

Can mindfulness alter pain sensitivity?

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Abstract

IMPROVEMENTS !!! ***Objective:** Studies show that mindfulness meditation provide the ability to enhance a broad spectrum of cognitive health outcomes on long-term mindfulness meditation on chronic pain patients. Nevertheless, there are not many studies which show the effect of short-term mindfulness for chronic neck pain. **Methods:** Pressure pain was applied with an algometer two times on healthy subjects, a control and treatment group, with a 5 days in between. The treatment group practiced 20 minutes of mindfulness meditation on 5 consecutive days between the two measurements, while the control group continued their normal routine. **Results:** **Discussion:***

I. INTRODUCTION

Approximately 20 % of the population suffer from chronic pain [1]. The characteristic of chronic pain is a duration of pain more than three months [2]. Due to the persistence of pain the patients get restricted physically as well as psychically. The patients' ability to participate in diverse activities decreases. Those activities are not only physically but also socially, maintaining an independent lifestyle and relationships to friends and family can be affected. Survey by [3] showed that pain has an impact on the work life, whereby 25% of the patients indicated that they changed their job, responsibilities at job or lost their job due to chronic pain. Furthermore, depression was diagnosed in 21 % of those patients. [3] One of the most common types of chronic pain is neck pain, as 25 % suffer from this in the UK [1]. Those patients are restricted by negatively affected fatigue and concentration [?]. Furthermore, they suffer like the majority of chronic pain patients from anxiety and depressed mood, cognitive distress and the resulting physical limitations. [4] At the moment there is no cure for chronic pain. The current treatment methods only provide possibilities to relieve the pain. [5?] Nevertheless, the majority of the patients feels pain

daily and this pain is increasing throughout the day due to the daily activities. [3]

Chronic pain is mainly treated by medication. However, medications have side effects like abuse or organ damage. To avoid those risks, alternative methods can be used. One of those methods is mindfulness meditation. Whereby meditation is used as mental training to achieve diminished judgment of emotions, cognitive control and existential insight. [?] One of the most common types of meditation techniques is the focused attention, which train the concentration by focusing at an object or specific thing [?].

Previous studies show that mindfulness meditation provides the ability to enhance a broad spectrum of cognitive health outcomes. Furthermore, stress, depression and anxiety can be relieved. These improvements are due to practicing mindfulness meditation, especially because of the mental training in emotion regulation, cognitive control, acceptance and positive mood. [? 6] Nevertheless, there are not many studies which show the effect of mindfulness meditation on chronic neck pain. [1] Additionally, the pain relieve properties are mostly investigated after practicing mindfulness meditation over a time period of two months or more. The effect of a shorter time period of

mindfulness meditation on chronic neck pain is not investigated yet.

The present study addressed if mindfulness meditation can alter pain sensation in the neck by measuring pressure pain threshold and pressure pain tolerance before and after short-term mindfulness meditation. Therefore the hypothesis "Short-term mindfulness meditation increases the pressure pain threshold and the pressure pain tolerance in the upper trapezius" was tested.

*** CONSIDER TO WRITE SOMETHING ABOUT THE LINK BETWEEN UNHEALTHY AND HEALTHY SUBJECTS ***

II. METHOD

i. Subjects

42 healthy subjects, 21 men and 21 women were recruited (age: 23.93 ± 2.74 years, BMI: 23.66 ± 3.28). Subjects with ongoing meditation practice, acute or chronic pain, neurological, musculoskeletal or mental illness, pregnancy or taking medications that might influence their response to pain were excluded.

ii. Study design

A controlled trial was designed, whereby the subjects were assigned into a control and treatment group with an equal gender distribution, as illustrated in Figure I.

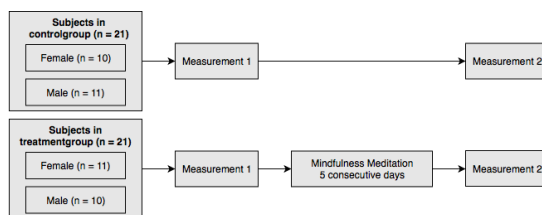


Figure I: Study design

The subjects of the treatment group practiced 20 minutes mindfulness meditation on 5 consecutive days between the two measurements, while the subjects of the control group continued their normal routine. The same time

interval between the measurements was used for the two groups.

iii. Measurements

The testing point, as shown in Figure II, was marked at the right upper trapezius to ensure reliable and rapid location during the experimental procedure. The location of the testing points on the upper trapezius was determined between the acromion and 7th cervical vertebra.

For both measurements the Pressure Pain Threshold and Pressure Pain Tolerance were measured with an algometer (Wagner Force Ten™ Digital force Gage) three times with a 5 minutes rest period in between. The examiner was blinded during the three measurements to avoid bias. The mean of the three measurements, was computed.

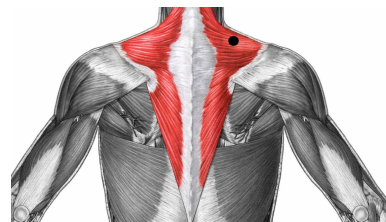


Figure II: Testing points on the upper trapezius.

iv. Meditation Technique

Short-term mindfulness meditation with 20 minutes of meditation on 5 consecutive days. To ensure same meditation conditions, a guided meditation in form of an audio file was used.

A short introduction to mindfulness meditation was provided before the first meditation session. The meditation was focused attention focusing on breath flow.

v. Data Analysis

To test the effect of mindfulness meditation on chronic neck pain, a paired t-test / Mann-Whitney / Wilcoxon rank test was applied to the baseline and second measurement of both groups, the treatment and the control group.

III. RESULTS

IV. DISCUSSION

V. CONCLUSION

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