# Digital tools for finance

# How to write a scientific paper in Latex (and more)

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## **ABSTRACT**

Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like "Huardest gefburn"? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language. Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like "Huardest gefburn"? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.

### **THANKS**

We are really grateful for this opportunity to write a scientific paper that will be nominated for the Nobel-prize. Thanks to the previous work of Milgrom and Weber (1982), Gromsen and Koijen (2020) and Kozlowski et al. (2020), we were able to solve the global problem of... (well read the article and find out)

## 1 INTRODUCTION

Welcome to this test article written by some very enthusiastic authors. Although in the introduction there should never be a list, these will be the topics discussed in this article.

- 1. First item in a list
- 2. Second item in a list
- 3. Third item in a list
- 4. Fourth item in a list
- 5. Fifth item in a list

#### 2 METHODS AND MATERIALS

We used several different methods which will be explained later in this paper.

#### 2.1 Maths explained

We used the following maths in our paper.

Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place.  $\sin^2(\alpha) + \cos^2(\beta) = 1$ . If you read this text, you will get no information  $E = mc^2$ . Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like "Huardest gefburn"? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look.  $\sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{ab}$ . This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language.  $\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}} = \sqrt[n]{\frac{a}{b}}$ . There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.  $a\sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{a^nb}$ . Hello, here is some text without a meaning.  $d\Omega = \sin \vartheta d\vartheta d\varphi$ . This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like "Huardest gefburn"? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look.  $\sin^2(\alpha) + \cos^2(\beta) = 1$ . This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language  $E = mc^2$ . There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.  $\sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{ab}$ .

If you wish to see a more detailed description of maths used in another paper, that is in no way related to this abstract, please see Kozlowski et al. (2020) and Gromsen and Koijen (2020). If you are not satisfied, also check out Milgrom and Weber (1982).

#### **3 MAIN TEXT**

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If you want to deepen the understanding of this text, please see the figure 1.

## 4 FIGURES TO UNDERMINE THE FACT THAT THE TEXT ABOVE HAS NO **MEANING AT ALL**

## 4.1 Figures

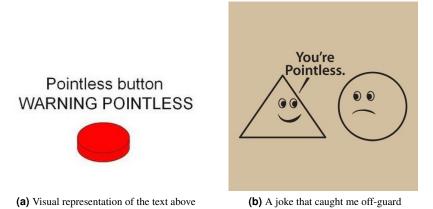


Figure 1. Some... figures?

## **5 FANCY TABLES**

**Table 1.** Sample ANOVA table

Important name here	df	f	η	p
	Some random numbers			
Row 1	1	0.67	0.55	0.41
Row 2	2	0.02	0.01	0.39
Row 3	3	0.15	0.33	0.34
Row 4	4	1.00	0.76	0.54

I found this table on Stackexchange(link) and thought, why make a table myself when others have already done it for me?

Now, i can really recommend to take a closer look at table 1, because it contains some life-changing information.

# 6 BECAUSE WE LOVE IT, HERE'S SOME MATHS

## 6.1 As announced... some (unnecessary) maths

As announced... some (unnecessary) maths 
$$x = a_0 + \cfrac{1}{a_1 + \cfrac{1}{a_2 + \cfrac{1}{a_3 + \cfrac{1}{a_4}}}} \tag{1}$$

# **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

A big thank you to all the people that ever supported and never doubted us - you are the real heroes. This paper might not be the best out there, but definitely Nobel-prize worthy. We will not forget you all when we visit Sweden and claim our very well deserved prize.

# **REFERENCES**

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Milgrom, P. R. and Weber, R. J. (1982). A theory of auctions and competitive bidding. *Econometrica*, 50(5):1089–1122.