plotSimulationSubset

Search for available trainings or test dataset and plot dataset. Follow user input dialog to choose which dataset and decide which array elements to plot. Save created plot to file. Filename same as dataset with attached info.

Syntax

plotSimulationSubset()

Description

plotSimulationSubset() plot training or test dataset which are loacated in data/test or data/training. The function lists all datasets and the user must decide during user input dialog which dataset to plot and how many angles to to visualize. It loads path from config.mat and scans for file automatically.

Examples

plotSimulationSubset()

Input Argurments

None

Output Argurments

None

Requirements

- Other m-files required: None
- Subfunctions: None
- MAT-files required: config.mat

See Also

- generateSimulationDatasets
- sensorArraySimulation
- generateConfigMat

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```
if isempty(allDatasets)
        error('No training or test datasets found.');
   catch ME
     rethrow (ME)
   % number of datasets
  nDatasets = length(allDatasets);
   fprintf('Found %d datasets:\n', nDatasets)
   for i = 1:nDatasets
     fprintf('%s\t:\t(%d)\n', allDatasets(i).name, i)
   % get numeric user input to indicate which dataset to plot
  iDataset = 3;%input('Type number to choose dataset to plot to: ');
   ds = load(fullfile(allDatasets(iDataset).folder, ...
         allDatasets(iDataset).name));
      \mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{$\%$}}} check how many angles in dataset and let user decide how many to
      % render in polt
      fprintf('Detect %d x %d sensors in dataset ... \n', ...
        ds.Info.SensorArrayOptions.dimension, ...
        ds.Info.SensorArrayOptions.dimension);
     xIdx = input("Enter row indices in []: ");
      yIdx = input("Enter col indices in []: ");
      if length(xIdx) ~= length(yIdx)
        error('Indices must have the same length!')
      end
       fprintf('Detect %d angles in dataset ...\n', ...
          ds.Info.UseOptions.nAngles);
       nSubAngles = input('How many angles to you wish to plot: ');
       \ensuremath{\text{\%}} indices for data to plot, get sample distance for even distance
       sampleDistance = length(downsample(ds.Data.angles, nSubAngles));
왕
       % get subset of angles
       subAngles = downsample(ds.Data.angles, sampleDistance);
       nSubAngles = length(subAngles); % just ensure
       % get indices for subset data
       angleIdx = find(ismember(ds.Data.angles, subAngles));
   catch ME
     rethrow (ME)
   end
   fPath = PathVariables.saveImagesPath;
   fig = figure('Name', 'Sensor Array', ...
      'NumberTitle', 'off', ...
      'WindowStyle', 'normal', ...
      'WindowState', 'maximized');
   tdl = tiledlayout(fig, 4, 6, ...
      'Padding', 'compact', ...
      'TileSpacing' , 'compact');
```

```
disp('Sensor Array Simulation');
subline1 = "Sensor Array (%s) of %dx%d sensors," + ...
    " an edge length of %.1f mm, a rel. pos. to magnet surface of";
subline2 = " (%.1f, %.1f, -(%.1f)) in mm, a magnet tilt" + ...
   " of %.1f°, a sphere radius of %.1f mm, a imprinted";
subline3 = "field strength of %.1f kA/m at %.1f mm from" + ...
   " sphere surface in z-axis, %d rotation angles with a ";
subline4 = "step width of %.1f° and a resolution" + ...
   " of %.1f°. Visualized is a subset.";
subline5 = "Based on %s characterization reference %s.";
sub = [sprintf(subline1, ...
              ds.Info.SensorArrayOptions.geometry, ...
              ds.Info.SensorArrayOptions.dimension, ...
              ds.Info.SensorArrayOptions.dimension, ...
             ds.Info.SensorArrayOptions.edge); ...
      sprintf(subline2, ...
             ds.Info.UseOptions.xPos, ...
             ds.Info.UseOptions.yPos, ...
              ds.Info.UseOptions.zPos, ...
             ds.Info.UseOptions.tilt, ...
             ds.Info.DipoleOptions.sphereRadius); ...
      sprintf(subline3, ...
             ds.Info.DipoleOptions.HOmag, ...
              ds.Info.DipoleOptions.z0, ...
             ds.Info.UseOptions.nAngles); ...
      sprintf(subline4, ...
             ds.Data.angleStep, ...
             ds.Info.UseOptions.angleRes)
      sprintf(subline5,...
             ds.Info.CharData, ...
              ds.Info.UseOptions.BridgeReference)];
disp(sub);
N = ds.Info.SensorArrayOptions.dimension;
X = ds.Data.X;
Y = ds.Data.Y;
Z = ds.Data.Z;
% calc limits of plot 1
a= ds.Info.SensorArrayOptions.edge;
maxX = ds.Info.UseOptions.xPos + a * 0.66;
maxY = ds.Info.UseOptions.yPos + a * 0.66;
minX = ds.Info.UseOptions.xPos - a * 0.66;
minY = ds.Info.UseOptions.yPos - a * 0.66;
dp = a / (ds.Info.SensorArrayOptions.dimension - 1);
x1 = ds.Info.UseOptions.xPos - a/2;
x2 = ds.Info.UseOptions.xPos + a/2;
y1 = ds.Info.UseOptions.yPos - a/2;
y2 = ds.Info.UseOptions.yPos + a/2;
% calculate colormap to identify scatter points
c=zeros(N,N,3);
for i = 1:N
   for j = 1:N
      c(i,j,:) = [(2*N+1-2*i), (2*N+1-2*j), (i+j)]/2/N;
```

```
c = squeeze(reshape(c, N^2, 1, 3));
% reshape RGB for picking single sensors
R = reshape(c(:,1), N, N);
G = reshape(c(:,2), N, N);
B = reshape(c(:,3), N, N);
% load offset voltage to subtract from cosinus, sinus voltage
Voff = ds.Info.SensorArrayOptions.Voff;
Vcc = ds.Info.SensorArrayOptions.Vcc;
ax1 = nexttile(6, [2 1]);
% plot each cooredinate in loop to create a special shading constant
% reliable to orientation for all matrice
hold on:
scatter(X(:), Y(:), 48, [0.8 0.8 0.8], 'filled', ...
    'MarkerEdgeColor', 'k', 'LineWidth', 0.8);
for k = 1:length(xIdx)
   i = xIdx(k); j = yIdx(k);
   \texttt{scatter}(\texttt{X}(\texttt{i},\texttt{j}),\ \texttt{Y}(\texttt{i},\texttt{j}),\ \texttt{96},\ [\texttt{R}(\texttt{i},\texttt{j}),\ \texttt{G}(\texttt{i},\texttt{j}),\ \texttt{B}(\texttt{i},\texttt{j})],\ \texttt{'filled'},\ \dots
       'MarkerEdgeColor', 'k', 'LineWidth', 0.8);
end
% axis shape and ticks
axis square xy;
axis tight;
grid on;
xlim([minX maxX]);
ylim([minY maxY]);
xticks(x1:dp:x2);
xticklabels(1:ds.Info.SensorArrayOptions.dimension);
yticks(y1:dp:y2);
yticklabels(ds.Info.SensorArrayOptions.dimension:-1:1);
xlabel('$j$');
ylabel('$i$');
title(sprintf('c) Sensor Array $%d\\times%d$', N, N));
hold off;
ax3 = nexttile(1, [2 2]);
hold on;
% set colormap
colormap('gray');
% plot cosinus reference, set NaN values to white color, orient Y to normal
imC = imagesc(ds.Data.HxScale, ds.Data.HyScale, ds.Data.VcosRef);
set(imC, 'AlphaData', ~isnan(ds.Data.VcosRef));
set(gca, 'YDir', 'normal')
% axis shape and ticks
axis square xy;
```

```
axis tight;
vticks(xticks);
grid on;
% test and labels
xlabel('$H_x$ in kA/m');
ylabel('$H_y$ in kA/m');
title('a) $V_{cos}(H_x, H_y)$');
\% add colorbar and place it
cb1 = colorbar;
cb1.Label.String = 'in V';
cb1.TickLabelInterpreter = 'latex';
cb1.Label.Interpreter = 'latex';
cb1.Label.FontSize = 20;
hold off;
ax4 = nexttile(13, [2 2]);
hold on;
% set colormap
colormap('gray');
% plot sinus reference, set NaN values to white color, orient Y to normal
imS = imagesc(ds.Data.HxScale, ds.Data.HyScale, ds.Data.VsinRef);
set(imS, 'AlphaData', ~isnan(ds.Data.VsinRef));
set(gca, 'YDir', 'normal')
% axis shape and ticks
axis square xy;
axis tight:
yticks(xticks);
grid on;
% test and labels
xlabel('$H_x$ in kA/m');
ylabel('$H_y$ in kA/m');
title('d) $V_{sin}(H_x, H_y)$');
% add colorbar and place it
cb2 = colorbar;
cb2.Label.String = 'in V';
cb2.TickLabelInterpreter = 'latex';
cb2.Label.Interpreter = 'latex';
cb2.Label.FontSize = 20;
hold off;
% axes limits
xlimits = [0 360];
ylimits = [min(cat(...
  3, ds.Data.VsinRef, ds.Data.VcosRef), [], 'all') - 0.1*Vcc, ...
   max(cat(3, ds.Data.VsinRef, ds.Data.VcosRef), [], 'all') + 0.1*Vcc];
```

```
% Vcos
ax5 = nexttile(3, [2 3]);
yline(Voff, 'k-.', 'LineWidth', 2.5);
xlim(xlimits);
ylim(ylimits);
grid on;
xlabel('$\alpha$ in $^\circ$');
%ylabel('in V');
title(sprintf(...
   "b) $V_{cos}(\\alpha)$ f." + ...
    " V_{cc} = .1f \ V, \ V_{off} = .2f \ V'', \ Vcc, \ Voff);
% Vsin
ax6 = nexttile(15, [2 3]);
yline(Voff, 'k-.', 'LineWidth', 2.5);
xlim(xlimits);
ylim(ylimits);
grid on;
xlabel('$\alpha$ in $^\circ$');
%ylabel('in V');
title(sprintf("e) $V_{sin}(\\alpha)$ f." + ...
   " $V_{cc} = %.1f$ V, $V_{off} = %.2f$ V", Vcc, Voff));
% lock plots
hold(ax3, 'on');
hold(ax4, 'on');
hold(ax5, 'on');
hold(ax6, 'on');
% loop over indices
for k = 1:length(xIdx)
   i = xIdx(k); j = yIdx(k);
    % H load subset
   Hx = squeeze(ds.Data.Hx(i,j,:));
   Hy = squeeze(ds.Data.Hy(i,j,:));
    % get min max
    % load V subset
    Vcos = squeeze(ds.Data.Vcos(i,j,:));
    Vsin = squeeze(ds.Data.Vsin(i,j,:));
    % update plot 3, 4, 5 and 6
   scatter(ax3, Hx, Hy, 5, [R(i,j), G(i,j), B(i,j)] , 'filled');
scatter(ax4, Hx, Hy, 5, [R(i,j), G(i,j), B(i,j)], 'filled');
    scatter(ax5, ds.Data.angles, Vcos, 8, [R(i,j), G(i,j), B(i,j)], ...
       'filled');
    scatter(ax6, ds.Data.angles, Vsin, 8, [R(i,j), G(i,j), B(i,j)] , \dots
       'filled');
end
% release plots
hold(ax3, 'off');
hold(ax4, 'off');
hold(ax5, 'off');
```

```
hold(ax6, 'off');
    \mbox{\ensuremath{\$}} get file path to save figure with angle index
     [~, fName, ~] = fileparts(ds.Info.filePath);
     % save to various formats
     yesno = input('Save? [y/n]: ', 's');
if strcmp(yesno, 'y')
%
 %
         fLabel = input('Enter file label: ', 's');
         fName = fName + "_SubsetPlot_" + fLabel;
         savefig(fig, fullfile(fPath, fName));
        print(fig, fullfile(fPath, fName), '-dsvg');
print(fig, fullfile(fPath, fName), '-depsc', '-tiff', '-loose');
print(fig, fullfile(fPath, fName), '-dpdf', '-loose', '-fillpage');
%
%
%
      close(fig);
end
```

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