Quiz 3 (submit to NINOVA)

A code that generates smooth curves is going to be implemented. Implement the functions given in the template,

- 05p void CreateScreen(char**, int, int) Is responsible to generate a screen array of characters.
- 05p void DestroyScreen(char*) Frees the memory allocated.
- 05p void PrintScreen(char*, int, int) As the name implies prints the char array to the screen.
- 15p void MixCoordinates(float (*)[2],float[2],float[2],float) Blends two 2d-vectors into one by using $v_3 = (1-t)v_1 + tv_2$, where $0 \le t \le 1$.
- 70p void GenerateCurve(char**, int, int, float[2], float[2], float[2], float[2], Uses 4 points to generate the curve. It mixes the 2d-vectors like

```
a=mix p_0 and p_1
b=mix p_1 and p_2
c=mix p_2 and p_3
d=mix a and b
e=mix b and c
```

where $0 \le t \le 1$. And places a '+' character on the character array to be printed on the screen. Place also 'x' characters for the points p_0 , p_1 , p_2 and p_3 .

- Op if your code does not compile
- Only solutions using the provided structure are going to be graded.
- Do not define extra functions.
- You can only use the malloc and free functions from stdlib.h
- and the printf function from stdio.h, no other function call is allowed.

Only add your implementation to the given template. Do not include a main file or change the functions arguments, return types. Your submission is valid if you

submit a valid c function file and if you submit a valid **student.c** file. Do not upload your main file.

An example is shown below,

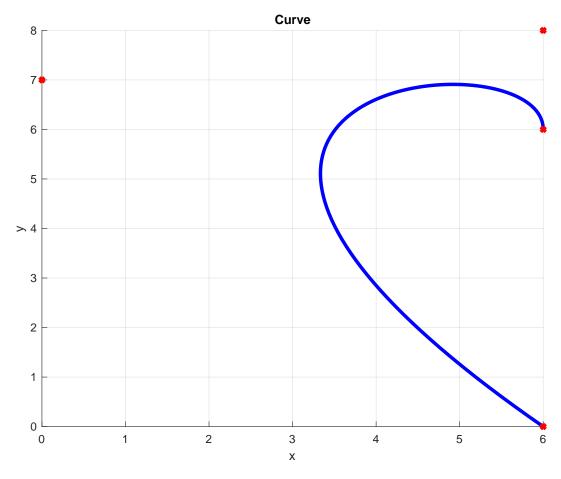


Figure 1: An example curve

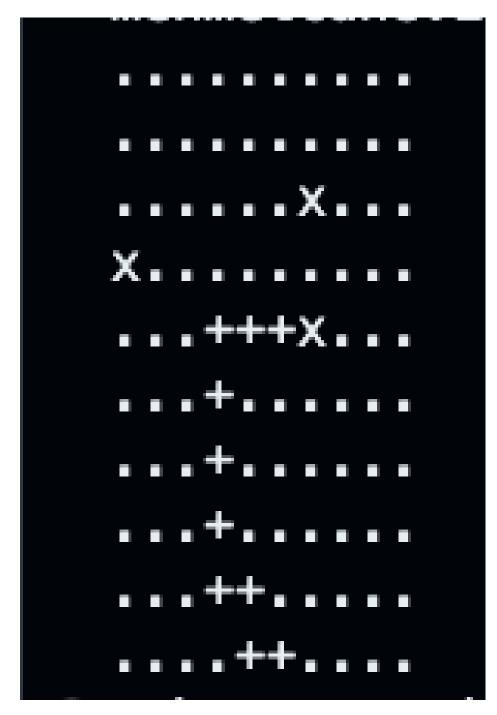


Figure 2: Implementation with w = 10, h = 10, (6,0), (0,7), (6,8) and (6,6)

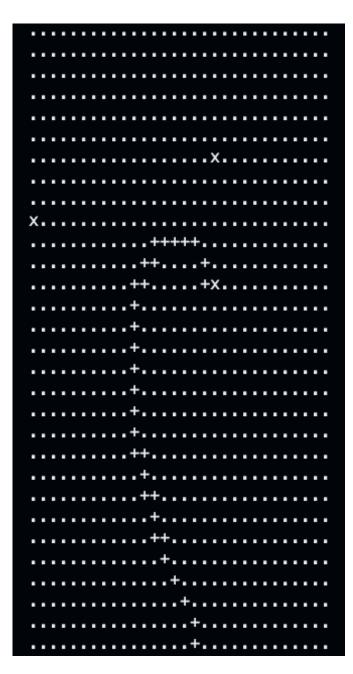


Figure 3: Implementation w = 30, h = 30, (18, 0), (0, 21), (18, 24) and (18, 18)