

angles2sinoids

Converts angles (rad or degree) to sine and cosine waves with respect to a period factor which gives the ability to abstract higher periodicity. Additionally the angles are recalculated according to passed period factor.

Computes sine and cosine by product of angle in rad multiplied by period factor.

$$f_{sin} = \sin(p_f \cdot f_{ang})$$

$$f_{cos} = \cos(p_f \cdot f_{ang})$$

If needed a recomputation of the given angles takes place by computed sinoids.

Syntax

```
[fsin, fcos, fang] = angles2sinoids(fang, rad, pf)
```

Description

[fsin, fcos, fang] = angles2sinoids(fang, rad, pf) computes sinoids from passed angles in rad or degree with respect to periodicity of angles. The flag rad converts input angles from degree to rad if set to false.

Examples

```
fang = linspace(0, 360, 100);  
[fsin, fcos, fang] = angles2sinoids(fang, true, 1)
```

Input Arguments

fang is a scalar or vector of angles in rad or degree.

rad is a boolean flag. Input angles are converted to rad if set to false.

pf is a positive integer factor. The period factor describes the periodicity of angles in data.

Output Arguments

fsin is a scalar or vector of sine values corresponding to passed angles with respect of the periodicity of angles.

fcos is a scalar or vector of cosine values corresponding to passed angles with respect of the periodicity of angles.

fang is a scalar or vector of recalculated angles with respect of periodicity.

Requirements

- Other m-files required: sinoids2angles
- Subfunctions: sin, cos
- MAT-files required: None

See Also

- [sinoids2angles](#)

Created on December 31, 2020 by Tobias Wulf. Copyright Tobias Wulf 2020.

```
function [fsin, fcos, fang] = angles2sinoids(fang, rad, pf)
```

```

arguments
    % validate angles as scalar or vector
    fang (:,1) double {mustBeReal}
    % validate rad as boolean flag with default true
    rad (1,1) logical {mustBeNumericOrLogical} = true
    % validate period factor as positive scalar with default 1
    pf (1,1) double {mustBeInteger, mustBePositive} = 1
end

% if rad flag is false and angles in degree convert to rad
if ~rad, fang = fang * pi / 180; end

% calculate sinoids
fsin = sin(pf * fang);
fcos = cos(pf * fang);

% compute radius
frad = sqrt(fcos.^2 + fsin.^2);

% recalculate angles to corrected sinoids in rad
if nargin > 2, fang = sinoids2angles(fsin, fcos, frad); end
end

```