

Clumpy galaxies at high redshift: Insights from the NIHAO simulations



Buck et al. 2017 (MNRAS) - arXiv:1612.05277

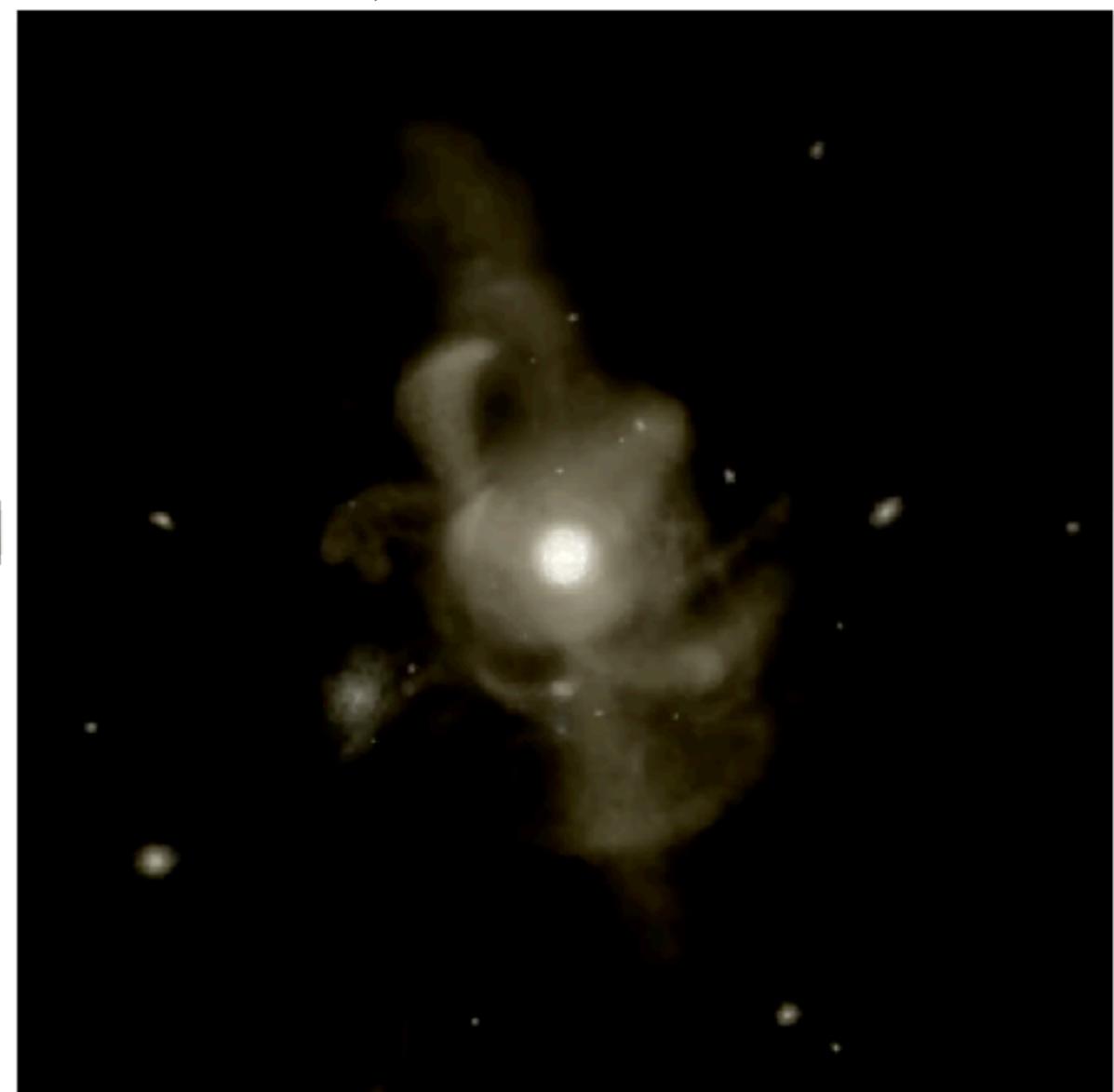
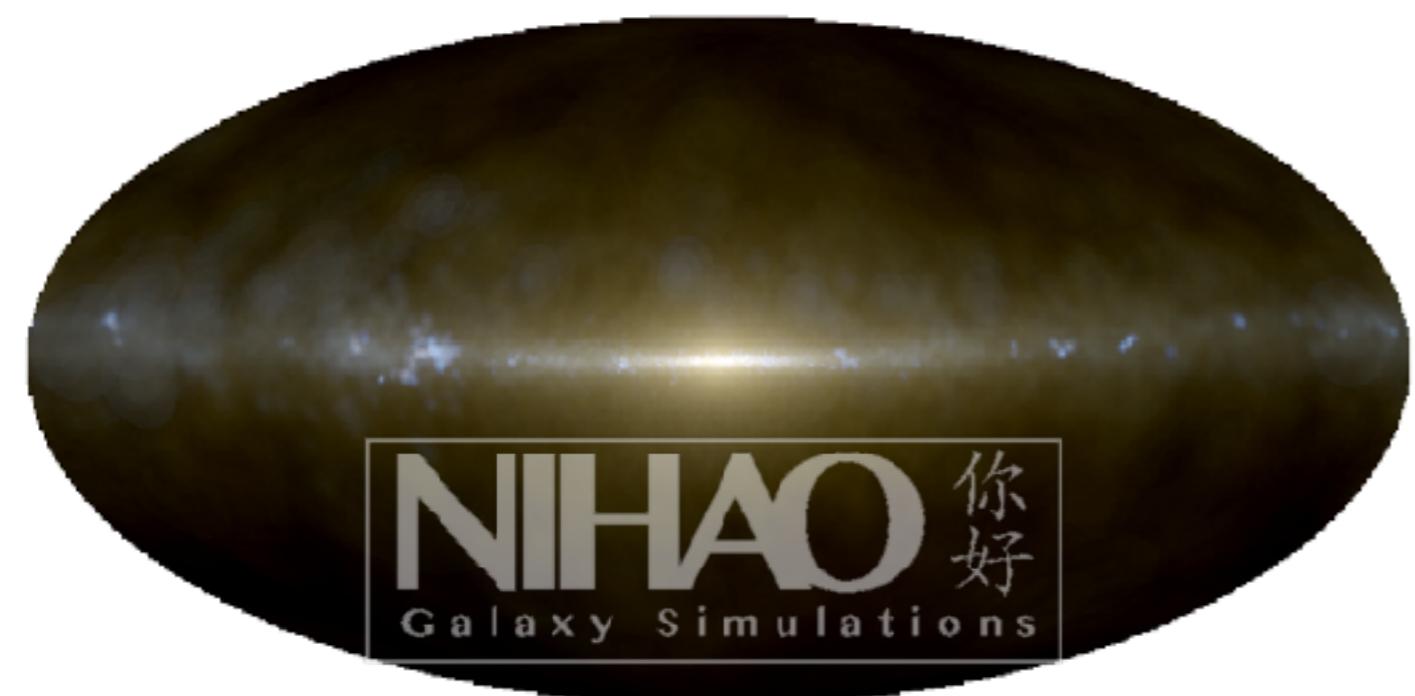
Gas in Galaxies Valetta 6th of October

Tobias Buck

Andrea V. Macciò, Aura Obreja, Aaron A. Dutton, Hans-Walter Rix



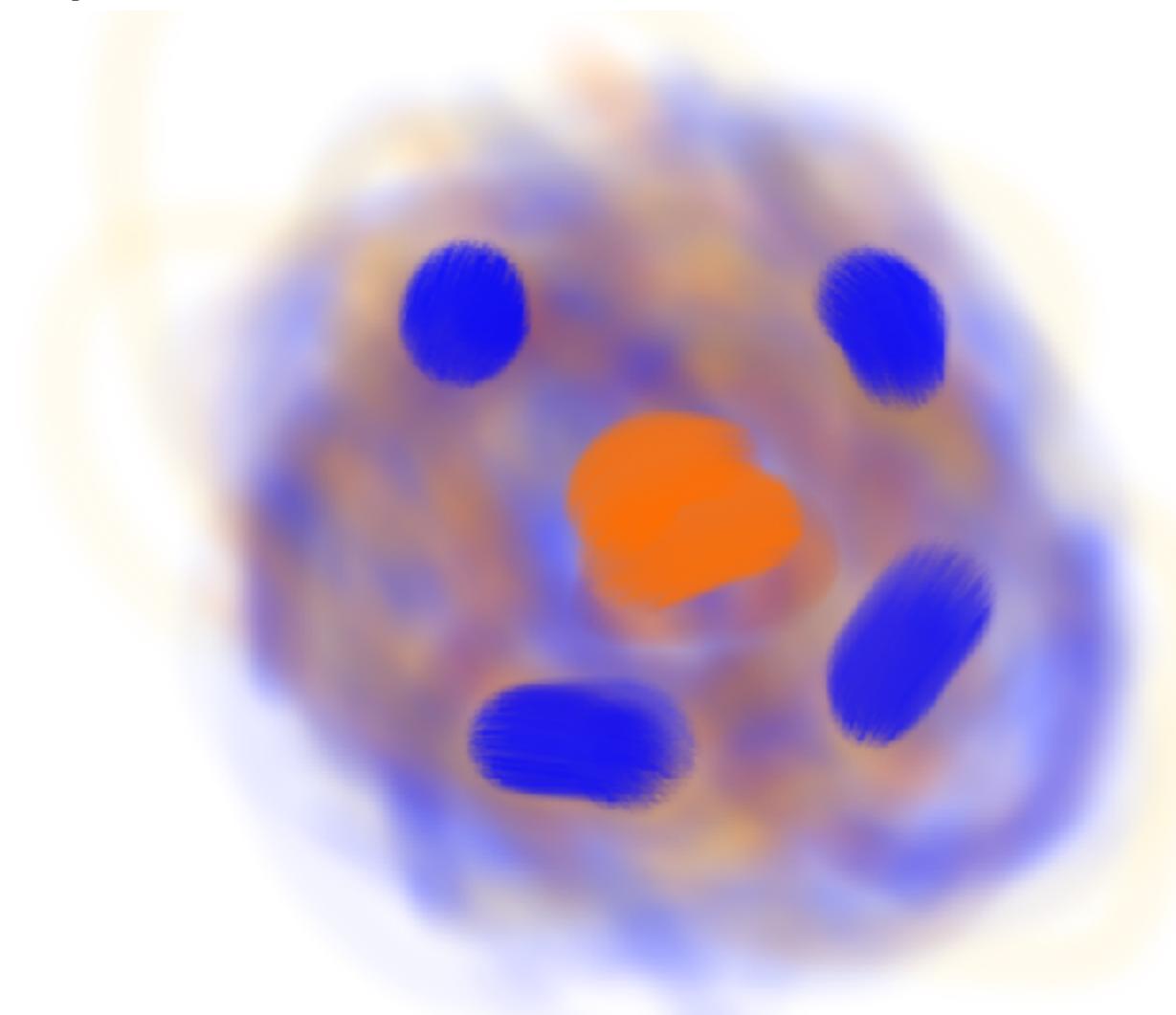
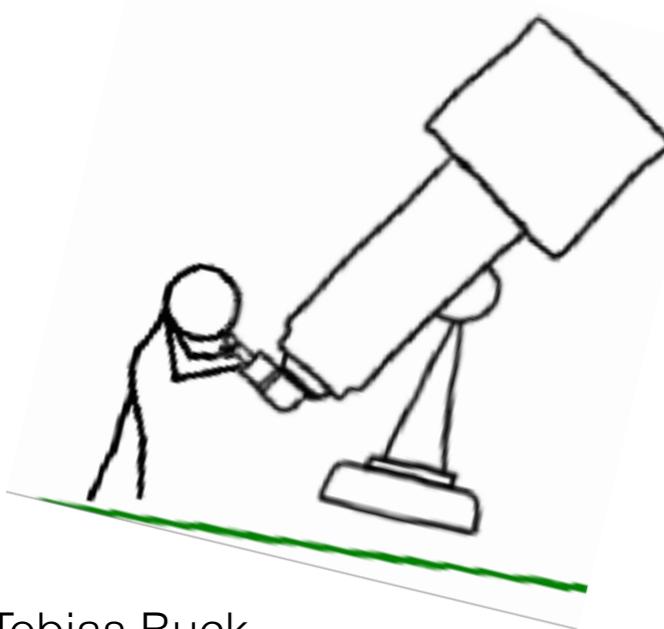
PhD student at MPIA



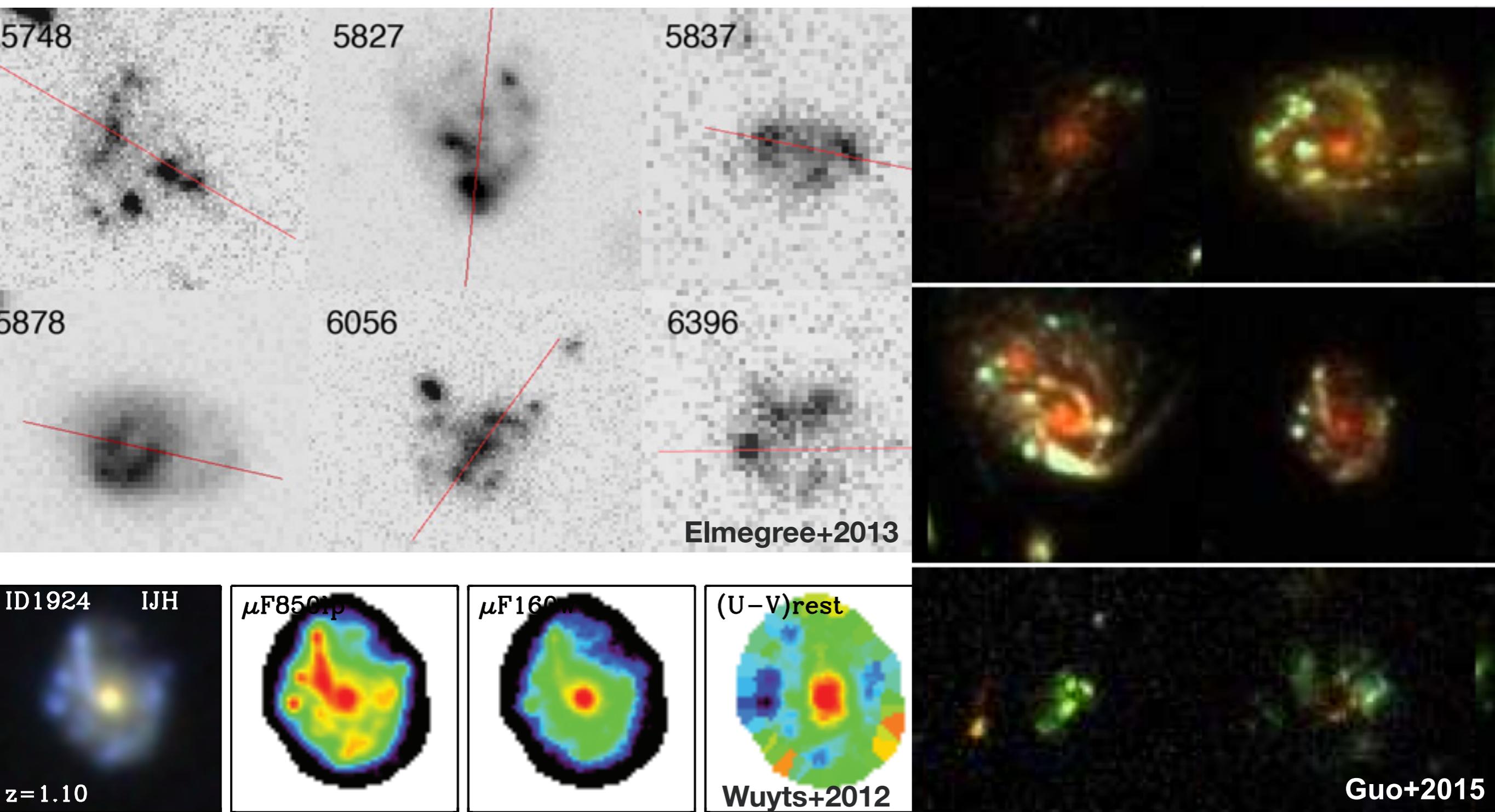
Animation by T. Buck (MPIA, NYUAD) based on NIHAO simulations

Intro: What are clumpy galaxies?

- star forming disc galaxies at redshift 0.5 - 3
- observed to have **UV-bright / H-alpha-bright** clumps
- clump sizes ~1 kpc, clump masses $1\text{e}8 - 1\text{e}10 \text{ M}_{\odot}$

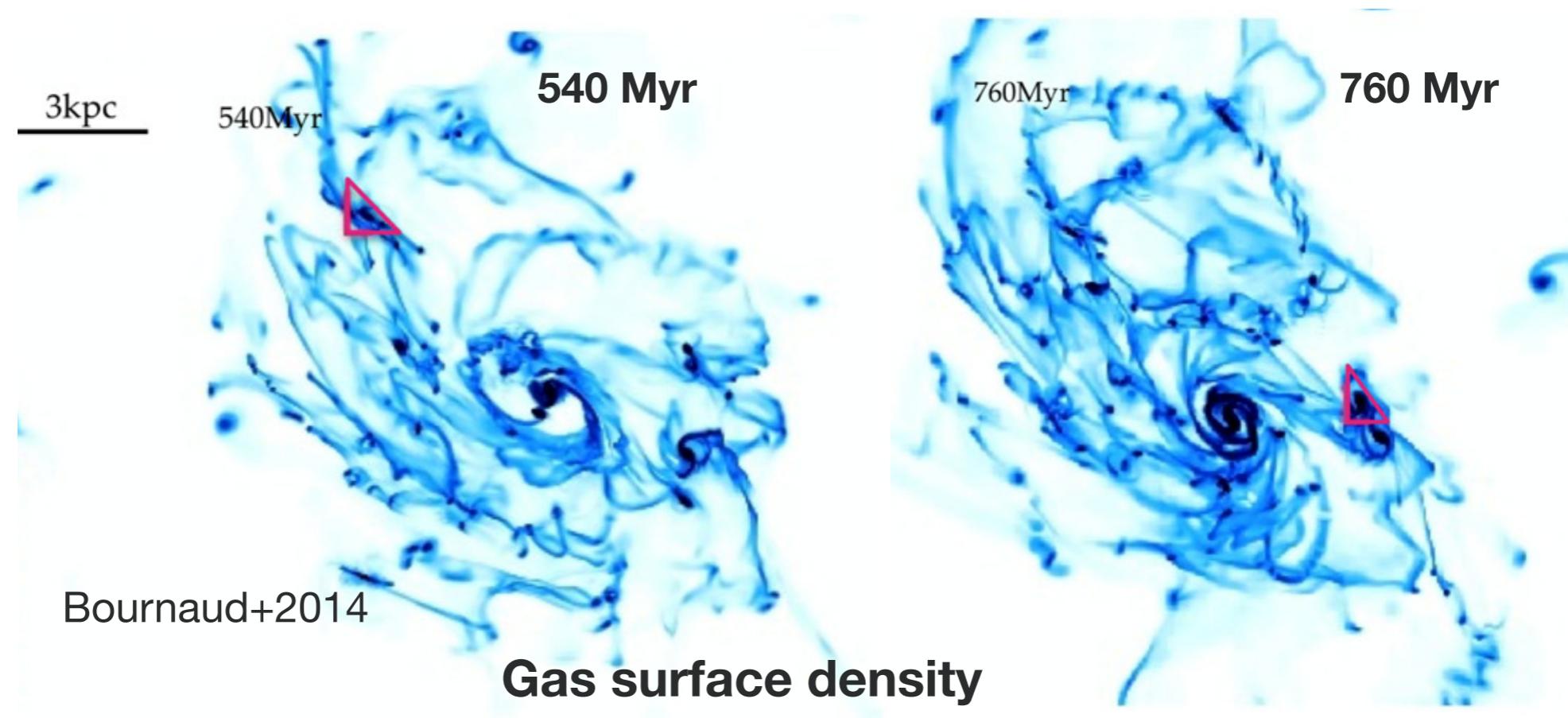


Intro: Clumpy galaxies in observations



Why are clumpy galaxies interesting previous works/simulations

- clump formation via **Violent Disc Instability** (Dekel+2009)
- color gradient: clump inspiral

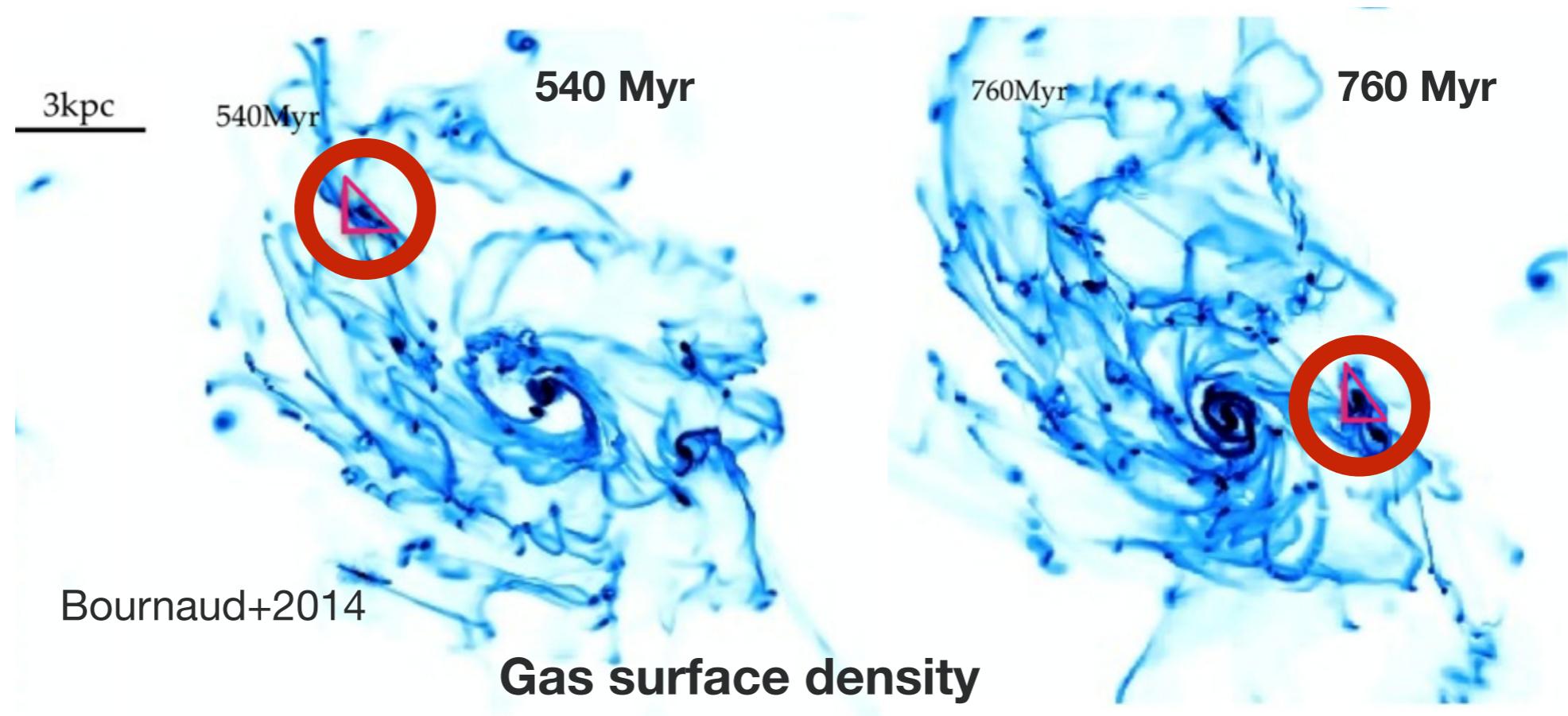


Obs.: Genzel+2006,2009, Förster-Schreiber+2006,2011, Wuyts+2012, Elmegreen+2013, Tadaki+2014, Murata+2014, Guo+2015, Shibuya+2016

Theory: Bournaud+2007,2008,2009,2014, Dekel+2009, Ceverino+2010,2012, Mandelker+2014, Moody+2014, Tamburello+2015, Mayer+2016, Oklopčić+2017

Why are clumpy galaxies interesting previous works/simulations

- clump formation via **Violent Disc Instability** (Dekel+2009)
- color gradient: clump inspiral

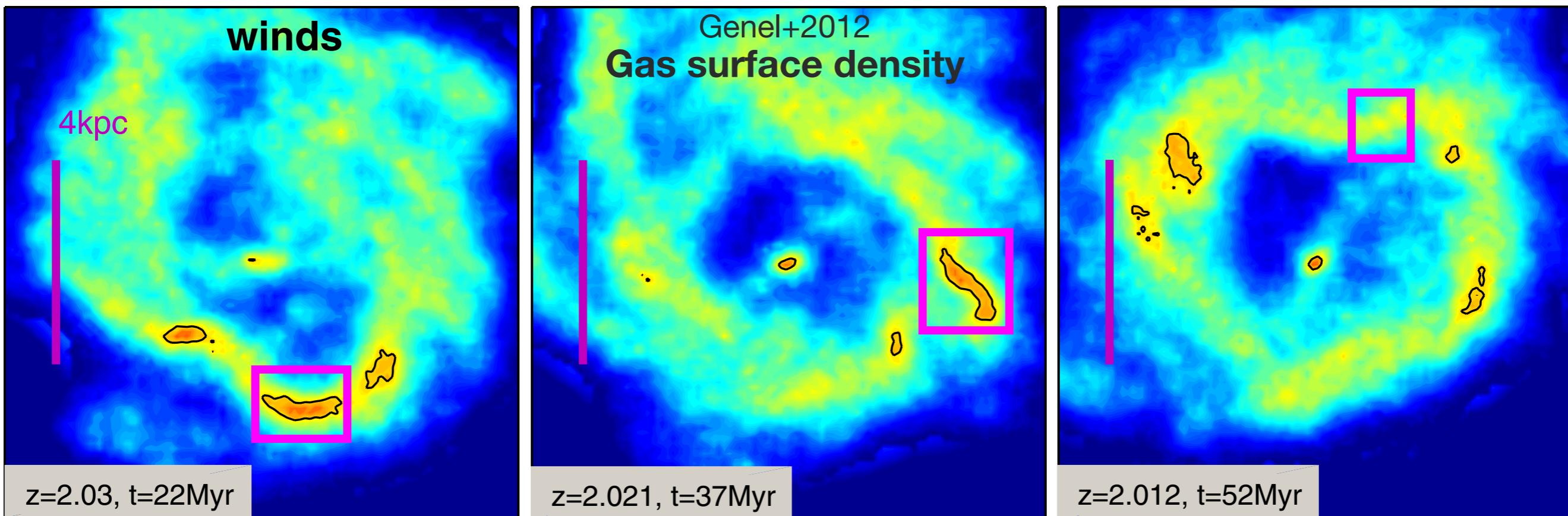


Obs.: Genzel+2006,2009, Förster-Schreiber+2006,2011, Wuyts+2012, Elmegreen+2013, Tadaki+2014, Murata+2014, Guo+2015, Shibuya+2016

Theory: Bournaud+2007,2008,2009,2014, Dekel+2009, Ceverino+2010,2012, Mandelker+2014, Moody+2014, Tamburello+2015, Mayer+2016, Oklopčić+2017

Why are clumpy galaxies interesting previous works/simulations

- clump formation via **Violent Disc Instability** (Dekel+2009)
- color gradient: clump inspiral



Obs.: Genzel+2006,2009, Förster-Schreiber+2006,2011, Wuyts+2012, Elmegreen+2013, Tadaki+2014, Murata+2014, Guo+2015, Shibuya+2016

Theory: Bournaud+2007,2008,2009,2014, Dekel+2009, Ceverino+2010,2012, Mandelker+2014, Moody+2014, Tamburello+2015, Mayer+2016, Oklopčić+2017

Observed vs. simulated clumps: some tension...

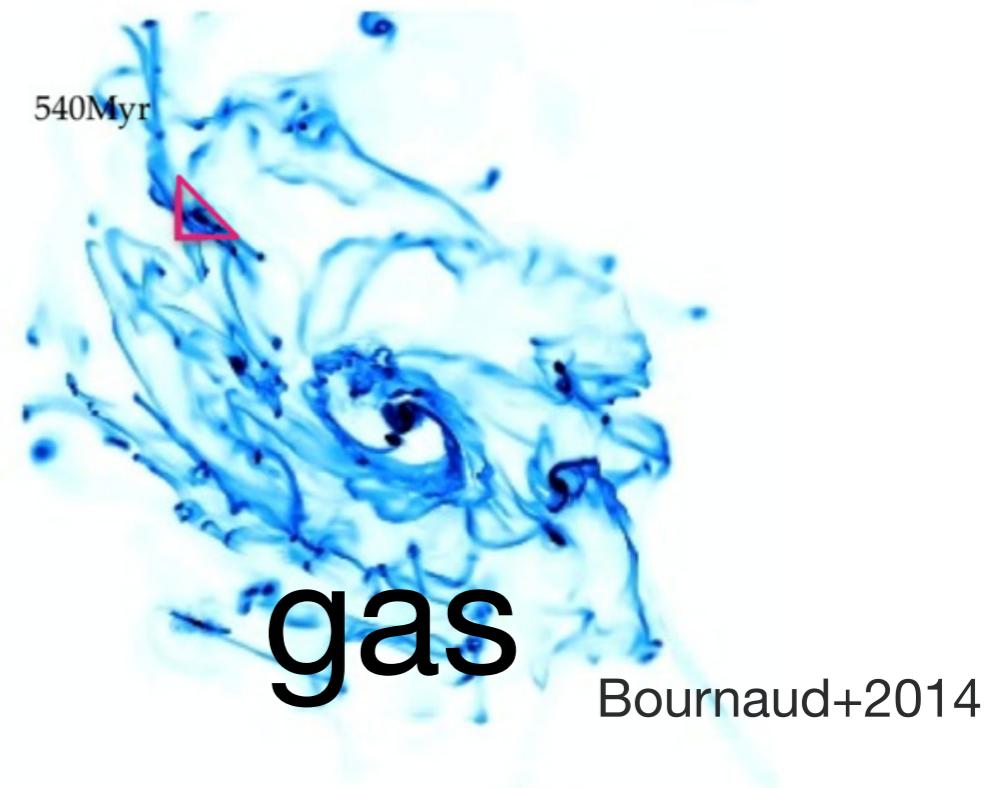
simulations disagree on fate of clumps

simulations and observations probe different things

- observations: **clumps in stellar light**
- most theory: **clumps in gas density**

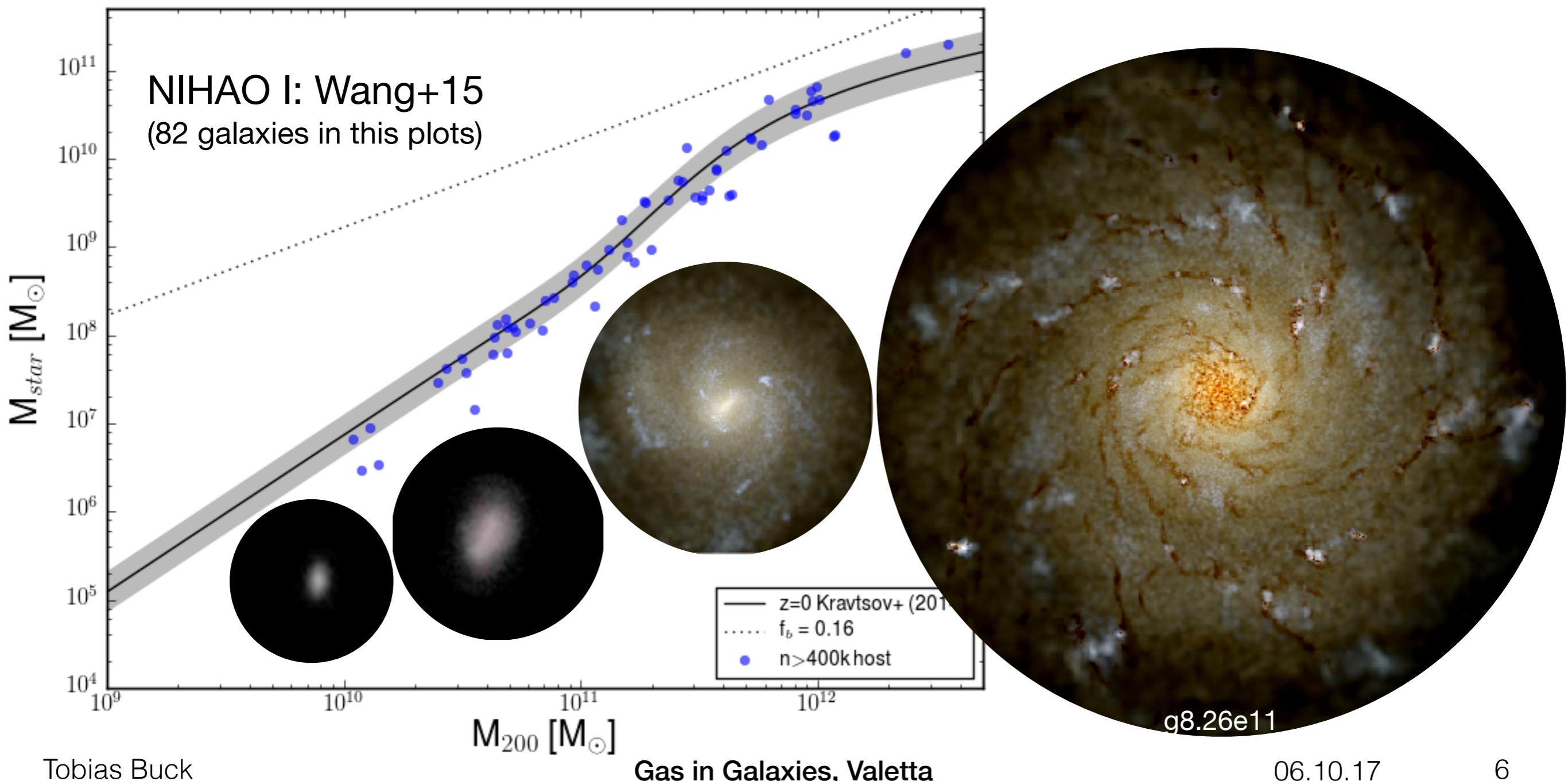


?
=



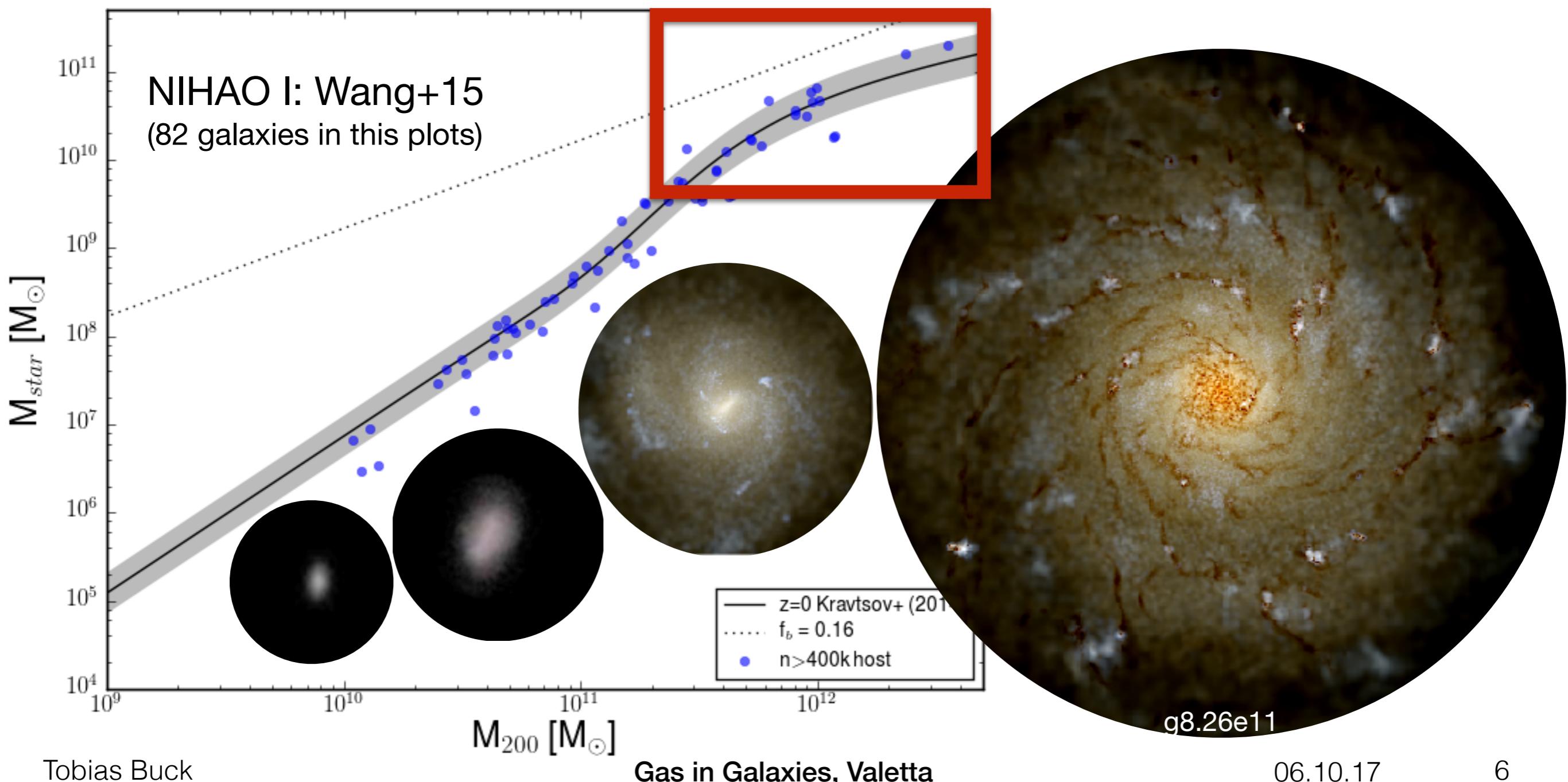
The NIHAO Simulation suite

90 zoom-in simulations from Milky-Way mass to dwarf galaxies scales



The NIHAO Simulation suite

90 zoom-in simulations from Milky-Way mass to dwarf galaxies scales



The post processing of NIHAO

19 high mass galaxies from the NIHAO sample

$M_{\text{star}} > 1 \times 10^9 M_{\odot}$ at redshift $z=1.5$

Selection of clumps in light

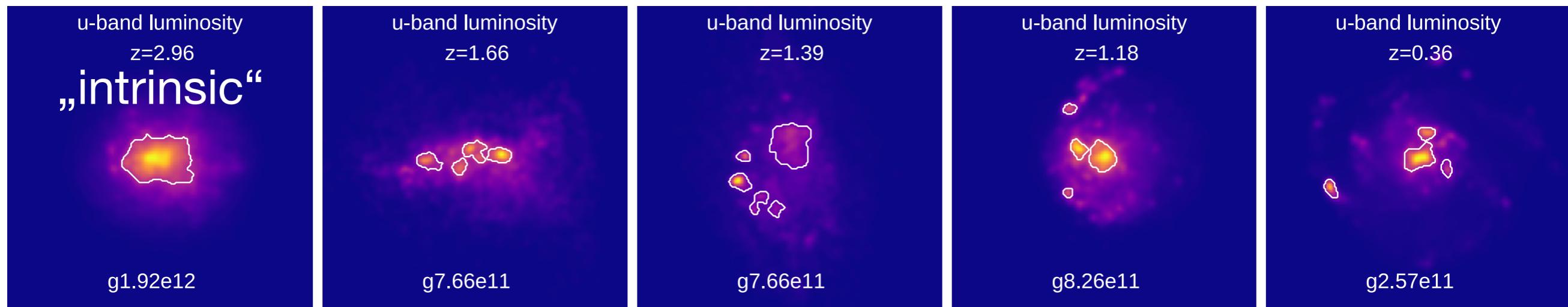
The post processing of NIHAO

19 high mass galaxies from the NIHAO sample

$M_{\text{star}} > 1\text{e}9 M_{\odot}$ at redshift $z=1.5$

Selection of clumps in light

A. intrinsic luminosity calculated from simple stellar populations



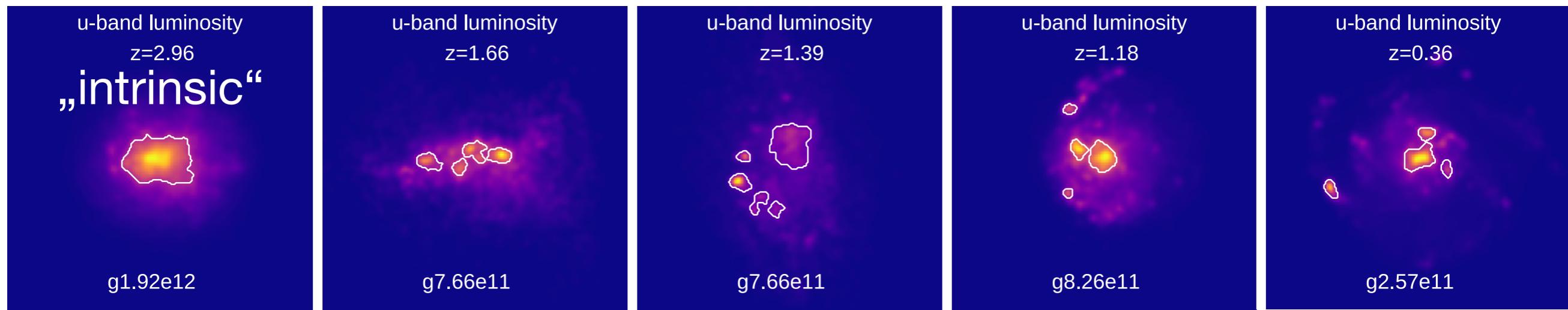
The post processing of NIHAO

19 high mass galaxies from the NIHAO sample

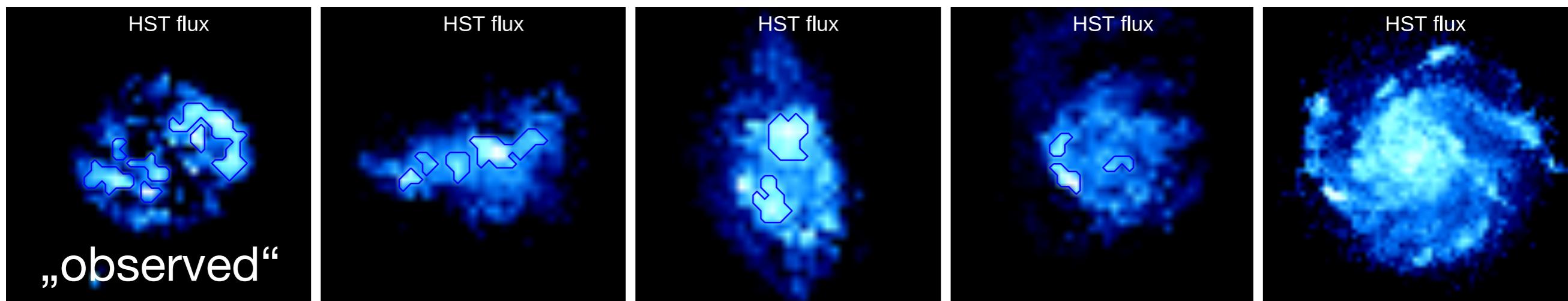
$M_{\text{star}} > 1\text{e}9 M_{\odot}$ at redshift $z=1.5$

Selection of clumps in light

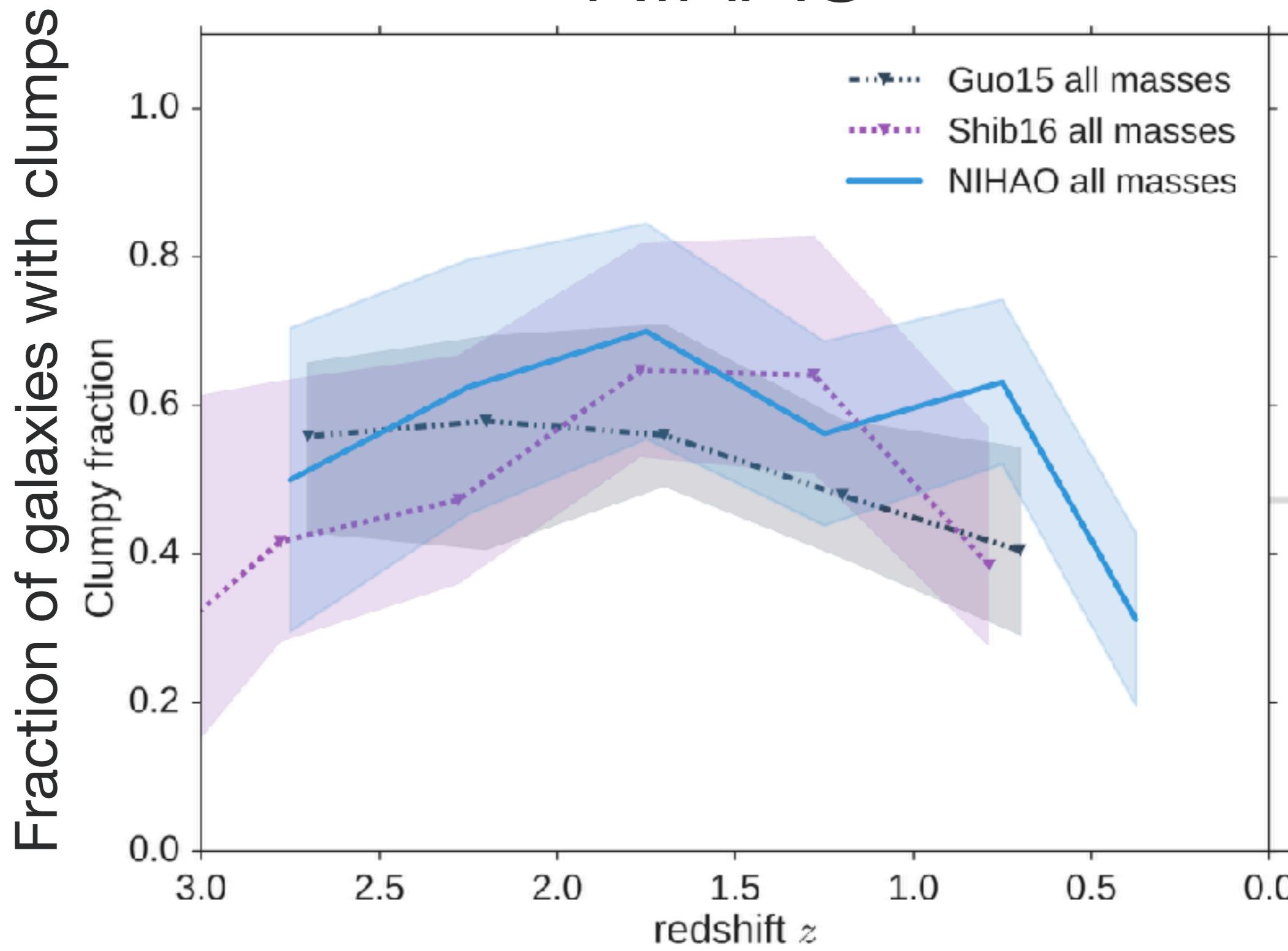
A. intrinsic luminosity calculated from simple stellar populations



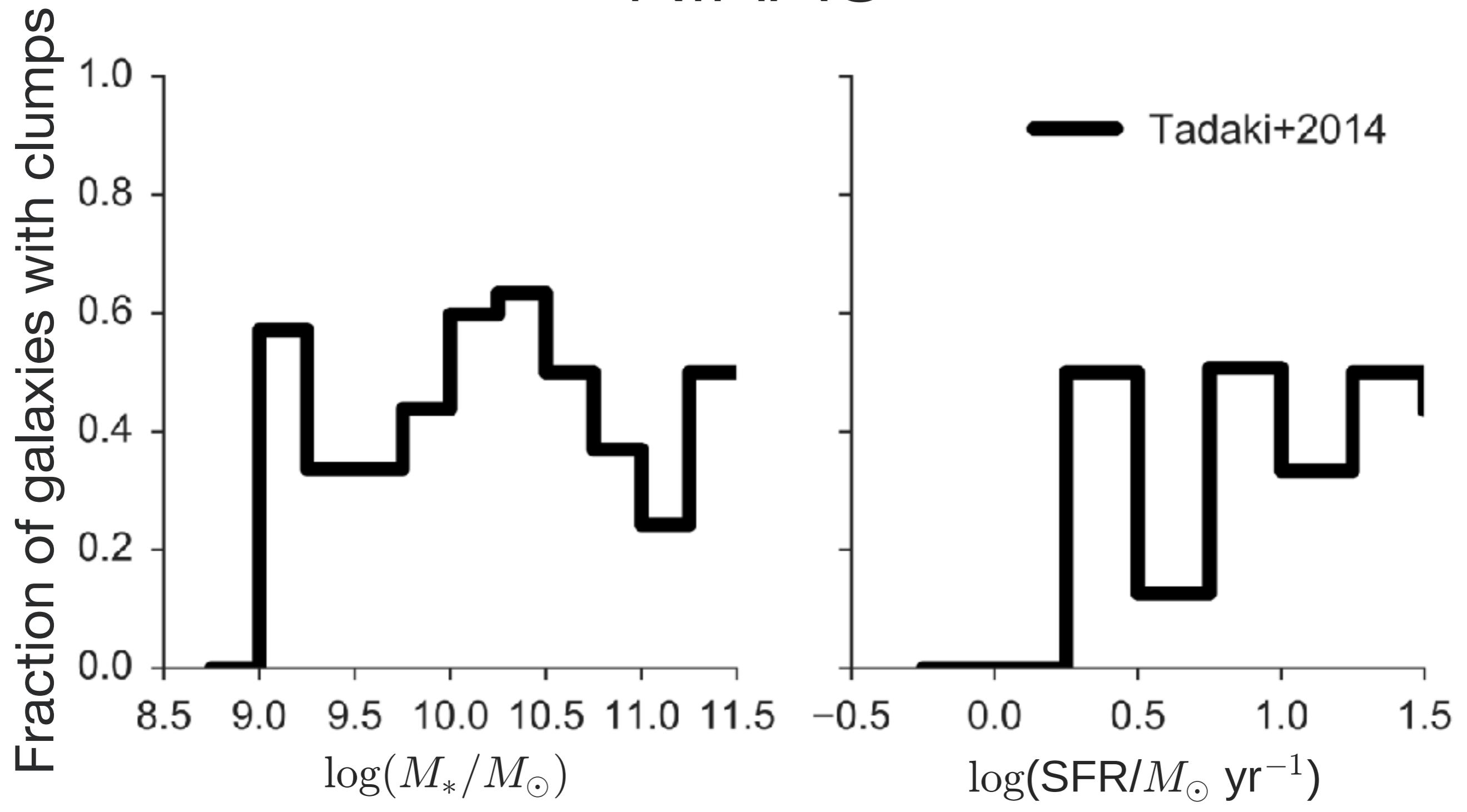
B. radiative transfer post processing with GRASIL-3D (Domínguez-Tenreiro+2014)



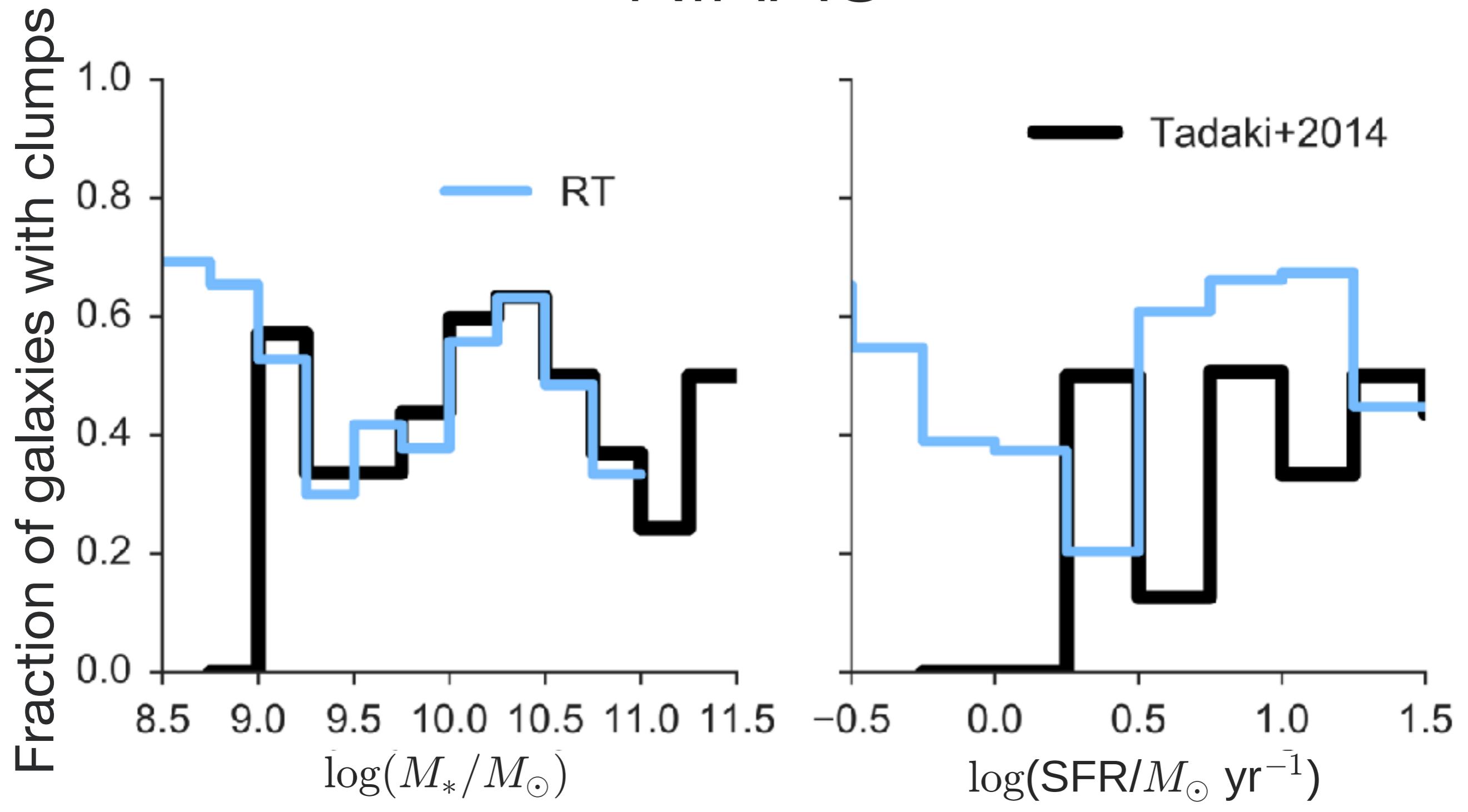
The „observed“ clumpy fraction of NIHAO



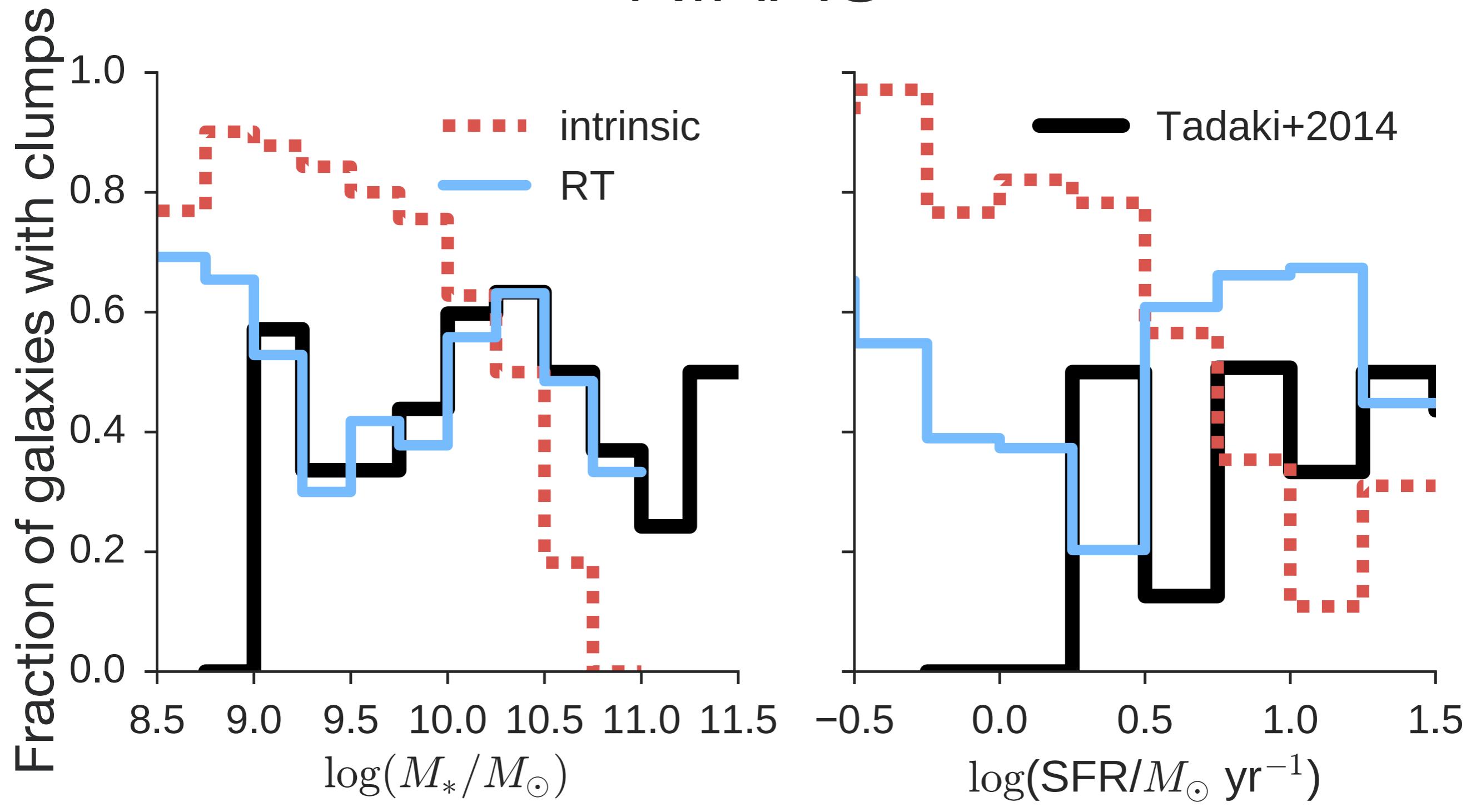
The „observed“ clumpy fraction of NIHAO



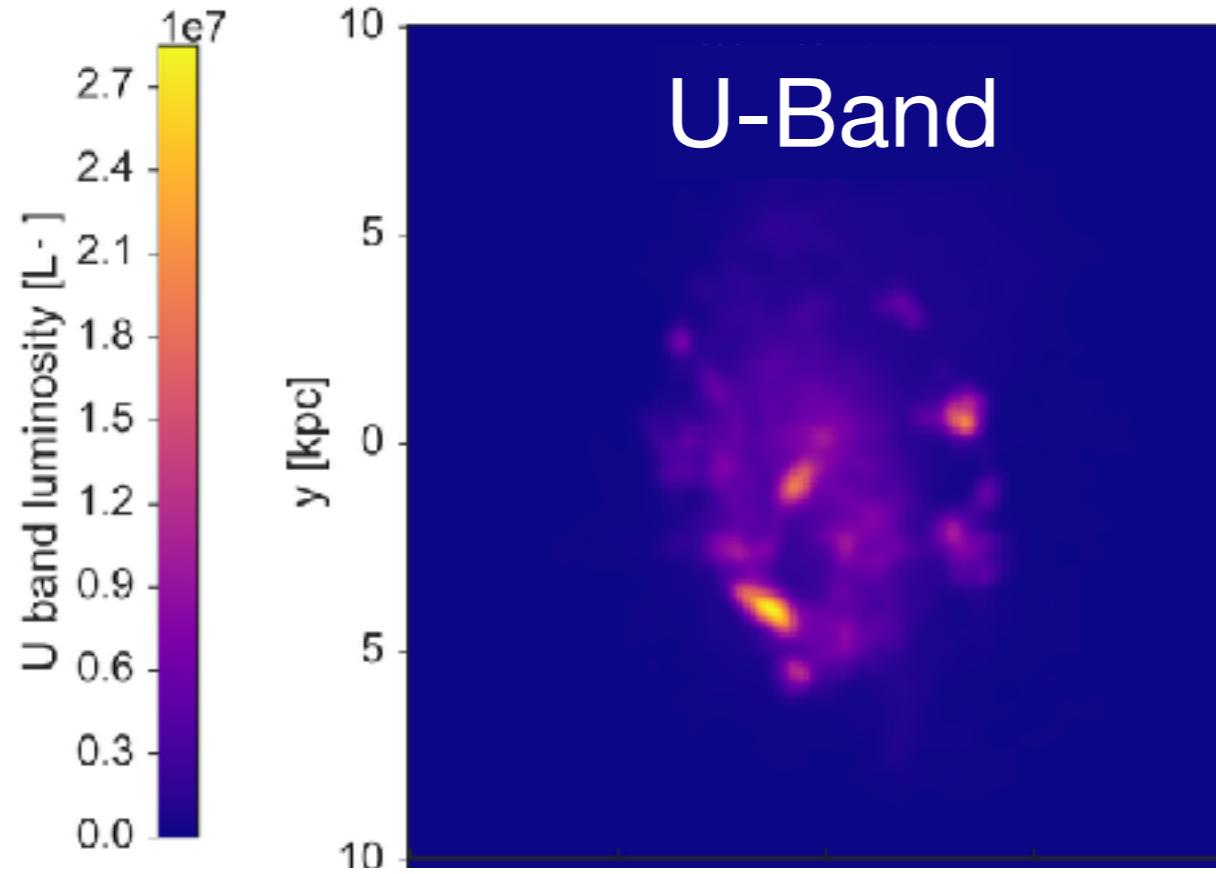
The „observed“ clumpy fraction of NIHAO



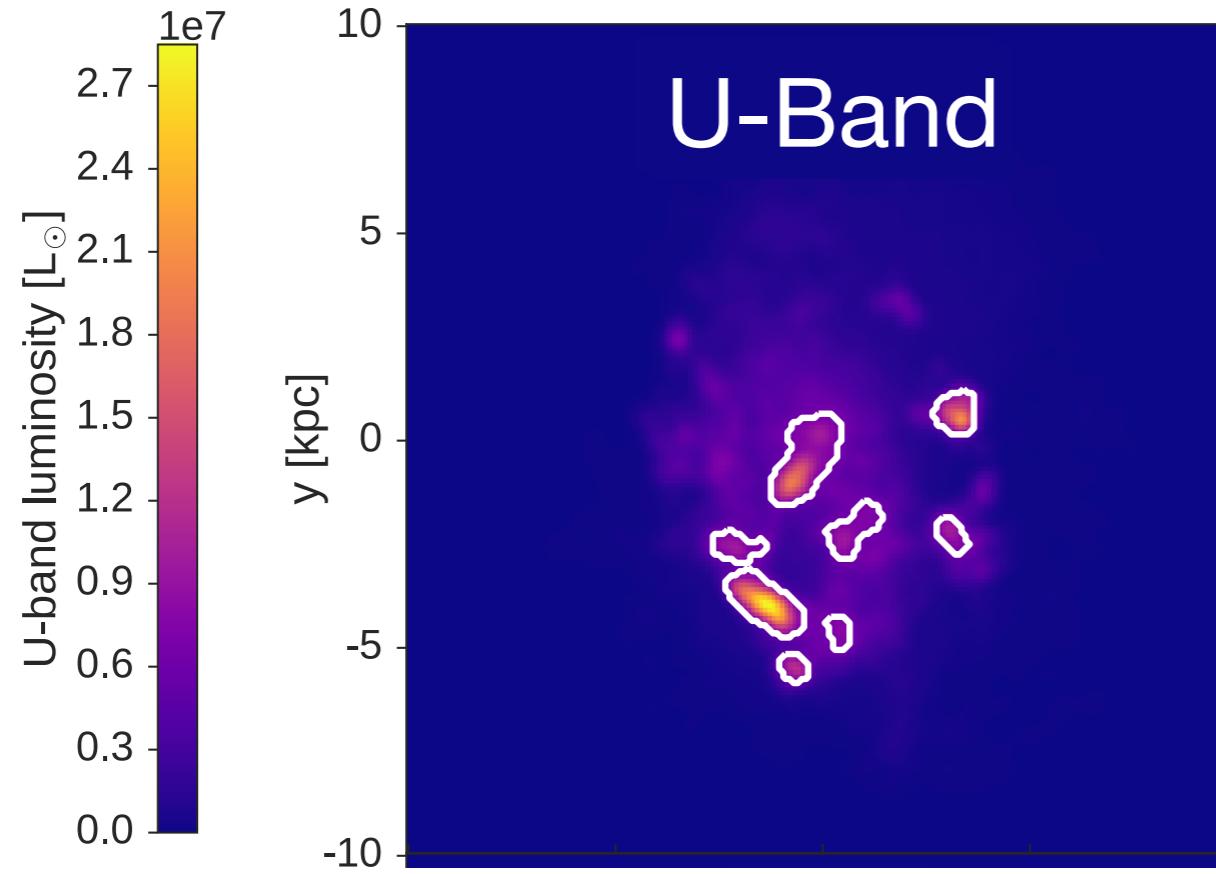
The „observed“ clumpy fraction of NIHAO



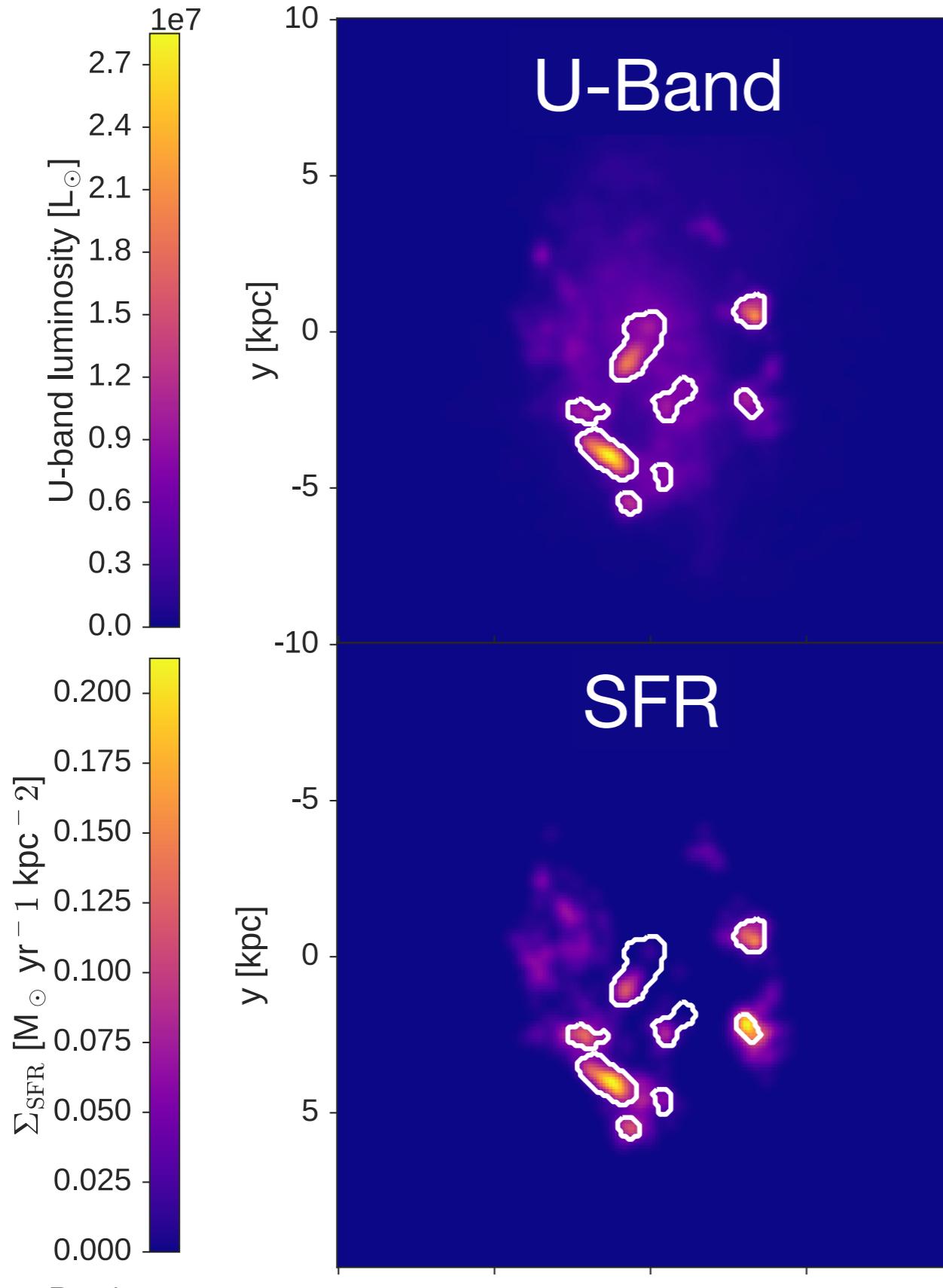
The „intrinsic“ clumps of NIHAO



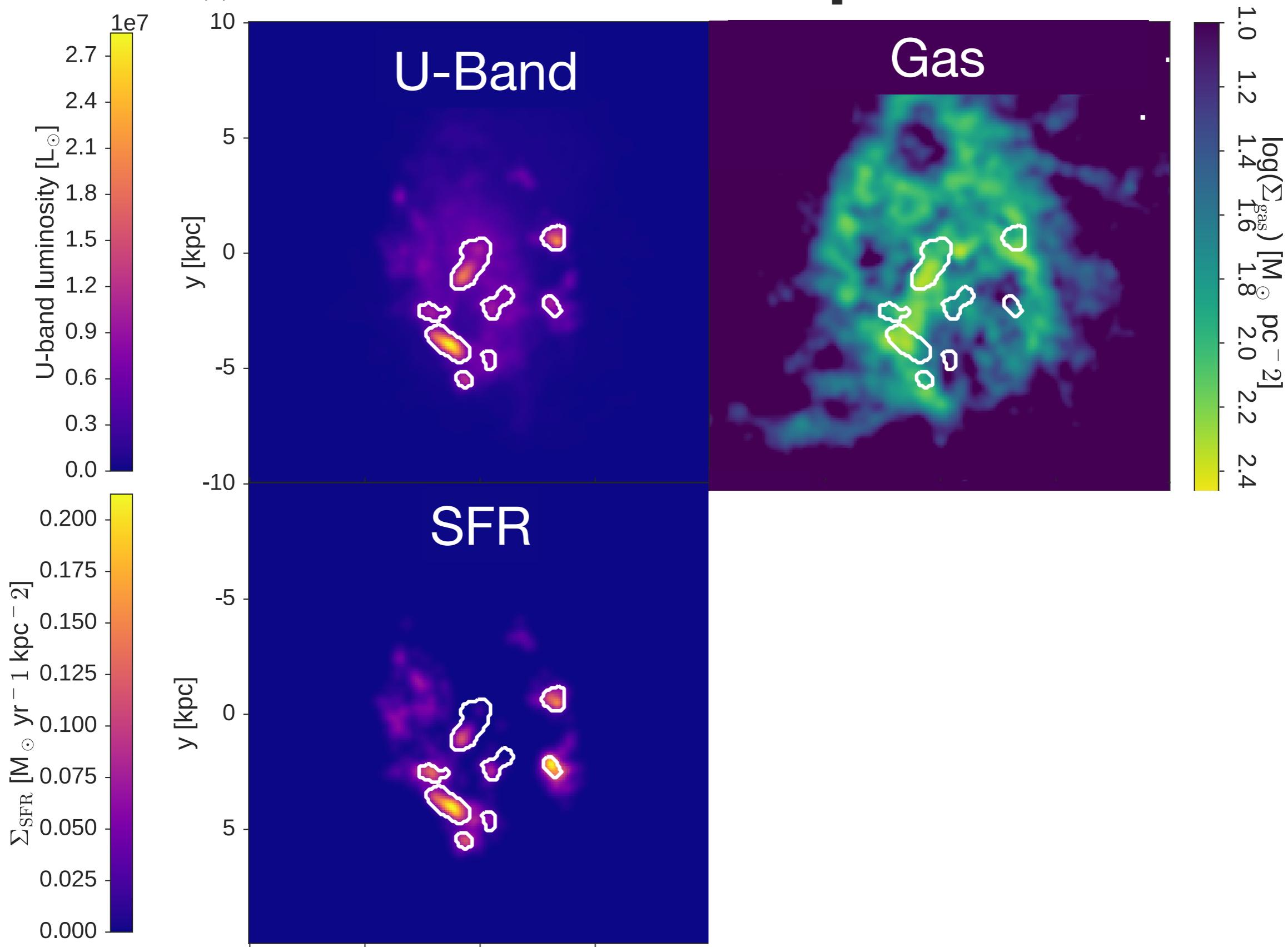
The „intrinsic“ clumps of NIHAO



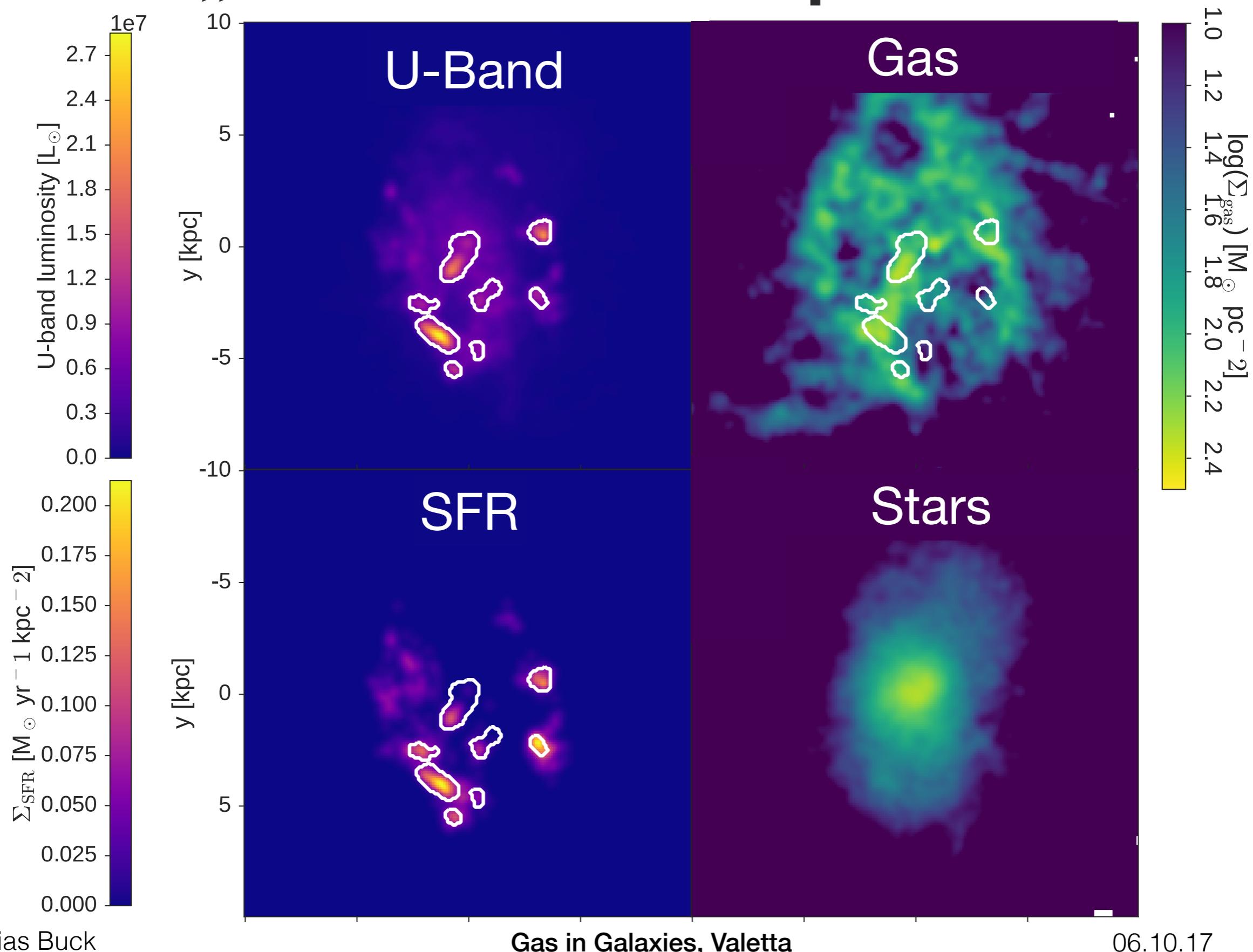
The „intrinsic“ clumps of NIHAO



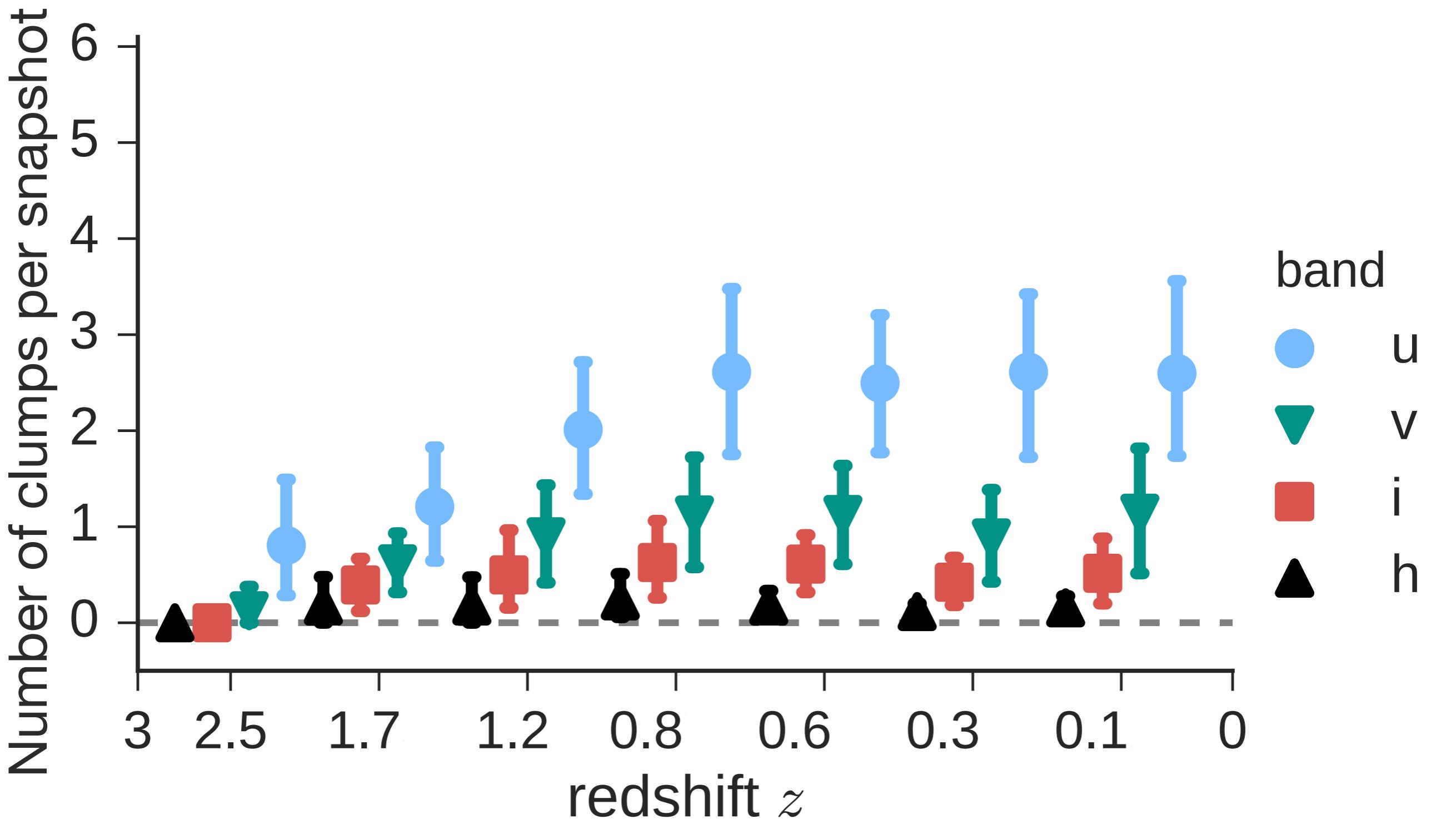
The „intrinsic“ clumps of NIHAO



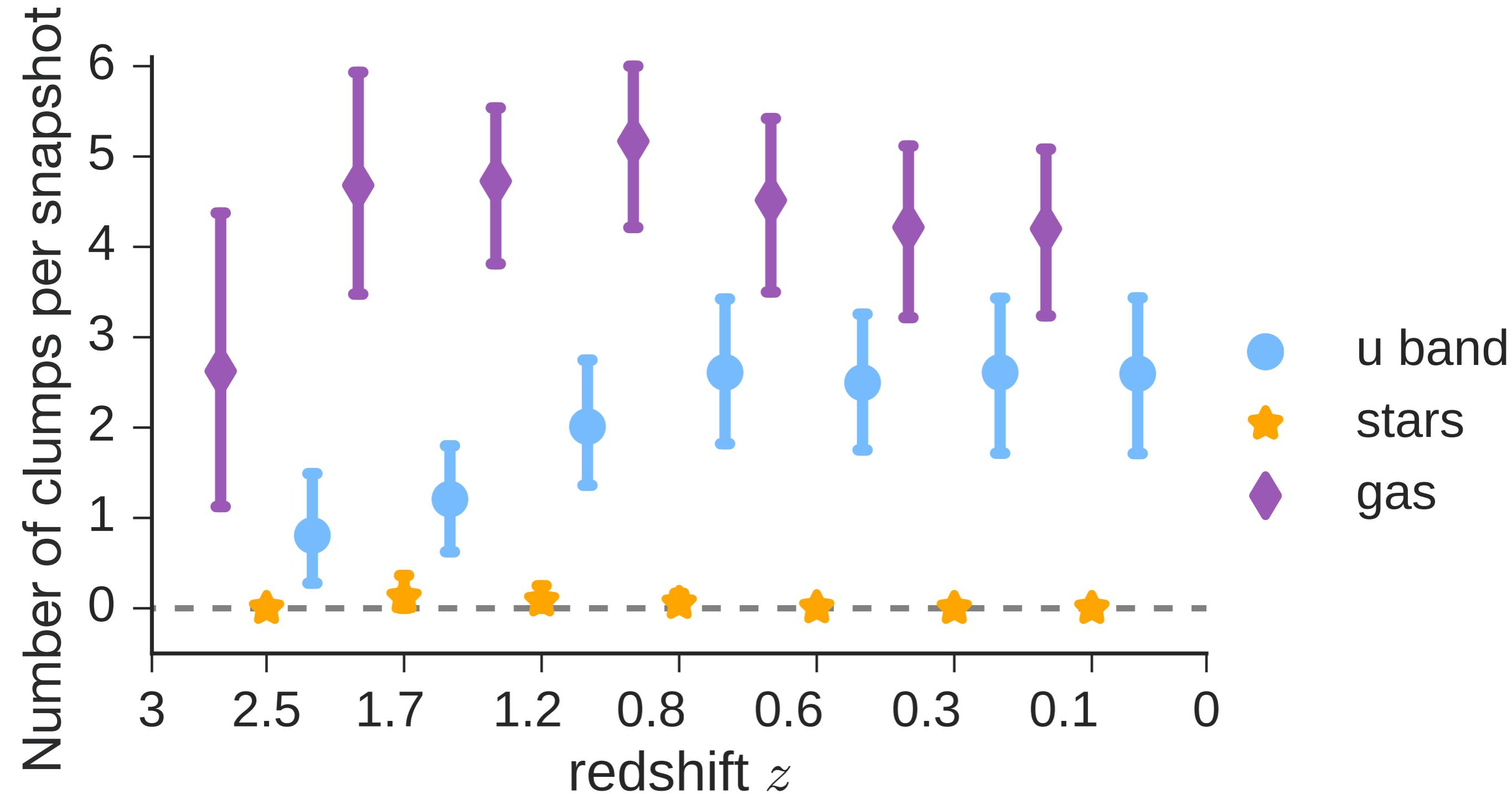
The „intrinsic“ clumps of NIHAO



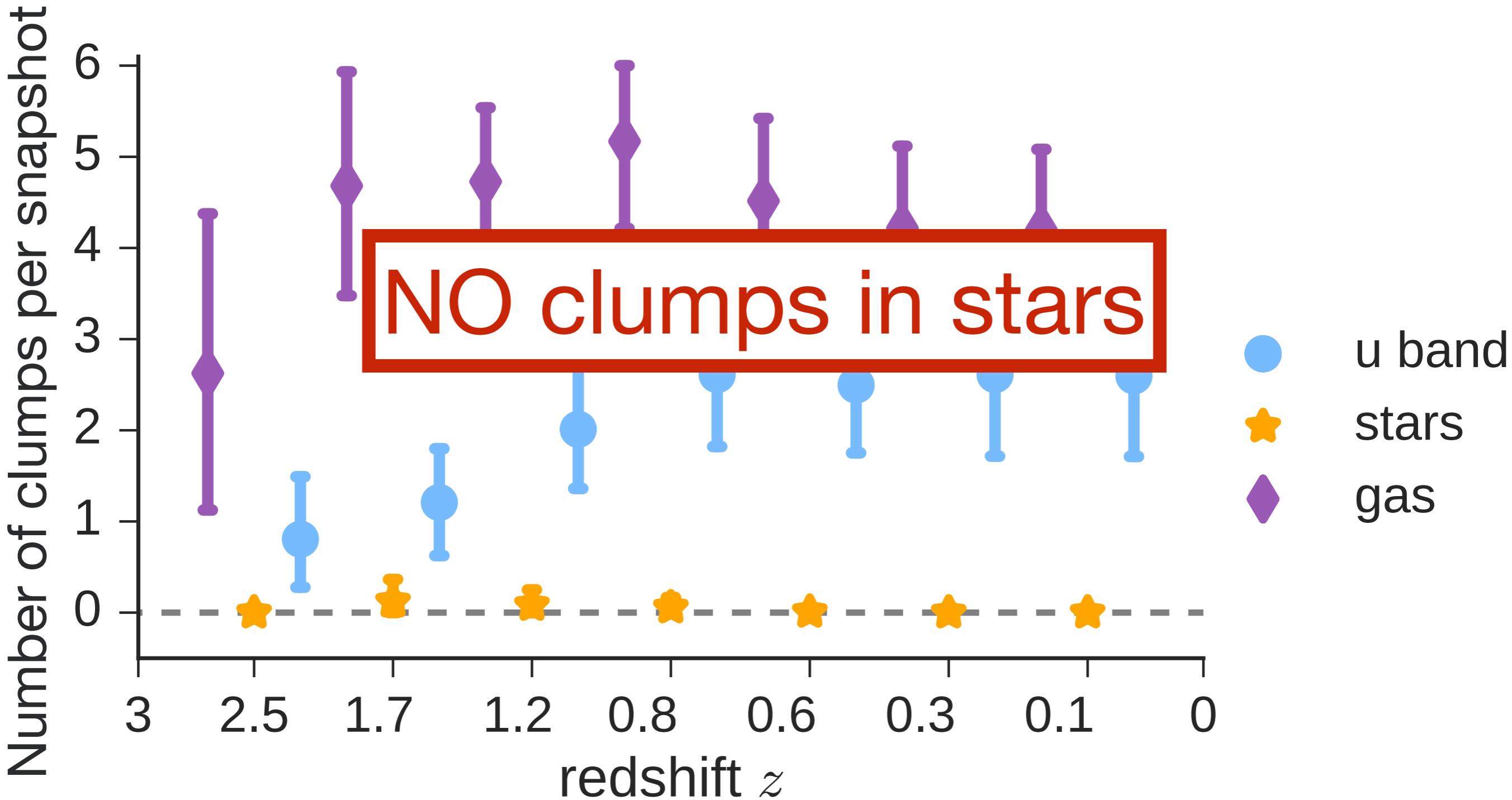
The „intrinsic“ clumps of NIHAO



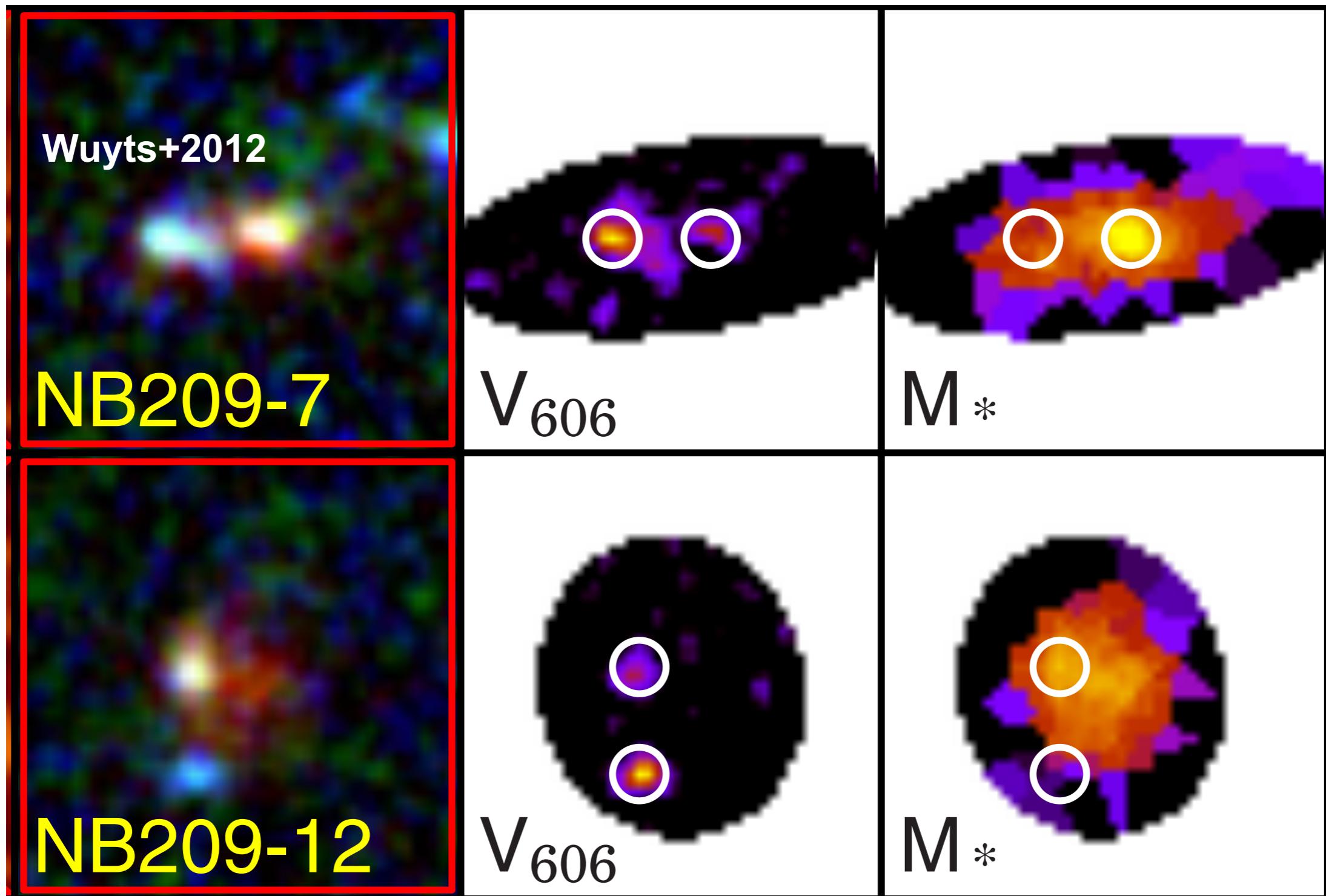
The „intrinsic“ clumps of NIHAO



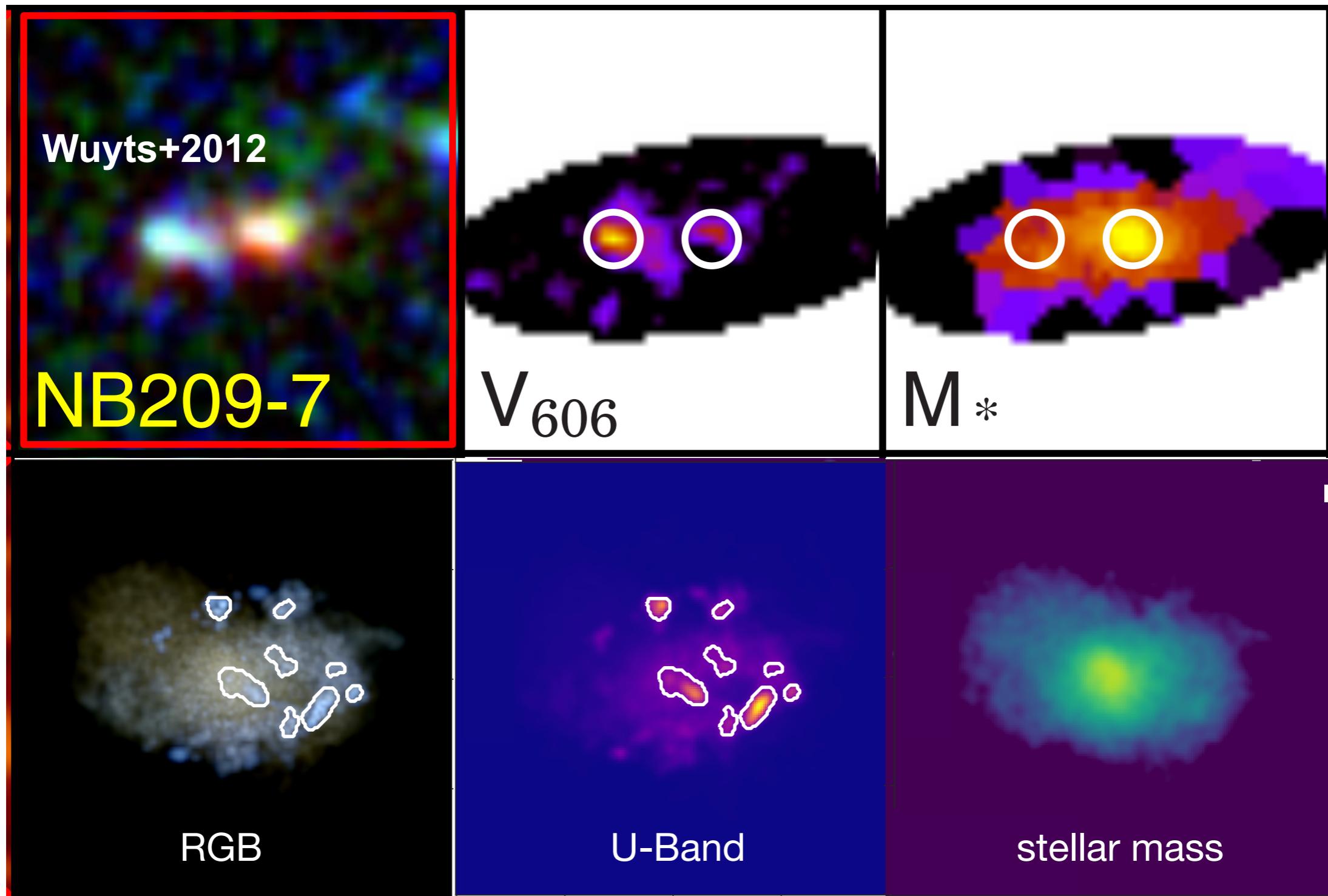
The „intrinsic“ clumps of NIHAO



Stellar mass maps of observations



Stellar mass maps of observations



Conclusions

Clumpy galaxies in NIHAO:

- agree well with observed relations
- are **ONLY** present in stellar light
- can **NOT** be found in stellar mass
- are not long lived and do not contribute to bulge growth

Conclusions

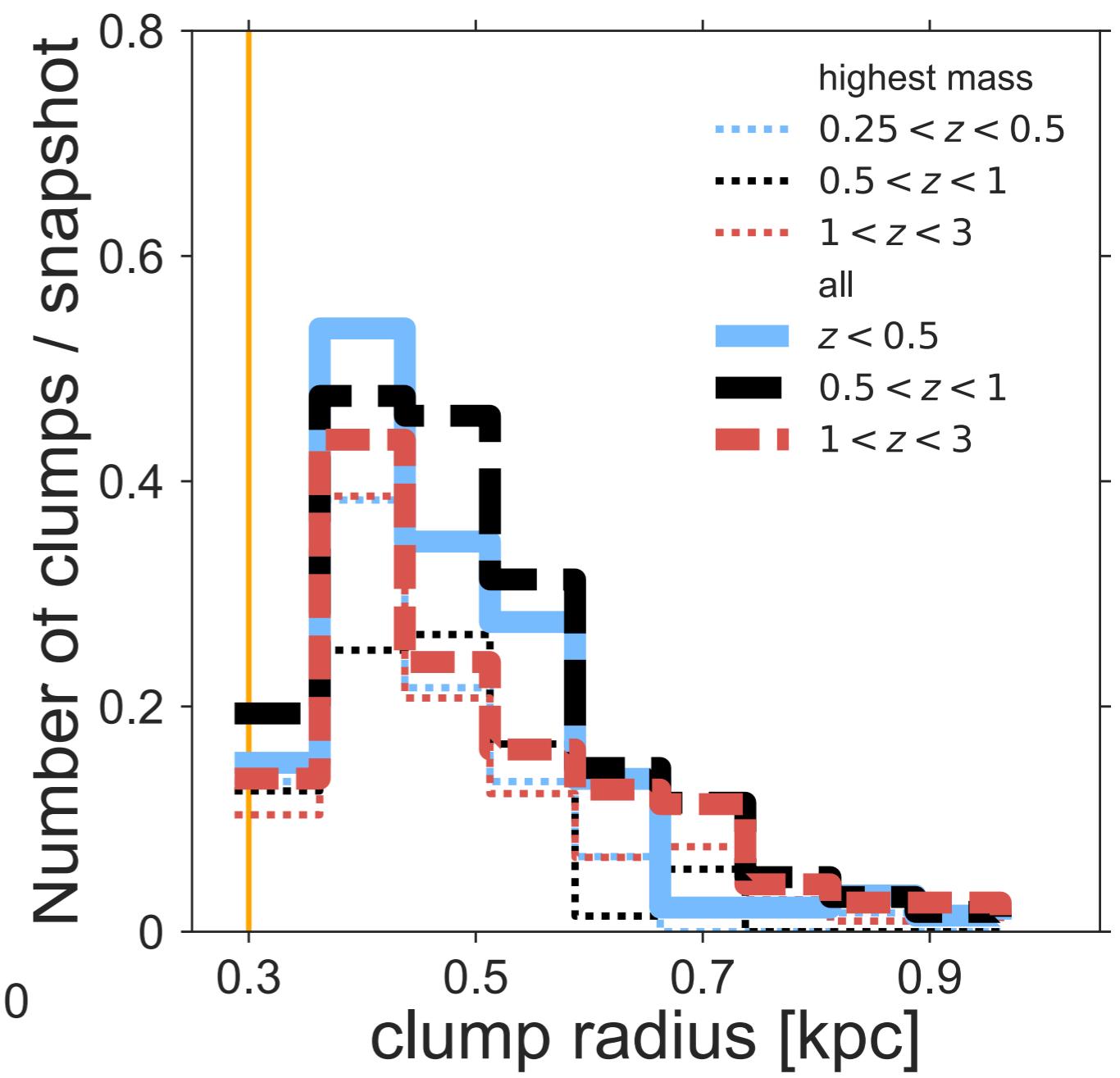
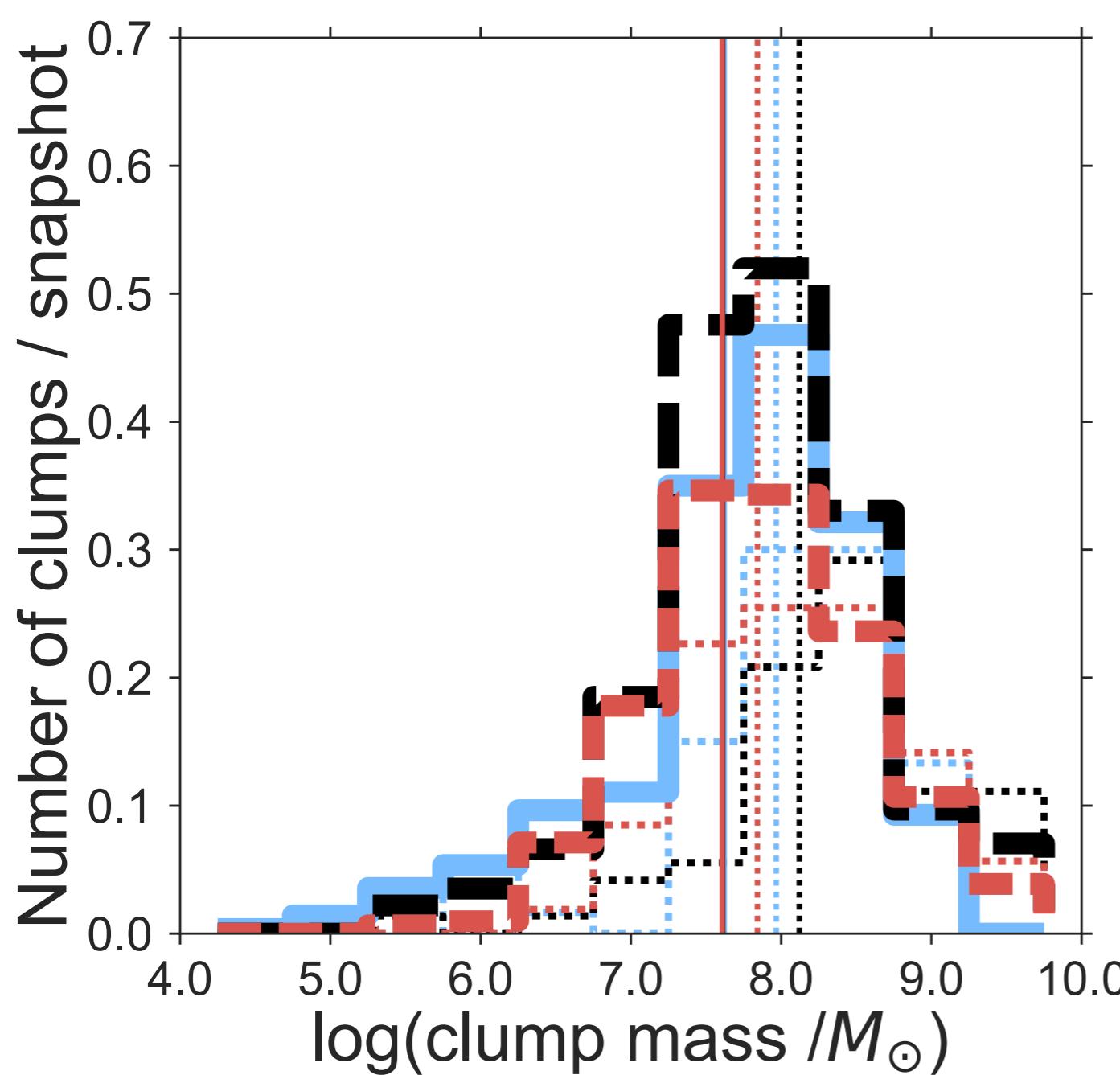
Clumpy galaxies in NIHAO:

- agree well with observed relations
- are **ONLY** present in stellar light
- can **NOT** be found in stellar mass
- are not long lived and do not contribute to bulge growth

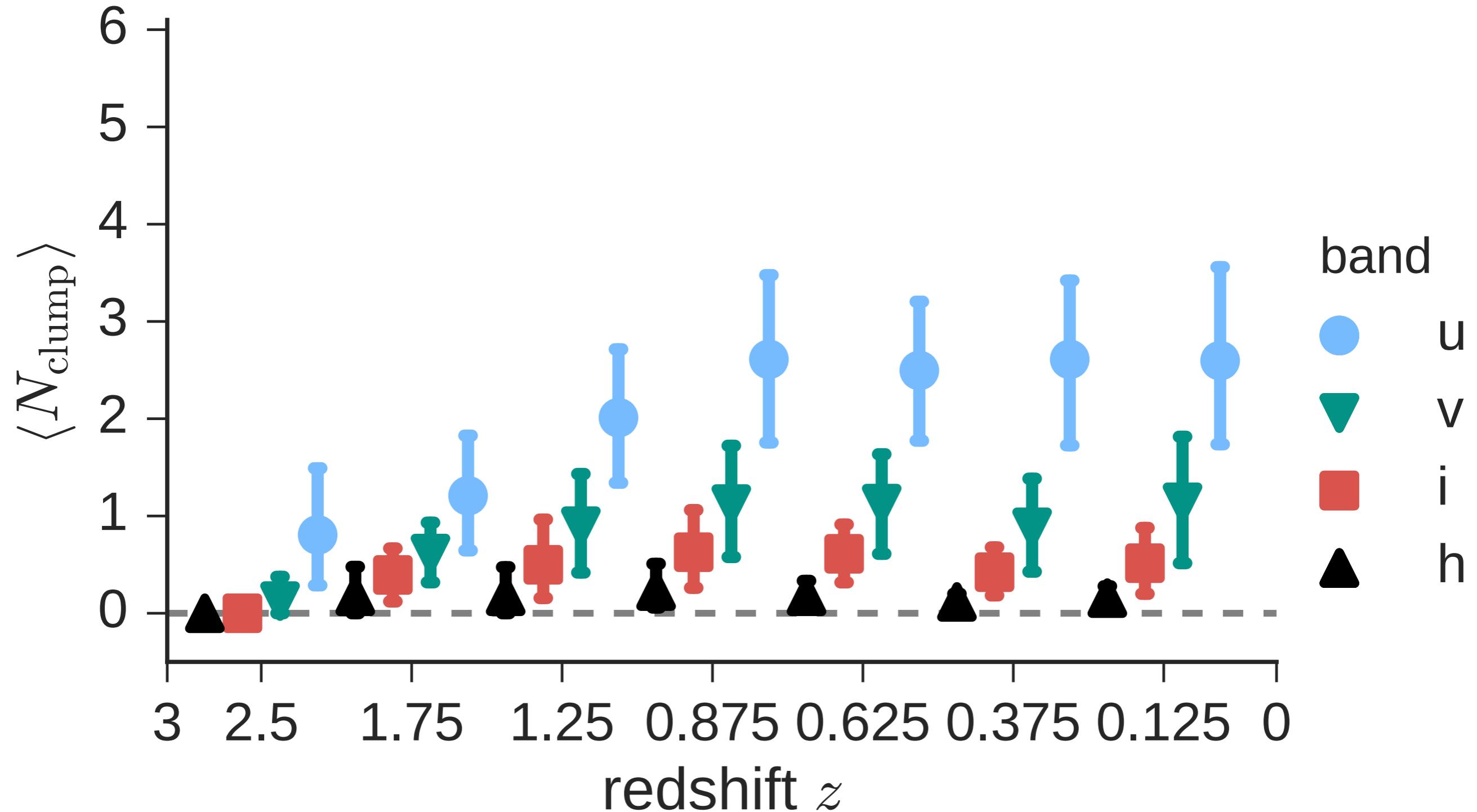
Extra Material

Ut wisi enim ad minim veniam, quis nostrud exerci tation ullamcorper suscipit lobortis nisl ut aliquip ex ea commodo consequat. Duis autem vel eum iriure dolor in hendrerit in vulputate velit esse molestie consequat, vel illum

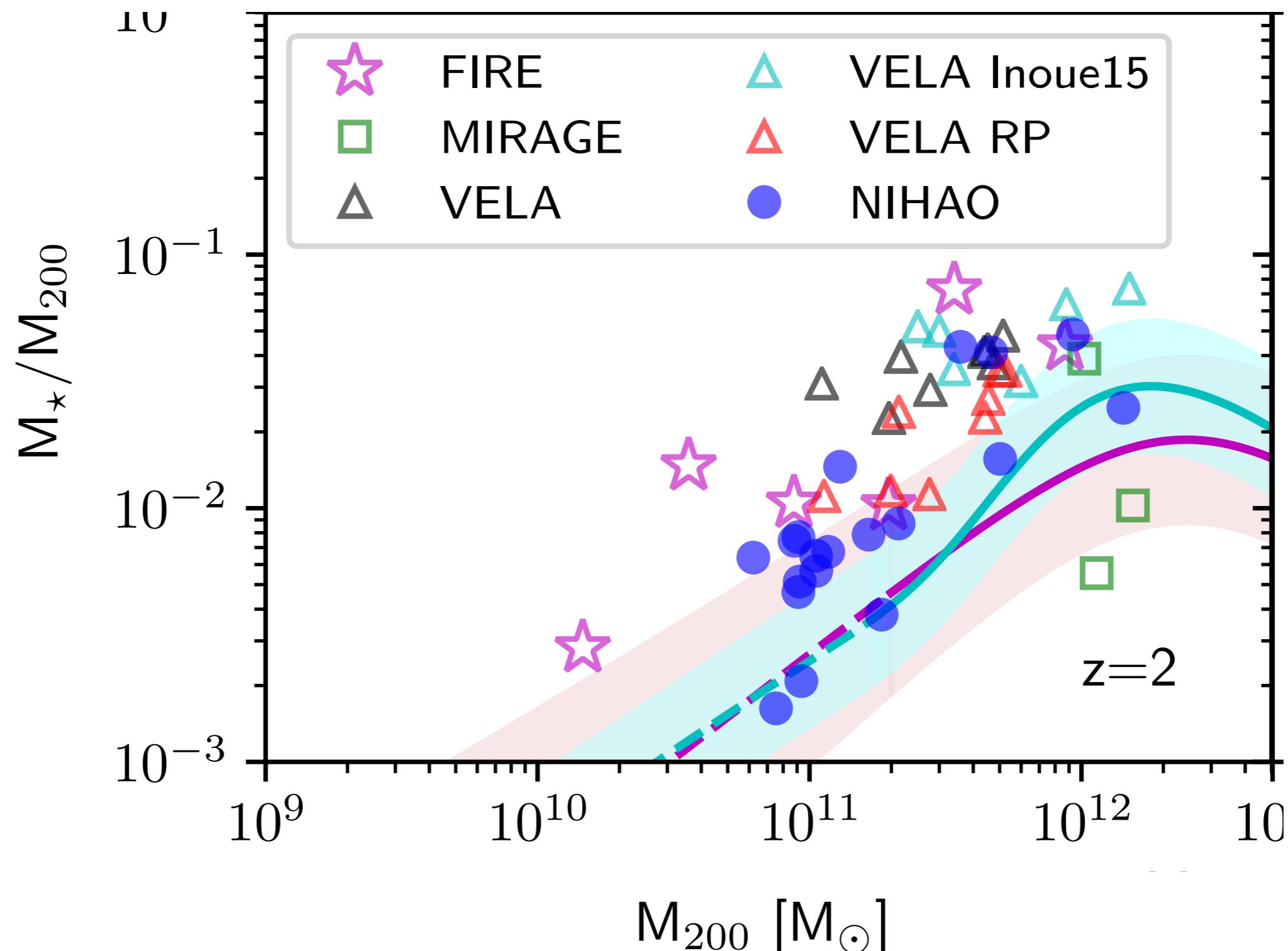
The „intrinsic“ clumps of NIHAO



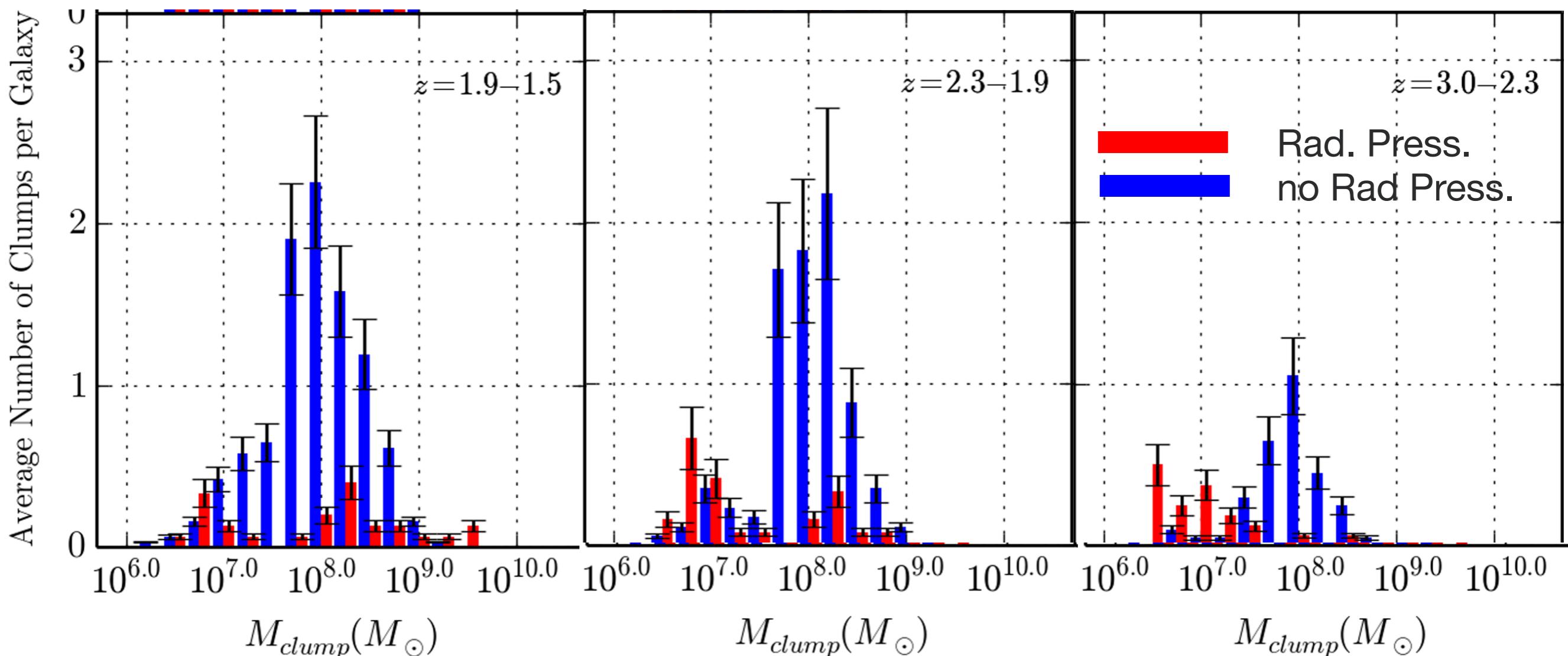
The „intrinsic“ clumps of NIHAO



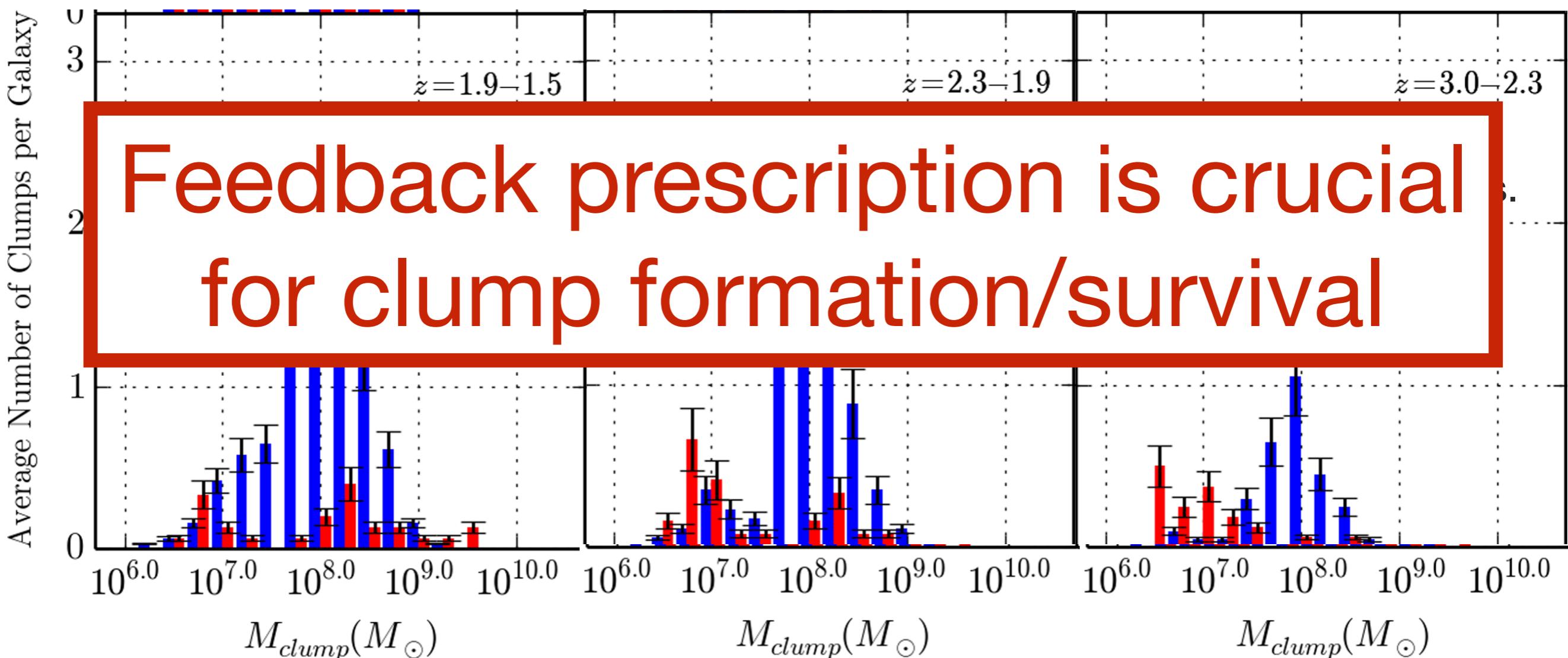
Differences to other Simulations



Differences to other Simulations

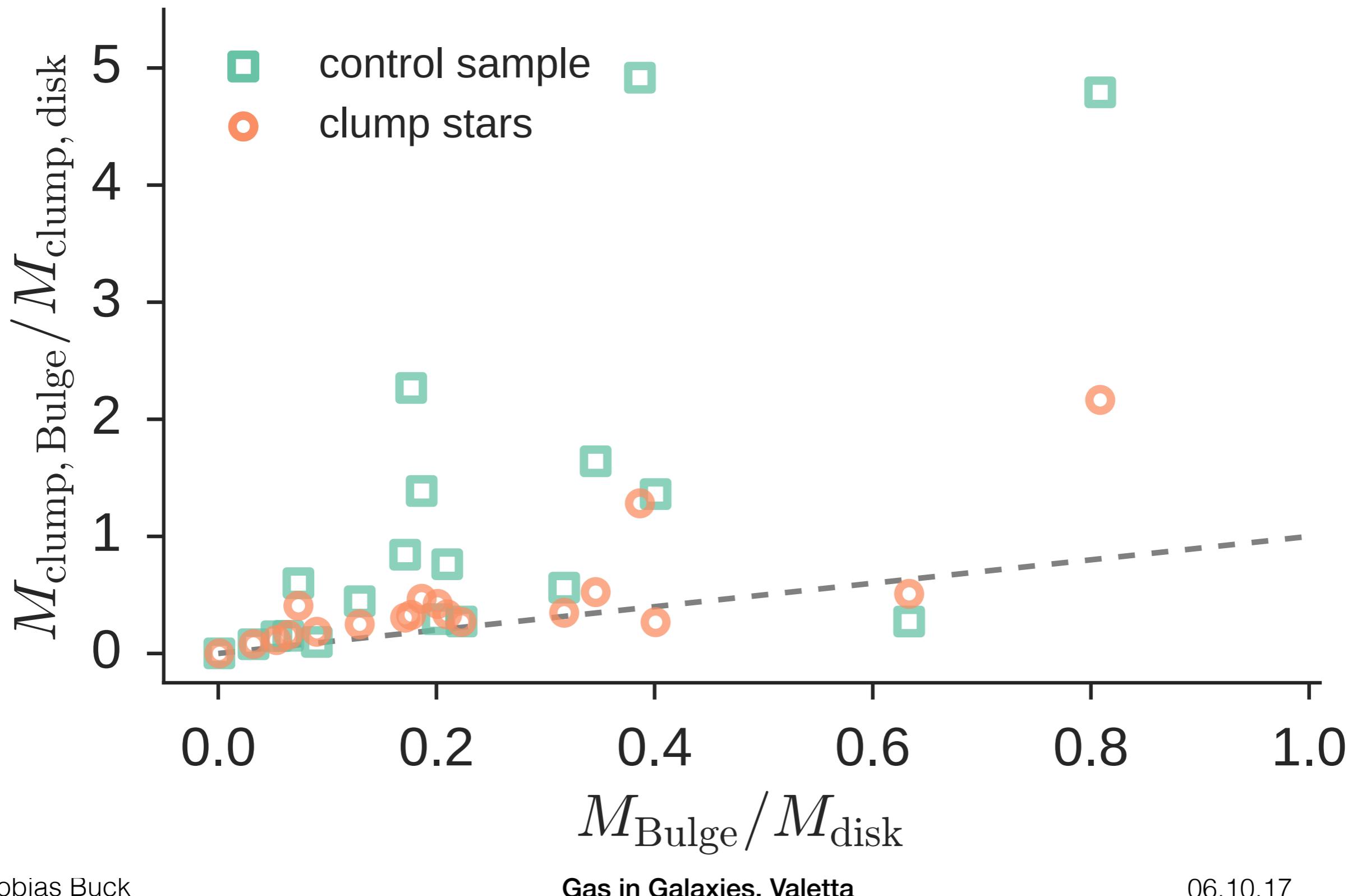


Differences to other Simulations

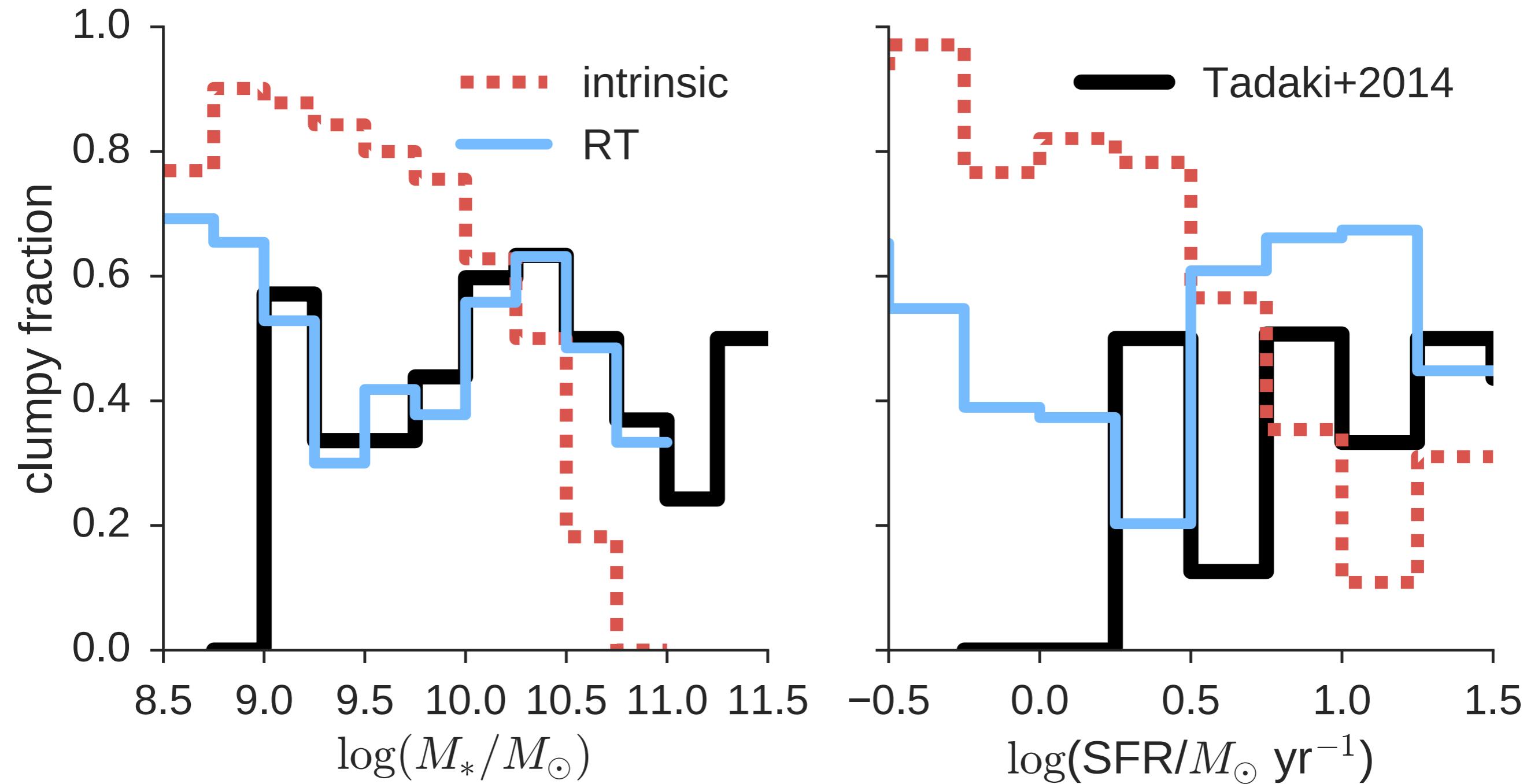


The fate of „intrinsic“ clumps in

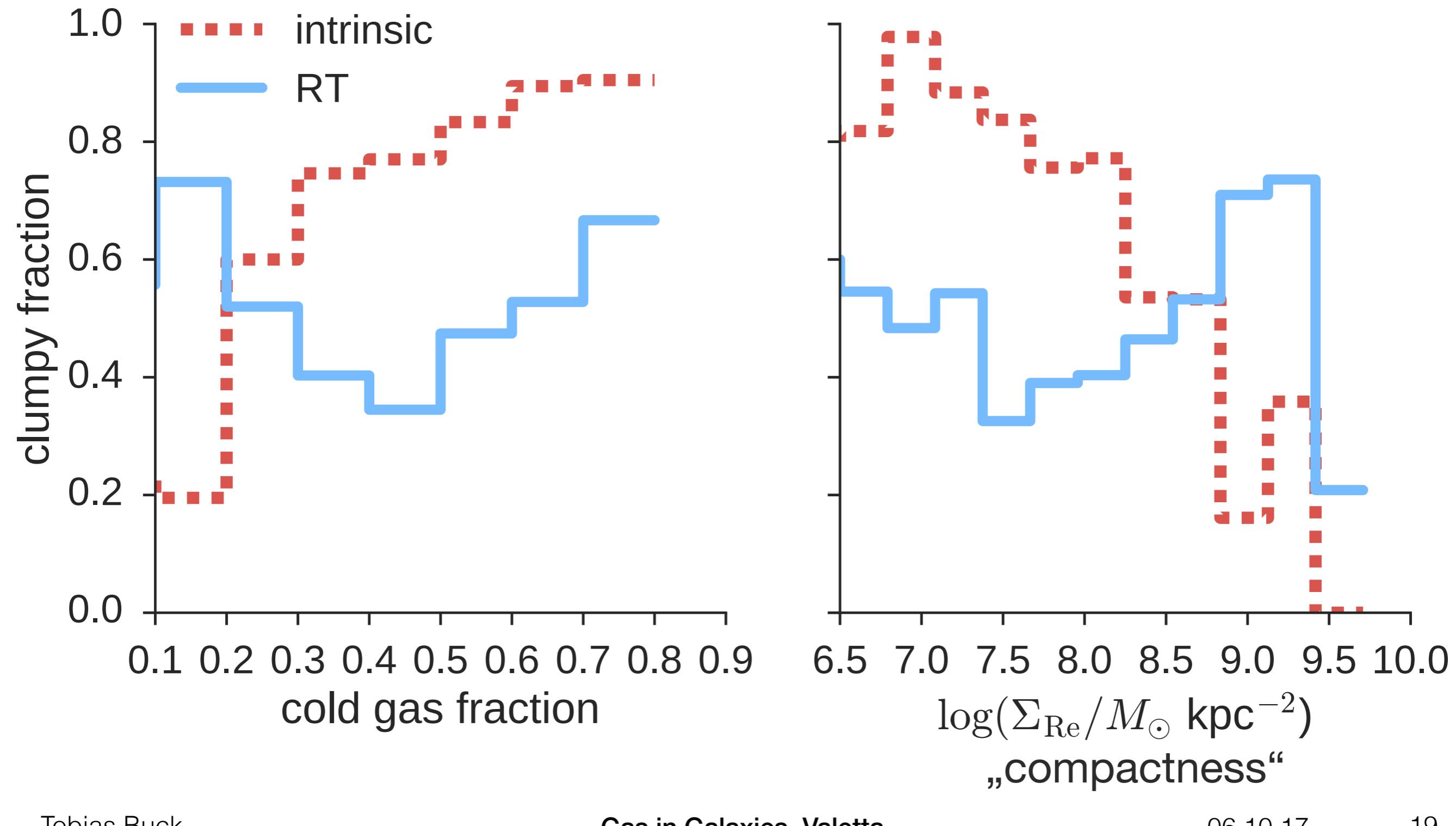
NIHAO



The „observed“ clumpy fraction of NIHAO - correlation with galaxy property

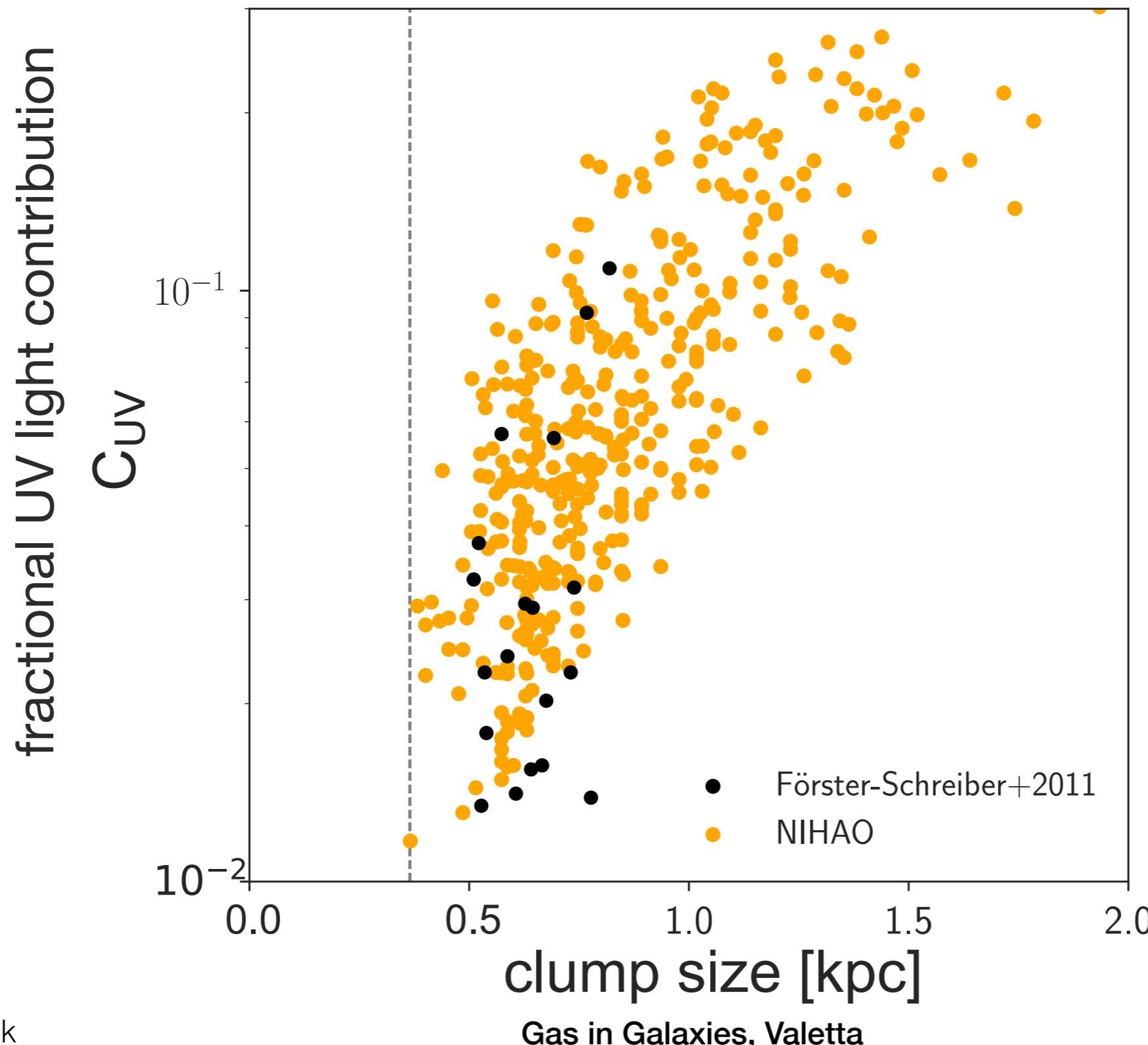


The „observed“ clumpy fraction of NIHAO - correlation with galaxy property



The „observed“ clump properties of

NIHAO



The Gas fraction of NIHAO

