Handling & Managing of Major Incidents

0	Division/Section:	Rev No. 2
Land Transport Authority ITSO Division	ITSO Division /ITSO OCC Traffic Operations	Effective Date: Xx Dec 2020
	Document No: ITSO/OCC/SOP/ AOP03.002	•
Handlii	ng& Managing of Major Inci	dents

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DOCUMENT CONTROL

REV	DOCUMENT TITLE &	Date	Prepared by	Reviewed by	Approved by
	COPY NUMBER				
0	Handling & Managing of Major Incidents Copyof	15 th December 2009	Muhamad Ridha (OE)	Alfred Loh (SOE)	Soh Ling Tim (MOPN)
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AMENDMENT HISTORY RECORD

Rev	Effective	Section & Sub-	Amendments/ References	Party Requesting
	Date of	Section		for Change
No.	Change	Amended		
1	XX Oct	Whole	Due to organization change of division	DOM, ITSO OCC
	2013	Document	name from ITSO to ITSO.	
2	XX Dec	Whole	Due to change of Staff Designations in	Mgr, ITSO OCC
	2020	Document	ITSO OCC.	_
			Delete SOE, insert DM	
			Delete DySOE, insert DyAM	

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Section 1. Introduction

- 1.1.1 This document describes the general principle for ITSO OCC in terms of operational handling and managing major complex road incidents that may or may not result in a severity level 3, 2 or 1 incident classification (Refer to Attachment 1 for definition).
- 1.1.2 **Major Incidents** that are road related can be define as having a greater impact on road usage safety, the traffic flow condition and prolong delay to all road users as compared to a minor incident. It may also involve multiple human injuries and emergency services or it may result in a major degradation of traffic services provided by ITSO OCC.
- 1.1.3 The role of ITSO OCC in any road related incident is mainly an operational function. Any major incidents that cannot be handled with operational decision will result in escalation and management decision to upgrade the classification incident to level 1 or 2 ITSO OCC shall handover the incident management to CMG as soon as it is practicable. Before the CMG convenes, ITSO OCC will handle the initial actions in consultation with the KCO and/or Manager (Operations).
- 1.1.4 For any emergency situations, with effect from 08 June 2004, vehicles owned or authorized by LTA are allowed to use the road shoulder for emergency purpose, without the need to seek Traffic Police's permission. However, the empowerment to use the road shoulder shall come from the Deputy Manager (ITSO OCC). The guidelines for using the road shoulder are detailed in Attachment 2.

Section 2. Personnel Involved

- a) ITSO OCC staff
- b) LTM & VRS staff
- c) Other LTA department staff
- d) External Agencies

Section 3. Actions & Process

Sub-Section 3.1 Handling & Managing Major Incidents on the Expressway

- 3.1.1 Upon occurrence or detection of an incident. Both DM and OE will try to ascertain the incident by all means at their disposal.
- 3.1.2 Once confirmed DM & OE will execute initial actions to secure the site, activate the necessary resources and co-ordinate with other agencies to handle the situation. This will include creating an incident report (IR), implement messages, dispatch EMAS recovery crew, LTM, inform traffic police and traffic watch. If the incident requires other external or internal agencies assistance, e.g. PUB, NEA, Nparks, SCDF, LTA RAMs, ITSO maintenance team etc.... they will be informed accordingly.
- 3.1.3 DM will analyze the impact of the incident based on the nature of the road network and average traffic volume of that road, severity of the incident before deciding on escalation to management via sms (Refer to Attachment 7 for criteria for escalation).
- 3.1.4 DM may need to make additional operational decision and direct OEs as the incident progress in order to mitigate the impact. Example, DM to configure ad-hoc messages

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for OE to display on site to mitigate the traffic jam caused by the incident or if more VMS are required to display messages for the incident.

- 3.1.5 DM and OE to continue monitoring the incident, and DM will update the progress of the incident to higher management until it is over.
- 3.1.6 If the situation deteriorate, management may decide to upgrade severity to level 2 or 1 and ITSO OCC will assume the following functions:
 - a. Execute the initial response plans to contain the incident site and evacuate trapped motorists upstream of incident site;
 - b. Manage the incident until Management takes over the decision making process.
 - c. Report and escalate incident occurrence to Management for a decision to activate the LTA CMG;
 - d. Co-ordinate with the external agencies (e.g. SCDF, TP, SPF) and internal divisions (e.g RAM,CMG, LTOC) and cells (Operations, Planning and Admin) in managing the incident:
 - e. Provide regular situational updates to the LTA CMG on rescue and recovery actions taken and act on directions given by the CMG;
 - f. Assist in the recovery and reinstatement works, as well as the incident investigation works
 - g. Information presentation to higher management

Sub-Section 3.2Handling & Managing a Major Incident on Arterial Roads

- 3.2.1 As of the current procedure any incident occurring on arterial roads outside the VRS contract boundary RC will not be sent to site.
- 3.2.2 For incident on arterial roads, traffic police or division police will handle the incident and manage the traffic on site. They will also do the road diversion or closure if need be.
- 3.2.3 However, DM holds the rights to activate RC or LTM to any incident on arterial roads if he or she feels that the occurred major incident is serious and additional resources may be needed or the incident will cause massive congestion affecting the expressways or critical roads or VIP routes.
- 3.2.4 DM may instruct the OE to adjust traffic light timings to mitigate the traffic jam. Messages will also be displayed on VMS to inform motorists of such incident so that the latter will not travel along that road and join the jam. Traffic watch will be informed, followed by the required agencies if necessary.
- 3.2.5 DM shall escalate such major incident occurrence to the management if they deem the incident warrants management notification (Refer to Attachment 7 for criteria for escalation).

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3.2.6 If the situation deteriorate, management may decide to upgrade severity to level 2 or 1 and ITSO OCC will assume the following functions same as those reflected in section 3.1, subsection 3.1.6 of this document.

Section 4. Abbreviations

CMG Crisis Management Group

EMAS Expressway Monitoring Advisory Service

ITSO Intelligent Transport Systems Operations

LTA Land Transport Authority

LTM Land Transport Authority Traffic Marshals

NEA National Environment Agency

Nparks National Parks

OE Operations Executive

OCC Operations Control Center

PTZ Pan Tilt Zoom Camera

PUB Public Utilities Board

RC Recovery Crew

RAM Road Asset Maintenance

DM Deputy Manager

DyAM Deputy Assistance Manager

SPF Singapore Police Force

SCDF Singapore Civil Defense Force

TM Traffic Management

TP Traffic Police

VRS Vehicle Recovery Service

VMS Variable Message Signs

Section 5. References & Attachments

- Intelligent Transport Systems Operations (Operations), Integrated Standard Operating Procedures
- 2. ITSO Crisis Management Procedure

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ATTACHMENT 1-Classification of Incident Severity Levels

The severity levels of incident can be classified as:

- A1) Level 1- The most serious classification of a peacetime incident. This level would denote that the incident is a civil emergency at National level with the Executive Group (EC) convening to manage the incident. LTA will assume a supporting and advisory role with other government agency taking the lead. Example, collapse of MRT/LRT structure, road tunnel or viaduct, severe flooding, fire or explosion in tunnel/underpass, Island wide power failure, Terrorism/sabotage on road network systems, Toxic or inflammable substance spill, objects (Large & Heavy) crashing onto moving trains.
- **A2) Level 2-** Denotes a peacetime major incident that involves the Land Transport System with the management deciding to activate LTA CMG/MOT CMG to manage the incident. LTA CMG/MOT CMG will decide if the incident level needs to be upgraded. Example, major damage of bridge structure / vehicular viaduct / tunnel, flooding, gas leaks affecting personnel on site, landslide resulting in actual or potential collapse of road infrastructure, Fire/sabotage at ITSO, Major and prolonged service disruption due to power or systems failure, Flooding or explosion/fire in vehicular tunnels
- A3) Level 3-Denotes a peacetime major incident that do not require the activation of the LTA Crisis Management Group (CMG) to handle the situation. They are localised in nature, where loss of life and injury are confined to individual or small numbers, and where service disruption is minimal, and manageable by applying the departmental Standard Operating Procedures. Example, collapse of crane or lifting machinery with/without fatalities, Minor landslide/cave-in affecting part of carriageway, overhead gantry structure damaged, building/surface subsidence affecting the public, major accident involving multiple lane closure in tunnels, minor collapse of temporary or permanent works, accident involving major injury to one or more personnel on site, bomb scare/alert tunnel, flooding in CTE tunnel, power failure in tunnels, split Paint causing skidding of vehicles, major accident involving multiple lanes closure in Tunnels.

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ATTACHMENT 2- Guidelines on the Use of Expressway Shoulder for EMAS Recovery Vehicles

The Control Room Deputy Manager shall give the permission for the EMAS tow trucks to travel on the road shoulder (if available) to attend to incidents based on the following criteria:

- 1. Length of congestion greater than 2km as a result of the occurrence of serious incidents. Serious incidents are defined as follows:
 - Incidents that result in only one or no passable lane on the expressway
 - The 2km traffic queue has lasted for more than 15 minutes

All EMAS tow crews upon instructed to travel on road shoulder to reach the incident scene will have to adhere to followings:

- Switching on revolving lights
- Switching on head lights and hazards light at all times
- > Depending on the width of the shoulder, tow crew is to regulate the traveling speed accordingly to ensure safe travel.
- > Traveling speed shall not exceed 60 km/h at all times
- Paying special attention to the vehicles ahead of them that may suddenly filter onto the road shoulder.

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ATTACHMENT 3- Approved Abbreviation for Usage by ITSO OCC Operators

Approved Abbreviation for Usage by ITSO OCC Operators

DC - Detection camera
PTZ - Surveillance camera
TP - Traffic Police

IO - Investigation officer RCS - Traffic watch RC - Recovery crew

AB - Ambulance

HGV - Heavy good vehicles

M'sian - Malaysia

OTC - Own towing crew

OTM - Own towing mechanic

FB-Fire Brigade US – understudy

TCMT-Traffic Congestion Management Team

B/d - Breakdown

Acc - Accident

CC – Chain collision

Misc - Miscellaneous

Veh - vehicle

L/p - lampost

VIG - vehicle impact guardrail

Ln - lane

SH - Shoulder

F/O - Flyover

aft - after

bef - before

LTM – Land Transport Authority

Traffic Marshal

m/f - mechanical fault

f/t - flat tyre

abd - abandoned

n/p - no petrol

OA - Optical Assembly

BO - blackout

FY - flashing yellow

LCB - Lamp Control Board

MCB - main Circuit Breaker

RCCB -Residue Current Circuit

Breaker

OSM – On Scene Management

OSI – On Scene Investigation

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ATTACHMENT 4- Major Accident In Tunnel Checklist

Time	Tunnel OE	Other Zone OE	DM
H + 0 min	Detects & confirm accident by CCTV camera or by other sources	☐ To perform normal own zone duties.	Call KPE if incident is predicted to affect KPE.
	☐ Inform DM & Create Accident Situation.	OR	CCTV to viewLocation & incident bound.
	 □ Activate VRS & LTM. ➤ To perform traffic control and assess incident situation on-site. ➤ Close affected sections of expressway and activate more LTM & VRS to assist if total closure is required. □ (For motorist injury) Call Traffic Police to inform: ➤ Location ➤ Accident situation ➤ Camera to view ➤ Access route 	□ IF total closure is required, assist to call Traffic Police to inform: ➤ Location of accident & total closure ➤ Accident situation ➤ Casualties ➤ Camera to view ➤ Access route □ Play RBBI.	OR IF total closure is required SMS incident to Key Officers Strategize with VRS & LTM DO on how best to secure the affected site Assist to call external agencies if requ

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H + 1 To 3 min	☐ Call Traffic Watch.	☐ To perform normal own zone duties.	☐ Inform OE to check congestion area
	☐ Call LTOC. (6396 2952)		CO level. (AMS sensors)
	☐ Call One-Call-Center. (6538 8330)		☐ Inform RAMs for any damage to property.
	Modify and implement response plan if necessary.		SMS incident to Key Officers if congestion is 3km or more.
	☐ Check CO2 levels if exceeds 150ppm to activate jet fans		

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Tunnel OE	Other Zone OE	DM
■ Modify and implement response plan if necessary base on LTM & VRS on site report	To perform normal own zone duties.	☐ Infd update to KPE on expected. Congestion if it affects KPE: ➤ Junctions ➤ Adjoining expressway
☐ Info update	To perform normal own zone duties.	☐ Info update SMS
 □ Update situation record. □ Remove response plan and close IR □ Inform LTM and VRS to commence Tunnel re-opening once DM has given the clearance. □ Update Traffic Watch 	To perform normal own zone duties	 □ Confirm clearance from TP to open Tunnel. □ Check Congestion has cleared. □ Update KPE □ Update SMS. .
	 □ Modify and implement response plan if necessary base on LTM & VRS on site report □ Info update □ Update situation record. □ Remove response plan and close IR □ Inform LTM and VRS to commence Tunnel re-opening once DM has given the clearance. 	■ Modify and implement response plan if necessary base on LTM & VRS on site report ■ Info update ■ Update situation record. □ Remove response plan and close IR □ Inform LTM and VRS to commence Tunnel re-opening once DM has given the clearance. □ To perform normal own zone duties. □ To perform normal own zone duties.

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ATTACHMENT 5- Major Flooding In Tunnel Checklist

1. Time	2. Tunnel OE	Other Zone OE	DM
H + 0 min	 □ Verify & confirm Flooding by CCTV camera. □ Inform DM & Create Flooding Situation □ TP to inform ► Location ► Camera to view ► Access route 	To perform normal own zone duties	 □ Call DDIT & seek clearance to close affected section of tunnel (9668 3651 □ Strategize with VRS & LTM DO on how best to secure the affected site □ Assist to call external agencies if required Call SCDF again if unable to determine the access route to incident site.

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H + 1 To 3 min	☐ Call Traffic Watch	D Call One Call Contar (CE20 9220)	OMC in side at the Key Office as
111111	☐ Activate VRS & LTM.	Call One-Call-Center (6538 8330)	SMS incident to Key Officers.
	To close all affected entrance slips	☐ Call LTOC. (6396 2952)	
	To perform traffic control at	☐ Call SCDF to inform them of the access	
	Flooding location.	route to incident site.	
	 Activate pumps to clear floodwater. 		
	_		
	If unable to clear flood water to seek assistance from SCDF to		
	pump out water		
		1	

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3. Time	4. Tunnel OE	Other Zone OE	DM
Arrival of VRS & LTM	 Modify and implement response plan if necessary base on LTM & VRS on site report. 	To perform normal own zone duties.	☐ Infd update to KPE on expected. Congestion if it affects KPE: ➤ Junctions ➤ Adjoining expressway
	☐ Close affected sections of tunnel and activate more LTM & VRS to assist if total closure is required.		
Arrival of SCDF and Police.	☐ Info update	To perform normal own zone duties.	☐ Info update SMS
Re-opening of Tunnel & end of incident	 □ Update situation record. □ Remove response plan and close IR □ Inform LTM and VRS to commence Tunnel re-opening 	To perform normal own zone duties	☐ Confirm clearance from TP & SCDF to open Tunnel.
			☐ Check Congestion has cleared.
			☐ Update KPE
	once DM has given the clearance.		☐ Update SMS.
	☐ Update Traffic Watch		

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ATTACHMENT 6-Power Failure In Tunnel Checklist

Time	Tunnel OE	Other Zone OE	DM
H + 0 min	☐ Check Tunnel lighting level.	Perform own zone duties	☐ Check with Power Grid on the status.
	☐ Inform DM & Create IR.		☐ Tunnel contractor and tunnel maintenance team to start stand by
	Activate VRS & LTM. To stand by close tunnel		generator.
H + 1 To 3 min	Stand by generator kicks in no further action is required.	Stand by generator kicks in no further action is required.	Stand by generator kicks in no further action is required.
	5. OR	6. OR	7. OR
	 □ If stand by generator does not kick in instruct LTM and VRS to close Tunnel upon clearance by DM □ Call Traffic Watch. 	☐ Call One-Call-Center (6538 8330) ☐ Call LTOC (6396 2952)	 □ Call DDIT & seek clearance to close affected section of tunnel (9668 3651) □ Inform TP of closure □ SMS incident to Key Officers.
	☐ Modify (If necessary) response plan.		

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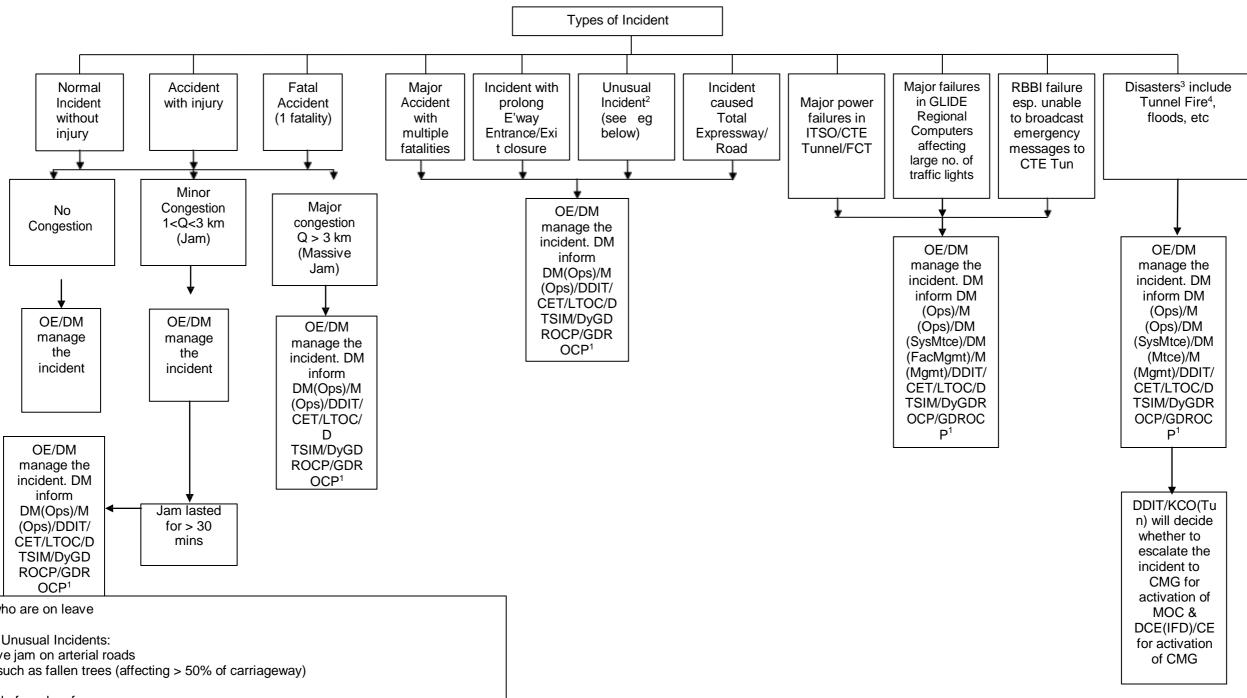
Arrival of VRS	☐ Update Traffic Watch.	Perform own zone duties.	☐ Information update via SMS
& LTM		T chom own zone dates.	- Information apadic via civic
	☐ Update IR		
	☐ Close Tunnel, activate more LTM & VRS to assist.		
Re-opening of Tunnel		☐ Perform own zone duties.	□ Confirm with Power Grid that power restored. □ Maintenance staff to check all systems are in working condition □ Update DDIT and permission to re-open Tunnel. (9668 3651) □ Information update via SMS .

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ATTACHMENT 7

ESCALATION OF INFORMATION ON INCIDENTS



¹To exclude those who are on leave

- ²Some examples of Unusual Incidents:
- (a) Abnormal massive jam on arterial roads
- (b) Huge obstacles such as fallen trees (affecting > 50% of carriageway)
- (c) Road cave-in
- (d) Serious upheaval of road surface
- (e) Flooding
- (f) Serious road settlement, subsidence or undulating carriageway over a considerable length of road
- (g) Unauthorised works on roads that adversely affect traffic flow / unusual events on roads
- (h) Severe damage to overhead gantry/cantilever sign causing massive jam or posing safety hazard (Also to inform DM (Fac Mgmt) & M (Mgmt) if it is an EMAS sign)

³Disaster - Please refer to the LTA CMG Minor Disaster List

⁴For Tunnel fire, SCDF takes command and control of the rescue and recovery operations

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SMS Message

(a) Est. Nos. of SMS per incident: (i) Start of an incident (ii) updates when there is a change in status (iii) End of an incident.

Min. = 3nos.

(b) Format: <Time>: <New or U/D>: <Type of incident>: <Location>: <Actions taken>: <Impact of incident> E.g. 0650hrs: New - Accident CTE(AYE) aft PIE(Changi) on Ln 1. TP & TW informed. Congestion 4km up to AMK Ave 1