

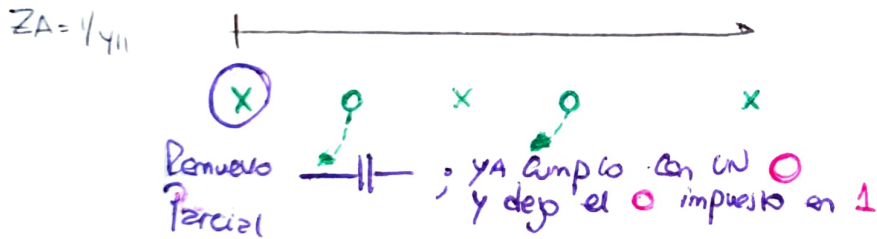
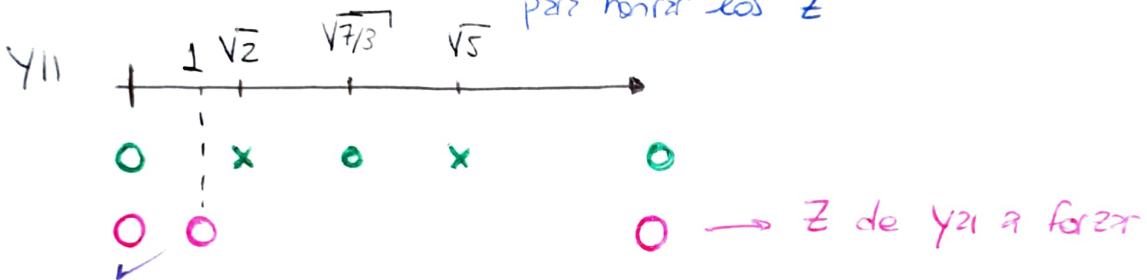
TAREA SEMANAL 18

1

$$Y_{11} = \frac{I_2}{V_1} \Big|_{V_2=0} = \frac{3s(s^2 + 7/3)}{(s^2 + 2)(s^2 + 5)} ; Y_{21} = \frac{I_1}{V_1} \Big|_{V_2=0} = \frac{s(s^2 + 1)}{(s^2 + 2)(s^2 + 5)}$$

$$T(s) = \frac{I_2}{I_1} \Big|_{V_2=0} \Rightarrow \frac{Y_{21}}{Y_{11}} \text{ } \therefore \text{ debo sintetizar } Y_{11} \text{ borrando los } (Z_0) \text{ de } T_{transferencia}, \text{ es decir los } (Z_0) \text{ de } Y_{21} \text{ en este caso}$$

\Rightarrow Planteo Y_{11} , y veo donde quiero forzar las resonancias para borrar los "Z"



(2)

$$\frac{s^4 + 7s^2 + 10}{3s(s^2 + 7/3)} - \frac{k_0}{s} = 0$$

$s = j\omega = j$

$$s^4 + 7s^2 + 10 - 3k_0 s^2 - 7k_0 = 0$$

$$j^4 + (7 - 3k_0)j^2 + 10 - 7k_0 = 0$$

$$1 - (7 - 3k_0) + 10 - 7k_0 = 0$$

$$11 = 7 - 3k_0 + 7k_0$$

$$4 = 4k_0 \Rightarrow k_0 = 1$$

Verificando

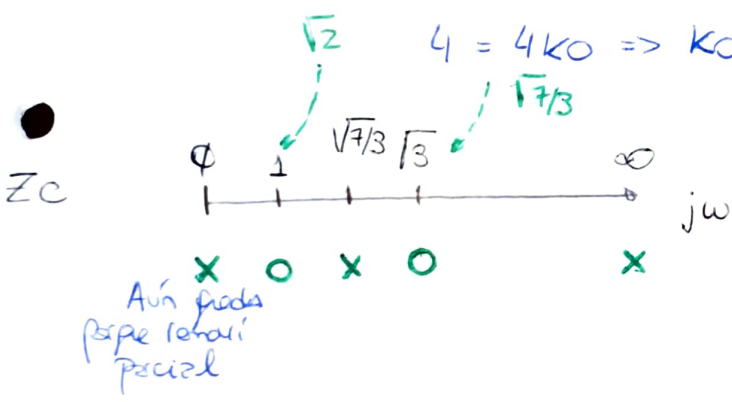
$$\frac{s^4 + 7s^2 + 10}{3s(s^2 + 7/3)} - \frac{1}{s}$$

$$\frac{s^4 + 7s^2 + 10 - 3s^2 - 7}{3s(s^2 + 7/3)}$$

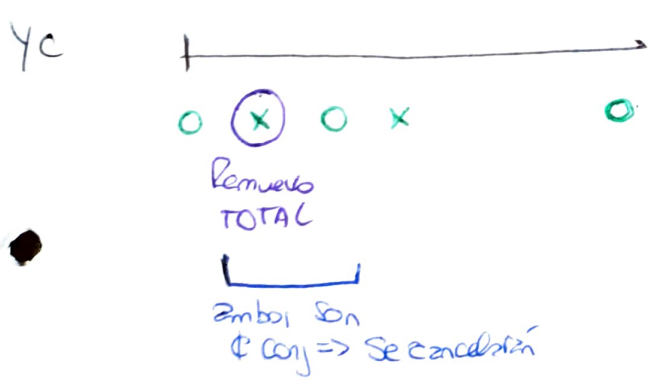
$$\frac{s^4 + 4s^2 + 3}{3s(s^2 + 7/3)} \Rightarrow \text{OK}$$

$$Z_B = \frac{1}{1}$$

$$Z_C = \frac{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 3)}{3s(s^2 + 7/3)}$$



lo saco como factor



$$Y_C(s) = \frac{3s(s^2 + 7/3)}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 3)}$$

$$\frac{2k_i s}{s^2 + \omega_i^2} = \angle_{s \rightarrow -\omega_i^2} Y(s)$$

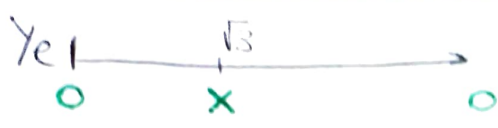
$$2k_i = \angle_{s \rightarrow -1} \frac{(s^2 + 1)^2}{s^2} \frac{3s(s^2 + 7/3)}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 3)}$$

$$2k_i = \frac{4/3}{2} = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow Y_e(s) = Y_C(s) - \frac{2s}{s^2 + (1')^2}$$

$$\frac{3s(s^2 + 7/3)}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 3)} - \frac{2s}{s^2 + 1}$$

$$\frac{3s(s^2 + 7/3) - 2s(s^2 + 3)}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 3)} = \frac{3s^3 + 7s - 2s^3 - 6s}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 3)} = \frac{s^3 + s}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 3)} = \frac{s(s^2 + 1)}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 3)} = \frac{s}{s^2 + 3}$$




→ YA Removi en $\phi, 1 \rightarrow$ Me falta en ∞ (3)

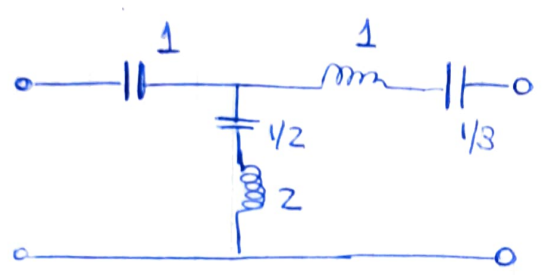


Sección

$$\frac{\$^2 + 3}{\$^2} \quad \begin{array}{|c} \$ \\ \hline \$ \end{array} \quad \frac{1}{mm}$$

$$\frac{3}{\$}$$

eg  es en capacitor de $1/3$



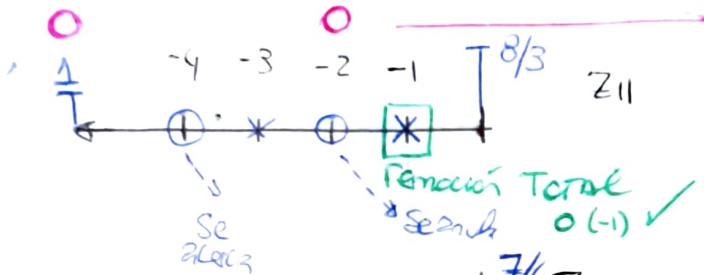
y termino en serie \Rightarrow puedo medir $V_2 = \phi$ ✓

② $T(s) = \frac{Y_2}{Y_1} \Big|_{I_2=0} = \frac{K(s+1)}{(s+2)(s+4)}$

Yo sé que $T(s) = \frac{Z_{21}}{Z_{11}} = \frac{-Y_{21}}{Y_{22}} \rightarrow$ tengo 2 opciones para sintetizar

• Parámetros Z $\frac{Z_{21}}{Z_{11}} = \frac{N/D}{P/D}, \quad Z(\phi) > Z(\infty)$

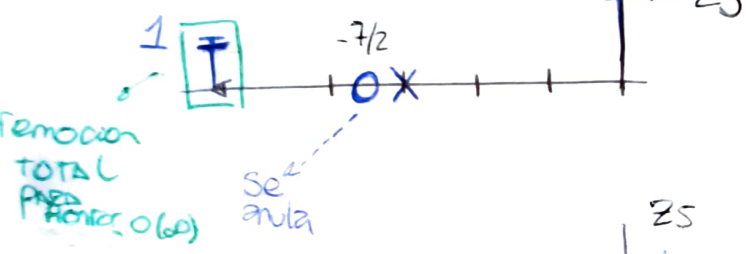
Adopto $Z_{11} = \frac{(s+2)(s+4)}{(s+1)(s+3)}$



A Remover para tener Z_{21}

$$\frac{k_1}{s+1} = \frac{1}{s+1} \quad Z_{11}$$

$$k_1 = \frac{(s+1)(s+2)(s+4)}{(s+1)(s+3)} \Big|_{s=-1} = \frac{3}{2}$$



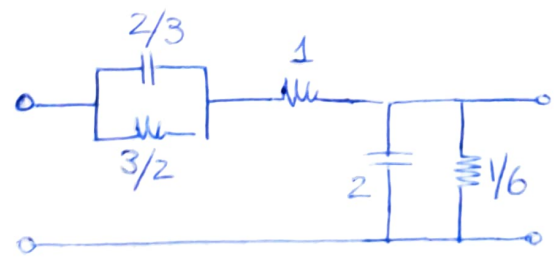
$Z_3(s) = \frac{s^2 + 6s + 8}{(s+1)(s+3)} - \frac{3/2}{s+1} = \frac{s^2 + 6s + 8 - 3/2(s+1)}{(s+1)(s+3)}$

$Z_3(s) = \frac{s + 7/2}{s + 3}$

$\frac{1}{s+3} \Rightarrow Z_5(s) = \frac{s + 7/2}{s + 3} - 1 = \frac{1/2}{s + 3}$

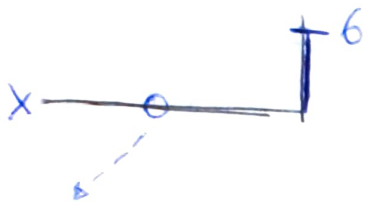
esto ya es fácil luego de sintetizar \rightarrow si sigo por el polígrafo debería intentar para Remover en ∞

\Rightarrow SACO Y S PARA $\Big|_{I_2=0} = 2s + 6$



$T(\phi) = \frac{3/2 \cdot 1}{1/6 + 1 + 3/2} = \frac{1/6}{16} = \frac{1}{16} = \frac{1/6}{8/3}$

esto no cumple $T(\phi)$...
 veo de remover de A 1



$$y = \frac{\$+3}{1/2} = 2\$+6$$

$$y = 2\$+6 - k$$

$$= \underbrace{k \cdot 0. \$}_{2} + \underbrace{60}_{1/6}$$

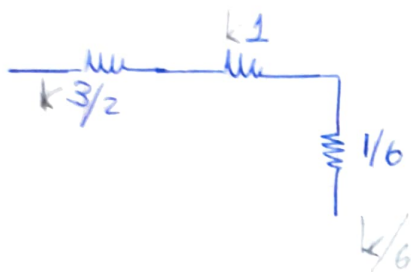
\Rightarrow Me pack just

$$\begin{array}{r} \$+3 \quad \frac{1/2}{2\$} \\ 3/ \end{array}$$

(4)

$$k \cdot 0. \$ = \frac{2\$+6}{1} = 2\$+6$$

Signe d'abord la mme



$$= \frac{1/6}{8/3} =$$

$$\frac{1/6}{1/6 + 1 + 3/2} \quad \left(\frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{3}{8} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{1/6}{k/6 + 5/2}$$

deberia tener - res, standar

$$\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{6} +$$

$$\frac{k}{8} = \frac{1}{16} \Rightarrow \boxed{k = 1/2} \Rightarrow$$

• Parámetros y

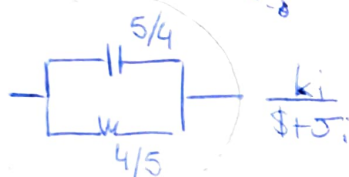
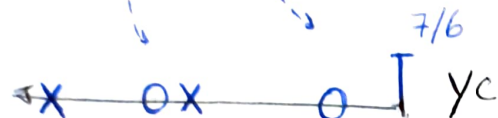
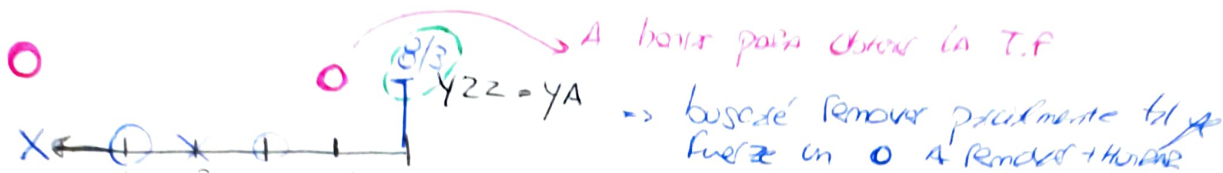
$$\frac{y_{21}}{y_{22}} = \frac{R/D}{P/D} \Rightarrow$$

$$y_{22}(s) = \frac{(s+4)(s+2)}{(s+3)}$$

(5)

$$y(\infty) > y(0) \\ \infty > 4/3$$

rear



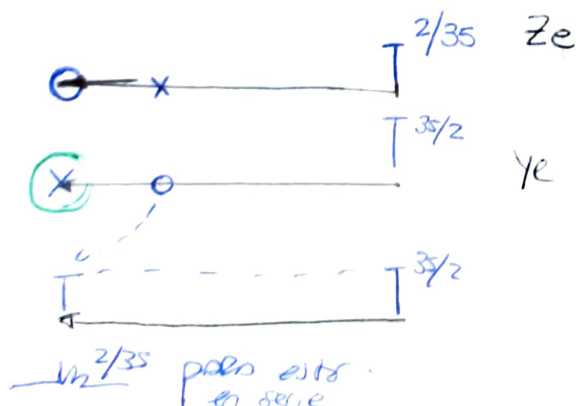
$$\frac{K_i}{s+0} = \frac{K_i}{s+0} \quad \text{EC}(s)$$

$$K_i = \lim_{s \rightarrow -1} (s+1) \frac{(s+3)}{(s+1)(s+7/2)}$$

$$K_i = \frac{2}{5/2} = 4/5$$

$$Z_e(s) = Z_e(s) - \frac{4/5}{s+1} = \frac{(s+3)}{(s+1)(s+7/2)} - \frac{4/5}{s+1} = \frac{s+3 - 4/5 \cdot s - 14/5}{(s+1)(s+7/2)} = \frac{1/5 s + 1/5}{(s+1)(s+7/2)}$$

$$Z_e(s) = \frac{1/5}{s+7/2}$$



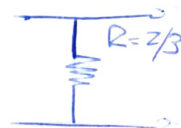
$$\frac{s^2 + 6s + 8}{s+3} - 60 \Big|_{s=-1} = 0$$

$$s^2 + s(6-60) + (8-360) = 0$$

$$1 - 6 + 6\phi + 8 - 36\phi = 0$$

$$3 = 260 \Rightarrow 60 = 3/2$$

$$\Rightarrow R = 2/3$$



y termino en 11
 $\Rightarrow I_2 = 0$

$$\frac{s^2 + 6s + 8}{s+3} - 3/2 = \frac{s^2 + 6s + 8 - 3/2 s - 9/2}{s+3}$$

$$Y_c(s) = \frac{s^2 + 9/2 s + 7/2}{s+3} = \frac{(s+1)(s+7/2)}{(s+3)}$$

$$Y_c(0) = 7/6$$

$$K_{\infty} = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} Y_c(s)$$

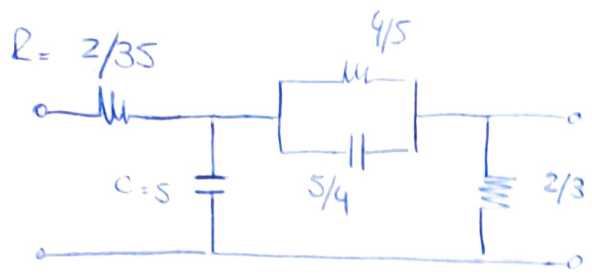
$$K_{\infty} = \frac{1}{s} \frac{s+7/2}{1/5}$$

$$K_{\infty} = 5 ; \quad \frac{s+7/2}{1/5} \frac{1/5}{5s}$$

$$\Rightarrow Y_8 = \frac{7/2}{1/5}$$

$$7/2$$

⑥



$$T(\phi) = \frac{k}{8} \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{2/3}{2/3 + 2/35 + 4/5} = \frac{2/3}{32/21} = 7/16$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{k}{8} = \frac{7}{16}$$

$$\boxed{k = 7/2}$$

Y_{11}

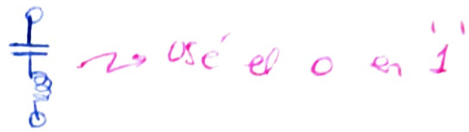
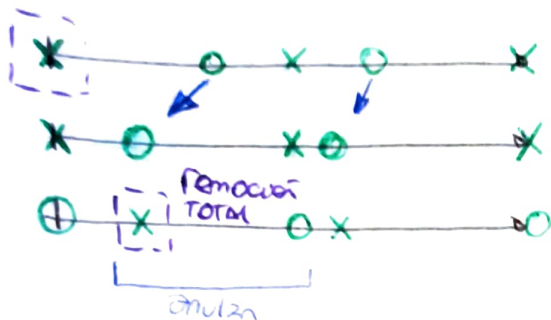
1 $\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{3}$ 15



0 \rightarrow A factor

use el 0 en ϕ'

Z_1
Remoción parcial
 Z_3

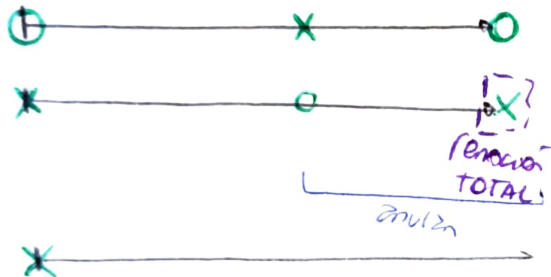


use el 0 en '1'

Y_3

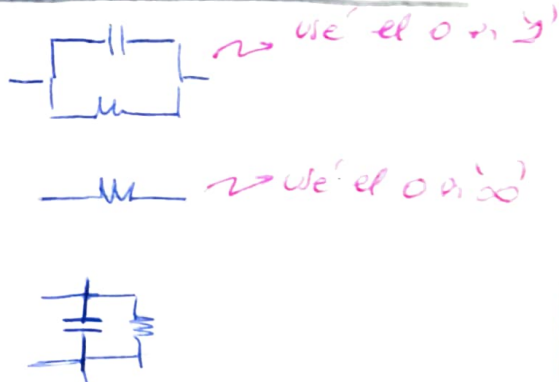
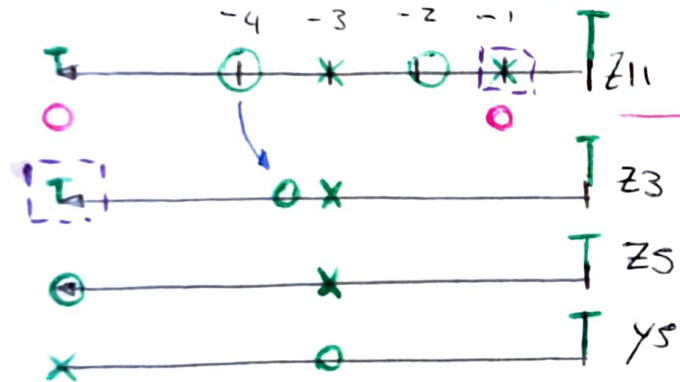
Y_5

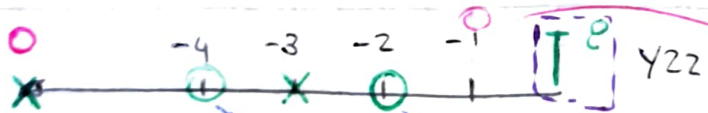
Z_5



use el 0 en ∞'



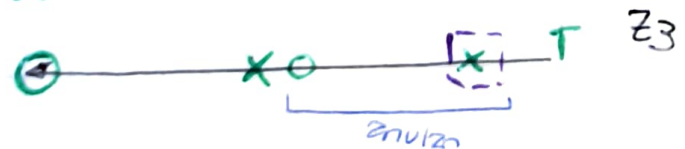




Y_{22}



Y_3



Z_3



Z_5



Y_5



$Y_7 = 1/Z_7$

A Horner



\rightarrow we are only



\rightarrow we are only

