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Gruppe: 1

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Übungsblatt 5

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32 stopAB = keyPress 's'

```
|5.1| Fah'n, fah'n, fah'n auf der Autobahn
   main :: IO ()
   main = reactimate "Car" $ lift1 picToGraphic (wheels 'over' carBody)
   carBody :: Behavior Picture
   carBody = paint green $ move position $ poly $ lift2 map (lift1 rot orientation) $ rect 0.2 0.5
   wheels :: Behavior Picture
   wheels = frontWheels 'over' rearWheels
   frontWheels :: Behavior Picture
   frontWheels = frontWheelL 'over' frontWheelR
85
86
   rearWheels :: Behavior Picture
   rearWheels = rearWheel (-0.15, 0.115) 'over' rearWheel (-0.15, -0.115)
   frontWheelL :: Behavior Picture
90
   frontWheelL = paint white $ move position $ poly $ lift2 map (lift1 rot orientation) $ lift2 map (lift1
91
   frontWheelR :: Behavior Picture
   frontWheelR = paint white $ move position $ poly $ lift2 map (lift1 rot orientation) $ lift2 map (lift1
95
   rearWheel :: (Float, Float) \rightarrow Behavior Picture
   rearWheel p = paint white $ move position $ wheelShape where
97
     wheelShape = poly $ lift2 map (lift1 rot orientation) $ lift2 map (lift1 trans (constB p)) $ rect 0.03
98
   trans (tx,ty)(x,y) = (x+tx, y+ty)
   — Rotate a point by an angle around the origin
   \mathsf{rot} :: \mathsf{Float} \to (\mathsf{Float}, \; \mathsf{Float}) \to (\mathsf{Float}, \; \mathsf{Float})
   rot w (x, y)=(x* cos w- y* sin w, x* sin w+ y* cos w)
   — Convert polar coordinates to cartesian and vice versa
   cart :: Float→ Float→ (Float, Float)
   cart r w = rot w (r, 0) — to cart
   polar :: (Float, Float) → (Float, Float)
   polar (x, y) = (sqrt (x*x+ y*y), atan2 y x)—from cart
  — Draw a polygon
   poly :: Behavior [(Float, Float)]→ Behavior Region
   poly pts = shape $ lift1 Polygon pts
  — Key press events to start/stop acceleration and breaking
   startAcc, stopAB, startBrk :: Event ()
   startAcc = keyPress 'a'
```

```
startBrk = keyPress 'd'
34
35
   acceleration :: Behavior Float
36
    acceleration = 0 'untilB' ca where
37
       ca = (startAcc \rightarrow > 0.5 'untilB' ca) . | .
38
             (stopAB \rightarrow > 0 'untilB' ca) . | .
39
             (startBrk \rightarrow > (-0.5) 'untilB' ca) — .—.
40
41
    rect :: Float \rightarrow Float \rightarrow Behavior [(Float, Float)]
42
    rect s2 s1 =
43
      let s12 = s1/2
44
          s22 = s2/2
45
      in constB [(-s12,-s22),(-s12,s22),(s12,s22),(s12,-s22)]
46
47
48
   motionVec :: Behavior (Float, Float)
49
   motionVec = lift2 cart velo orientation
50
51
    position :: Behavior (Float, Float)
52
    position = vecIntegral motionVec
53
54
   steerAngle :: Behavior Float
55
    steerAngle = negate $ lift3 clamp (-0.8) 0.8 (fst mouse) where
56
      clamp mn mx = max mn \circ min mx
57
   workAngleR :: Behavior Float
59
   workAngleR = 0 'untilB' ev where
60
      ev = (when (steerAngle <* 0) 'snapshot_' (negate $ atan (0.3 / (radius -0.1))) <math>\Rightarrow > \lambda x \rightarrow (constB > 0)
61
            (when (steerAngle > * 0) 'snapshot_' (atan (0.3 / (radius+0.1))) \Rightarrow > \lambda x \rightarrow (constB \times untilB')
62
   workAngleL :: Behavior Float
64
   workAngleL = 0 'untilB' ev where
65
      ev = (when (steerAngle >* 0) 'snapshot_' (atan (0.3 / (radius -0.1))) \Rightarrow> \lambda x \rightarrow (constB x 'untilB'
66
            (when (steerAngle <* 0) 'snapshot_' (negate \$ atan (0.3 / (radius+0.1))) \Rightarrow> \lambda x \rightarrow (constB >
67
68
   velo :: Behavior Float
69
    velo = integral acceleration
70
71
   orientation :: Behavior Float
72
    orientation = integral \$ velo * ( steerAngle / 0.3)
73
74
    radius :: Behavior Float
75
    radius = 0.3 / (tan $ abs steerAngle)
```

Tests

Getestet wurden beide Aufgaben, indem die Simulation funktional ausprobiert wurde. Die Tests verliefen erfolgreich.