

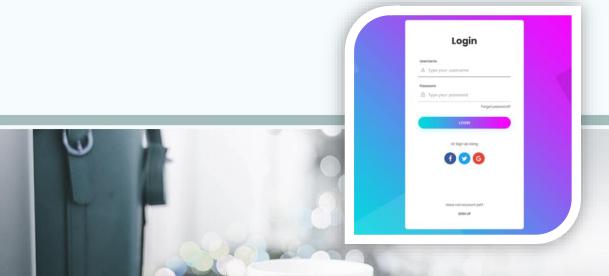






## **Web Programming**

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**HTML** Form and Frame

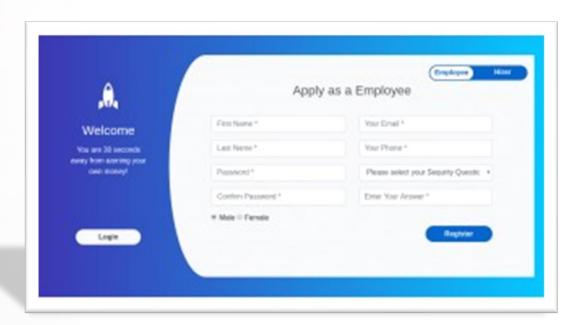


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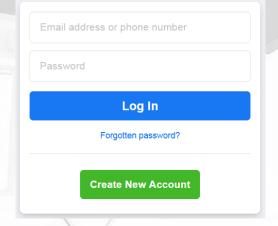
### 1. HTML Form

Entering User Data from a Web Page

### What is a HTML Form?

The primary method for gathering data from site visitors

- HTML Form can contain:
  - Text fields for the user to type
  - Buttons for interactions like "Register", "Login", "Search"
  - · Menus, Sliders, etc.



Check Google, Yahoo! Search, Bing
 Google search field is a simple Text field

### How to Create a HTML Form?

- Create a form block with <form></form>
  - The "action" attribute tells where the form data should be sent
  - The "method" attribute tells how the form data should be sent via GET or POST request
  - The "enctype" attribute specifies how the form-data should be encoded when submitting it to the server. (Note: It can be used only if method="post")
    - ✓ application/x-www-form-urlencoded: Default
    - ✓ multipart/form-data: is used if a file will be uploaded through the form

#### Example:

### HTTP GET and POST method

GET Method	POST Method
Appends form-data into the URL in name/value pairs	Appends form-data inside the body of the HTTP request
The length of a URL is limited	Has no size limitations
Useful for form submissions where a user wants to <b>bookmark</b> the result	Form submissions with POST cannot be bookmarked
Never use GET to send sensitive data! (will be visible in the URL)	

GET is better for non-secure data, like query strings in Google

### HTTP GET Method

When you submit a form, the URL will appear in the browser address bar like the following:
Domain\_name?name=value[&name\_n=value\_n]

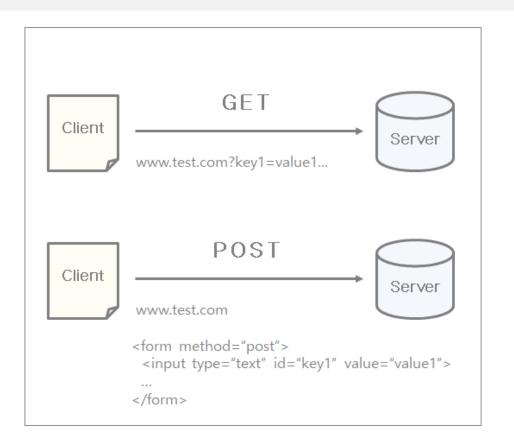
■ The data is appended to the URL as a series of **name/value** pairs. After the URL web address has ended, we include **a question mark** (?) followed by the name/value pairs, **each one separated** by an **ampersand** (&).

### **HTTP POST Method**

If a form is sent using this method, the data is appended to the body of the HTTP request.

```
POST / HTTP/2.0
Host: foo.com
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 13
say=Hi&to=Mom
```

### HTTP GET and POST method





Email address	
Password	
••••	
Example textarea	

## **Text Fields**

### Text Fields

• Single-line text input field:

```
<input type="text" name="Name" value="Default value" maxlength="100 />
```

• Multi-line text input field (textarea):

```
<textarea name="Content" cols="30" rows="10">
    This is a multi-line text field
</textarea>
```

■ Password input – a text field which masks the entered text with \* signs

```
<input type="password" name="pass" />
```

### **Text Fields**

■ The "name" attribute is used to reference elements in the JavaScript language, or to reference form data after a form is submitted

 Note: Only form elements with a name attribute will have their values passed when submitting a form

### **Buttons**

■ Reset button – brings the form to its initial state

```
<input type="reset" name="resetBtn" value="Reset the form" />
```

Submit button:

```
<input type="submit" value="Send" />
```

Ordinary button – no default action, used with JavaScript

```
<input type="button" value="Click me" />
```

■ Image button – acts like submit but image is displayed and click coordinates are sent

```
<input type="image" src="image.jpg" name="submitBtn" alt="Submit" />
```

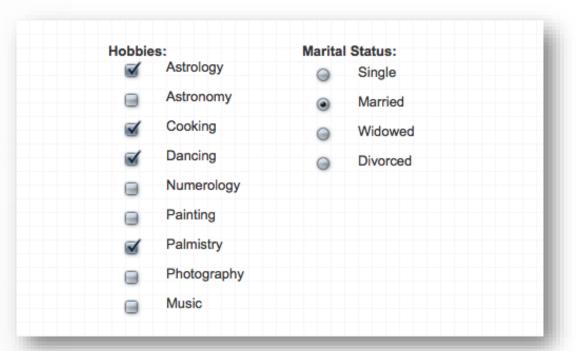
# Buttons

- The **<button>** tag defines a button
- Inside a <button> element you can put content, like text or images

```
<button type="button">Click Me!</button>
```

- Values of the type attribute:
  - Button
  - Reset
  - Submit





### Checkbox and Radio

### Checkbox and Radio Button

#### Checkbox:

```
<input type="checkbox" name="Hobby[]" value="Dancing" />
<input type="checkbox" name="Hobby[]" value="Shopping" checked />
```

#### Radio button:

Radio buttons can be grouped, allowing **only one** to be selected from a group:

```
<input type="radio" name="Title" value="Mr." />
<input type="radio" name="Title" value="Ms." checked />
```

### Hidden Field

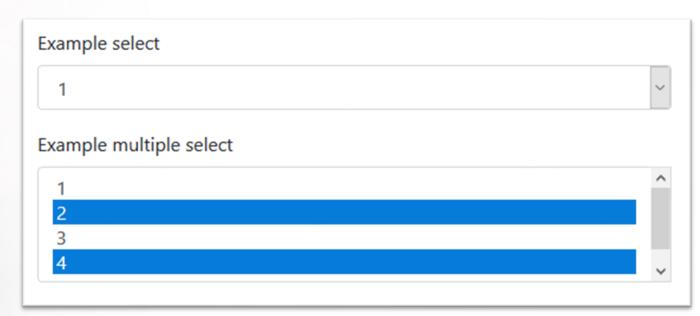
Hidden field contains invisible data

```
<input type="hidden" name="UserID" value="1" />
```

- Not shown to the user
- Used by JavaScript and server-side code

ViewState, SessionState in ASP.NET





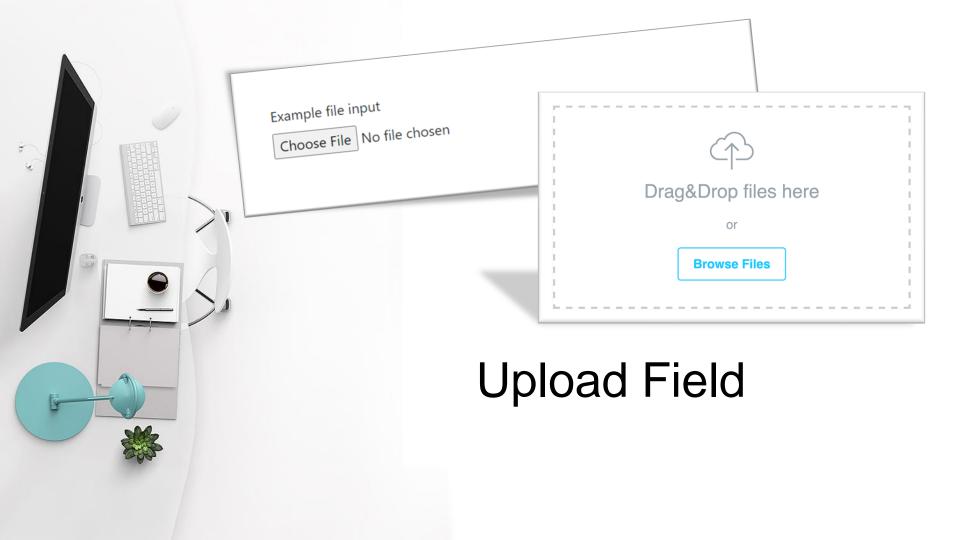
### Select Fields

### Select Fields

#### ■ **Dropdown** menu:

#### • Multiple-choice menu:

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## Upload field

- The <input type="file"> defines a file-select field and a "Browse" button for file uploads.
- When the "multiple" Boolean attribute is specified, the file input allows the user to select more than one file.
- The accept attribute defines the file types the file input should accept.
  - accept =".doc,.docx,.xml,application/msword,application/vnd.openxmlformatsofficedocument.wordprocessingml.document": Microsoft Word files
  - accept =".jpg, .pdf, .jpg/ image/.png"
  - accept="audio/\*, video/\*, image/\*"
- E.g.

```
<input type="file" name="file" accept=".jpg, .jpeg, .png" />
<input type="file" name="files" multiple accept="image/*,.pdf" />
```



We'll never share your email	with anyone else.	
Password		
☐ Check me out		

## Label

### Label

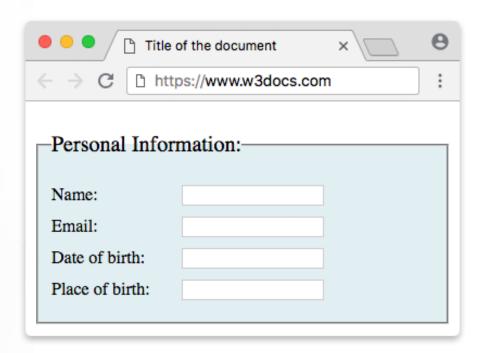
Label is used to associate an explanatory text to a form field using the field's ID

```
<label for="fn">First Name</label>
<input type="text" id="fn" />
```

- Clicking on a label focuses its associated field
  - Checkbox is toggled
  - Radio button is checked

Label is both a usability and accessibility feature





**Fieldset** 

### **Fieldset**

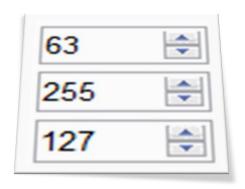
Fieldset is used to enclose a group of related form fields:

```
<form method="Post" action="process.php">
    <fieldset>
        <legend>Client Details</legend>
        <input type="text" name="Name" />
        <input type="text" name="Phone" />
    </fieldset>
    <fieldset>
        <legend>Order Details</legend>
        <input type="text" name="Quantity" />
        <textarea cols="40" rows="10" name="Remarks"></textarea>
    </fieldset>
</form>
```

The <legend> is the fieldset's title







## Slider and Spinbox

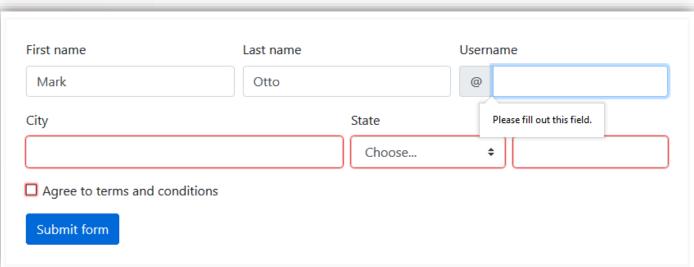
## Range and Spinbox

- Restrict users to enter only numbers
  - Additional attributes min, max and step and value
  - Become **Spinbox** or **Slider**, depending on the input type

```
<input type="range" min="0" max="100" />
<input type="number" min="0" max="100" />
```

Have some differences on different browsers





### HTML5 Attributes and Validation

### Field Attributes from HTML 5

#### Required

The field is required to be filled/selected

```
<input type="text" name="username" required>
<input type="text" name="username" required="required">
```

#### Placeholder

The attribute specifies a hint that describes the expected value of its field

```
<input type="text" name="username" placeholder="Your text (a short hint)">
```

#### Autofocus

The field becomes on focus on page load

```
<input type="text" name="UserName" autofocus="autofocus" />
```

## Input Field with Validation

- Email provides a simple validation for email
  - Can be passed a pattern for validation
  - In a mobile device brings the email keyboard

```
<input type="email" required="true" pattern="[^ 0]*0[^ 0].[^ 0]"/>
```

■ URL – has validation for url

In a mobile device brings the url keyboard

```
<input type="url" required="true" />
```

Telephone

In a mobile device brings the numeric keyboard

```
<input type="tel" required="true" />
```

## Value List of Type Attribute of <input> Tag

- Text
- Email
- Password
- Hidden
- Checkbox
- Radio
- File
- Button
- Submit

- Reset
- Number
- Tel
- Color
- Url
- Range
- Search
- Image
- Date
- Datetime-local
- Month
- Time
- Week

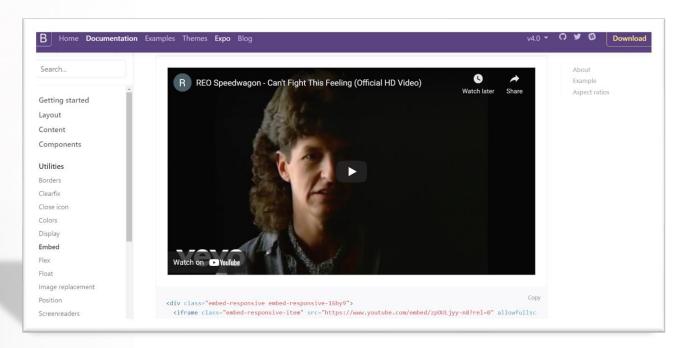
View more: <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/tags/att\_input\_type.asp">https://www.w3schools.com/tags/att\_input\_type.asp</a>

## Common attributes of <input> Tag

Source: https://www.w3schools.com/tags/tag\_input.asp

Attribute	Value	Description	
checked	checked	Specifies that an <input/> element should be <b>pre-selected</b> when the page loads (for type="checkbox" or type="radio")	
maxlength	number	Specifies the maximum number of characters allowed in an <input/> element	
minlength	number	Specifies the minimum number of characters required in an <input/> element	
name	text	Specifies the name of an <input/> element	
placeholder	text	Specifies a short hint that describes the expected value of an <input/> element	
readonly	readonly	Specifies that an input field is read-only	
required	required	Specifies that an input field must be filled out before submitting the form	
type		Specifies the type <input/> element to display	
value	text	Specifies the value of an <input/> element	





### 2. HTML inline Frame

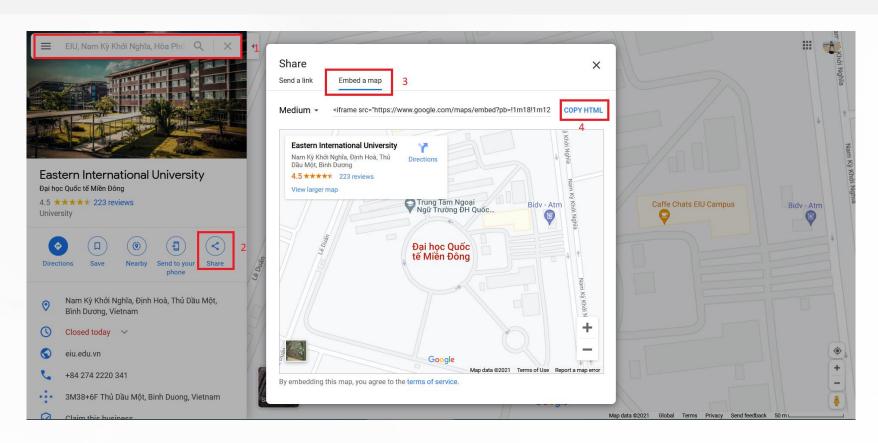
<iframe>

<iframe>

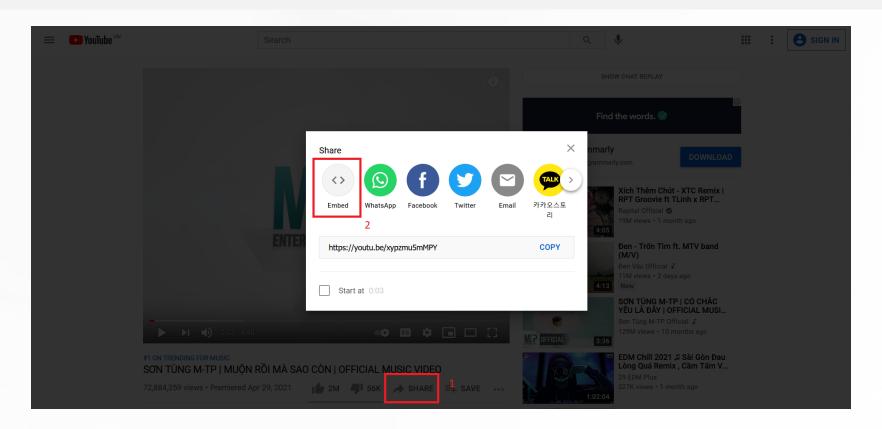
Inline frame provides a way to show one website inside another website.

```
<iframe
    src="https://vnexpress.net"
    width="600"
    height="400"
    frameborder="yes"
    scrolling="yes"
></iframe>
```

**Embed Google Map** 



#### Embed YouTube Video



#### Embed YouTube Video





## Exercise



