

$$g_{nl}(\vec{r}, \alpha, \vec{A}) = N_{nl}(\alpha) \|\vec{r} - \vec{A}\|^{n-l-1} (x-A_x)^{l_x} (y-A_y)^{l_y} (z-A_z)^{l_z} e^{-\alpha \|\vec{r} - \vec{A}\|^2}$$

$$n \equiv l+1$$

$$l = l_x + l_y + l_z \quad i \equiv l_x \quad j \equiv l_y \quad k \equiv l_z$$



Normierung wird vernachlässigt, da sie im Programm auch zu späterer Stelle erfolgt

$$\Rightarrow N_{nl}(\alpha) \equiv 1$$

$$g_{ijk}(\vec{r}, \alpha, \vec{A}) = (x-A_x)^i (y-A_y)^j (z-A_z)^k e^{-\alpha \|\vec{r} - \vec{A}\|^2}$$



$$g_i(r_p; \alpha, A_p) = (r_p - A_p)^i e^{-\alpha (r_p - A_p)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_{ijk}^{A,B} &= \int g_{ijk}(\vec{r}; \alpha, \vec{A}) g_{lmn}(\vec{r}; \beta, \vec{B}) d^3r \\ &= \int (x-A_x)^i (x-B_x)^l e^{-\alpha(x-A_x)^2 - \beta(x-B_x)^2} dx \left. \vphantom{\int} \right\} S_{il}^{A_x, B_x} \\ &\quad + \int (y-A_y)^j (y-B_y)^m e^{-\alpha(y-A_y)^2 - \beta(y-B_y)^2} dy \left. \vphantom{\int} \right\} S_{jm}^{A_y, B_y} \\ &\quad + \int (z-A_z)^k (z-B_z)^n e^{-\alpha(z-A_z)^2 - \beta(z-B_z)^2} dz \left. \vphantom{\int} \right\} S_{kn}^{A_z, B_z} \end{aligned}$$

$$T_{il}^{A_p B_p} = -\frac{1}{2} \int g_i(r_p; \alpha, A_p) \frac{\partial^2}{\partial r_p^2} g_l(r_p; \beta, B_p) dr_p =$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \int (r_p - A_p)^i e^{-\alpha(r_p - A_p)^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial r_p^2} (r_p - B_p)^l e^{-\beta(r_p - B_p)^2}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \int (r_p - A_p)^i e^{-\alpha(r_p - A_p)^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r_p} \left[ l \cdot (r_p - B_p)^{l-1} e^{-\beta(r_p - B_p)^2} + (r_p - B_p)^l e^{-\beta(r_p - B_p)^2} \cdot (-2\beta(r_p - B_p)) \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} = -\frac{1}{2} \int (r_p - A_p)^i e^{-\alpha(r_p - A_p)^2} &\left[ (l-1) \cdot l \cdot (r_p - B_p)^{l-2} e^{-\beta(r_p - B_p)^2} + l \cdot (r_p - B_p)^{l-1} e^{-\beta(r_p - B_p)^2} \cdot (-2\beta(r_p - B_p)) \right. \\ &+ l \cdot (r_p - B_p)^{l-1} e^{-\beta(r_p - B_p)^2} \cdot (-2\beta(r_p - B_p)) + (r_p - B_p)^l e^{-\beta(r_p - B_p)^2} \cdot (-2\beta(r_p - B_p))^2 \\ &\left. + (-2\beta) (r_p - B_p)^l e^{-\beta(r_p - B_p)^2} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left[ (l-1) \cdot S_{i,l-2}^{A_p, B_p} - 2\beta l \cdot S_{i,l}^{A_p, B_p} - 2\beta l \cdot S_{i,l}^{A_p, B_p} + 4\beta^2 S_{i,l+2}^{A_p, B_p} - 2\beta S_{i,l}^{A_p, B_p} \right]$$

$$= -\frac{(l-1) \cdot l}{2} S_{i,l-2}^{A_p, B_p} - \frac{1}{2} (-4\beta l - 2\beta) S_{i,l}^{A_p, B_p} - 2\beta^2 S_{i,l+2}^{A_p, B_p}$$

$$T_{il}^{A_p, B_p} = -2\beta^2 S_{i,l+2}^{A_p, B_p} + \beta(2l+1) S_{i,l}^{A_p, B_p} - \frac{l(l-1)}{2} \cdot S_{i,l-2}^{A_p, B_p}$$