Let V be a convex polygon with n vertices.

- (a) Prove that if n is divisible by 3 then V can be triangulated (i.e. dissected into non-overlapping triangles whose vertices are vertices of V) so that each vertex of V is the vertex of an odd number of triangles.
- (b) Prove that if n is not divisible by 3 then V can be triangulated so that there are exactly two vertices that are the vertices of an even number of the triangles.