

(1)

$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + \frac{dx}{dt} + x = 0$ 的特征方程为:

$$\lambda^2 + \lambda + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda = -1 \text{ (重解)}$$

\therefore 此方程的一般解为 $x = Ce^x + Dxe^{-x}$ (C, D 为常数)

令 $x = A \sin(t) + B \cos(t)$ (A, B 为常数), 代入原方程, 得:

$$\begin{cases} A = \frac{1}{2} \\ B = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow x \text{ 存在特殊解 } x = \frac{1}{2} \sin(t)$$

綜上, 原方程的一般解为:

$$x = Ce^x + Dxe^{-x} + \frac{1}{2} \sin(t) \quad (C, D \text{ 为常数})$$

$t \rightarrow \infty$ 的有界解为

$$x = \frac{1}{2} \sin(t)$$

(2)

$$\text{令 } z = x + y, \quad \frac{d^2 z}{dt^2} + 2 \frac{dz}{dt} = \cos(t),$$

参照 (1), 解得一般解

$$z = A e^{-t} + B + \frac{2}{5} \sin(t) - \frac{1}{5} \cos(t) \quad (A, B \text{ 为常数})$$

$$\text{令 } w = x - y, \quad \frac{d^2 w}{dt^2} + 2 \frac{dw}{dt} + 2w = \cos(t)$$

参照 (1), 解得一般解

$$w = C e^{-t} \sin(t) + D e^{-t} \cos(t) + \frac{2}{5} \sin(t) + \frac{1}{5} \cos(t) \quad (C, D \text{ 为常数})$$

綜上, 原方程的一般解为:

$$x = \frac{z+w}{2} = A e^{-t} + B + C e^{-t} \sin(t) + D e^{-t} \cos(t) + \frac{2}{5} \sin(t)$$

$$y = \frac{z-w}{2} = A e^{-t} + B - C e^{-t} \sin(t) - D e^{-t} \cos(t) - \frac{1}{5} \sin(t)$$

(A, B, C, D 为常数)

$t \rightarrow \infty$ 的有界解为:

$$x = B + \frac{2}{5} \sin(t) \quad (B \text{ 为任意常数})$$

$$y = B - \frac{1}{5} \cos(t)$$

(3)

$$\begin{aligned}\text{令 } y = \frac{1}{x}, \text{ 则 } \frac{dy}{dt} &= -\frac{1}{x^2} \frac{dx}{dt} \\ &= \frac{1}{x^2} \frac{1}{2} (e^{-t} x^2 + x) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} (e^{-t} + \frac{1}{x}) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} (e^{-t} + y) \\ \Rightarrow 2 \frac{dy}{dt} + y &= -e^{-t}\end{aligned}$$

代入 $y = f(t) e^{-\frac{1}{2}t}$ 整理得:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{df}{dt} &= -\frac{1}{2} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \\ \Rightarrow f(t) &= e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} + C \quad (C \text{ 为常数})\end{aligned}$$

一般解为:

$$\begin{aligned}y(t) &= (e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} + C) e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \\ &= e^{-t} + C e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \quad (C \text{ 为常数})\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow x(t) &= \frac{1}{e^{-t} + C e^{-\frac{1}{2}t}} \\ &= \frac{e^t}{1 + C e^{\frac{1}{2}t}} \quad (C \text{ 为常数})\end{aligned}$$

代入 $x(0) = \frac{1}{2}$, 解得 $C = 1$

$$\Rightarrow x(t) = \frac{e^t}{1 + e^{\frac{1}{2}t}}$$