

Experiment No: 1

16 BIT ARITHMETIC OPERATIONS

Aim: To write an ALP to 8086 to perform 16-bit arithmetic operations in various Addressing modes.

Tools: PC installed with MASM/TASM

Program:

ASSUME CS: CODE, DS: DATA

DATA SEGMENT

OPR1 DW 5678H

OPR2 DW 1234H

SUM DW ?

DIFF DW ?

PRODUCT1 DW ?

PRODUCT2 DW ?

QUOTIENT DW ?

REMAINDER DW ?

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

START: MOV AX, DATA

 MOV DS, AX

 MOV AX, 5678H ;Immediate addressing mode

 ADD AX, 1234H ;Direct addressing mode

 MOV SUM, AX

 MOV AX, OPR1

 MOV BX, OPR2

 SUB AX, BX

 MOV DIFF, AX

 MOV AX, OPR1

```
MUL BX ; Register addressing mode
MOV PRODUCT1, AX
MOV PRODUCT2, DX
MOV DX, 0000H
MOV AX, OPR1
MOV BX, OPR2
DIV BX
MOV QUOTIENT, AX
MOV REMAINDER, DX
INT 03H
CODE ENDS
END START
```

Result:

Experiment no: 2
SORTING AN ARRAY FOR 8086
ASCENDING ORDER

Aim: Write and execute an ALP to 8086 processor to sort the given 16-bit numbers in ascending order.

Tools:

PC installed with masm 6.11

Program:

ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA

DATA SEGMENT

LIST DW 0125H, 0144H, 3001H, 0003H, 0002H

COUNT EQU 05H

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

START: MOV AX,DATA

 MOV DS,AX

 MOV DX,COUNT-1

BACK: MOV CX,DX

 MOV SI,OFFSET LIST

AGAIN: MOV AX,[SI]

 CMP AX,[SI+2]

 JC GO

 XCHG AX,[SI+2]

 XCHG AX,[SI]

GO: INC SI

 INC SI

 LOOP AGAIN

 DEC DX

 JNZ BACK

 INT 03H

CODE ENDS

END START

END

RESULT:

Experiment no: 3
SORTING AN ARRAY FOR 8086
DESCENDING ORDER

Aim: Write and execute an ALP to 8086 processor to sort the given 16-bit numbers in and descending order.

Tools:

PC installed with masm 6.11

Program:

ASSUME CS:CODE, DS:DATA

DATA SEGMENT

LIST DW 0125H, 0144H, 3001H, 0003H, 0002H

COUNT EQU 05H

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

```
START:    MOV  AX, DATA
          MOV  DS, AX
          MOV  DX, COUNT-1
BACK:     MOV  CX, DX
          MOV  SI, OFFSET LIST
AGAIN:    MOV  AX, [SI]
          CMP  AX, [SI+2]
          JNC  GO
          XCHG AX, [SI+2]
          XCHG AX, [SI]
GO:       INC  SI
          INC  SI
          LOOP AGAIN
          DEC  DX
          JNZ  BACK
          INT  03H
```

CODE ENDS

END START

END

RESULT:

Experiment no: 4
SRTING MANIPULATIONS

MOVE BLOCK

Aim: To write an assembly language program to move the block of data from a source BLOCK to the specified destination BLOCK.

Tools: PC installed with MASM 6.11

Program:

```
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 45H
ASSUME CS: CODE, DS: DATA
DATA SEGMENT
STRING DB 04H, 0F9H, 0BCH, 98H, 40H
COUNT EQU 05H
DATA ENDS
EXTRA SEGMENT
ORG 0010H
STRING1 DB 5 DUP(?)
EXTRA ENDS
CODE SEGMENT
START:    MOV AX, DATA
          MOV DS, AX
          MOV AX, DATA
          MOV ES, AX
          MOV SI, OFFSET STRING
          MOV DI, OFFSET STRING1
          MOV CL, COUNT
          CLD
          REP MOVSB
          INT 03H
```

CODE ENDS

END START

END

Result:

Experiment no: 5
SRTING MANIPULATIONS

REVERSE STRING

Aim: To write an assembly language program to 8086 to reverse the given string.

Tools: PC installed with MASM 6.11

Program:

```
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 48H
ASSUME CS: CODE,DS:DATA
DATA SEGMENT
STR DB 01H,02H,03H,04H
COUNT EQU 02H
DATA ENDS
CODE SEGMENT
START:    MOV AX, DATA
          MOV DS, AX
          MOV CL, COUNT
          MOV SI, OFFSET STR
          MOV DI, 0003H
BACK:     MOV AL, [SI]
          XCHG [DI], AL
          MOV [SI], AL
          INC SI
          DEC DI
          DEC CL
          JNZ BACK
```

INT 03H

CODE ENDS

END START

END

Result:

Introduction to KEIL

STEPS TO EXECUTE 8051 PROGRAMS:

- 1.Click on Keil Micro Vision
- 2.click on **new micro vision project,**
- 3.Create a **new folder** and then save the project.
- 4.It displays all the manufacturers of Microcontroller. Select **ATMEL**, in that again select **AT89C51**.then click on OK, then a pop up window appears, select on **NO**.
- 5.A new target is created.
- 6.click on **New** and write the program
- 7.Save the program with **filename.a51**.
- 8.Right click on **source target** on the left side,select open to “**add file to source group target1**”,select the respective file with **.a51** extension.
- 9.click on **target options** and select **target**,then change the clock frequency to **11.0598MHZ** and click **OK**.
- 10.Again open the **target options** and click on **OUTPUT**,click on the check box to create a **hex file**.
- 11.Now compile and build the hex file by clicking on **translate,build and rebuild** all options.
- 12.If errors exists,check with the line numbers,edit ,save and compile once again.
- 13.**Debug** the program.For step by step execution,click on **step in** option.For executing whole program at once,click on **run** button.
- 14.The registers value will be updated after the execution of the program.
- 15.To make note of hexcode of the program,go to the folder that was created at the starting ,and then select the **filename.lst** file.
- 16.Make note of the register values,code table and data table(input and ouput values with memory locations).

Experiment No: 6

Programming using arithmetic instructions of 8051

AIM: To perform Arithmetic operations on two 8-bit numbers using 8051 instructions

Tools required: Keil microvision software

Source Code:

```
ORG 00H
MOV A,#96H
MOV B,#69H
ADD A,B
MOV R0,A
MOV A,#96H
SUBB A,B
MOV R1,A
MOV A,#96H
MUL AB
MOV R2,A
MOV R3,B
MOV A,#96H
MOV B,#69H
DIV AB
MOV R4,A
MOV R5,B
END
```

Theoretical calculations:

Registers:

Code table: *should be written in prescribed format along with comments

Result:

Thus performed arithmetic operations on two 8-bit numbers using 8051.

Experiment No: 7

Programming using logical and bit manipulation instructions of 8051

AIM: To perform logical operations on two 8-bit numbers using 8051 instructions

Tools required:Keil microvision software

Source Code:

```
ORG 00H
MOV A, #96H
MOV B, #69H
ANL A, B
MOV R0, A
MOV A, #96H
ORL A, B
MOV R1, A
MOV A, #96H
CPL A
MOV R2, A
END
```

Theoretical calculations:

Registers:

Code table: *should be written in prescribed format along with comments

Result:

Thus performed logical operations on two 8-bit numbers using 8051.

Experiment No: 8

TIMER/COUNTERS

Aim: To write an ALP in 8051 to verify timer/counter operation

Tools: i)uxasm

ii)tkup

iii)tkup86 kit

iv)frc cable

Program:

```
#INCLUDE "TKUP52.DEF"
```

ORG 0000H

START:	LJMP	MAIN
	ORG	0150H
MAIN:	MOV	SP, #060H
	MOV	TMOD, #01H
BACK:	MOV	TL0, #075H
	MOV	TH0, #0B8H
	MOV	P1, #0AAH
	LCALL	SFTDL
	ACALL	DELAY
	MOV	TL0, #00H
	MOV	TH0, #00H
	MOV	P1, #055H
	ACALL	DELAY
	LCALL	SFTDL
	SJMP	BACK

ORG 300H

DELAY:	SETB	TCON4
AGAIN:	JNB	TCON5, AGAIN
	CLR	TCON4

CLR TCON5
RET

SFTDL	MOV	R4, #10H
DL3	MOV	R5, #0FFH
DL2	MOV	R6, #0FFH
DL1	DJNZ	R6, DL1
	DJNZ	R5, DL2
	DJNZ	R4, DL3
	RET	

Result:

Experiment No: 9

INTERRUPT HANDLING

Aim: To write an ALP to verify the interrupt handling in 8051

Tools:

- i) uxasm
- ii) tkup
- iii) tkup86 kit
- iv) frc cable

Program:

```
#INCLUDE "TKUP52.DEF"  
ORG 0000H  
START:    LJMP MAIN  
              ORG 0150H  
MAIN      MOV SP, #50H  
              MOV IE, #85H  
HERE      MOV P1, #7EH  
              SJMP HERE  
ORG 0003H          ;INT0 ISR  
              MOV P1, #0AAH  
              LCALL DELAY  
              LCALL DELAY  
              LCALL DELAY  
              RETI  
ORG 0013H          ;INT1 ISR  
              MOV P1, #0A5H  
              LCALL DELAY  
              LCALL DELAY  
              RETI  
DELAY     NOP
```

```
        MOV R4, #020H
DLY3      MOV R3, #0FFH
DLY2      MOV R2, #0FFH
DLY1      NOP
            NOP
            DJNZ R2, DLY1
            DJNZ R3, DLY2
            DJNZ R4, DLY3
            RET
```

Result:

Experiment no: 10

UART OPERATION

Aim: To write an ALP to 8051uC for UART operation.

Tools: i) uxasm

- ii) tkup
- iii) tkup86 kit
- iv)frc cable

Program:

```
;connect the rs232 from pc to tkup51 kit  
;connect the tx pin of 8051 to rx of max232 and vice versa  
;connect port1 to cnled
```

```
#INCLUDE "TKUP52.DEF"  
ORG 0000H  
START: LJMP MAIN  
          ORG 0150H  
MAIN:  MOV SP, #060H  
          MOV IE, #85H  
          MOV TMOD, #20H  
          MOV TH1, #0FAH  
          MOV SCON, #50H  
          SETB TCON6  
RPT:   MOV SBUF, #'Y'  
HERE:  JNB SCON1, HERE  
          CLR SCON1  
          MOV A, #'A'  
          MOV P1, A  
          SJMP RPT
```

Result:

Experiment No: 11

SERIAL COMMUNICATION

AIM: To transmit data serially to the pc at baud rate 9600

REGISTERS USED: General purpose registers: AL, CX

PORTS USED: PORT A

ALGORITHM:

Step 1: Start

Step 2: Load R0 with 06H.

Step 3: Load DTPR with 4150H.

Step 4: Load SCON with 50H.

Step 5: Load TMOD with 20H.

Step 6: Load TH1 with FDH.

Step 7: Set bit TR1.

Step 8: Load A with content of DTPR.

Step 9: Load SBUF with contents of A.

Step 10: Repeat step 10 until T1=1, if check whether if T1=1, go to step8.

Step 11: Clear T1.

Step 12: Increment DTPR.

Step 13: Decrement R0, if R0≠0 go to step 8.

Step 14: Jump to step 2.

Step 15: Stop

PROGRAM:

```
AGAIN: MOV R0, #06H
      MOV DPTR, #4150H
      MOV SCON, #50H
      MOV TMOD, #20H
      MOV TH1, #0FDH
      SETB 8EH
NEXT:  MOVX A, @DPTR
      MOV SBUF, A
HERE: JNB 99H, HERE
      CLR T1
      INC DPTR
      DJNZ R0, NEXT
      SJMP AGAIN
```