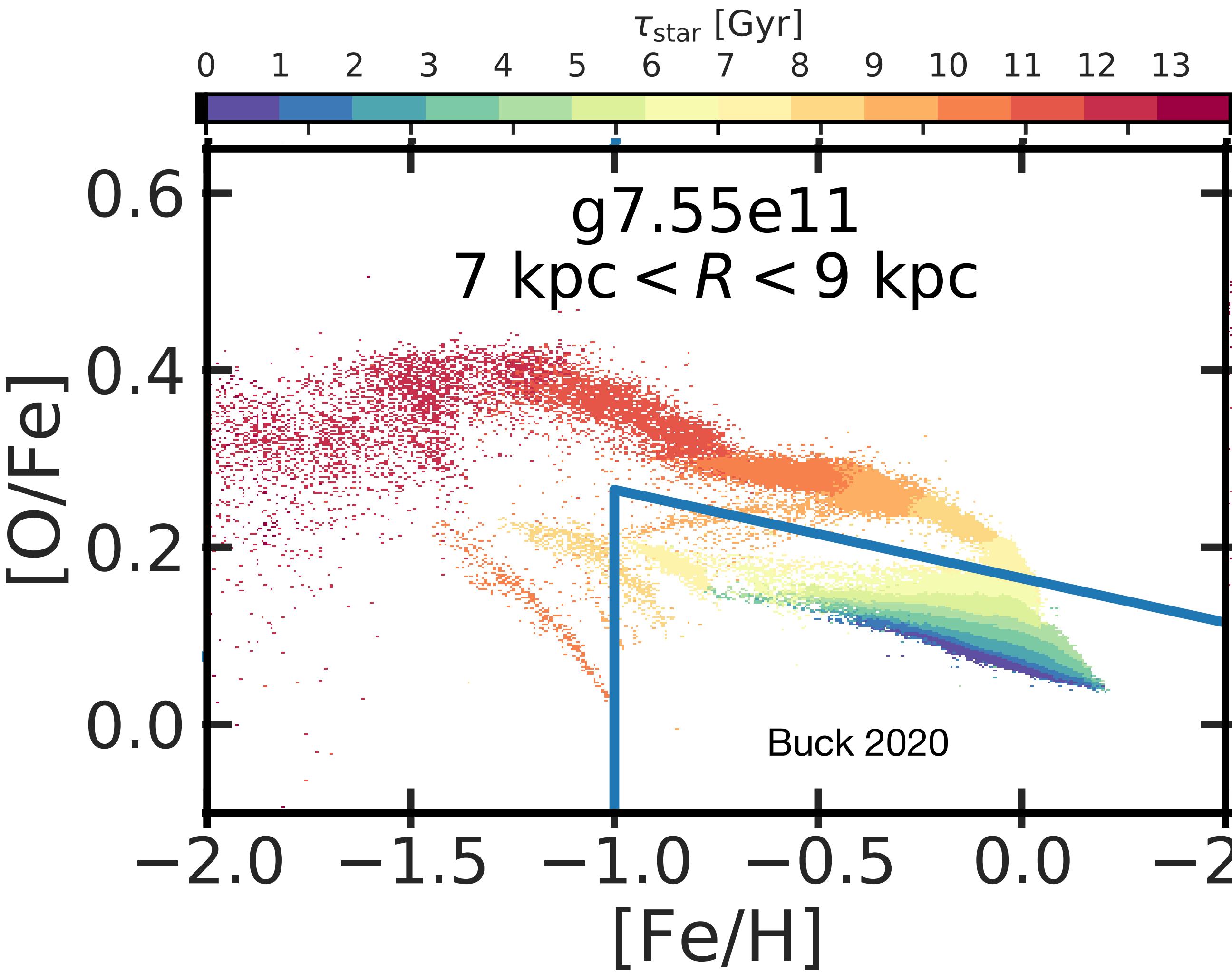
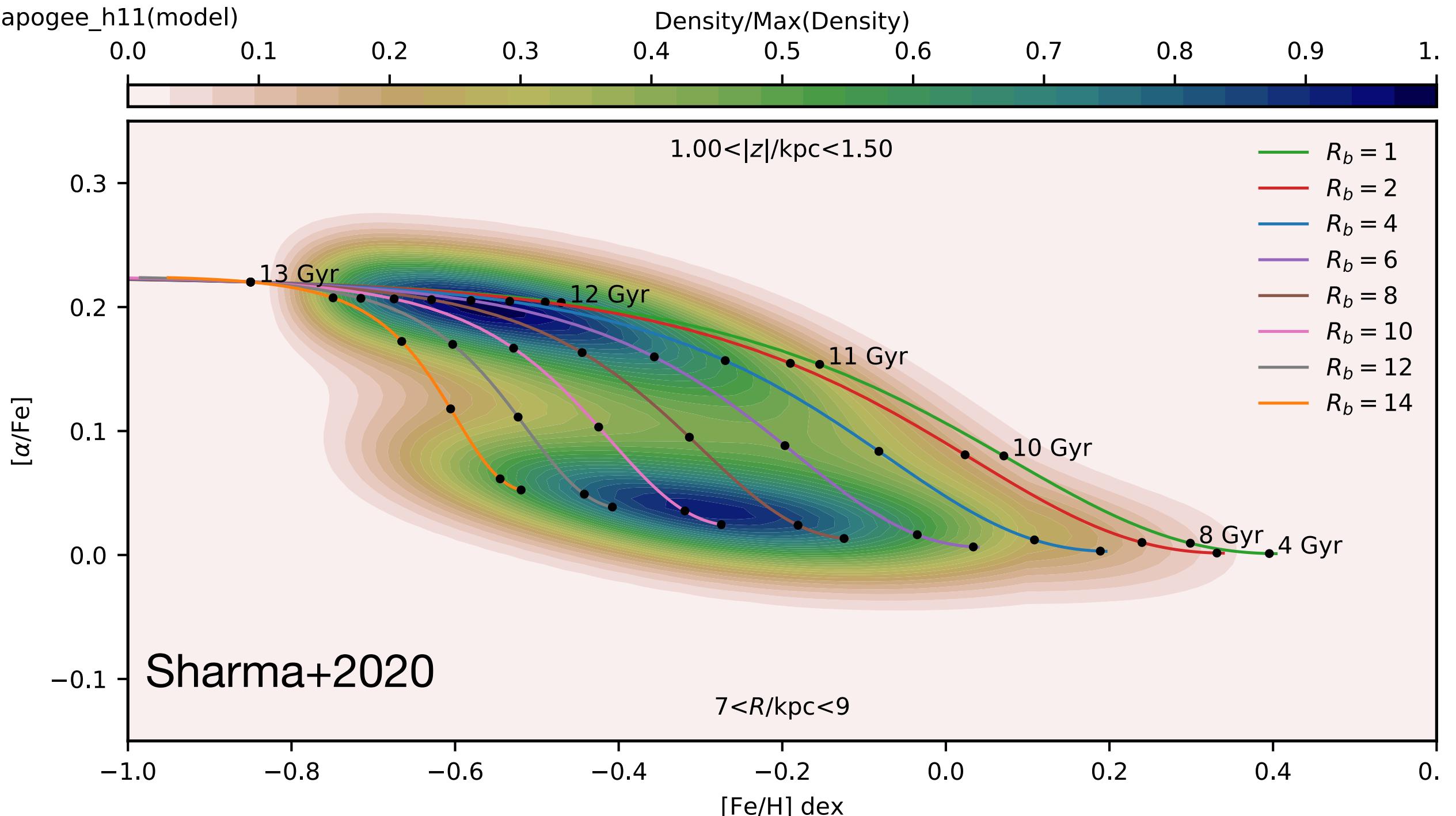
Formation of a simulated MW analogue



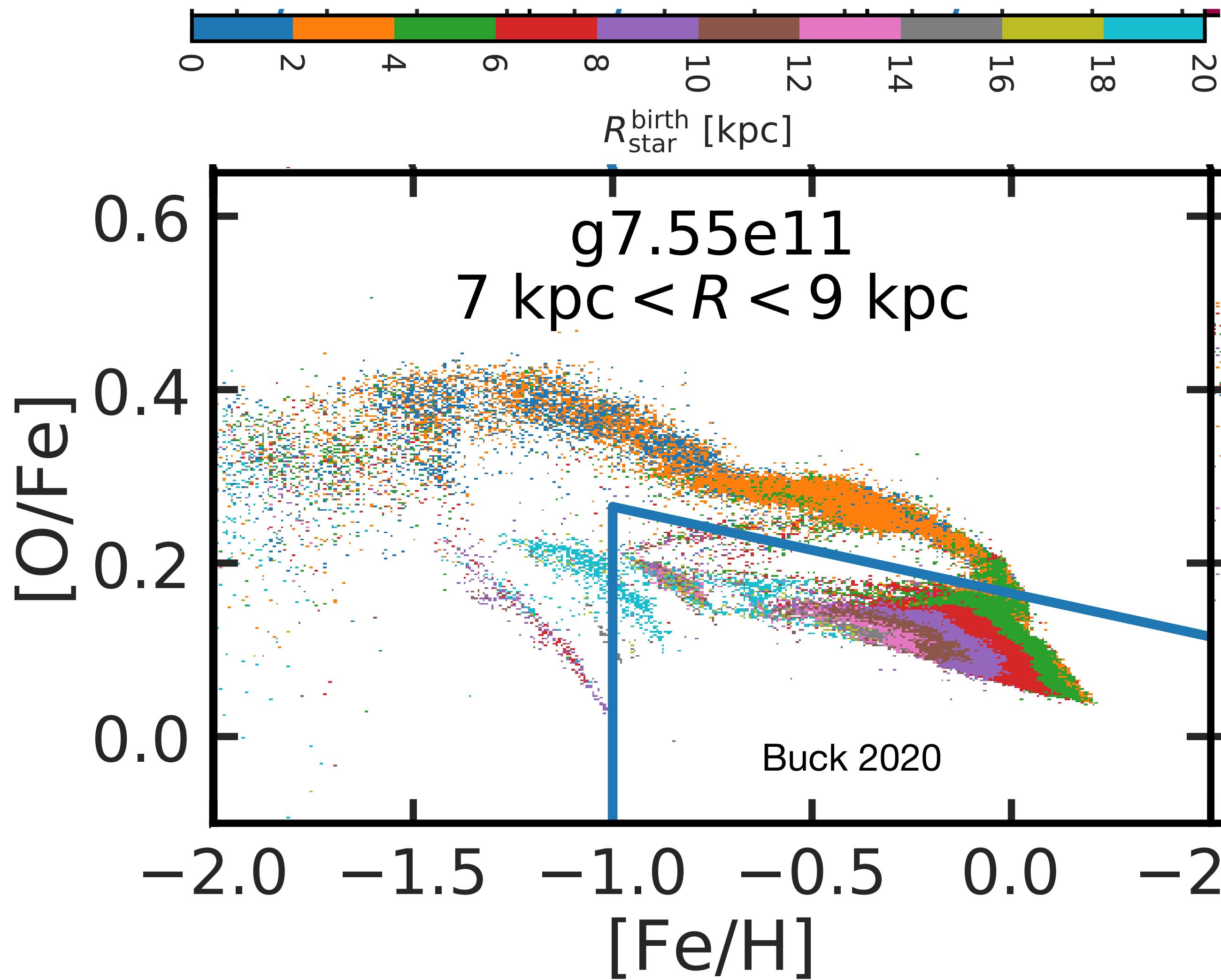
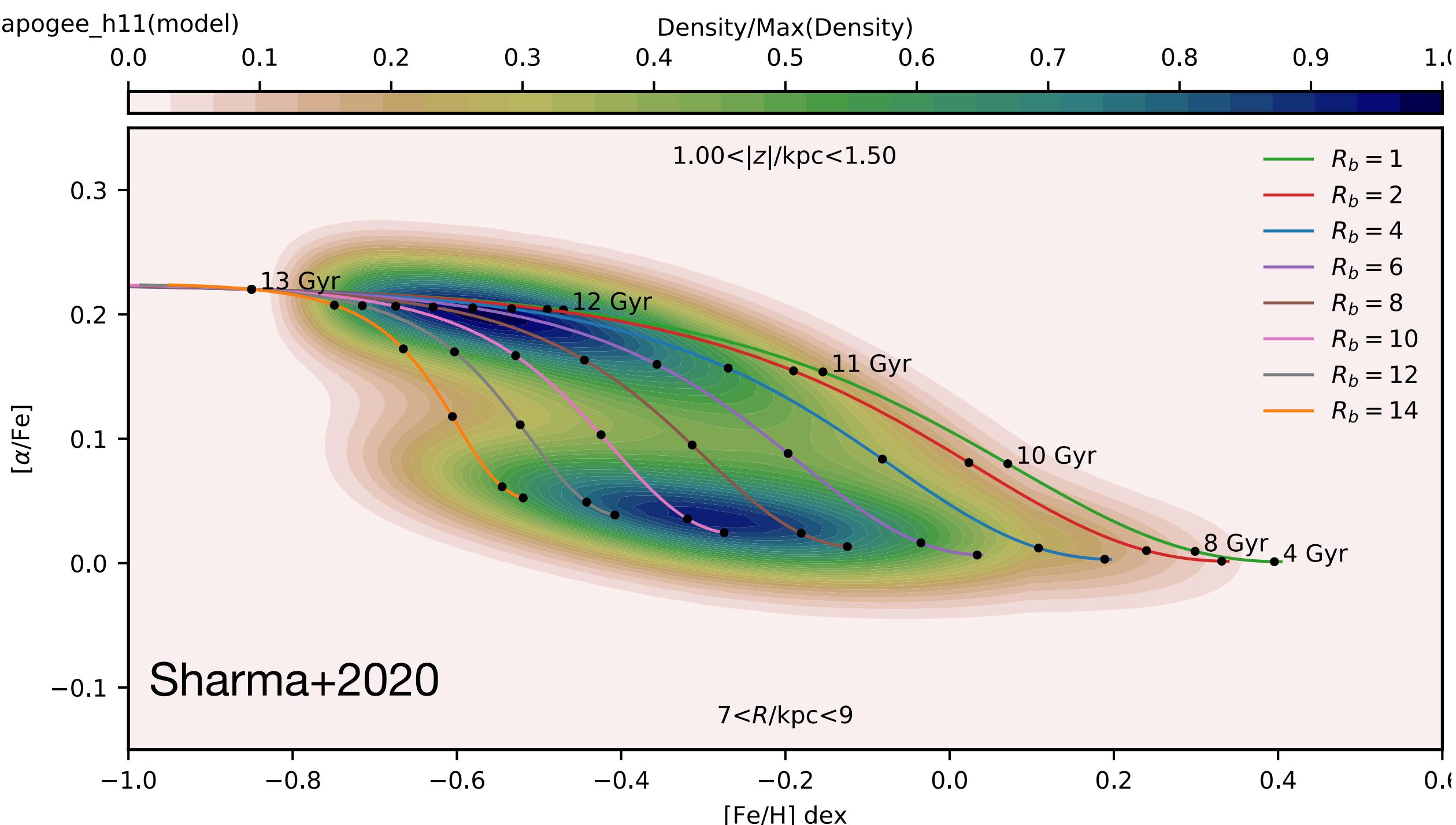
Formation of a simulated MW analogue



Formation of the bimodality in $[\alpha/\text{Fe}]$ vs. $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]$



Formation of the bimodality in $[\alpha/\text{Fe}]$ vs. $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]$





Aim:

Modify our cosmological numerical codes to keep up with the data quality and quantity of spectroscopic surveys

Star particles in cosmological simulations



Star particles in cosmological simulations



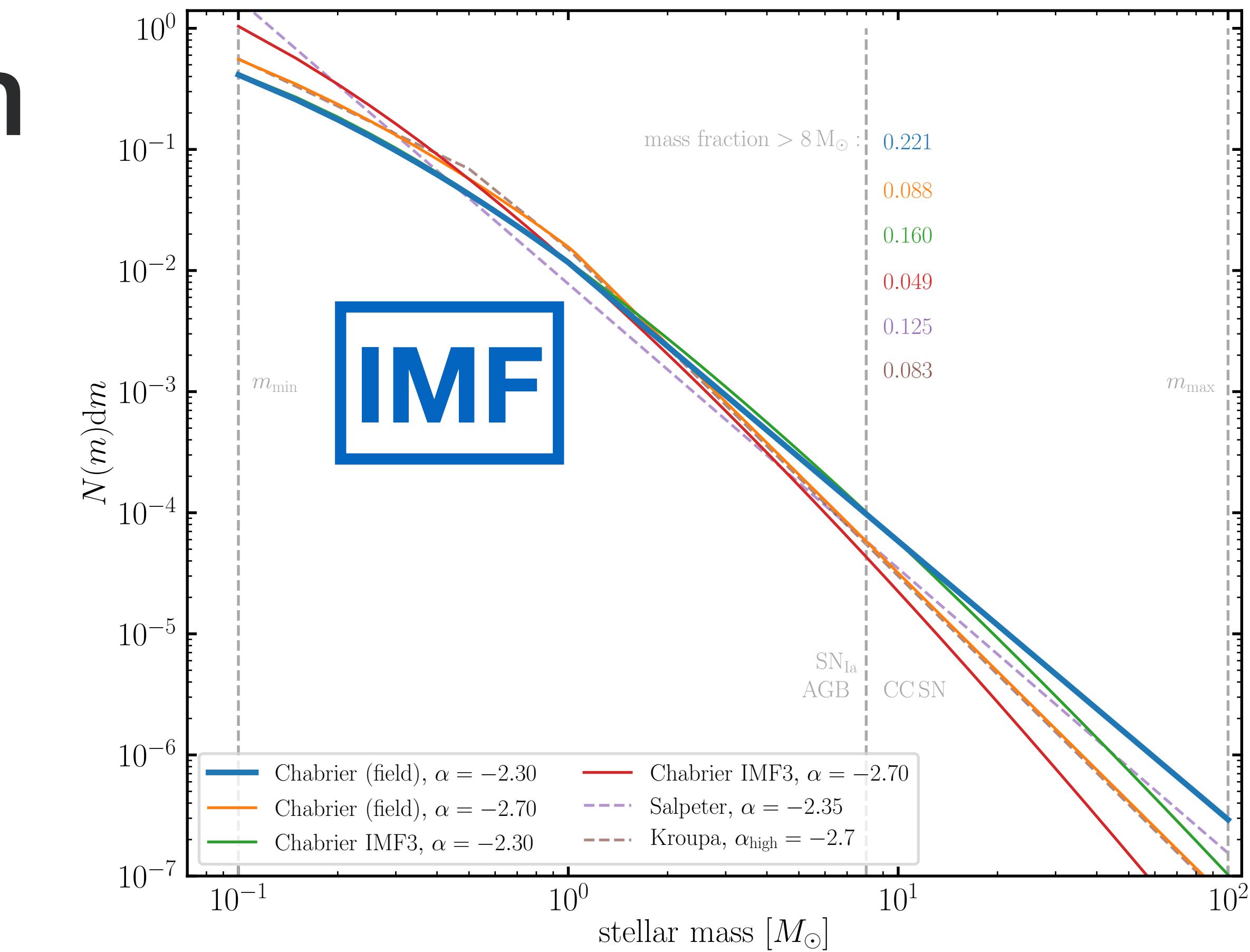
Simple stellar population

mass, metallicity, age



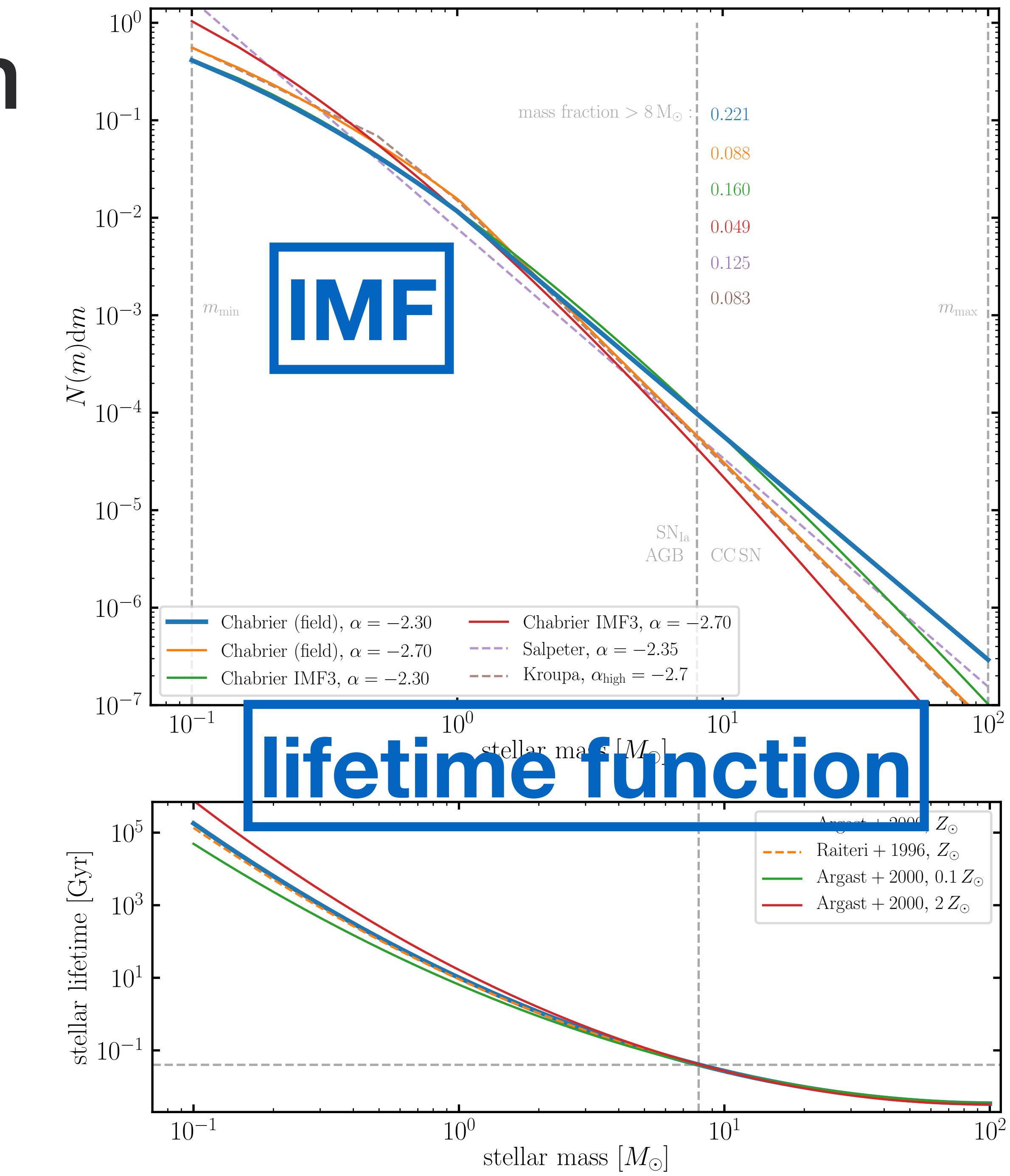
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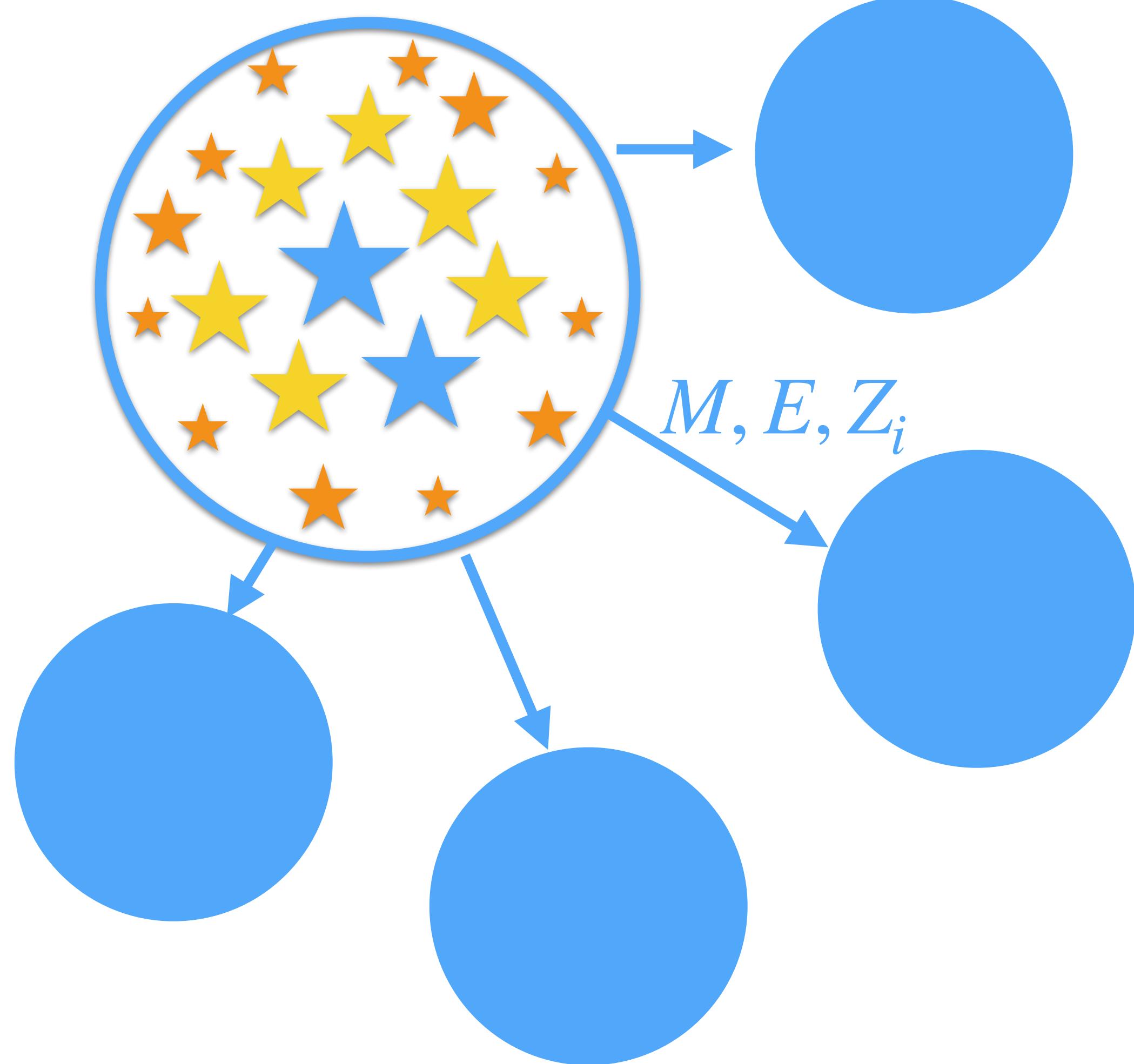
Simple stellar population

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Chemical composition of mass return

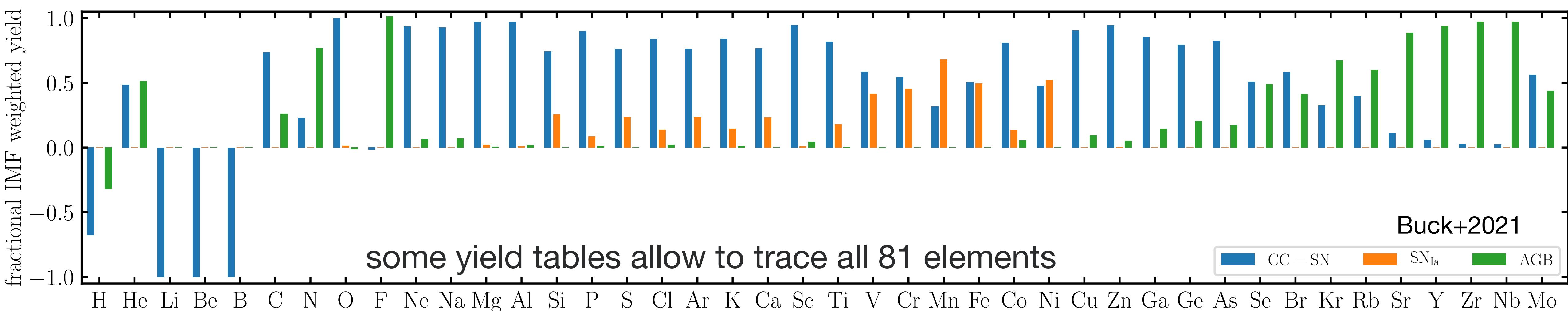
nucleosynthetic yield tables for element production inside stars



Yield Table	Masses	Metallicities
CC SN		
Portinari et al. (1998)	[6,120]	[0.0004,0.05]
François et al. (2004)	[11,40]	[0.02]
Chieffi & Limongi (2004)	[13,35]	[0,0.02]
Nomoto et al. (2013)	[13,40]	[0.001,0.05]
Frischknecht et al. (2016)	[15,40]	[0.00001,0.0134]
West & Heger (in prep.)	[13,30]	[0,0.3]
Ritter et al. (2018b)	[12,25]	[0.0001,0.02]
Limongi & Chieffi (2018) ^a	[13,120]	[0.00001,0.0134]
SN _{Ia}		
Iwamoto et al. (1999)	[1.38]	
Thielemann et al. (2003)	[1.374]	[0.02]
Seitenzahl et al. (2013)	[1.40]	[0.02]
AGB		
Karakas (2010)	[1,6.5]	[0.0001,0.02]
Ventura et al. (2013)	[1,6.5]	[0.0001,0.02]
Pignatari et al. (2016)	[1.65,5]	[0.01,0.02]
Karakas & Lugaro (2016)	[1,8]	[0.001,0.03]
TNG ^b	[1,7.5]	[0.0001,0.02]
Hypernova		
Nomoto et al. (2013)	[20,40]	[0.001,0.05]

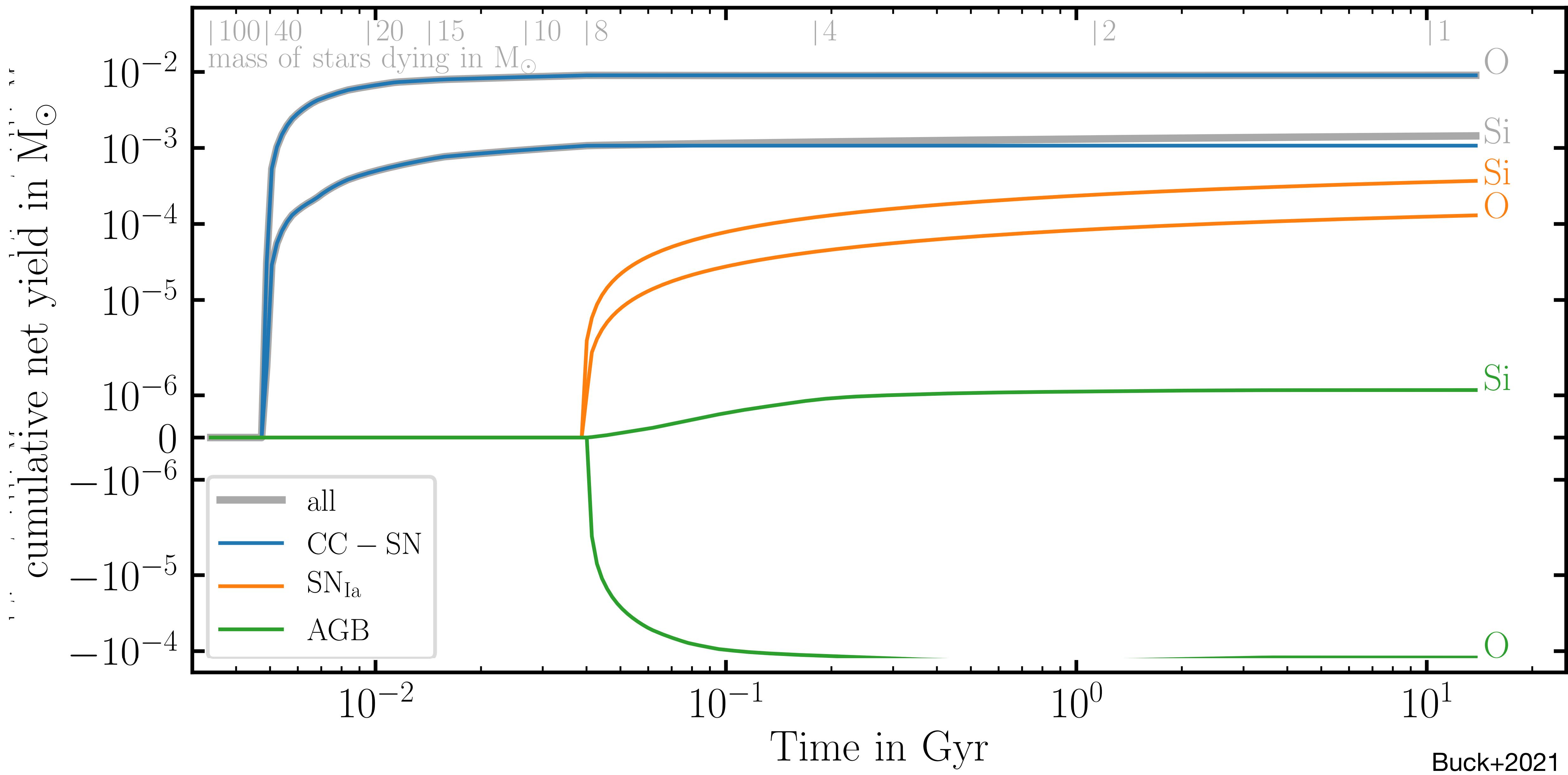
17 yield tables

Importance of tracing a large set of elements

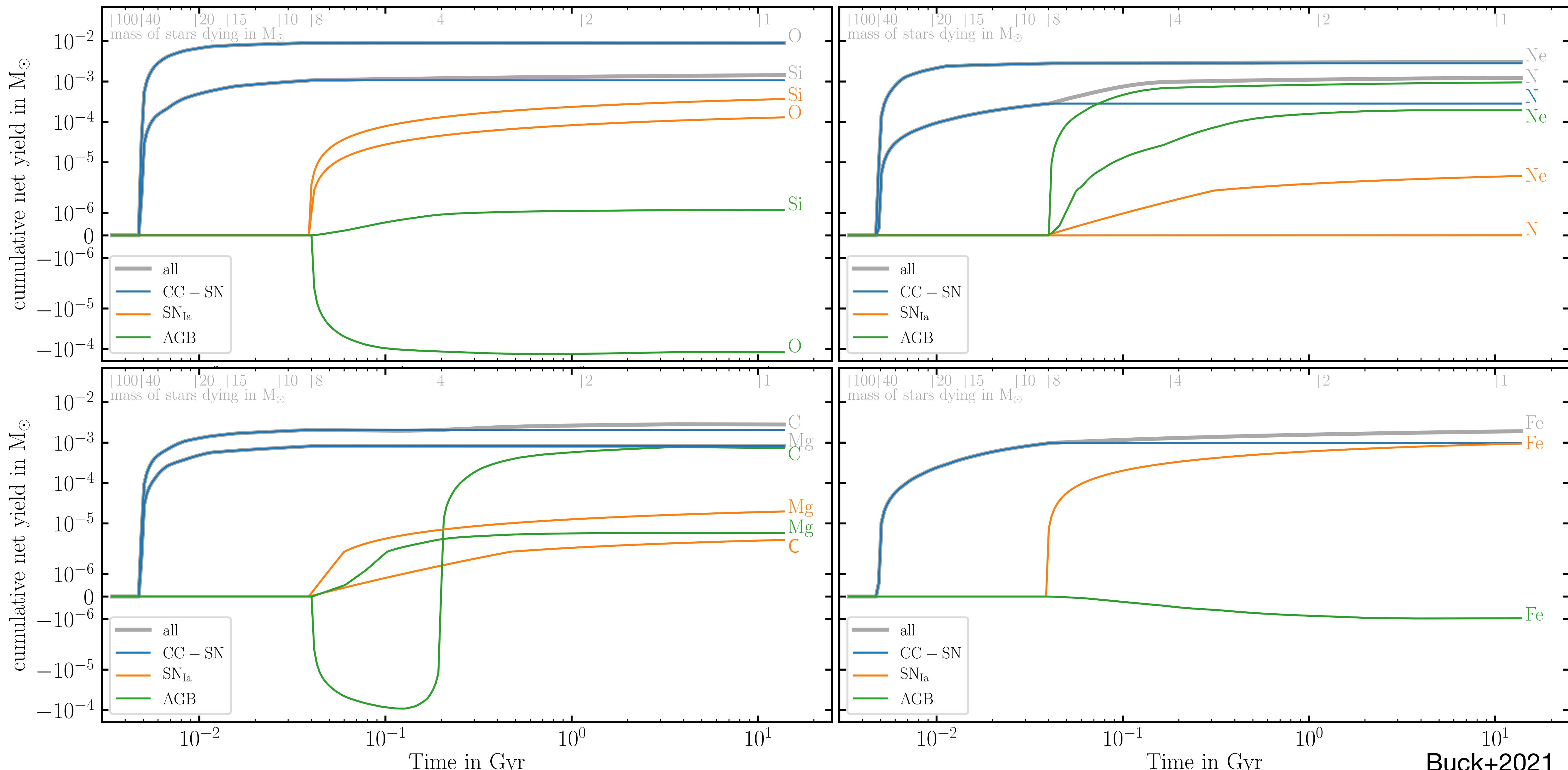


see also Chiaki Kobayashi's extensive work on this topic!

Time release of newly produced elements



Time release of newly produced elements



Simulation Physics in Gasoline2

1

GASOLINE2
smooth particle hydrodynamics

„modern“ implementation of hydrodynamics,
metal diffusion

Wadsley+2017, Keller+2014

2

gas cooling
via hydrogen, helium and various metal lines

gas heating

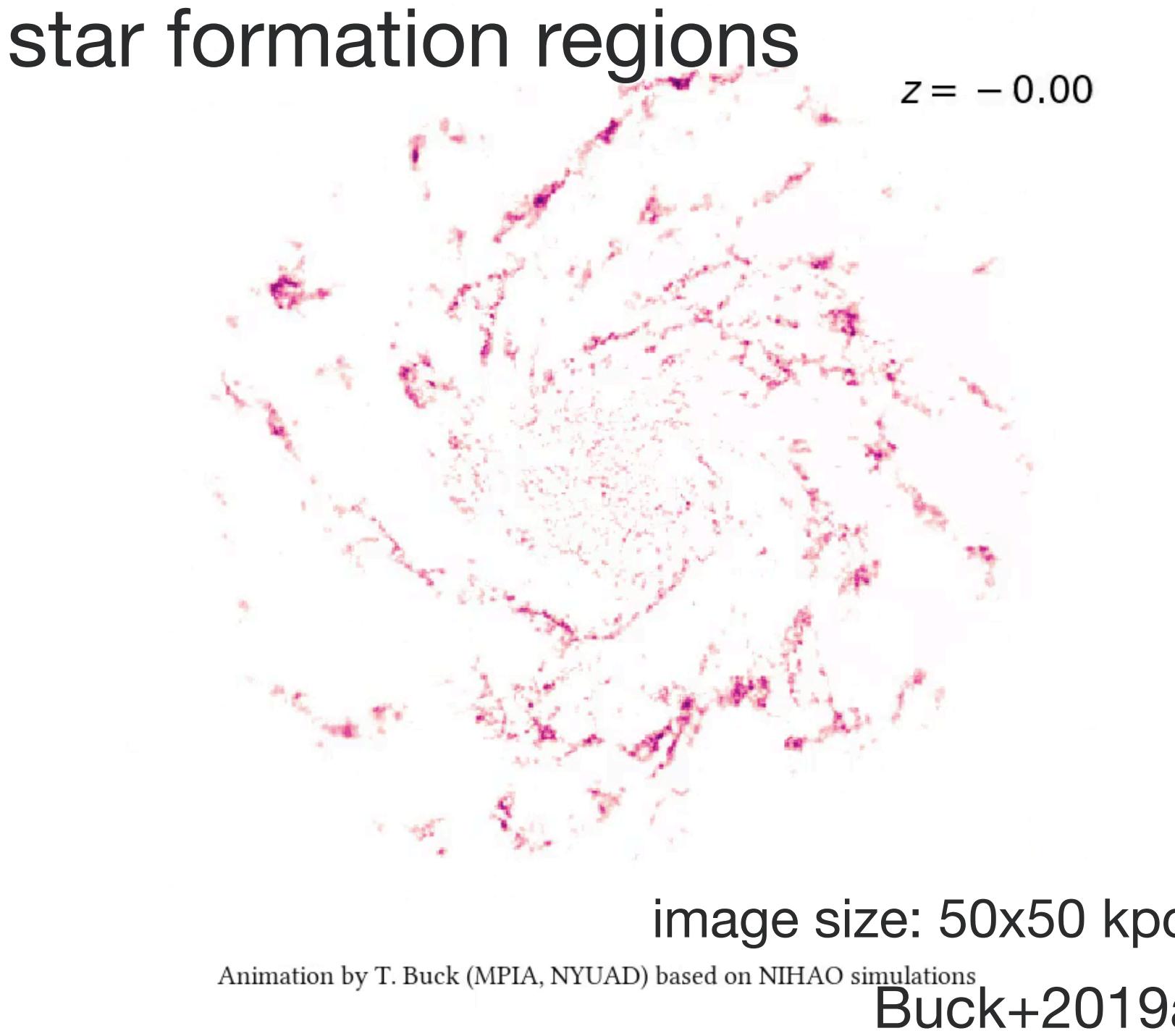
via Photoionisation (e.g. from the UV background)

Shen+2010, Haardt&Madau 2012

3

**self consistent star formation
from cold, dense gas**

Stinson+2006



4

**energetic feedback from
young massive stars
and supernovae**

Stinson+2013

previously: chemical enrichment limited to Fe and O

$$M_{\text{ej}} = 0.7682 M^{1.056},$$

$$M_{\text{Fe}} = 2.802 \times 10^{-4} M^{1.864},$$

$$M_{\text{O}} = 4.586 \times 10^{-4} M^{2.721}.$$

Raiteri+1996

Now: in principle
81 elements
possible to trace!

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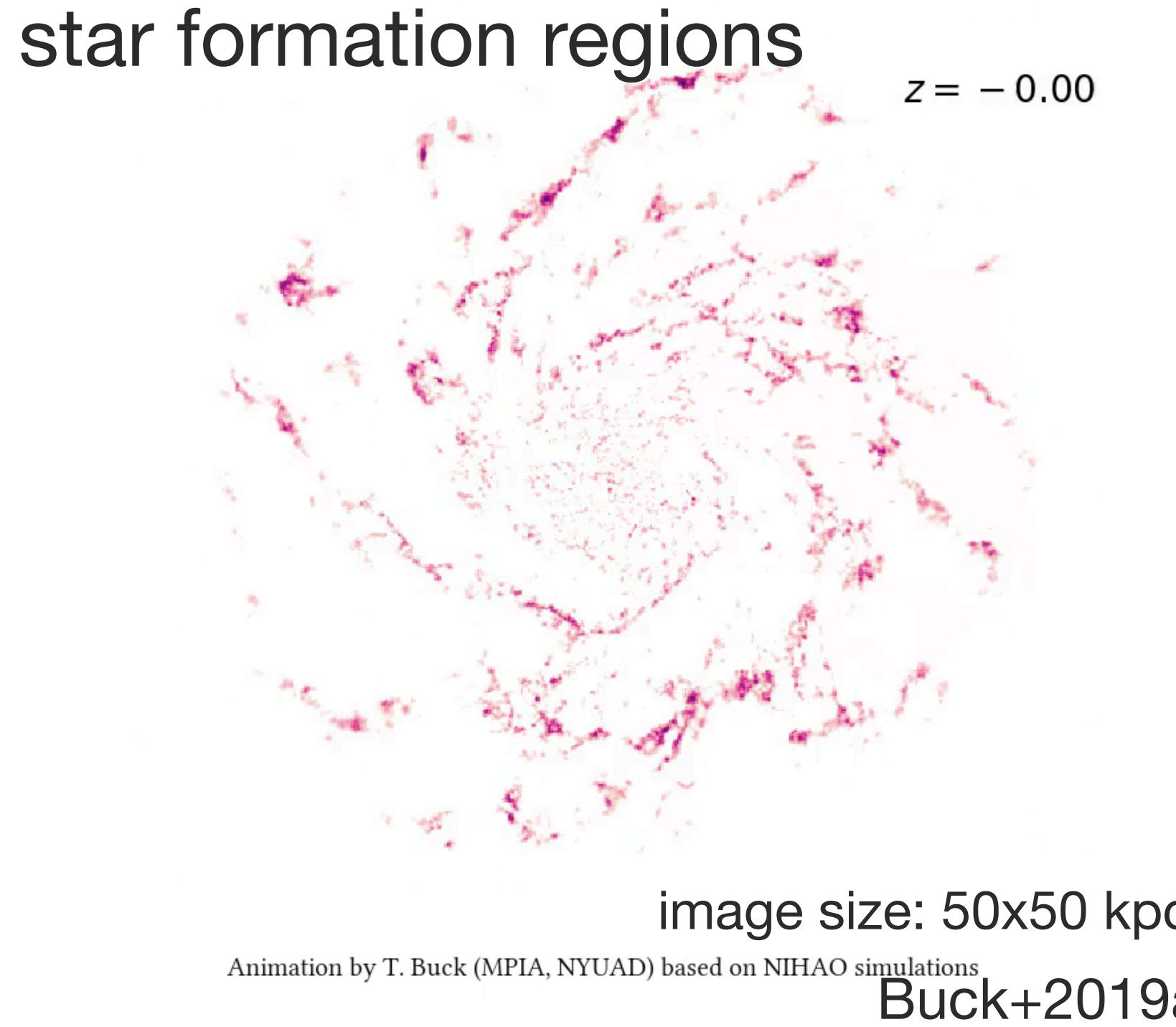
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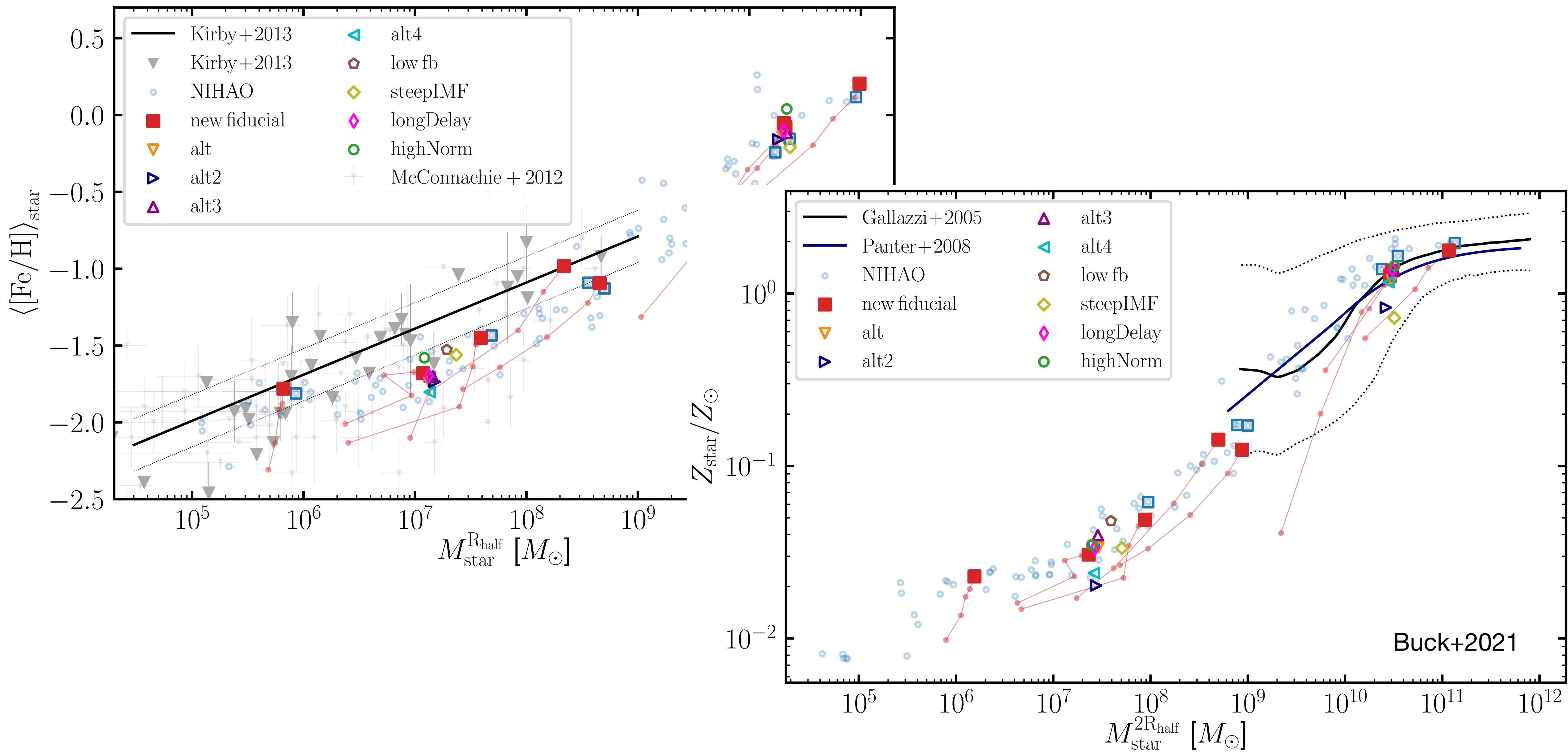
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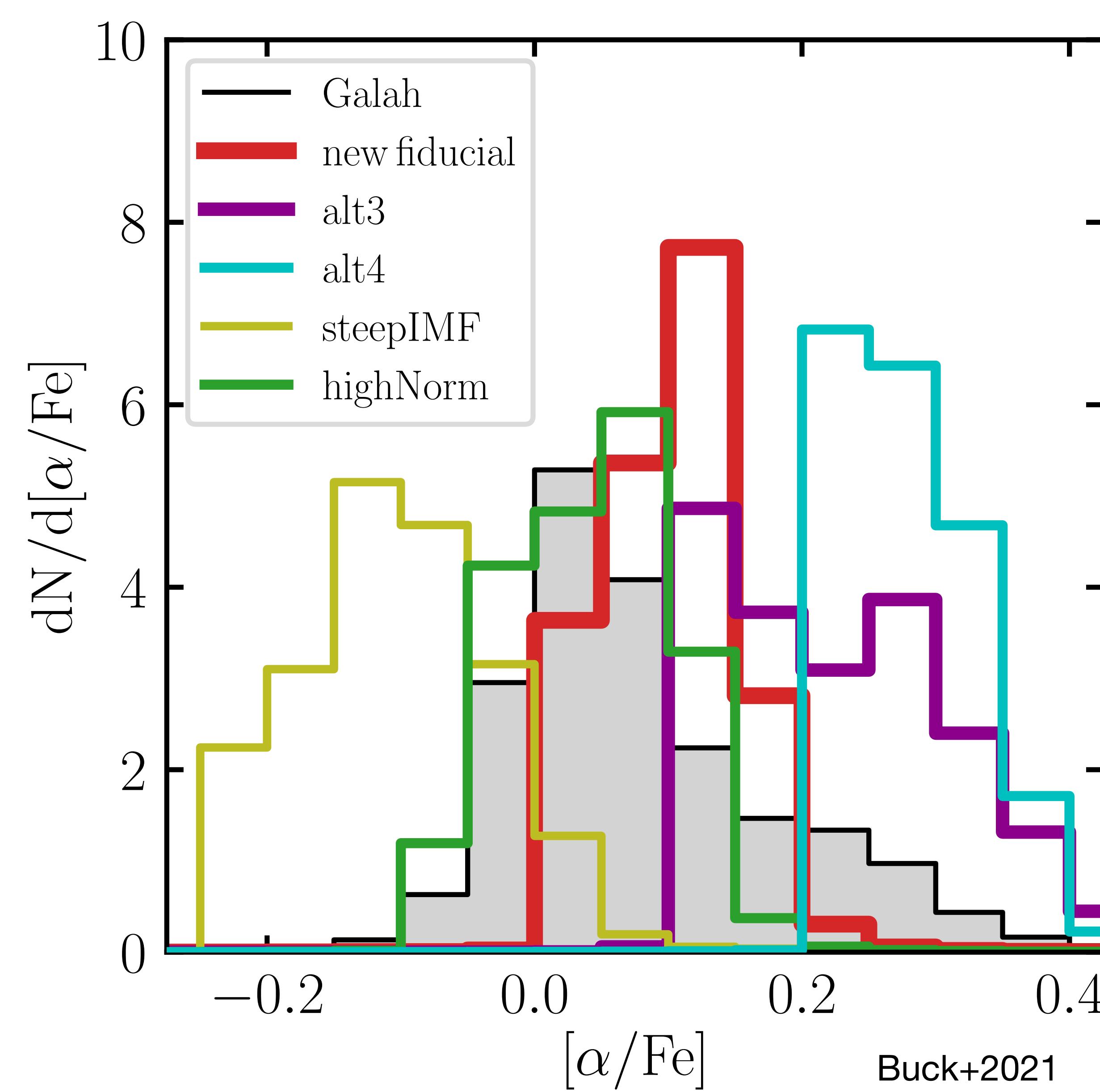
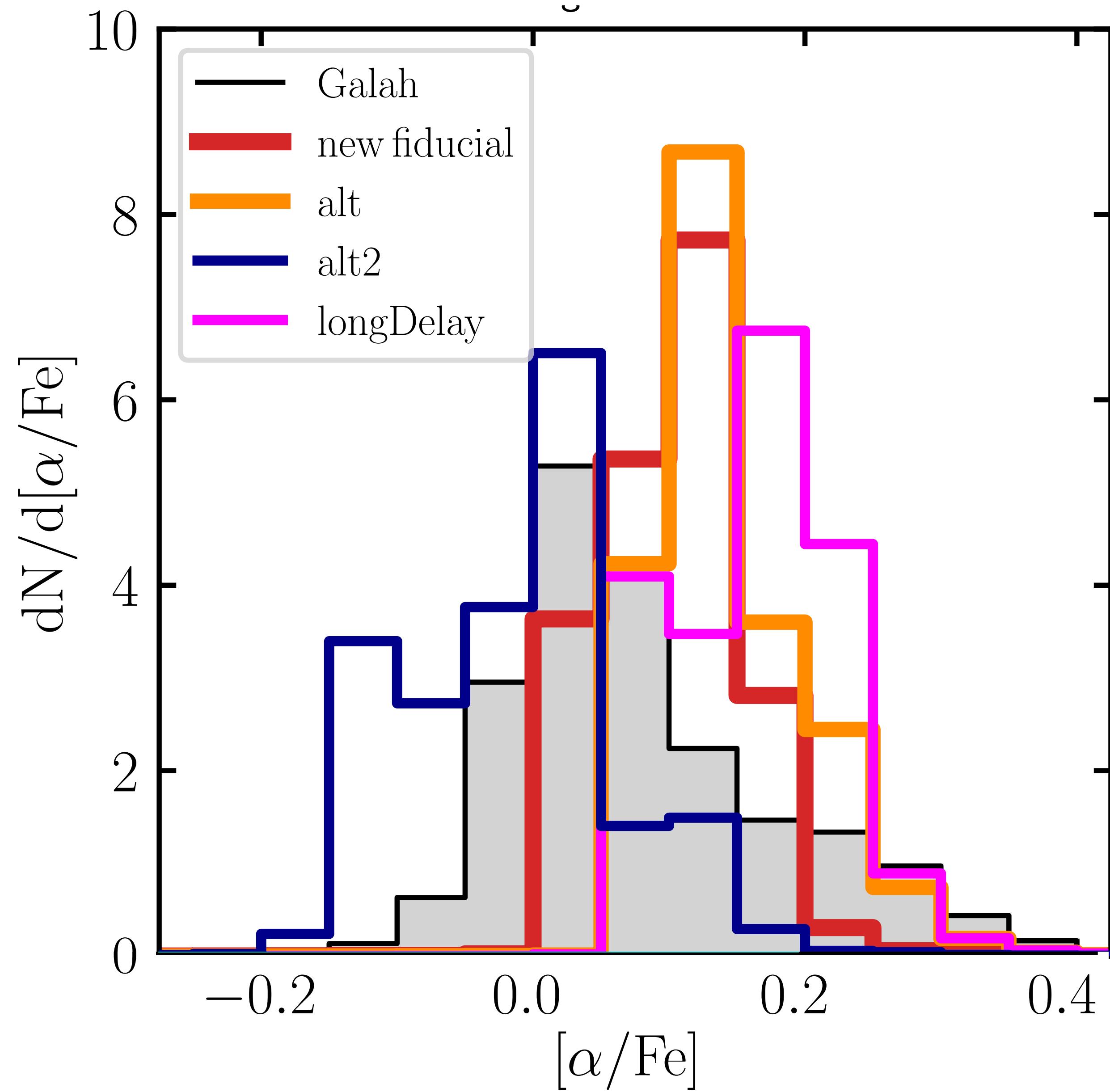
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Results: mass metallicity relation unchanged

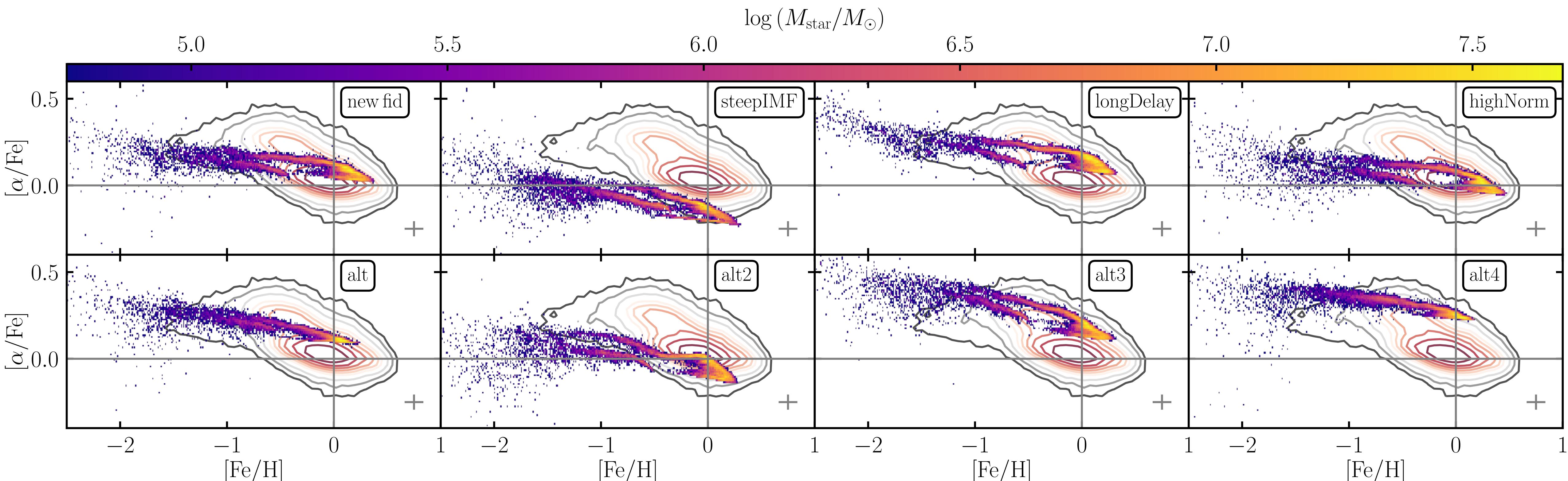


Differences in element distributions - MW mass

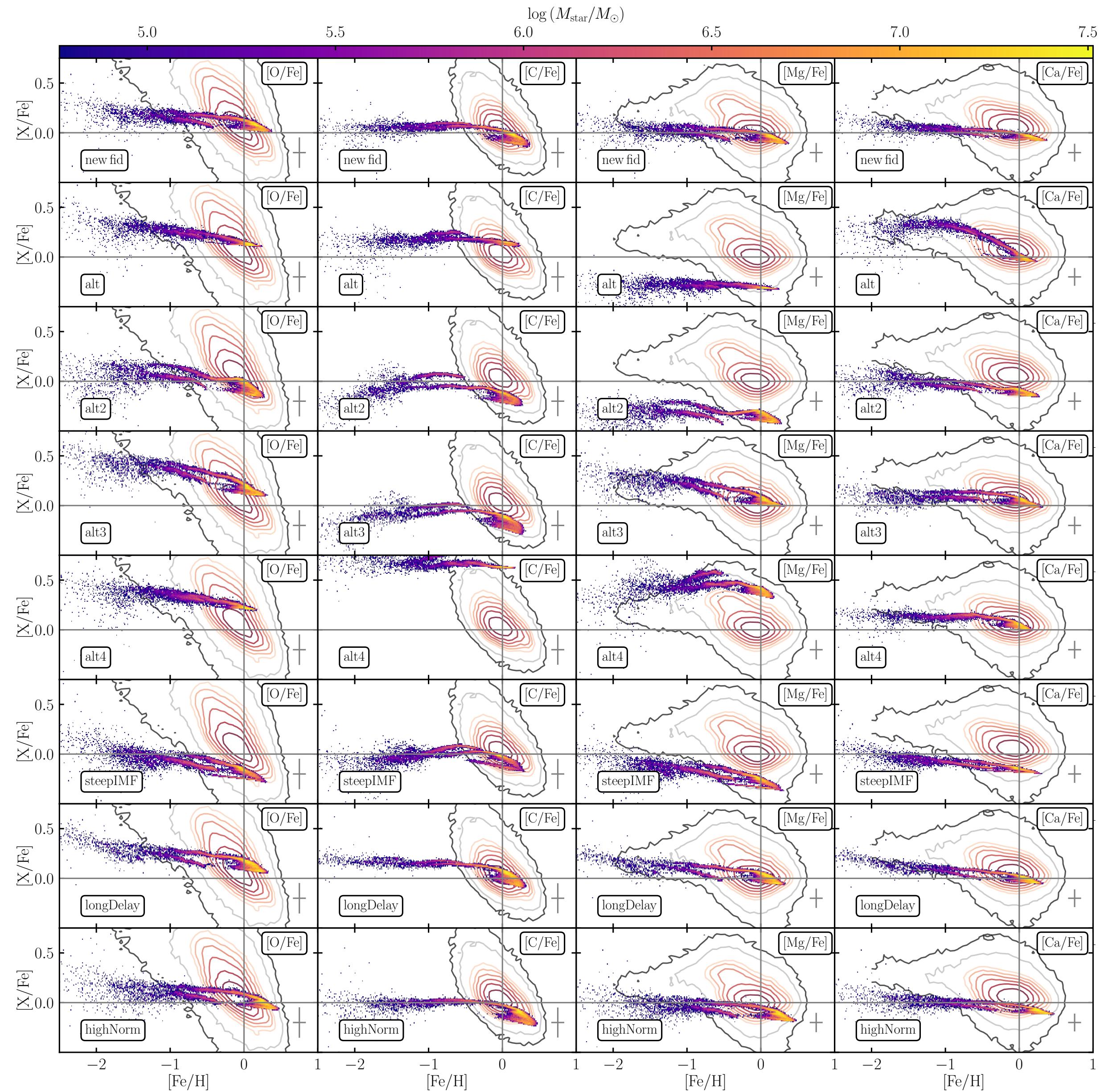


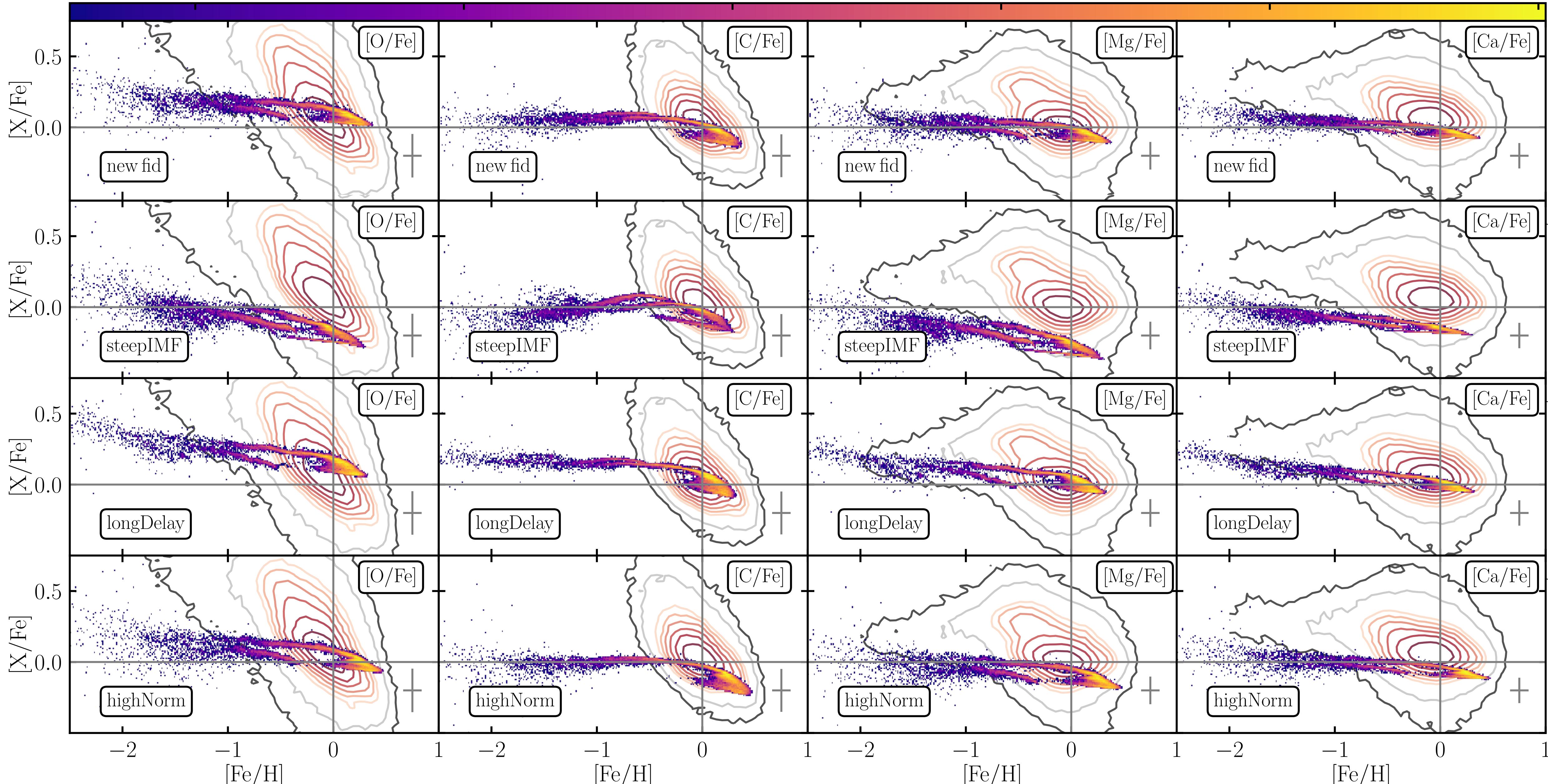
Buck+2021

Differences in $[\alpha/\text{Fe}]$ vs. $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]$

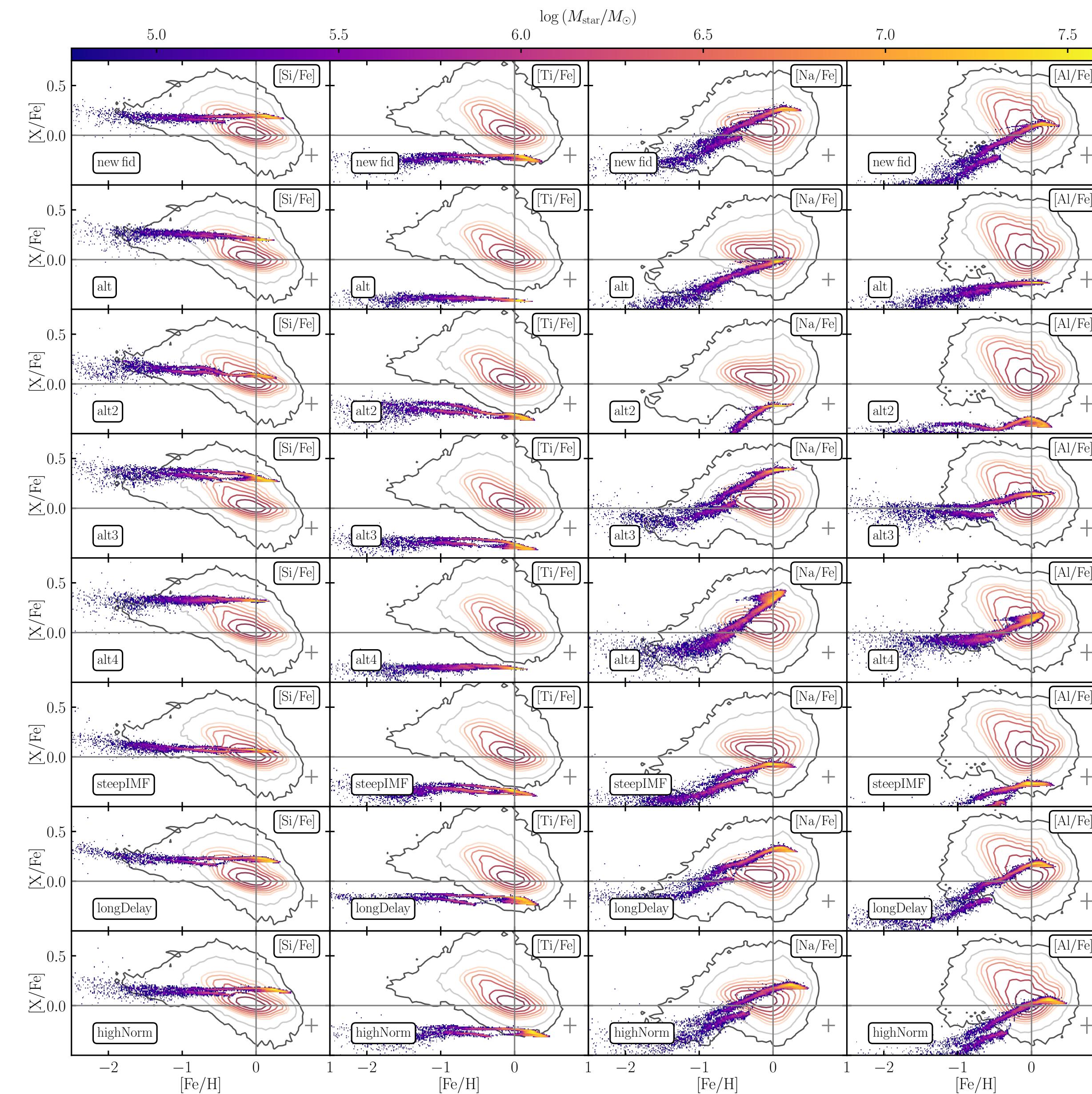


Differences in $[X/\text{Fe}]$ vs. $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]$ for $X=\text{O,C,Mg,Ca}$





Differences in $[X/\text{Fe}]$ vs. $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]$ for $X=\text{Si}, \text{Ti}, \text{Na}, \text{Al}$



Buck+2021

A flexibel chemical enrichment implementation
for cosmological simulations:
great potential for MW chemo-dynamics

Great diversity in abundance tracks

data publicly available at:

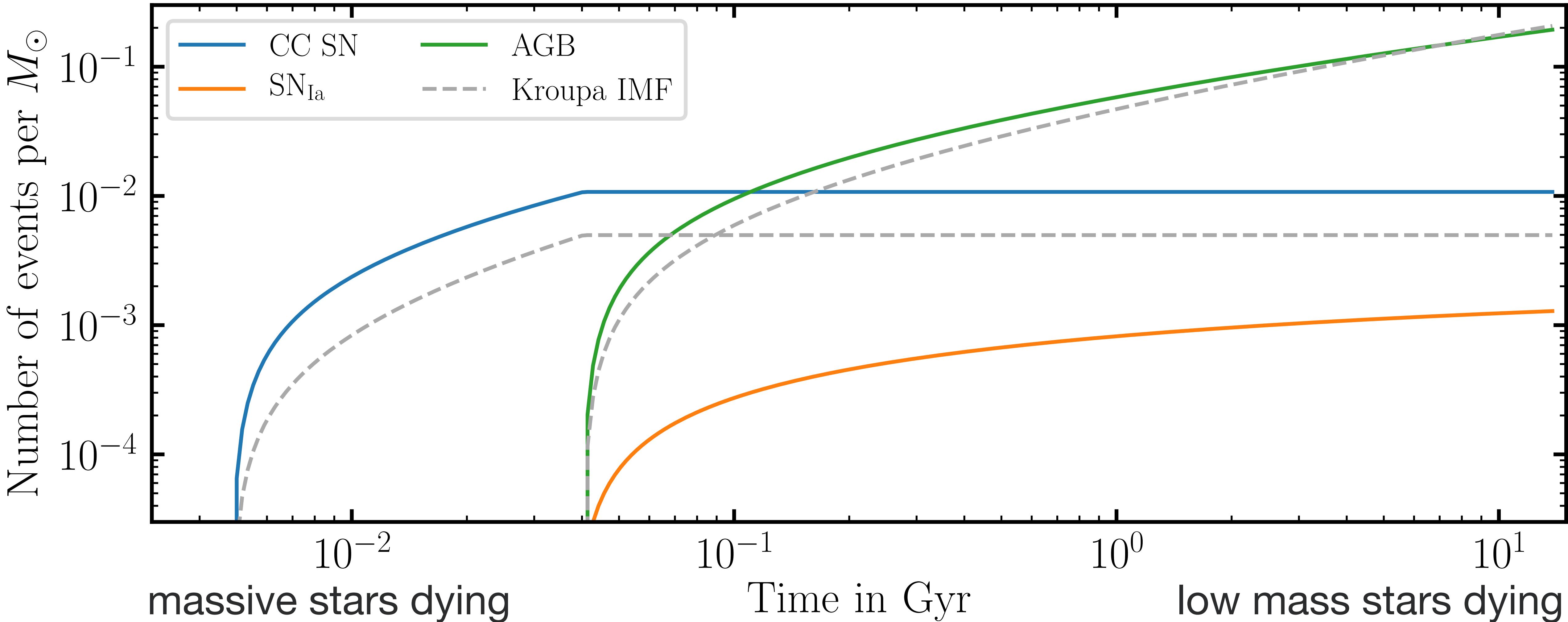
https://tobibu.github.io/#sim_data

or simply drop me a mail: tbuck@aip.de

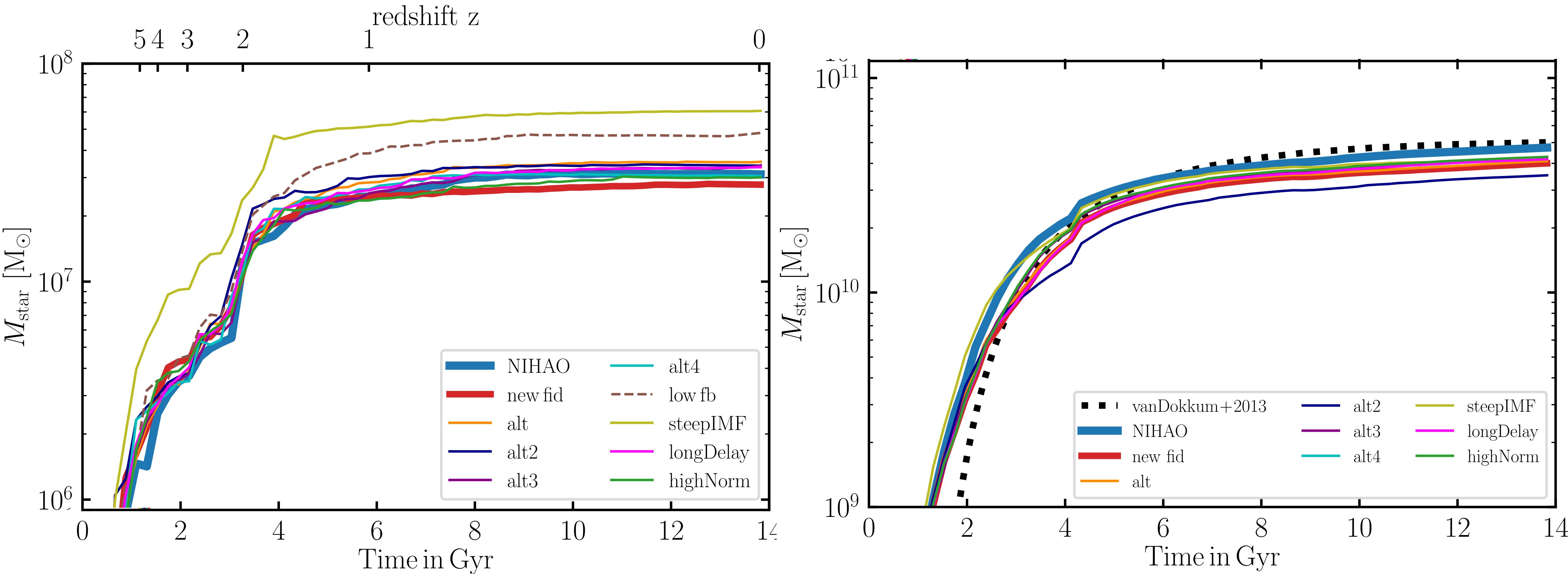
Simple stellar population model

assume mass ranges for CC-SN, AGB stars and SN Ia

here the number of SN Ia follows empirical delay time distribution



Star formation history



Buck subm.