

ugtest

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Outline

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- Jenkins

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Introduction to testing

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⇒ Testing software is a **necessity**

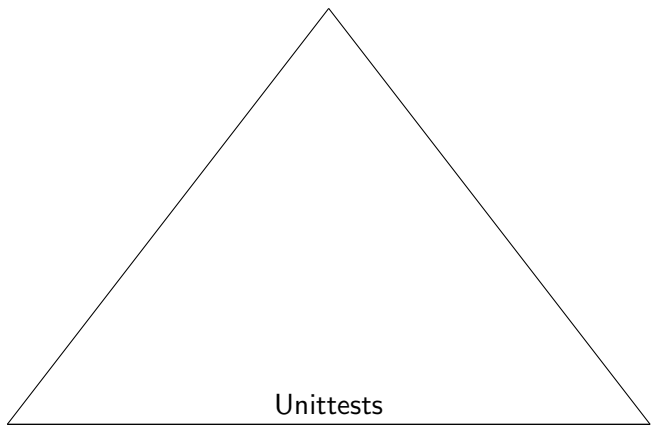
Defects

Where do defects come from?

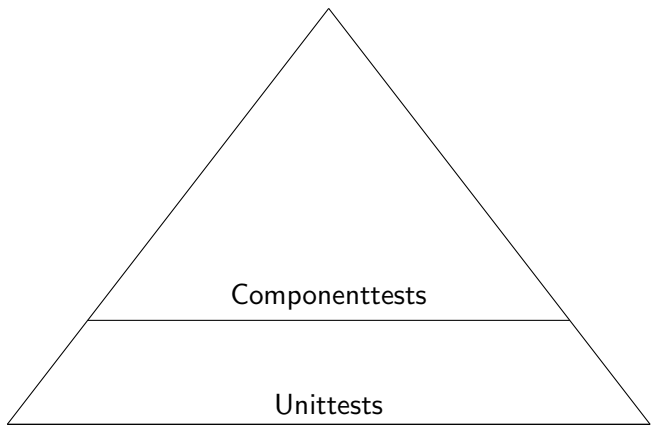
- ▶ error in design
- ▶ bug in code
- ▶ script error (lua)
- ▶ integration

⇒ Makes clear what to test with which priority

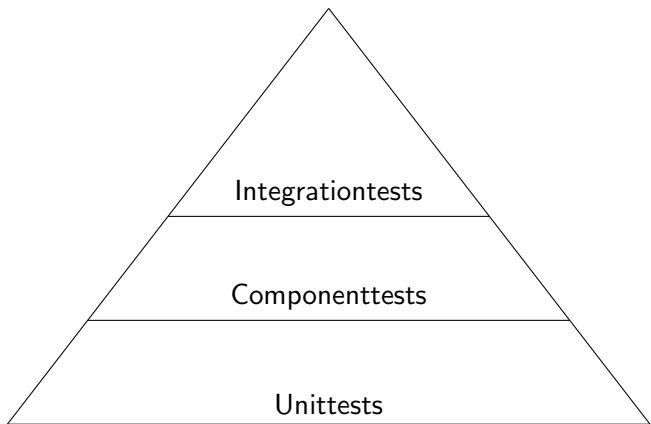
Test Pyramid



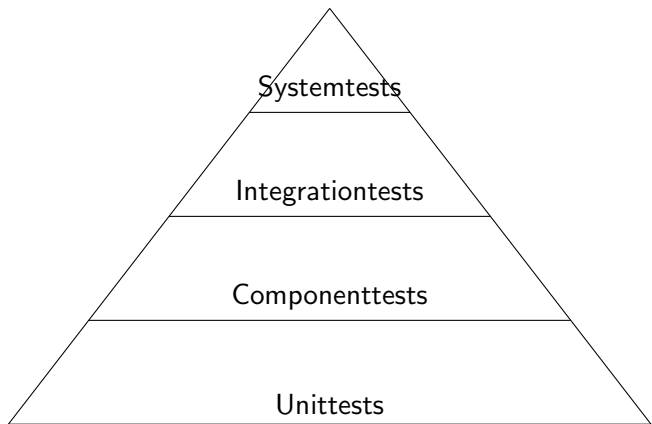
Test Pyramid



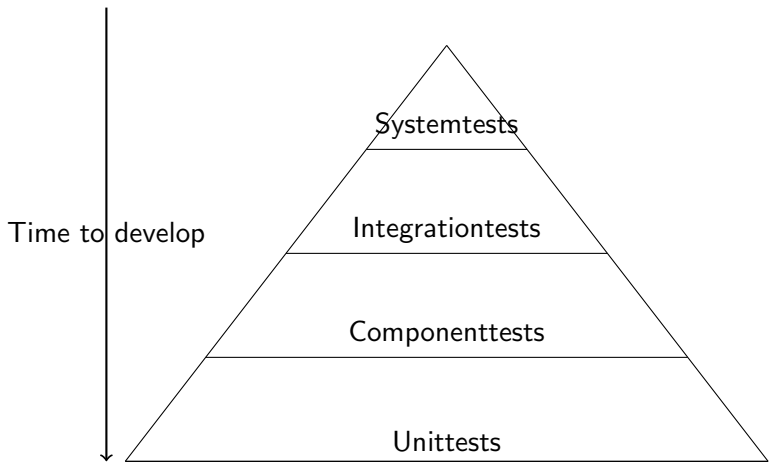
Test Pyramid



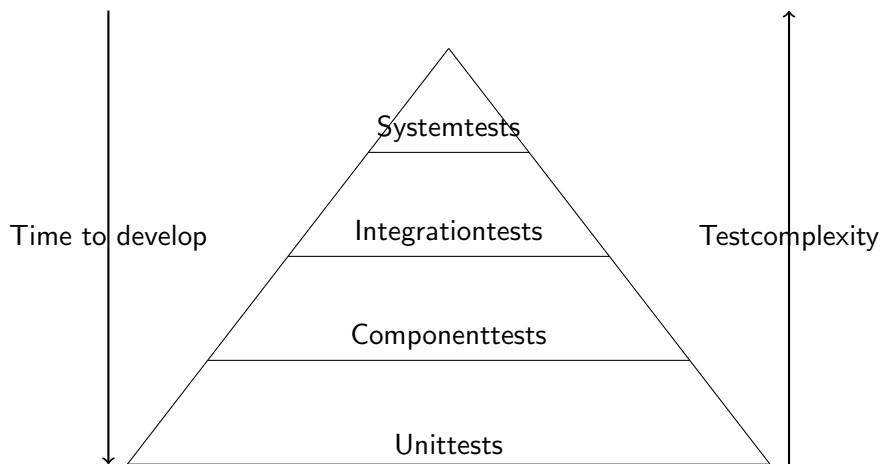
Test Pyramid



Test Pyramid



Test Pyramid



Boost.Test

Structure

```
#include "UGTest.h"
```

```
//stuff
```

```
BOOST_AUTO_TEST_SUITE(<filename>)
```

```
    BOOST_AUTO_TEST_CASE(<filename_function>)
```

```
    {
```

```
        //Testcase here
```

```
    }
```

```
    BOOST_AUTO_TEST_CASE(<filename_function_additional_info>)
```

```
    {
```

```
        //Testcase here too
```

```
    }
```

```
BOOST_AUTO_TEST_SUITE_END()
```

Assertion Levels

assertion level	error counter	test case continuation
warn		yes
check	++	yes
require	++	no

Basics

- ▶ `BOOST_<level>(predicate)`
- ▶ `BOOST_<level>_<GE,LE,GT,LT,NE>(left, right)`
- ▶ `BOOST_<level>_EQUAL(left, right)`
- ▶ `BOOST_IS_DEFINED(SYMBOL)`
- ▶ `BOOST_<level>_MESSAGE(msg)`

Nice to know

```
// left term of == is expanded in the logs
// check a % b == c has failed [13 % 2 != 12]
BOOST_CHECK(a % b == c);
// right term of == is not expanded in the logs
// check a == c % b has failed [13 != 0]
BOOST_CHECK(a == c % b);
```

Floating point comparison

```
float n1=1/3, n2=1/3;  
float t=0.00001;  
//relative  
BOOST_REQUIRE_CLOSE(n1, n2, t);  
//absolute  
BOOST_REQUIRE_CLOSE_FRACTION(n1, n2, t);
```

Exception handling

```
void some_function(int n){
    if(n == -1){
        throw Exception;
    }
}

BOOST_AUTO_TEST_SUITE(exceptionshowsuite)
    BOOST_AUTO_TEST_CASE(tst_some_function_exceptions){
        BOOST_CHECK_NO_THROW( some_function(0) );
        BOOST_CHECK_THROW( some_function(-1),
                           Exception );
    }

BOOST_AUTO_TEST_SUITE_END()
```


Fixtures

```
BOOST_AUTO_TEST_SUITE(fixtureshowsuite)
    BOOST_AUTO_TEST_CASE(fixtureshowcase , somestruct){
        //Fixture constructor called
        //Your test stuff
        //Fixture destructor called
    }
BOOST_AUTO_TEST_SUITE_END()
```

```
BOOST_FIXTURE_TEST_SUITE(fixturesuite , somestruct)
    BOOST_AUTO_TEST_CASE(descriptivename){
        //Fixture constructor & destructor called
    }

    BOOST_AUTO_TEST_CASE(descriptivename2){
        //Fixture constructor & destructor called
    }
BOOST_FIXTURE_TEST_SUITE_END()
```

Templates

```
typedef boost::mpl::list<int, long, unsigned char>
    test_types;

BOOST_AUTO_TEST_SUITE(templateshowsuite)
    BOOST_AUTO_TEST_CASE_TEMPLATE(templateshowcase, T,
        test_types)
    {
        //your super fancy template test
    }
BOOST_AUTO_TEST_SUITE_END()
```

Testing

Test execution

- ▶ add buildflags "-fprofile-arcs -ftest-coverage -fPIC" as well as no optimization for code coverage analysis
- ▶ build ug with UGTest and your plugin activated
- ▶ your plugin contains tests in a top level folder named "tests"
- ▶ executable named "ugtest_unit" lands in ug4/bin
- ▶ example:
ug4/bin \$./ugtest_unit --log-level=ALL --log-format=HRF

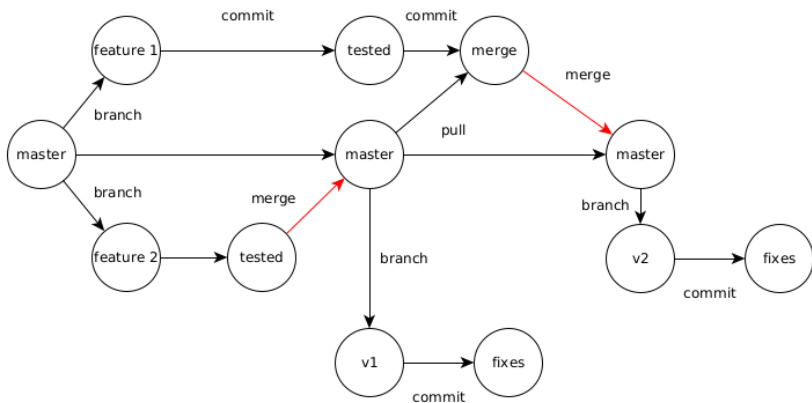
Jenkins

Additional

Continuous Integration / Continuous Delivery

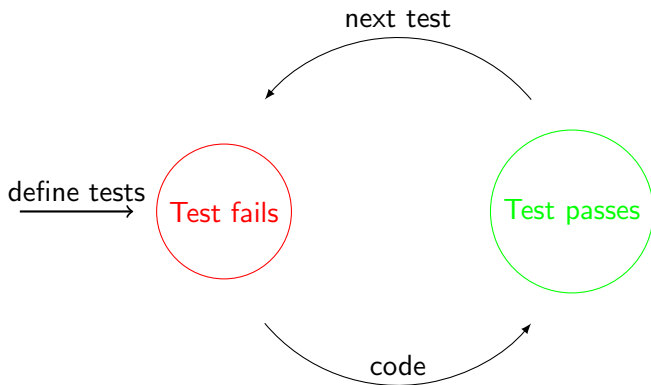


Git branching & releases



sauce

Test driven development



Toolchain

- ▶ bugtracking
- ▶ documentation user / developer (Doxygen)
- ▶ Jenkins
- ▶ gcovr (Code Coverage tool)
- ▶ git storage
- ▶ Docker
- ▶ update boost?
- ▶ gcc + clang?
- ▶ Anforderung nacherfassen!! Danach Tolls richten
- ▶ wie requiremetns testen?

Standardization

- ▶ definition of done
- ▶ design for testability
- ▶ test structure
- ▶ naming conventions

Advanced

- ▶ test data
- ▶ mocking

Additional resources

- ▶ Boost.Test executable list of params
- ▶ newest Boost.Test
- ▶ ugtest github
- ▶ Jenkins Pipeline
- ▶ Martin Fowler
- ▶ SOLID principle
- ▶ Jenkins docs

References

- ▶ Wikipedi Softwaretests
- ▶ Boost.Test 1.58 documentation
- ▶ Basiswissen Softwaretest
- ▶ Microsoft branching