# A structured approach to evidence-based software engineering in empirical software engineering research for students

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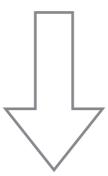
## Original Question

How can students compare software in experiments?

#### Issues with EBSE found by Rainer et al. [RHB06]

- "Students had problems constructing well-formulated EBSE questions."
- "Students used limited criteria for identifying the best or better evidence [...]"
- "Students used a very limited number of search terms."

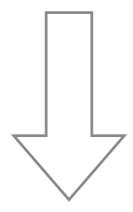
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Many students lack knowledge about scientific working and experiment design.

### Original Question Revised

How can students compare software in experiments?

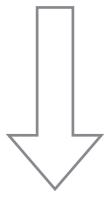


How to support students in scientific working and experiment design?

## How to support students in scientific working and experiment design?

- Evidence-Based Software Engineering (EBSE)
- Scientific Method

Tools not tailored for students

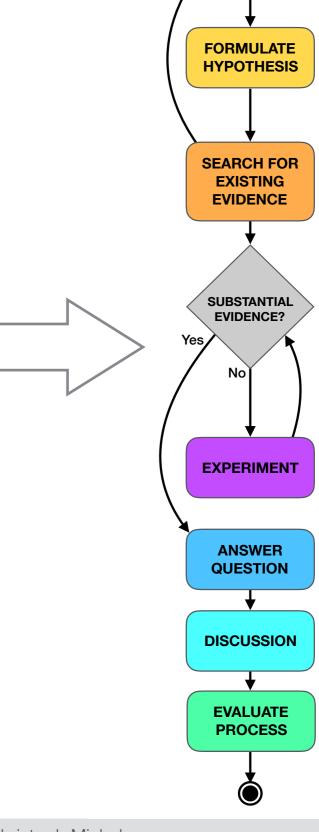


Process and guiding documents for students.

## Process and documents as guidelines for students

#### EBSE Process Steps:

- 1. Ask an answerable question.
- 2. Find the best evidence that answers that question.
- 3. Critically appraise this evidence.
- 4. Apply the evidence (and critical appraisal).
- 5. Evaluate the performance in previous steps.



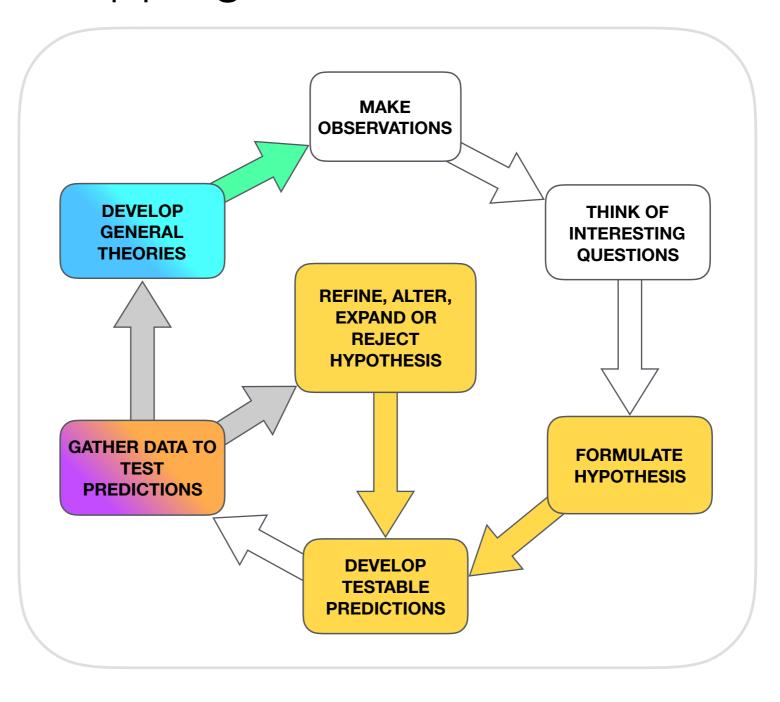
**FORMULATE** 

**QUESTION** 

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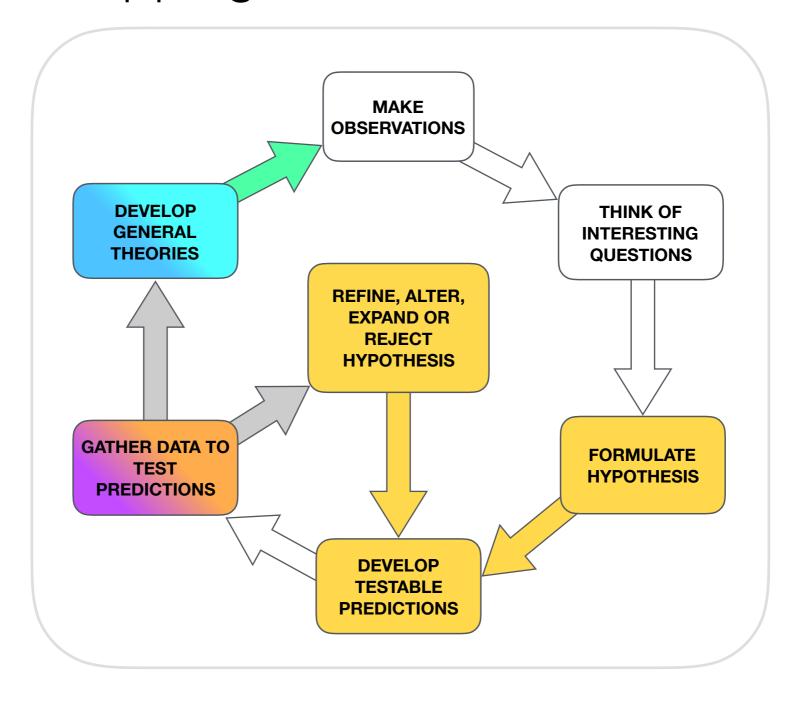
#### **FORMULATE QUESTION FORMULATE HYPOTHESIS SEARCH FOR EXISTING EVIDENCE** SUBSTANTIAL **EVIDENCE?** Yes No) **EXPERIMENT ANSWER QUESTION DISCUSSION EVALUATE PROCESS**

#### Mapping on Scientific Method



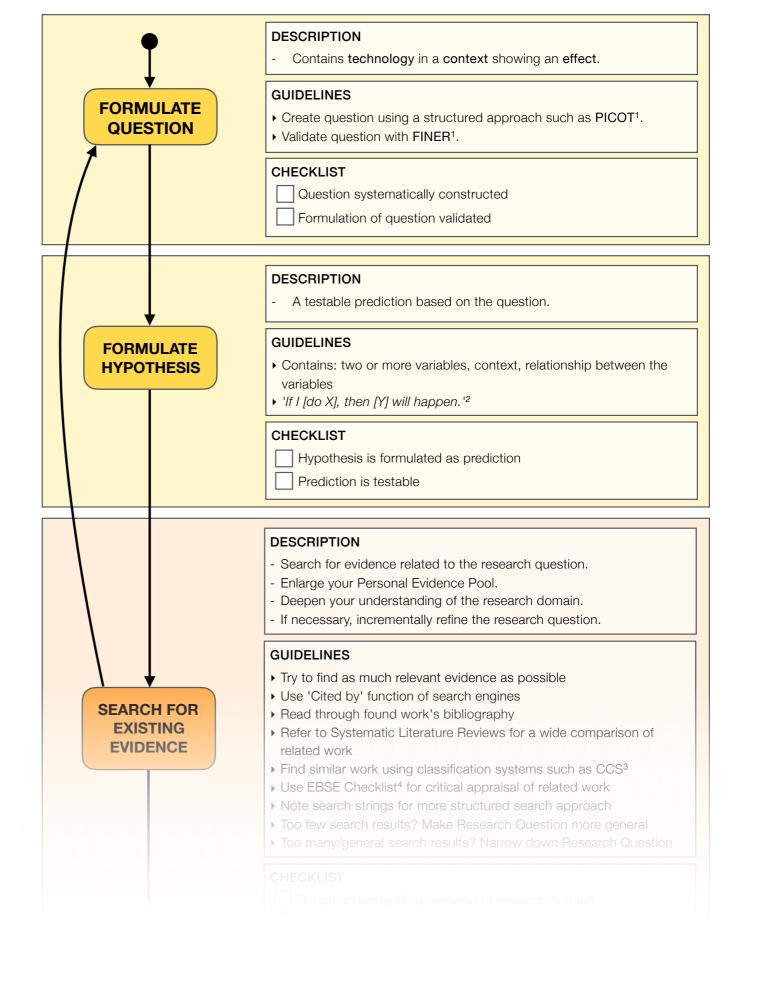
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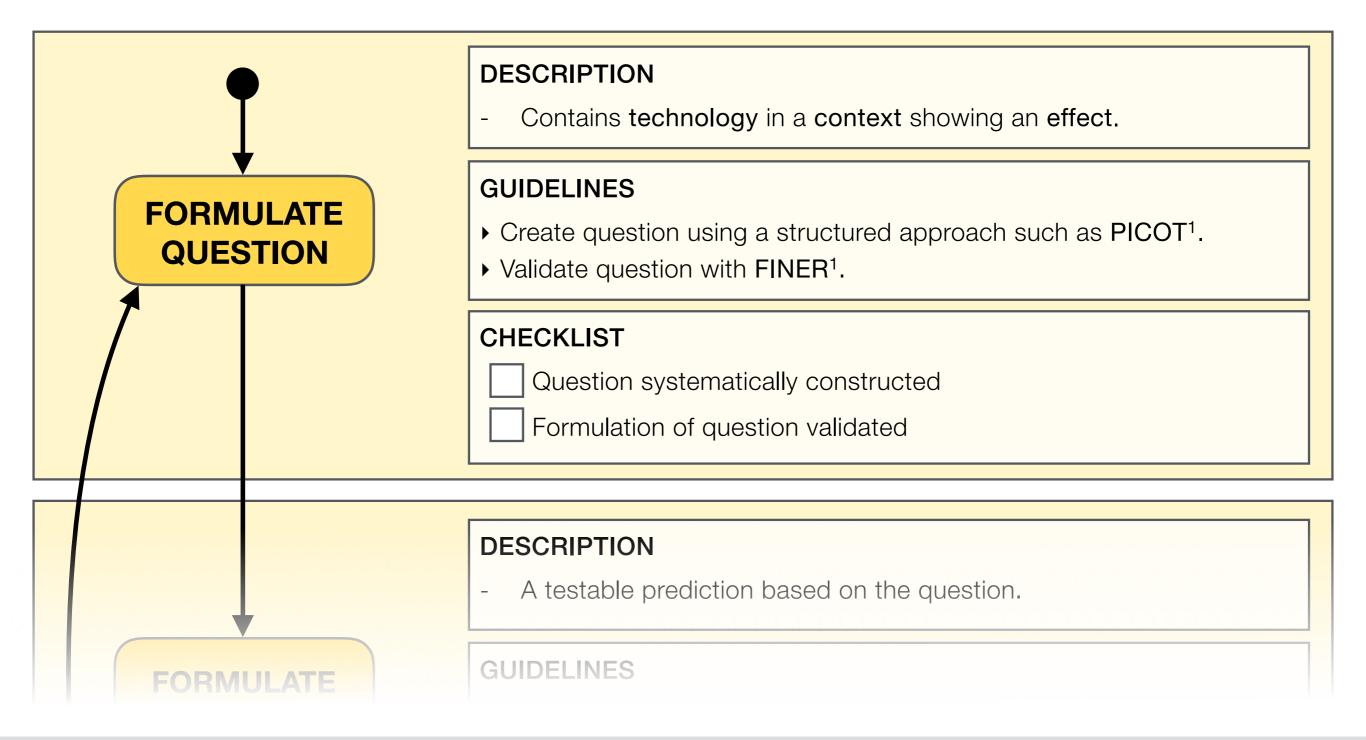


Focus on experimenting, therefore unrolled respective nodes.

### Checklist Overview



#### Checklist Details



#### Checklist Tools

-				
	Population	What specific population are you interested in?	Feasible	<ul> <li>Adequate number of subjects</li> <li>Adequate technical expertise</li> <li>Affordable in time and money</li> <li>Manageable in scope</li> </ul>
	Intervention (Technology)	What is the investigational technology/ intervention?	Interesting	<ul> <li>Getting the answer intrigues investigator, peers and community</li> </ul>
	<b>C</b> omparison Group	What is the main alternative/ baseline to compare with the intervention	Novel	<ul> <li>Confirms, refutes or extends previous findings</li> </ul>
	Outcome	What do you intend to accomplish, measure, improve or affect?	Ethical	<ul> <li>Amendable to a study that institutional review board will approve</li> </ul>
	<b>T</b> ime	What is the appropriate follow-up time to assess outcome?	Relevant	<ul><li>To scientific knowledge</li><li>To clinical and health policy</li><li>To future research</li></ul>

#### After Action Review (AAR)

- What was supposed to happen?
- What actually happened?
- Why were there differences?
- What did we learn?

#### Postmortem Analysis (PA)

- What went so well that we want to repeat it?
- What was useful but could have gone better?
- ▶ What were the mistakes that we want to avoid for the future?
- What were the reasons for the success or mistakes?

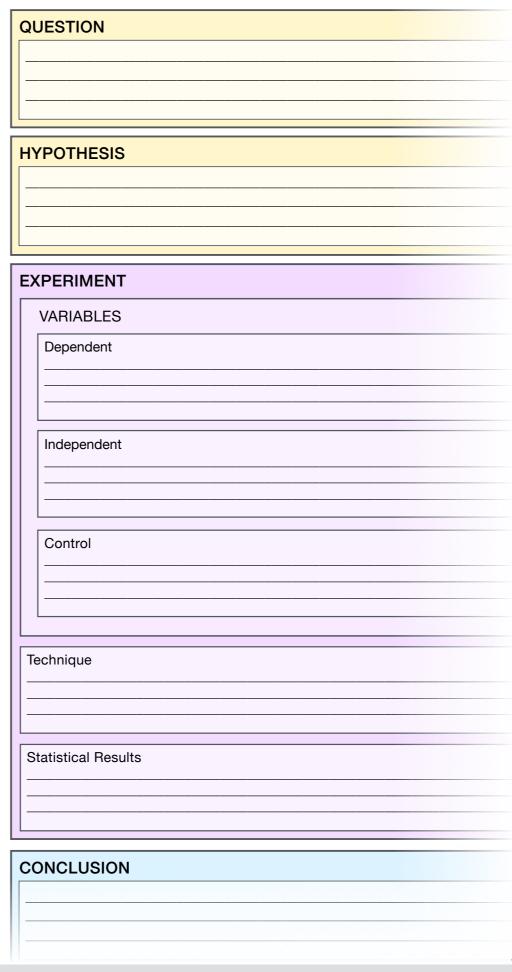
#### REFERENCES

FINER, PICOT: Farrugia, P., Petrisor, B.A., Farrokhyar, F., Bhandari, M.: Practical tips for surgical research: Research questions, hypotheses and objectives. Canadian journal of surgery. Journal canadien de chirurgie 53(4), 278–281 (2009)

Checklist, AAR, PA: Dybå, T., Kitchenham, B.A., Jorgensen, M.: Evidence-based software engineering for practitioners. IEEE Software 22(1), 58–65 (2005)

## Briefing Form

- Concept Idea
- Guideline for summary
- Easier to search existing work
- Reminder for design aspects



#### Discussion

- Should be evaluated using students' thesis
- Digitalize Briefing Form

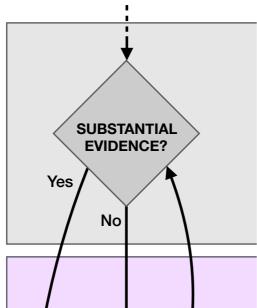
### Sources

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- PMA, AAR: Tore Dybå, Barbara A. Kitchenham, and Magne Jorgensen.
   Evidence-based software engineering for practitioners. IEEE Software, 22(1): 58–65, 2005.
- [RHB06]: Austen Rainer, Tracy Hall, and Nathan Baddoo. A preliminary empirical investigation of the use of evidence based software engineering by under- graduate students. 10th International Conference on Evaluation and Assessment in Software Engineering (EASE 2006), 2006.

## Checklist

Document:

State graph



Checklist for progress

CHECKLIST

AAR done

PMA done

Conclusions drawn for future processes

Hints and Tools

#### After Action Review (AAR)

- What was supposed to happen?
- What actually happened?
- Why were there differences?
- What did we learn?