the Master Course

{CUDENATION}

JAVASCRIPT FUNDAMENTALS Functions

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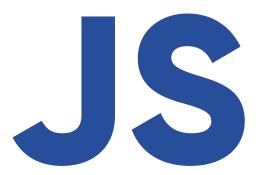
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Learning Objectives

To understand how functions work

To write programs with functions

To write programs with all three types of functions



First Things First!

Create a ticket machine for a cinema.

Write an if statement that checks the ages of cinema goers and displays the ticket prices.

- Child (below 18): £8

- Adult (18+): £10.95

- Senior (60+): £7.50





Introducing Functions

... functions **break our code up** into **smaller**, **reusable** chunks!



```
const pressGrindBeans = () => {
    console.log("Grinding for 20 seconds");
}
pressGrindBeans();
```

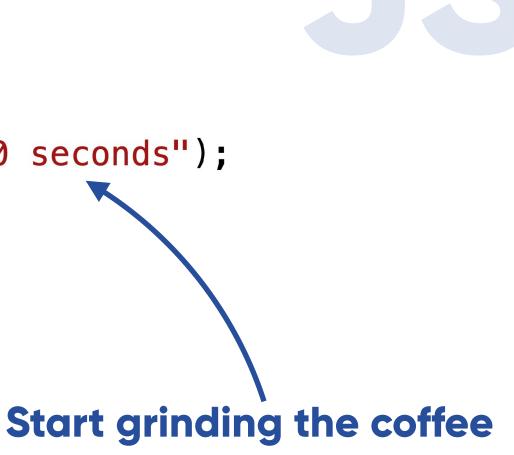


```
const pressGrindBeans = () => {
    console.log("Grinding for 20 seconds");
}
pressGrindBeans();

Declare a new function
```



```
const pressGrindBeans = () => {
    console.log("Grinding for 20 seconds");
}
pressGrindBeans();
```





```
const pressGrindBeans = () => {
    console.log("Grinding for 20 seconds");
}
pressGrindBeans();
```

Runs the function pressGrindBeans



Activity

Create a function called **favColor**, inside the function log 'My favourite color is Blue' to the console.



Lets level up....

... functions with **IF** statements included



```
let coffeeIsGrinding = false;
const pressGrindBeans = () => {
    if (coffeeIsGrinding) {
        console.log("Stopping the grind");
        coffeeIsGrinding = false;
    } else {
        console.log("Grinding is about to begin");
        coffeeIsGrinding = true;
pressGrindBeans();
```





Parameters

... these really make functions tick!





Parameters give functions flexibility

...they provide the ability for functions to act based on **data inputs!**



These are the **Parameters**

```
const cashWithdrawal = (amount, accnum) => {
   console.log(`Withdrawing ${amount} from account ${accnum}`);
cashWithdrawal(300, 50449921);
cashWithdrawal(30, 50449921);
cashWithdrawal(200, 50447921);
                 These are the Arguments
```

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We can use global variables in functions!

```
let accnumber = 50449921;
const cashWithdrawal = (amount, accnum) => {
    console.log(`Withdrawing ${amount} from account ${accnum}`);
}
cashWithdrawal(300, accnumber);
cashWithdrawal(30, 50449921);
cashWithdrawal(200, 50447921);
```



Activity

Change the **favColor** function to take your favourite color as a parameter, and inside the function log that parameter inside a template literal to the console.





We can also call on functions

...to do a job and return the result!



```
const addUp = (num1, num2) => {
    return num1 + num2;
}

Add up two numbers and return
    the answer

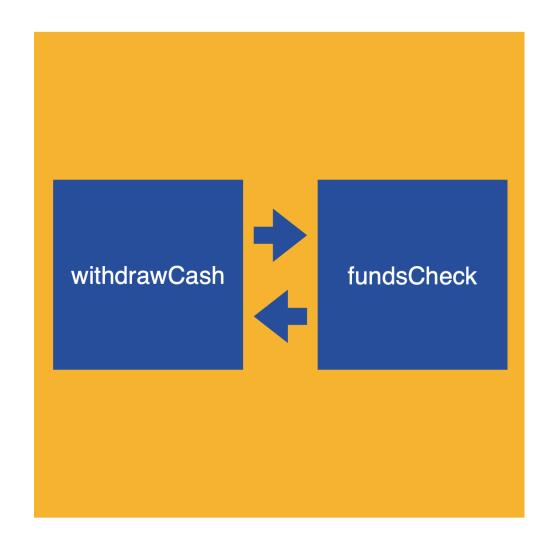
addUp(7,3);
console.log(addUp(2,5));
```



Functions might call

... on other functions and use that to achieve its goal. For example







Does the customer have enough funds requested?

...check and **return** result to **withdrawCash**



An example...

```
const multiplyByNineFifths = (celsius) => {
    return celsius * (9/5);
};
const getFahrenheit = (celsius) => {
    return multiplyByNineFifths(celsius) + 32;
};
console.log("The temperature is " + getFahrenheit(15) + "°F");
// Output: The temperature is 59°F
```



Functions have so far been declared using => arrow function syntax ... it's intended to make it less wordy!



There are other ways...

Function Declarations

Function Expressions



Declaration(1):

// Output: 25

```
function square(number) {
    return number * number;
};
square(5);
```

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Expression(2):

```
const square = function(number) {
    return number * number;
};
square(5);
// Output: 25
```





Expression(2):

```
const square = function(number) {
    return number * number;
};
square(5);
// Output: 25
```

```
Notice how we have the
keyword Function but no
   name? That's why it's
            anonymous.
```



Arrow function syntax

```
const square = (number) => {
    return number * number;
};
square(5);
// Output: 25
```

Declaration

```
function square(number) {
    return number * number;
};
square(5);
// Output: 25
```



Expression/anonymous function

```
const square = function(number) {
    return number * number;
};

square(5);

// Output: 25
```



So to recap....

Functions are written to perform a task.

Functions **take data**, perform a **set of tasks on the data**, then **return the result.**

We can define parameters to be used when calling the function.

When calling a function, we can pass in arguments, which will set the functions parameters.

We can use return to return the result of a function and use it elsewhere.



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Learning Objectives

To understand how functions work

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Activity 1:

Take this code and turn it into arrow function syntax:

```
function factorial (n) {
    if ((n === 0) || (n === 1)) {
        return 1;
    } else {
        return (n * factorial(n-1));
    }
}
```

console.log(factorial(33));



Activity 2:

Edit the below snippet to include **two** parameters and a running order count updated when the function is called:

```
let orderCount = 0;

const takeOrder = (topping) => {
  console.log(`Pizza with ${topping}`);
  orderCount++;
}

takeOrder("pineapple");
```

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Activity 3:

Cash machine time!

Let's create one that:



Be Creative



