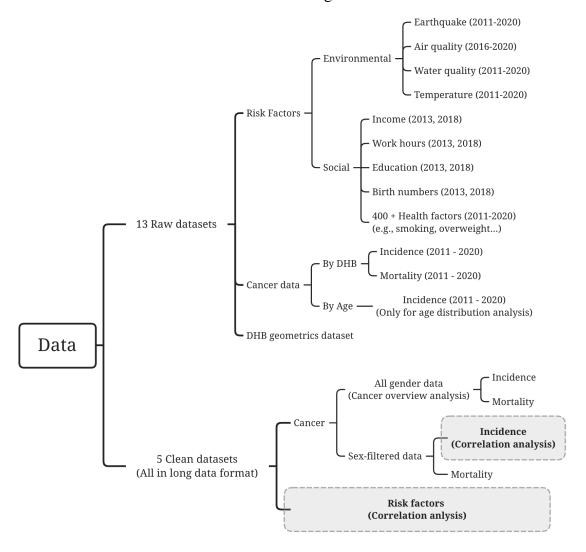
1. Data Overview

Raw data: A total of 13 raw datasets are used this project: 3 cancer datasets, 9 risk factors datasets, and 1 District Health Board (DHB) geometrics dataset. All raw datasets are saved in "data/raw".

Clean data: There are 5 clean datasets after data wrangling, which are saved in "data/clean". All risk factors are combined in a clean long data frame. Cancer incidence and mortality are separated into two different datasets.

An overview of all datasets is shown as followings:



Clean sex-filtered cancer dataset: primary key {DHB, year, sex, cancer}

Clean risk factors dataset: primary key {DHB, year, sex, category, rf}

As shown in the grey box above, "Clean sex-filtered cancer incidence dataset" and "clean risk factors dataset" are used for correlation analysis. For sex-filtered cancer datasets, there is only one sex category for each cancer type. For example, "All sex" for "Lung cancer", "Female" for "Breast cancer", "Male" for "Prostate cancer". For risk factors, all risk factors have single sex category "All sex", except NZHS risk factors, which has different sex categories (All sex/ Female / Male). Therefore, when

connecting cancer data to risk factors data, common identifier is {DHB, year}, except NZHS risk factors, where common identifier is {DHB, year, sex}.

2. Raw Datasets

2.1 Cancer Incidence by DHB

	Cancer Incidence by DHB	
File name	cancer-registrations-by-dhb.csv	
Data Source	Cancer web tool: "This web tool presents cancer registrations data	
	from the New Zealand Cancer Registry and cancer deaths data from	
	the New Zealand Mortality Collection. Both are held by Te Whatu Ora	
	- Health New Zealand. Cancer registration data was extracted on 11	
	January 2023 and cancer death data was extracted on 26 October	
	2022" (Cancer web tool, 2023).	
Download link	https://tewhatuora.shinyapps.io/cancer-web-tool/	
Description	This dataset includes the information of the incidence number and	
	rate, and relevant gender for 14 different types of cancer in each DHB	
	region from 2011 to 2020. The 'Breast', 'Ovarian', 'Thyroid', and	
	'Uterine' cancers are exclusive to females, while 'Bladder', 'Kidney',	
	'Prostate' and 'Testicular' cancers are exclusive to males. The other	
	cancer types encompass data for both males and females.	

2.2 Cancer Mortality by DHB

Cancer Mortality by DHB	
File name	cancer-deaths-by-dhb.csv
Data Source	Same as "Cancer Incidence by DHB"
Download link	https://tewhatuora.shinyapps.io/cancer-web-tool/
Description	This dataset represents the mortality number and rate, and relevant
	gender information for 14 different types of cancers in each DHB
	region from 2011 to 2020. The description of 'sex' is the same as the 'incidence' dataset.

2.3 Cancer Incidence by Age

Cancer Incidence by Age	
File name	cancer-registrations-by-age.csv
Data Source	Same as "Cancer Incidence by DHB"
Download link	https://tewhatuora.shinyapps.io/cancer-web-tool/
Description	This dataset includes the information of the overall cancer incidence
	number and rate for different age group.
	Please note: Cancer types and DHB information are unavailable.

2.4 DHB geometrics dataset

DHB geometrics dataset	
File name	NZ_District_Health_Board_boundariesgeneralised.kml
Data Source	Statistic NZ: the official data agency of New Zealand, gathering data
	from individuals and organizations via censuses and surveys
	(Statistics NZ, n.d.).
Download link	https://datafinder.stats.govt.nz/layer/87883-district-health-board-
	<u>2015/</u>
Description	This dataset includes geometrics information for each DHB regions,
	which is used for region mapping with coordinates information in
	environmental risk factors datasets.

2.5 Earthquake dataset

Earthquake dataset	
File name	earthquake2007-2023.csv
Data Source	GeoNet: a partnership involving EQC Toka Tū Ake (Natural Hazards
	Commission), GNS Science (Institute of Geological and Nuclear
	Sciences Limited), and LINZ (Land Information New Zealand)
	(GeoNet, n.d.).
Download link	https://www.geonet.org.nz/
Description	This dataset covers earthquakes in New Zealand from 2011 to 2020,
	providing information on their magnitude, depth, and counts. In the
	original dataset, geographic location information is recorded using
	longitude and latitude in decimal degrees, with the coordinates
	following the WGS84 datum. We've geospatially matched these
	coordinates to specific corresponding DHB region. For each year,
	we've calculated the highest and average value for magnitude and
	depth, as well as the frequency of earthquakes in each DHB region.

2.6 Air quality dataset

Air quality dataset	
File name	airqualitydownloaddata_2016-2022.xlsx
Data Source	LAWA: "LAWA (Land, Air, Water Aotearoa) has been established by
	like-minded organisations with a view to helping local communities find
	the balance between using natural resources and maintaining their
	quality and availability. LAWA is now a partnership between the Te Uru
	Kahika - Regional and Unitary Councils Aotearoa, Cawthron Institute,
	the Ministry for the Environment, the Department of Conservation, Stats
	NZ and has been supported by the Tindall Foundation and Massey
	University" (LAWA, n.d.).

Download	https://www.lawa.org.nz/media/5261861/airqualitydownloaddata_2016-
link	<u>2022.xlsx</u>
Description	The original data file published on June 21, 2023, recording
	concentrations of PM10 (particles with a diameter less than 10 µm) and
	PM2.5 (particles with a diameter less than 2.5 µm) from air quality
	monitoring sites across New Zealand (LAWA, 2023). We converted the
	geographical information to distinct DHB regions according to latitude
	and longitude. Following this transformation, we computed both the
	highest and average PM10 and PM2.5 concentrations for each region on
	an annual basis.

2.7 Water quality dataset

Water quality dataset	
File name	gwqmonitoringresults_sept2022.xlsx
Data Source	LAWA (Same as Air quality dataset)
Download link	https://www.lawa.org.nz/media/5261751/gwqmonitoringresults_se
	<u>pt2022.xlsx</u>
Description	The original data file published on November 24, 2022, recording
	the ground water quality monitoring by New Zealand's regional
	councils. There are five indicators for the quality of ground water in
	this dataset, each of which includes the maximum and average
	values for each DHB region from 2011 to 2020. The DHB region
	information was derived from the latitude and longitude data in the
	original dataset.

2.8 Temperature dataset

Temperature dataset	
File name	gwqmonitoringresults_sept2022.xlsx
Data Source	Statistic NZ
Download link	https://www.stats.govt.nz/assets/Uploads/Environment-indicators-
	2023/Temperature-indicator/Download-data/temperature-data-to-
	<u>2022.zip</u>
Description	This dataset contains the annual and seasonal temperature trends
	from 2011 to 2020, organized by DHB regions, including the highest
	and average temperature by Celsius degree. The DHB region
	information was derived by converting the latitude and longitude
	data from the original dataset.

2.9 Work Hours dataset

Work hours dataset	
File name	total_hours_worked_long_updated_16-7-20.csv
Data Source	Statistic NZ
Download link	https://www3.stats.govt.nz/2018census/SA1Dataset/Statistica
	<u>1%20Area%201%20dataset%20for%20Census%202018%20</u>
	%E2%80%93%20total%20New%20Zealand%20%E2%80%
	93%20Long%20format_updated_16-7-
	20.zip?_ga=2.236684743.718705924.1697520523-
	<u>2112202071.1695702209</u>
Description	This dataset provides information on the working hours of the
	population proportion within each DHB region. The data is based on
	the 2013 and 2018 Censuses. In the original dataset, geographic
	information was recorded using area codes. We have matched this
	information to the corresponding DHB regions.

2.10 Education dataset

	Education dataset
File name	Highest_qualification_long_updated_16-7-20.csv
Data Source	Statistic NZ
Download link	Same as "Work hours dataset"
Description	This dataset provides information on the proportion of the
	population with the highest educational qualification for each DHB
	region in 2013 and 2018. The DHB region data was derived from
	the conversion of area codes from the original dataset. We classified
	the qualification level in accordance with New Zealand's standards
	as following (careers.govt.nz, n.d.):
	Level 1 certificates
	Level 2 certificates
	Level 3 certificates
	Level 4 certificates
	Level 5 certificates and diplomas
	Level 6 certificates and diplomas
	Level 7 graduate certificates, graduate diplomas and Bachelor's
	degrees
	Level 8 postgraduate certificates, postgraduate diplomas and
	Bachelor's Honours degrees
	Level 9 Master's degrees
	Level 10 doctoral degrees

2.11 Income dataset

Income dataset	
File name	Total_personal_income_long_updated_16-7-20.csv
Data Source	Statistic NZ
Download link	Same as "Work hours dataset"
Description	This dataset contains the population proportions within each income
	level for each DHB region in both 2013 and 2018. The area codes in
	the original dataset are converted to the corresponding DHB regions.

2.12 Birth number

Birth number dataset		
File name	Number_of_children_born_long_updated_16-7-20.csv	
Data Source	Statistic NZ	
Download link	Same as "Work hours dataset"	
Description	This dataset presents the number of children born to females aged	
	15 and above, based on the 2013 and 2018 Censuses. It is intended	
	for use in conducting correlation analysis related to cancers specific	
	to females. The area codes in original dataset have been converted	
	into corresponding DHB regions.	

2.13 New Zealand Health Survey

	Birth number dataset	
File name	nz-health-survey-2017-20-regional-update-rgc-prevalences.csv	
Data Source	Minister of Health: The government department responsible for	
	overseeing and managing the country's healthcare and public health	
	system.	
Download link	https://minhealthnz.shinyapps.io/nz-health-survey-2017-20-	
	regional-update/_w_27e6298c/_w_79b5c551/data/nz-health-	
	survey-2017-20-regional-update-rgc-comparisons.csv	
Description	This is a survey conducted by the New Zealand Ministry of Health.	
	According to the Ministry of Health (2021), the surveyors were	
	randomly selected from households in designated areas, including	
	"one adult aged 15 years or older and one child aged 14 years or	
	younger (if any in the household)". This dataset is categorized by	
	DHB and covers the period from 2011 to 2019. It primarily	
	comprises surveys on health behaviors or health status, such as	
	smoking habits, dental health, physical activity, drinking habits, etc.	
	This dataset involves various variables, and we list some of them	
	that are relevant to our analysis. For the remaining variable	
	descriptions, please refer to the data source website.	

3. Clean Data

3.1 Cancer dataset (All gender)

Cancer dataset		
File name	[1] "incidence.csv"	
	[2] "mortality.csv"	
Data format	Long dataframe	
Variable		
DHB	The region of District Health Board	
year	The year for which cancer incidence data is recorded, from 2011	
	to 2020	
sex	The gender of the cancer incidence, including male, female, and	
	all sex. All sex represents the combined data for both genders. If a	
	specific cancer contains one gender, the "all sex" category would	
	include data relevant to that particular gender.	
cancer	The types of cancer, including 14 different types.	
	Please Note: mortality and incidence dataset have different cancer	
	types.	
incidence_num	The number of the cancer registration/death	
(mortality_num)		
incidence_rate	Population standardized incidence/mortality rate (per 100,000	
(mortality_rate)	people)	

3.2 Cancer dataset (Sex-filtered)

Cancer dataset		
File name	[1] "incidence_sexfiltered.csv"	
	[2] "mortality_sexfiltered.csv"	
Data format	Long dataframe	
	Variable	
DHB	The region of District Health Board	
year	The year for which cancer incidence data is recorded, from 2011	
	to 2020	
sex	There is only one sex category for each cancer type. For example,	
	"AllSex" for "Lung cancer", "Female" for "Breast cancer", "Male"	
	for "Prostate cancer"	
cancer	The types of cancer, including 14 different types.	
	Please Note: mortality and incidence dataset have different cancer	
	types.	
incidence_num	The number of the cancer registration/death	
(mortality_num)		
incidence_rate	Population standardized incidence/mortality rate (per 100,000	
(mortality_rate)	people)	

3.3 Combined risk factors dataset

Cancer dataset		
File name	rf.Rdata	
Data format	Long dataframe	
Variable		
DHB	The region of District Health Board	
year	2011-2020 for Earthquake, Water, Temperature, NZHS	
	2013, 2018 for Income, Education, Work hours, Birth number	
	2016-202 for Air quality	
sex	"AllSex / Male / Female" for NZHS risk factors	
	"AllSex" for all other risk factors category	
category	There are 9 categories: [1] "NZHS"	
	[2] "Work Hours"	
	[3] "Birth Number"	
	[4] "Income"	
	[5] "Education"	
	[6] "Earthquake"	
	[7] "Temperature"	
	[8] "Water quality"	
	[9] "Air quality"	
rf	Detailed risk factors within each category	
value	Value for risk factors, either in percentage or actual value	
type	Specify types of value: percentage or actual value	

3.4 Supplementary description of detailed risk factors in rf.Rdata

Supplementary table		
Category	Variables	Description
	magnitude_max	The highest earthquake magnitude in a specific year.
	magnitude_mean	The average earthquake magnitude in a specific year.
Earthquake	depth_max	The highest earthquake depth in a specific year.
	depth_mean	The average earthquake depth in a specific year.
	counts	The frequency of earthquakes in a specific year.
Air quality	PM10_concentration_max	The highest concentration of PM10
	PM10_concentration_mean	The average concentration of PM10
	PM2.5_concentration_max	The highest concentration of PM2.5
	PM2.5_concentration_mean	The average concentration of PM2.5

	Average Annual	The annual average temperature
	Average_Annual	The annual average temperature
	Average_Autumn	The average temperature in Autumn
	Average_Spring	
	Average_Summer	
	Average_Winter	The average temperature in Winter
	Maximum_Annual	The annual highest temperature
	Maximum_Autumn	The highest temperature in Autumn
Temperature	Maximum_Spring	
	Maximum_Summer	
	Maximum_Winter	The highest temperature in Winter
	Minimum_Annual	The annual lowest temperature
	Minimum_Autumn	The lowest temperature in Autumn
	Minimum_Spring	
	Minimum_Summer	
	Minimum_Winter	The lowest temperature in Winter
	Cl.1	The highest value of the chloride
	Chloride_max	$(g/m\hat{A}^3)$
	Dissolved	2 - 2 -
	Reactive Phosphorus_max	\dots (g/m \hat{A}^3)
	E. Coli max	(CFU/100ml)
	Electrical Conductivity max	(µS/cm)
	<u> </u>	The highest value of the Nitrate Nitrogen
	Nitrate Nitrogen_max	$(g/m\hat{A}^3)$
Water quality		The average value of the Chloride
	Chloride_mean	$(g/m\hat{A}^3)$
	Dissolved Reactive	
	Phosphorus mean	\dots (g/m \hat{A}^3)
	E. Coli mean	(CFU/100ml)
	Electrical Conductivity mean	(µS/cm)
	<u> </u>	The average value of the Nitrate
	Nitrate Nitrogen_mean	Nitrogen (g/m³)
		The proportion (%) of the population
	1-9 hours worked	that worked between 1 and 9 hours.
	10-19 hours worked	
	20-29 hours worked	
	30-39 hours worked	
	40-49 hours worked	
Work Hours	50-59 hours worked	
	60 hours or more worked	The proportion (%) of the population
		that worked 60 hours or more.
	≥10 hours	The proportion (%) of the population
		that worked equal or greater than 10
		hours.

	≥20 hours	
_	≥30 hours	
	≥40 hours	
	≥50 hours	
	_50 nours	The proportion (%) of the population
	≥60 hours	that worked equal or greater than 60
	≥00 flours	hours.
		The proportion (%) of population
	No qualification	without qualification
		The proportion (%) of population with
	level 1	level 1 qualification
	level 2	
	level 3	
	level 4	
	level 5	
	level 6	
	level 7	
	level 8	
	level 9	
	1 110	The proportion (%) of population with
Education —	level 10	level 10 qualification
Education		The proportion (%) of population with
	≥level 1	qualification equal and greater than level
		1
	≥level 2	
	≥level 3	
	≥level 4	
	≥level 5	
	≥level 6	
	≥level 7	
	≥level 8	
	≥level 9	
		The proportion of population with
	≥level 10	qualification equal and greater than level
		10
	\$5,000 or less	The population proportion (%) of
		income equal or less than \$5000
	\$5,001-\$10,000	The population proportion (%) of
Income		income ranging from \$5001 to \$10,000
_	\$10,001-\$20,000	
_	\$20,001-\$30,000	
_	\$30,001-\$50,000	
	\$50,001-\$70,000	

	\$70,001 or more	The population proportion (%) of
		income equal or more than \$70,001 The population proportion (%) of
	> \$5,000	income more than \$5,000
	> \$10,000	
	> \$20,000	
	> \$30,000	
	> \$50,000	
	> \$70,000	The population proportion (%) of income more than \$70,000
	No children	The proportion (%) of population with no children.
	One child	
	Two children	
	Three children	
	Four children	
	Five children	
	Six or more children	The proportion (%) of population with six or more children
Birth number	> 0 children	The proportion (%) of population with at least one child.
	> 1 children	The proportion (%) of population with more than one child (not included).
	> 2 children	
	> 3 children	
	> 4 children	
	> 5 children	The proportion (%) of population with more than five children (not included).
	Past-year drinkers	The population proportion (%) of drinking last year.
	Heavy episodic drinking at least	The proportion (%) of total population
	monthly (total population)	who has heavy drinking monthly
	Heavy episodic drinking at least	, , ,
	weekly (total population)	
	Hazardous drinkers	The proportion (%) of total population
NZHS	(total population)	with hazardous drinking patterns
	Heavy episodic drinking at least	The proportion (%) of past year drinkers
	monthly (past-year drinkers)	who has heavy drinking monthly
	Heavy episodic drinking at least	
	weekly (past-year drinkers)	
	Hazardous drinkers	The proportion (%) of past year drinkers with
	(past-year drinkers)	hazardous drinking patterns

Private health insurance	The population proportion who has private health insurance
Little or no physical activity	has little or no physical activity
Current smokers	people who are currently smoking
Daily smokers	who are smoking daily
Heavy smokers	who are heavily smoking
Obese	who are obese
Only visit dental health care	who visit the dentist only when they
worker for problems	have a dental issue
Dental health care worker visit	who visit the dentist routine dental
	checkup
Diabetes	who have diabetes
All teeth removed	who removed all the teeth because of
due to decay	decay
Mean diastolic blood pressure	The mean value of diastolic blood
(mmHg)	pressure (mmHg)
Mean height (cm)	height (cm)
* There are over 100 risk factors in NZHS, we only list significant ones	
identified in our analysis.	

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