If this document contains any restriction based on race, color, religion, sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, familial status, marital status, disability, veteran or military status, genetic information, national origin, source of income as defined in subdivision (p) of Section 12955, or ancestry, that restriction violates state and federal fair housing laws and is void, and may be removed pursuant to Section 12956.2 of the Government Code. Lawful restrictions under state and federal law on the age of occupants in senior housing or housing for older persons shall not be construed as restrictions based on familial status.

RESTATED BYLAWS

OF

CEDARBROOK HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION

If this document contains any restriction based on race, color, religion, sex, familial status, marital status, disability, national origin or ancestry, that restriction violates state and federal fair housing laws and is void, and may be removed pursuant to Section 12956.1 of the Government Code. Lawful restrictions under state and federal law on the age of occupants in senior housing or housing for older persons shall not be construed as restrictions based on familial status.

RESTATED BYLAWS OF CEDARBROOK HONEOWNERS ASSOCIATION

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Article/Section	<u>Title</u>	•					;	<u>Page</u>
Article I Section 1 Section 2 Section 3 Section 4	Recitals and Definitions	•	•	•	•	•		1 1 1 1
Article II Section 1	Principal Office				• •	• •	•	2 2
Article III Section 1 Section 2 Section 3 Section 4	Membership	•	•	•	•	•	•	2 2 2 2 2
Article IV Section 1 Section 2 Section 3 Section 4 Section 5	Membership Voting Single Class of Membership Member Voting Rights Eligibility to Vote Manner of Casting Votes Proxies	•	•	•	•	•	•	3 3 3
Section 6	Action by Written Ballot Without a Meeting					•	•	. 5
Section 7 Section 8	Majority Vote of Members Represented at Meeting Required for Valid Action	•	•	•	•			. 6
Article V Section 1 Section 2 Section 3 Section 4 Section 5 Section 6 Section 7	Membership Meetings Place of Meeting Annual Meeting [Alternate No. 2] Special Meetings Notice of Members' Meetings Quorum Requirements Adjourned Meeting Waiver of Notice or Consent by				•	•	•	. 2
Section 7	Absent Members							
	Voting and Giving Consents	٠	•	٠	٠	•	٠	. 1

Article/Section	Title	<u>Page</u>
Article VI	Membership Rights	11
Section 1	Use and Enjoyment of the Common Area	
02002	by Members and Family	11
Section 2	Tenants and Lessees	11
Section 3	Invitees and Guests	12
Section 4	Association Rules and Regulations	12
Article VII	Board of Directors	12
Section 1	General Association Powers	
Section 2	Number and Qualification of Directors	
Section 3	Term of Office [Alternate 1]	
Section 4	Nomination of Directors	
Section 5	Election of Directors	_
Section 6	Vacancies on Board of Directors	
Article VIII	Board Meetings	. 15
Section 1	Place of Meetings	
Section 2	Annual Meeting of Directors	
Section 3	Other Regular Meetings	_
Section 4	Special Meetings of the Board	
Section 5	Attendance by Members	
Section 6	Quorum Requirements	
Section 7	Waiver of Notice	
Section 8	Adjournment	
Section 9	Action Without a Meeting	
Section 10	Compensation	-
Article IX	Duties and Powers of the Board	. 18
Section 1	Specific Powers	
Section 2	Limitations on Powers	
Article X	Committees	. 20
Section 1	Committees of Directors	. 20
Section 2	Meetings and Actions of	
	Committees	. 21
Article XI	Officers	21
Section 1	Officers	21
Section 2	Election of Officers	
Section 3	Subordinate Officers	
Section 4	Removal of Officers	

Article/Section	<u>Title</u>	<u>Page</u>
Section 5	Resignation of Officers	22
Section 6	Vacancies	22
Section 7	President	22
Section 8	Vice President	22
Section 9	Secretary	22
Section 10	Chief Financial Officer	22
Article XII	Member Assessment Obligations and Association Finances	23
Section 1	Description of Assessments to Which Owners Are Subject	23
Section 2	Checks	23
Section 3	Operating Account	23
Section 4	Other Accounts	23
Section 5	Budgets and Financial Statements	23
Article XIII	Miscellaneous	. 25
Section 1	Inspection of Books and Records	. 25
Section 2	General Manager	. 26
Section 3	Corporate Seal	. 26
Section 4	Robert's Rules of Order	. 26
Section 5	Amendment or Repeal of Bylaws	. 26
Section 6	Notice Requirements	. 26
Section 7	Construction and Definitions	. 26
Certificate of	Secretary	. 27

RESTATED BYLAWS OF CEDARBROOK HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION

ARTICLE I Recitals and Definitions

<u>Section 1</u>. Name of Association. The name of this corporation is Cedarbrook Homeowners Association and shall be referred to herein as the "Association."

Section 2. Association Is Nonprofit. The Association has been formed pursuant to the California Nonprofit Corporation Law as a mutual benefit corporation.

Section 3. Specific Purpose. The specific and primary purpose of this Association shall be to own, repair, maintain and manage the Common Area and Common Facilities within that certain real estate common interest development located in the City of Modesto, County of Stanislaus, State of California and commonly referred to as Cedarbrook, to maintain individual Lots and the Residences located thereon to the extent and in the manner more particularly described in the Declaration, enforce the Association Rules adopted by the Board of Directors, from time to time, and the terms and conditions of the Declaration and to otherwise enhance and promote the use and enjoyment of the Common Area and Common Facilities by the Owners in common.

Section 4. Definitions.

- (a) <u>County</u>. The term "County" means the County of Stanislaus, State of California,
- (b) <u>Declaration</u>. The term "Declaration" means all limitations, restrictions, covenants, terms and conditions set forth in the First Restated Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions for Cedarbrook, recorded in the Office of the Stanislaus County Recorder, at Book _____, page ____, Official Records of said County, as such Declaration may from time to time be supplemented, amended or modified by a subsequent Declaration, or amendment thereto, duly recorded in said Recorder's Office.
- (c) Office of the Recorder. The term "Office of the Recorder" means the Office of the Recorder, County of Stanislaus, State of California.
- (d) <u>Person</u>. The term "Person" means and includes any individual, corporation, partnership, association or other entity recognized by the laws of the State of California.
- (e) <u>Voting Power</u>. The term "Voting Power" means those Members who are eligible to vote for the election of directors or with respect to any other matter, issue or proposal properly presented to the Members for approval at the time any determination of voting power is made.

(f) Other Definitions Incorporated by Reference. The terms defined in the Declaration shall have the same meaning when used herein unless the context clearly indicates a contrary intention.

ARTICLE II Principal Office

Section 1. Location of Principal Office. The principal office of the Association will be located at such place within the City of Modesto, Stanislaus County as the Board may from time to time designate by resolution.

ARTICLE III Membership

- Section 1. Members of the Association. Every Owner of a Lot within the Properties is a Member of the Association. Membership in the Association is appurtenant to, and may not be separated from, ownership of any Lot.
- Section 2. Term of Membership. Each Owner who is a Member shall remain a Member until he or she no longer qualifies as such under section 1 above. Upon the sale, conveyance or other transfer of an Owner's interest in a Lot, the Owner's membership interest appurtenant to the Lot shall automatically transfer to the Lot's new Owner(s).
- Section 3. Multiple Ownership of Lots. Ownership of Lot shall give rise to membership vote in the Association. Accordingly, if more than one Person owns a Lot, all of said Persons shall be deemed to be one Member for voting purposes, although all such Owners shall have equal rights as Members to use and enjoy the Common Area and Common Facilities. The secretary of the Association shall be notified in writing of the Owner designated by his or her co-Lot Owners as having the sole right to vote the membership on their behalf. If no such notification is received the secretary may accept the vote of any Owner or proxy holder of such an Owner as the vote attributable to the Lot in question; provided, however, that if the multiple Owners of a Lot attempt to vote the membership attributable to the Lot in an inconsistent fashion, the secretary or other person or persons designated as inspectors of election by the Board of Directors may refuse to count any ballot pertaining to the Lot.
 - Section 4. Furnishing Evidence of Membership. A Person shall not be entitled to exercise the rights of a Member until such Person has advised the secretary in writing that he or she is qualified to be a Member under section 1 above, and, if requested by the secretary, has provided the secretary with evidence of such qualification in the form of a copy of a recorded grant deed (certified by the Office of the Recorder) or a currently effective policy of title insurance. Exercise of membership rights shall be further subject to the rules regarding record dates for notice, voting and actions by written ballot and eligibility for voting set forth in article V, section 8, hereof.

ARTICLE IV Nembership Voting

- Section 1. Single Class of Membership. The Association shall have one class of voting membership.
- Section 2. Member Voting Rights. On each matter submitted to a vote of the Members, whether at a meeting of the membership called and held pursuant to the provisions of these Bylaws or otherwise, each Member shall be entitled to cast one vote for each Lot owned by such Member. Single memberships in which two or more persons have an indivisible interest shall be voted as provided in article III, section 3 of these Bylaws.
- Section 3. Eligibility to Vote. Only Members in good standing shall be entitled to vote at any membership meeting. In order to be in good standing, a Member must be current in the payment of all assessments levied against the Member's Lot(s) and not be subject to any suspension of voting privileges as a result of any disciplinary proceeding conducted in accordance with article XIII, section 6 of the Declaration. A Member's good standing shall be determined as of the record date established in accordance with article V, section 8 hereof. The Association shall not be obligated to conduct a hearing in order to suspend a Member's voting privileges on the basis of the nonpayment of assessments, although a delinquent Member shall be entitled to request such a hearing in accordance with the Declaration.

Section 4. Manner of Casting Votes.

- (a) Voting at Membership Meetings. Voting at any membership meeting may be by voice or by ballot; provided, however, that the voting in any election of directors shall be conducted by secret ballot. The vote on any other issue properly before a meeting of the Members shall be conducted by secret ballot when determined by the chairman of the meeting, in his or her discretion, or when requested by 10 percent of the voting power present at the meeting.
- (b) <u>Voting by Written Ballot</u>. In addition to voting in person or by proxy at a meeting, Members' votes may be solicited by written ballot with respect to any issue other than the election of directors in accordance with section 6 of this article.
- (c) <u>Proxy Voting</u>. Members otherwise eligible to vote at a meeting may do so in person or by proxy issued as provided in section 5 of this article.
 - (d) Cumulative Voting. Cumulative voting shall not be permitted.

Section 5. Proxies.

- (a) Proxies Generally. Any Member entitled to vote may do so either in person or by one or more agents authorized by a written proxy signed by the Member and filed with the secretary of the Association. Any proxy shall be for a term not to exceed 11 months from the date of issuance, unless otherwise provided in the proxy, except that the maximum term of any proxy shall be three years from the date of execution. Proxy forms shall be dated to assist in verifying their validity.
- (b) Effectiveness of Proxies. Every proxy continues in full force and effect until revoked by the issuing Member prior to the vote pursuant thereto

subject to the maximum term of a proxy set forth in subparagraph (a), above. Any proxy issued hereunder shall be revocable by the Person executing such proxy at any time prior to the vote pursuant thereto, by (i) delivery to the secretary of a written notice of revocation, (ii) a subsequent proxy executed by the Member executing the prior proxy and presented to the meeting, or (iii) as to any meeting, by attendance at such meeting and voting in person by the Member executing the proxy. The dates contained on the forms of proxy presumptively determine the order of execution, regardless of the postmarks contained on the envelopes in which they are mailed. A proxy shall be deemed revoked when the secretary shall receive actual notice of the death or judicially declared incompetence of the Member issuing the proxy, or upon termination of such Member's status as an Owner of a Lot as provided in article III, section 1 above.

- (c) Validity of Proxies With Respect to Certain Material Transactions. Any proxy given with respect to any of the matters described in this subparagraph (c) shall be valid only if the proxy form sets forth a general description of the nature of the matter to be voted on. The matters subject to this requirement are:
 - (i) Removal of directors without cause;
 - (ii) Filling of vacancies on the Board;
- (iii) Approval of contracts or transactions between the Association and one or more of its directors, or between the Association and a corporation, firm or association in which one or more of its directors has a material financial interest;
- (iv) Amendment of the Articles of Incorporation, these Bylaws or the Declaration;
- (v) Action to change any Association Assessments in a manner requiring membership approval under the Declaration;
- (vi) Sale, lease, exchange, transfer or other disposition of all or substantially all of the Association's assets otherwise than in the regular course of the Association's activities;
- (vii) Merger of the Association or an amendment to an agreement of merger; and
 - (viii) Voluntary dissolution of the Association; or

(d) Limited Proxies.

- (i) If the form of proxy lists one or more matters to be acted upon and the issuer of the proxy has specified a choice with respect to any such matter (including a preference in voting for candidates for election to the Board), the proxy holder shall be obligated to cast the vote represented by the proxy in accordance with the issuer's designated preference.
- (ii) If a proxy form issued in connection with the election of directors lists the candidates' names and the proxy is marked by a Member "withhold" or otherwise marked in a manner indicating that the authority to vote for the election of directors is withheld, the proxy holder shall not

vote the proxy either for or against the election of a director. If any proxy issued in connection with the election of directors is marked so as to direct the proxy holder to vote the proxy for a specified candidate or candidates, the proxy holder shall vote in accordance with the direction of the proxy issuer.

- (e) Restriction or Elimination of Proxy Rights: Limitation on Authority. No amendment of the Articles or Bylaws repealing, restricting, or expanding proxy rights may be adopted without approval by the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of each class of Member represented and voting at a duly held meeting at which a quorum is present, or the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of Members by written ballot as provided in article IV, section 6 hereof.
- (f) Proxy Rules for Memberships Held by More Than One Person. Where two or more Persons constitute a Member, any proxy with respect to the vote of such Member shall be signed by all such Persons. All such Persons may attend meetings, but no vote of such Member shall be cast without the unanimous consent of all Persons present at such meeting constituting each Member.

Section 6. Action by Written Ballot Without a Meeting.

- (a) Definition of Written Ballot. A "written ballot" is a ballot which is mailed or otherwise distributed to every Member entitled to vote on the matter and which complies with the requirements of this section. The term "written ballot" does not include a ballot distributed to Members at a meeting for purposes of conducting a vote of the Members at such meeting.
- (b) Written Ballots. Generally. Any matter or issue requiring the vote of the Members, other than the election of directors, may be submitted for vote by written ballot without the necessity of calling a meeting of the Members, so long as the requirements for action by written ballot set forth in this section are met. The determination to seek Member approval for Association actions in this fashion shall be made by a majority vote of the Board or by Members possessing 5 percent of the total voting power of the membership signing a written request that a proposal be presented to the Members for a vote by written ballot and delivering this request to the president, vice president or secretary of the Association. If the request for a vote by written ballot is received from the Members, the Association's obligations to initiate the balloting process shall be governed by article V, section 3(b) hereof.

Once the determination is made to seek Member approval by written ballot, the Board shall establish a record date (see article V, section 8(a)(iii) hereof) and distribute a written ballot to every Member entitled to vote on the matter. This distribution shall be made consistent with the time requirements specified in subparagraph (e), below.

- (c) Content of Written Ballots. Any written ballot distributed to the Members to vote on any issue other than the election of directors shall set forth the proposed action and provide an opportunity to specify approval or disapproval of the proposal.
- (d) Balloting Time Requirements. Written ballots shall be distributed to all eligible Members at least 30 days prior to the final date the written ballots must be received by the Association in order to be counted. All

written ballots shall provide a reasonable time within which to return the written ballot to the Association and shall state on the face of the ballot or in an accompanying notice the date by which the written ballot must be returned in order to be counted. The time fixed for the return of written ballots may only be extended if the Board so notifies the Members in the balloting solicitation materials originally sent to Members and then for no more than two successive periods of thirty days each.

- (e) Requirements for Valid Member Action by Written Ballot. Membership approval by written ballot shall only be valid if: (i) the number of votes cast by ballot within the time established for return of the ballots equals or exceeds the quorum (as specified in article V, section 5), that would have been required to be present at a membership meeting if such a meeting had been convened to vote on the proposal, and (ii) the number of affirmative votes equals or exceeds the number of affirmative votes that would have been required to approve the action at such a meeting.
- (f) Solicitation Rules. Written ballots shall be solicited in a manner consistent with the requirements of article V, section 4, pertaining to issuance of notices of Members' meetings. All solicitations of written ballots shall indicate: (i) the number of responses needed to meet the quorum requirement for valid action, (ii) the time by which the written ballot must be received by the Association in order to be counted, and (iii) the percentage of affirmative votes necessary to approve the measure.
- (g) Additional Balloting Procedures. If deemed necessary by the Board, the written ballot shall be conducted in accordance with such additional procedures, not inconsistent with the provisions of this section, as may be prescribed by a firm of public accountants of good repute who may also be retained to supervise the secrecy and conduct of the balloting process.
- (h) Notification of Results of Balloting Process. Upon tabulation of the written ballots, the Board shall notify the Members of the outcome of the vote within 30 days following the close of the balloting process and tabulation of the ballots. If the number of written ballots cast with respect to any matter is insufficient to satisfy the minimum quorum requirements, the Board shall so notify the Members.
- (i) Prohibition of Revocation. Once exercised, a written ballot may not be revoked.
- (i) Conduct of Informational Meetings. Use of the written ballot procedures provided herein shall not preclude the Association from also conducting informational meetings of the Members or from scheduling a meeting to coincide with the culmination of the balloting period.
- Section 7. Majority Vote of Members Represented at Meeting Required for Valid Action. If a quorum is present, the affirmative vote of the majority of the voting power of Members represented at the meeting, entitled to vote and voting on any matter (other than the election of directors) shall be the act of the Members, unless the vote of a greater number is required by California's Nonprofit Corporation Law or by the Governing Documents. In the case of director elections, the candidates receiving the highest number of votes, up to the number of directors to be elected, shall be elected to the vacant director positions.

Section 8. Action by Unanimous Written Consent. Any action required or permitted to be taken by the Members at a meeting, may be taken without a meeting (and without complying with the formalities of a written ballot) if all Members shall individually or collectively consent in writing to the action. If action is taken by written consent, the consent(s) shall be filed with the Association's minutes.

ARTICLE V Membership Meetings

Section 1. Place of Meeting. Meetings of the Members shall be held at the offices of the Association within the Properties or at such other reasonable place within the County and at such time as may be designated by the Board in the notice of the meeting.

Section 2. Annual Meeting. The annual meeting of the Members shall be held on the fourth Monday of January of each year at 7:00 p.m. at the principal office of the Association or other designated location. If the date for the annual meeting falls on a legal holiday, the annual meeting shall be held at the same hour and location on the next day following the regular annual meeting date.

Section 3. Special Meetings.

- (a) Persons Entitled to Call Special Meetings. A majority of the Board, the president or 5 percent or more of the Members may call special meetings of the Members at any time to consider any lawful business of the Association.
- (b) Procedures for Calling Special Meetings Requested by Members. If a special meeting is called by Members other than the Board of Directors or the president, the request shall be submitted by such Members in writing, specifying the general nature of the business proposed to be transacted, and shall be delivered personally or sent by registered mail or by telegraphic or other facsimile transmission to the president, any vice president, or the secretary of the Association. The officer receiving the request shall cause notice to be promptly given to the Members entitled to vote, in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of this article, that a meeting will be held, and the date, time and purpose for such meeting, which date shall be not less than 35 nor more than 90 days following the receipt of the request.

If notice of the meeting is not given within the 20 days after receipt of the request, the persons requesting the meeting may give the notice. Nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed as limiting, fixing, or affecting the time when a meeting of Members may be held when the meeting is called by action of the Board of Directors or the president.

Section 4. Notice of Members' Meetings.

- (a) Requirement That Notice Be Given. Notice of all regular and special meetings of the Members shall be sent or otherwise given in writing to each Member who is eligible to vote at the meeting as of the record date for notice established in accordance with section 8 of this article.
- (b) Time Requirements for Notice. The notice of membership meetings shall be given in the manner specified in subparagraph (e) of this section, not less than 10 nor more than 90 days before the date of the meeting. If

notice is given by mail and the notice is not given by first-class, registered or certified mail, the notice shall be given not less than 20 days (nor more than 90 days) before the meeting.

- (c) Minimum Reouirements Regarding Content of Notice. The notice shall specify the place, date, and hour of the meeting and (i) in the case of a special meeting, the general nature of the business to be transacted, and no other business may in that case be transacted, or (ii) in the case of a regular meeting, those matters which the Board of Directors, at the time of giving the notice, intends to present for action by the Members; but any proper matter may be presented at the meeting for such action so long as a quorum is present. The notice of any meeting at which directors are to be elected shall include the names of all those individuals who are nominees at the time the notice is given to the Members.
- (d) Specification of Certain Significant Actions. If action is proposed to be taken at any membership meeting for approval of any of the following proposals, the notice shall also state the general nature of the proposal. Member action on such items is invalid unless the notice or written waiver of notice or consent states the general nature of the proposal(s):
 - (i) Removing a director without cause;
- (ii) Filling vacancies on the Board of Directors under those circumstances where a vote of the Members is required pursuant to article VII, section 6(d) of these Bylaws;
- (iii) Amending the Articles of Incorporation of the Association, these Bylaws or the Declaration in any manner requiring approval of the Members:
- (iv) Approving a contract or transaction between the Association and one or more of its directors, or between the Association and any corporation, firm or association in which one or more of its directors has a material financial interest;
- (v) Approving any change in the Association's Assessments in a manner requiring membership approval under the Declaration; or
- (vi) Voting upon any election to voluntarily terminate and dissolve the Association.
- (e) Manner of Service. Notice of any meeting of Members shall be given either personally or by first-class mail, telegraphic or other written communication, charges prepaid, addressed to each Member either at the address of that Member appearing on the books of the Association or the address given by the Member to the Association for the purpose of notice. If no address appears on the Association's books and no other has been given, notice shall be deemed to have been given if either (i) notice is sent to that Member by first-class mail or telegraphic or other written communication to the Association's principal office, or (ii) notice is published at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the County. Notice shall be deemed to have been given at the time when the notice is delivered personally or deposited in the mail (postage prepaid) or sent by telegram or other means of written or electronic communication to the recipient.

(f) Affidavit of Mailing. An affidavit of the mailing or other means of giving any notice of any Members' meeting may be executed by the secretary or the assistant secretary of the Association, and if so executed, shall be filed and maintained in the minute book of the Association. Such affidavit shall constitute prima facie evidence of the giving of notice.

Section 5. Quorum Requirements.

- (a) Ouorum Reouirements Generally. The following quorum requirements must be satisfied in order to take valid action at any meeting of the Members or by written ballot in accordance with article IV, section 6 of these Bylaws:
- (i) Ouorum for Votes on Assessment Increases. In the case of any membership meeting or written ballot called or conducted for the purpose of voting on assessment increases requiring membership approval (see article IV of the Declaration), the quorum requirement for valid action on the proposal shall be the percentage specified in section 1366 of the Civil Code or comparable superseding statute. That quorum percentage is currently a majority of the Members.
- (ii) Quorum for Valid Action on Other Matters. In the case of an annual membership meeting or written ballot called or conducted for any other purpose, the quorum shall be 33 1/3 percent of the Members eligible to vote and represented in person or by proxy. Any special meeting will require a quorum of 51 percent of the Members eligible to vote and represented in person or by proxy.
- (b) Members Represented Bv Proxv. Members present at a membership meeting in person or by proxy shall be counted towards satisfaction of the quorum requirements specified herein.
- (c) Effect of Departure of Members From Meeting. The Members present in person or by proxy at a duly called or duly held meeting at which a quorum is present may continue to transact business until adjournment, notwithstanding the withdrawal of enough Members to leave less than a quorum, so long as any action taken (other than adjournment) is approved by at least a majority of the Members required to constitute a quorum. If a quorum is never established for the meeting, a majority of those Members who are present may vote to adjourn the meeting for lack of a quorum, but no other action may be taken or business transacted.

Section 6. Adjourned Meeting.

- (a) Adjournment. Generally. Any Members' meeting, annual or special, whether or not a quorum is present, may be adjourned to another time and/or place (but not for more than 45 days) by the vote of the majority of Members present at the meeting, either in person or by proxy. Unless there is an absence of a quorum (in which case no business other than adjournment may be transacted), the reconvened meeting may take any action which might have been transacted at the original meeting.
- (b) Notice Requirements for Adjourned Meetings. When a Members' meeting is adjourned to another time or place, notice need not be given of the new meeting if the time and place thereof are announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if after adjournment a new record date is fixed for notice or voting, a notice of the rescheduled

meeting must be given to each Member who on the record date for notice of the meeting is entitled to vote thereat.

Section 7. Waiver of Notice or Consent by Absent Members.

- (a) Waivers and Consents. Generally. If decisions are made or action is otherwise taken by the Members at a meeting where a quorum is present, but for which proper notice was not given to all Members for whatever reason, the decisions or actions made at that meeting will be valid if, either before or after the meeting, each Person entitled to vote who was not present at the meeting (in person or by proxy) consents to the meeting by signing (i) a written waiver of notice, (ii) a consent to holding the meeting, or (iii) an approval of the minutes. The waiver of notice or consent need not specify the purpose or general nature of business to be transacted at such meeting unless action was taken or is proposed to be taken at the meeting with respect to any matters specified in section 4(d) of this article V, in which case, the waiver of notice or consent must state the general nature of such matter(s). All such waivers, consents or approvals shall be filed with the Association records or be made part of the minutes of the meeting.
- (b) Effect of a Member's Attendance at a Meeting. Attendance by a Member or his or her proxy holder at a meeting shall also constitute a waiver of any objections such Person may have with respect to notice of that meeting, except when the Member or proxy holder attends the meeting for the sole purpose of objecting at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of any business due to the inadequacy or illegality of the notice. Attendance at a meeting is not a waiver of any right to object to the consideration of matters not included in the notice of the meeting which are required to be described therein pursuant to section 4(d) of this article, if that objection is expressly made at the meeting.

Section 8. Record Dates for Member Notice. Voting and Giving Consents.

- (a) Record Dates Established Bv the Board of Directors. For the purpose of determining which Members are entitled to receive notice of any meeting, vote, act by written ballot without a meeting or exercise any rights in respect to any other lawful action, the Board of Directors may fix, in advance, a "record date" and only Members of record on the date so fixed are entitled to notice, to vote, or to take action by written ballot or otherwise, as the case may be, notwithstanding any transfer of any membership on the books of the Association after the record date, except as otherwise provided in the Articles of Incorporation, by agreement, or in the California Nonprofit Mutual Benefit Corporation Law. The record dates established by the Board pursuant to this section shall:
- (i) Record Date for Notice of Meetings. In the case of determining those Members entitled to notice of a meeting, not be more than 90 nor less than 10 days before the date of the meeting;
- (ii) Record Date for Voting. In the case of determining those Members entitled to vote at a meeting, not be more than 60 days before the date of the meeting;
- (iii) Record Date for Action By Written Ballot Without Meeting. In the case of determining Members entitled to cast written ballots, not be more

than 60 days before the day on which the first written ballot is mailed or solicited; and

- (iv) Record Date for Other Lawful Action. In the case of determining Members entitled to exercise any rights in respect to other lawful action, not be more than 60 days prior to the date of such other action.
- (b) Failure of Board to Fix a Record Date. If the Board, for any reason, fails to establish a record date, the following rules shall apply:
- (i) Record Date for Notice of Meetings. The record date for determining those Members entitled to receive notice of a meeting of Members, shall be the business day preceding the day on which notice is given, or, if notice is waived, the business day preceding the day on which the meeting is held.
- (ii) Record Date for Voting. The record date for determining those Members entitled to vote at a meeting of Members shall be the day of the meeting, or in the case of an adjourned meeting, the day of the adjourned meeting.
- (iii) Record Date for Action by Written Ballot Without Meeting. The record date for determining those Members entitled to vote by written ballot on proposed Association actions without a meeting, when no prior action by the Board has been taken, shall be the day on which the first written ballot is mailed or solicited. When prior action of the Board has been taken, it shall be the day on which the Board adopts the resolution relating to that action.
- (iv) Record Date for Other Lawful Action. The record date for determining those Members entitled to exercise any rights in respect to any other lawful action shall be Members at the close of business on the day on which the Board adopts the resolution relating thereto, or the 60th day prior to the date of such other action, whichever is later.
- (v) "Record Date" Means as of Close of Business. For purposes of this subparagraph (b) a Person holding a membership as of the close of business on the record date shall be deemed the Member of record.

ARTICLE VI Membership Rights

Subject to the provisions hereof and the provisions of the Declaration, the Members shall have the following rights:

Section 1. Use and Enjoyment of the Common Area by Members and Family. Each Member and the members of his or her Family who also reside in the Member's Residence shall be entitled to the use and enjoyment of the Common Area, roads and Common Facilities within the Properties.

Section 2. Tenants and Lessees.

(a) Assignment of Rights. Generally. Each Member shall have the right to assign his or her rights as a Member (other than voting rights) to a tenant residing within the Member's Residence. Such assignment shall only be effective so long as said tenant is residing in said Residence and is in

compliance with the Declaration and the Association Rules as the same may exist from time to time. At all times the Owner shall remain responsible for compliance by Owner's lessee or tenant with the provisions of the Governing Documents. Without limiting the foregoing, reference is specifically made to article II, section 3 of the Declaration for additional tenant and lease restrictions.

- (b) Restriction on Lessor's Use of Certain Common Area and Facilities. During the period of any lease or rental of a Lot, any Owner not residing within the Properties shall not be entitled to use the recreational Common Area or Common Facilities (other than roads) except to the extent reasonably necessary to perform the usual responsibilities of a landlord or to ensure or gain compliance by the tenant with the requirements of these Bylaws and the Declaration. Unless the Lessor-Owner is contemporaneously residing on another Lot within the Properties.
- Section 3. Invitees and Guests. The invitees and guests of a Member shall have the right to use and enjoy the Common Area, Common Facilities and roads within the Properties, so long as the guest or invitee is in the company and supervision of the Member. Any such guest or invitee shall be subject to the same obligations imposed on the Owner to observe the rules, restrictions and regulations of the Association as set forth in the Governing Documents.
- Section 4. Association Rules and Regulations. The right of any person to use and enjoy of the Common Area and Common Facilities shall at all times be subject to the rules, limitations and restrictions set forth herein, in the Declaration and in the Association's published rules and regulations as promulgated by the Board from time to time. With the exception of the right of use of any roads, the Board shall have the right to impose monetary penalties or to temporarily suspend the use and enjoyment of any Common Area and Common Facilities for the failure of a Member to pay any Assessments when due under the Declaration, or to comply with any other rule or regulation imposed upon such Member, his or her tenants or guests, pursuant to the Governing Documents; provided, however, that any such suspension shall only be imposed after such person has been afforded the notice and hearing rights more particularly described in the Declaration.

ARTICLE VII Board of Directors

Section 1. General Association Powers. Subject to the provisions of the California Nonprofit Mutual Benefit Corporation Law, the Davis-Stirling Common Interest Development Act (Cal. Civ. Code, § 1350 et seq.) and any limitations contained in any of the Governing Documents relating to action required to be approved by the Members, the business and affairs of the Association shall be vested in and exercised by, the Board of Directors. Subject to the limitations expressed in article X, section 1, the Board may delegate the management of the activities of the Association to any person or persons, management company or committee, provided that notwithstanding any such delegation the activities and affairs of the Association shall continue to be managed and all Association powers shall continue to be exercised under the ultimate direction of the Board.

Section 2. Number and Oualification of Directors. The Board of Directors shall consist of nine (9) persons who shall be Owners of Lots

who reside within the Properties and whose memberships are in good standing with all Assessments current and are not subject to any suspension of membership rights. Only one Owner per Lot shall be eligible to serve on the Board at any time.

Section 3. Term of Office. At the first annual membership meeting, the Members elected three (3) directors for a term of one (1) year, three (3) directors for a term of two (2) years and three (3) directors for a term of three (3) years. At each annual meeting thereafter, the Members shall elect directors for a term of three (3) years to replace those directors whose terms are then expiring. There shall be no limitation upon the number of consecutive terms to which a director may be reelected. Each director, including a director elected to fill a vacancy or elected at a special meeting of Members, shall hold office until the expiration of the term for which elected and until a successor has been elected and qualified.

<u>Section 4. Nomination of Directors.</u> Individuals can become candidates for election to the Board of Directors in any of the following ways:

- (a) Candidates Selected by Nomination Committee. At least 90 days prior to the date of any election of directors, the president shall appoint a nominating committee to select qualified candidates for election to those positions on the Board of Directors held by directors whose terms of office are then expiring. The nominating committee shall consist of a chairman, who shall be a member of the Board of Directors, and two or more Members of the Association who may or may not be Board members. The nominating committee shall make its report at least 60 days before the date of the election, and the secretary shall forward to each Member, with the notice of meeting required by article V, section 4, a list of the nominees. The nominating committee shall make as many nominations for election to the Board as it shall, in its discretion, determine but not less than the number of vacancies on the Board to be filled.
 - (b) Nominations From the Floor. Any Member present in person or by proxy at a meeting to elect directors may place names in nomination.
 - (c) Good Standing Requirement for Candidacy. In order to be eligible for nomination and election to the Board, the Association secretary must certify that the candidate-Member is in good standing with the Association and is current in the payment of his or her Assessments.

Section 5. Election of Directors.

535

0.80

- (a) Directors Elected at Annual Meeting: At each annual meeting of the Members, the Members present in person or by proxy shall elect persons to those positions on the Board of Directors held by directors whose terms are then expiring. The persons thus elected shall be selected from among those persons nominated pursuant to section 3 above; however, if for any reason an annual meeting is not held or the directors are not elected an any annual meeting, the directors may be elected at any special meeting held for that purpose.
- (b) <u>Succession to Office</u>. Candidates receiving the highest number of votes shall be elected as directors. The directors thus elected shall take office immediately following their election.

-13-

(c) Supervision of Election Process. In order to insure secrecy of ballots and fairness in the conduct of director elections, the Board may, but shall not be obligated to, utilize the services of the Association's legal counsel or a Certified Public Accountant to receive and tabulate all ballots (both absentee ballots and ballots cast in person by Members attending the meeting at which the election takes place). The Association's legal counsel or accountant retained to perform such services shall have the full powers of an inspector of elections appointed by the Board pursuant to section 7614 of the California Corporations Code.

Section 6. Vacancies on Board of Directors.

- (a) <u>Vacancies. Generally</u>. A vacancy or vacancies in the Board of Directors shall be deemed to exist on the occurrence of any of the following: (i) the death, resignation or removal of a director pursuant to subparagraphs (c) and (d) hereof; (ii) an increase of the authorized number of directors; or (iii) the failure of the Members, at any meeting of Members at which any director or directors are to be elected, to elect the number of directors to be elected at such meeting.
- (b) Resignation of Directors. Except as provided in this subparagraph, any director may resign, which resignation shall be effective on giving written notice to the president, the secretary, or the Board of Directors, unless the notice specifies a later time for the resignation to become effective. If the resignation of a director is effective at a future time, the Board of Directors may elect a successor to take office when the resignation becomes effective.
- (c) Authority of Board to Remove Directors. The Board of Directors shall have the power and authority to remove a director and declare his or her office vacant if he or she (i) has been declared of unsound mind by a final order of court; (ii) has been convicted of a felony; or (iii) fails to attend three consecutive regular meetings of the Board of Directors or four meetings of the Board in a six month period which have been duly noticed in accordance with California Law.
- (d) Authority of Members to Remove Directors. Except as otherwise provided in subparagraphs (c) and (e) hereof, a director may only be removed from office prior to expiration of his or her term by the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of the Members represented and voting at a duly held meeting at which a quorum is present (which affirmative votes also constitute a majority of the required quorum) or by written ballot conducted in accordance with article IV, section 6 hereof. Any membership action to recall or remove a director shall be conducted in accordance with the following procedures:
- (i) A petition must be presented in person to the president, vice president or secretary of the Association that carries the signatures of Members in good standing who represented at least 5 percent of the voting power of the membership. Such petition must set forth the reason(s) the petitioners are seeking the director's removal; the signature and Lot number(s) of each petitioner in his or her own handwriting; the name(s) of the sponsor(s) of the petition; and fulfill all other requirements required by law.
- (ii) Within 20 days after receipt of such petition, the Board shall either call a special meeting or announce the procedures for conducting a written ballot of the Members to vote upon the requested recall. Such meeting

or written ballot shall be conducted not less than 35 nor more than 90 days after the petition is presented. If the Board fails to set a date for, and give the Members notice of, such meeting or written ballot within 20 days, the Members initiating the petition may call such meeting on their own initiative without Board approval or sanction.

- (iii) The director whose removal is being sought shall have the right to rebut the allegations contained in the petition orally, in writing or both. If in writing, such rebuttal shall be mailed by the Association or otherwise provided to all Members, together with the recall ballot.
- (iv) If the quorum requirement for a valid membership action is not satisfied or if the recall vote results in a tie, the removal action will have failed.
- (e) Removal by Court Action. The Stanislaus County Superior Court may, in response to a suit filed by any director or the lesser of 20 Members or 5 percent of the Members, remove any director determined to be guilty of fraudulent or dishonest acts or gross abuse of authority or discretion with reference to the Association. The Association shall be made a party to any such action.
- (f) Filling of Vacancies. Vacancies on the Board of Directors shall be filled by a majority vote of the remaining directors though less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director unless the vacancy is created through removal of a director in which case the vacancy shall be filled by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Members represented in person or by proxy at a duly held meeting of the Members (at which a quorum is present) or by written ballot in accordance with article IV, section 6 hereof. Furthermore, the Members may elect a director or directors at any time to fill any vacancy or vacancies not filled by the directors by an election at a duly held meeting of the Members or written ballot and shall require the approval of a majority of the voting power.
- (g) Reduction in Number of Directors. No reduction of the authorized number of directors shall have the effect of removing any director before that director's term of office expires.

ARTICLE VIII Board Meetings

Section 1. Place of Meetings. Regular and special meetings of the Board of Directors may be held at any place within the Properties that has been designated from time to time by resolution of the Board and stated in the notice of the meeting. In the absence of such designation, regular meetings shall be held at the principal office of the Association. Notwithstanding the above provisions of this section, a regular or special meeting of the Board may be held at any place consented to in writing by all the Board members, either before or after the meeting. If consents are given, they shall be filed with the minutes of the meeting.

Section 2. Annual Meeting of Directors. Within a reasonable time following each annual meeting of Members, the Board of Directors shall hold a

regular meeting for the purpose of organization, election of officers, and the transaction of other business. Notice of this meeting shall not be required.

Section 3. Other Regular Meetings. Other regular meetings of the Board shall be held without call at such time as shall from time to time be fixed by the Board of Directors and communicated to the Board members. Ordinarily, regular meetings shall be conducted at least monthly; provided, however, that regular meetings can be held as infrequently as every six months if the Board's business does not justify more frequent meetings. Notice of the time and place of regular meetings shall be posted in a prominent place within the Common Area, and shall be communicated to the Board members not less than 72 hours prior to the meeting; provided, however, that notice need not be given to any Board member who has signed a written waiver of notice or consent to holding the meeting as more particularly provided in section 7 of this article.

Section 4. Special Meetings of the Board.

(a) Who May Call a Special Meeting. Special meetings of the Board of Directors for any purpose may be called at any time by the president or any two directors.

(b) Notice of Special Meetings.

- (i) Manner of Giving. Notice of the time and place of special meetings of the Board shall be given to each director by one of the following methods: (A) by personal delivery of written notice; (B) by first-class mail, postage prepaid; (C) by telephone communication, either directly to the director or to a person at the director's home or office who would reasonably be expected to communicate such notice promptly to the director; or (D) by telegram, charges prepaid. All such notices shall be given or sent to the director's address or telephone number as shown on the records of the Association. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of a meeting need not be given to any director who signed a written waiver of notice or a written consent to holding the meeting or an approval of the minutes thereof as more particularly provided in section 7 of this article.
- (ii) <u>Time Requirements</u>. Notices sent by first-class mail shall be deposited into a United States mailbox at least four days before the time set for the meeting. Notices given by personal delivery, telephone, or telegraph shall be delivered, telephoned, or given to the telegraph company at least 48 hours before the time set for the meeting.
- (iii) Notice Contents. The notice shall state the time, place, and purpose of the meeting.

Section 5. Attendance by Members.

(a) Meetings Generally Open to Members. With the exception of executive sessions of the Board (see subparagraph (b), below), all meetings of the Board shall be open to Members of the Association; provided, however, that nondirector Members may only participate in deliberations or discussions of the Board when expressly authorized by a vote of a majority of a quorum of the Board.

- (b) Executive Sessions. The Board, on the affirmative vote of a majority of a quorum, shall be entitled to adjourn at any time for purposes of reconvening in executive session to discuss litigation in which the Association is or may become a party, personnel matters or business of a similar nature. Prior to adjourning into an executive session, the topic(s) to be discussed in such session shall be announced, in general terms, to the Members in attendance at the meeting. Nothing provided herein shall be construed to obligate the Board to first call an open meeting before meeting in executive session with respect to the matters described above.
- Section 6. Quorum Requirements. A majority of the authorized number of directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, except to adjourn as provided in section 8 of this article. Every act or decision done or made by a majority of the directors present at a meeting duly held at which a quorum is present shall be regarded as the act of the Board of Directors, subject to the provisions of the California Nonprofit Corporation Law, especially those provisions relating to (i) approval of contracts or transactions in which a director has a direct or indirect material financial interest, (ii) appointment of committees, and (iii) indemnification of directors. A meeting at which a quorum is initially present may continue to transact business, notwithstanding the withdrawal of directors below a quorum, if any action taken is approved by at least a majority of the required quorum for that meeting, or such greater number as is required by these Bylaws, the Articles or by law.
- Section 7. Waiver of Notice. The transaction of any meeting of the Board of Directors, however called and noticed or wherever held, shall be as valid as though taken at a meeting duly held after regular call and notice, if (a) a quorum is present, and (b) either before or after the meeting, each of the directors not present, individually or collectively, signs a written waiver of notice, a consent to holding the meeting, or an approval of the minutes. The waiver of notice or consent need not specify the purpose of the meeting. All waivers, consents, and approvals shall be filed with the Association records or made a part of the minutes of the meeting and shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote of the Board. The requirement of notice of a meeting shall also be deemed to have been waived by any director who attends the meeting without protesting the lack of proper notice either before or at the inception of the meeting.
- Section 8. Adjournment. A majority of the directors present, whether or not constituting a quorum, may adjourn any meeting to another time and place or may adjourn for purposes of reconvening in executive session. If the meeting is adjourned for more than 24 hours, notice of adjournment to any other time or place shall be given prior to the time of the adjournment meeting to the directors who are not present at the time of the adjournment. Except as hereinabove provided, notice of adjournment need not be given.
- Section 9. Action Without a Meeting. Any action required or permitted to be taken by the Board of Directors may be taken without a meeting, if all members of the Board, individually or collectively, consent in writing to that action. Such action by written consent shall have the same force and effect as an unanimous vote of the Board of Directors. Such written consent or consents shall be filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the Board and shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote of the Board. If prompt or immediate action of the Board is necessary and there is insufficient time to comply with the notice requirements set forth herein, reasonable

efforts shall nevertheless be made to contact all Board members regarding the proposed action in advance thereof, rather than relying upon notification after the fact.

Section 10. Compensation. Directors, officers and members of committees shall not be entitled to compensation for their services as such, although they may be reimbursed for such actual expenses as may be determined by resolution of the Board of Directors to be just and reasonable. Expenses for which reimbursement is sought shall be supported by a proper receipt or invoice.

ARTICLE IX Duties and Powers of the Board

Section 1. Specific Powers. Without prejudice to the general powers of the Board of Directors set forth in article VII, section 1, the directors shall have the power to:

- (a) Exercise all powers vested in the Board under the Governing Documents and under the laws of the State of California.
- (b) Appoint and remove all officers of the Association, the General Manager of the Association, if any, and other Association employees; prescribe any powers and duties for such persons that are consistent with law, the Articles of Incorporation and these Bylaws; and fix their compensation.
- (c) Appoint such agents and employ such other employees, including attorneys and accountants, as it sees fit to assist in the operation of the Association, and to fix their duties and to establish their compensation.
- (d) Adopt and establish rules and regulations subject to the provisions of the Declaration, governing the use of the Common Area, the Common Facilities and roads within the Properties, and the personal conduct of the Members and their guests thereon, and take such steps as it deems necessary for the enforcement of such rules and regulations, including the imposition of monetary penalties and/or the suspension of voting rights and the right to use any Common Area or Common Facilities; provided notice and a hearing are provided as more particularly set forth in article XIII, section 6 of the Declaration. Rules and regulations adopted by the Board may contain reasonable variations and distinctions as between Owners and tenants.
- (e) Enforce all applicable provisions of the Governing Documents relating to the control, management, and use of the Lots within the Properties and the Common Area, Common Facilities and the roads within the Properties.
- (f) Contract for and pay premiums for fire, casualty, liability and other insurance and bonds (including indemnity bonds) which may be required from time to time by the Association.
- (g) Contract for and pay for maintenance, landscaping, utilities, materials, supplies, labor and services that may be required from time to time in relation to the Properties.

- (h) Pay all taxes, special assessments and other assessments and charges which are or would become a lien on any portion of the Common Area.
- (i) Contract for and pay for construction or reconstruction of any portion or portions of the Properties which have been damaged or destroyed and which are to be rebuilt.
- (j) Delegate its duties and powers hereunder to the officers of the Association or to committees established by the Board, subject to the limitations expressed in section 1 of article X hereof.
- (k) Levy and collect Assessments from the Members of the Association in accordance with the Declaration, and establish and collect reasonable use charges for any or all of the Common Facilities as the Board may deem necessary or desirable from time to time for the purpose of equitably allocating among the users the cost of maintenance and operation thereof.
 - (1) Perform all acts required of the Board under the Declaration.
- (m) Prepare budgets and maintain a full set of books and records showing the financial condition of the affairs of the Association in a manner consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, and at no greater than annual intervals prepare an annual financial report, a copy of which shall be delivered to each Member as provided in article XII, section 5 hereof.
- (n) Appoint a nominating committee for the nomination of persons to be elected to the Board, and prescribe rules under which said nominating committee is to act, all as more particularly described in article VII, section 4 hereof.
- (o) Appoint such other committees as it deems necessary from time to time in connection with the affairs of the Association in accordance with article X hereof.
- (p) Fill vacancies on the Board of Directors or in any committee, except for a vacancy created by the removal of a Board member.
- (q) Open bank accounts and borrow money on behalf of the Association and designate the signatories to such bank accounts.
- (r) Bring and defend actions on behalf of more than one Member or the Association to protect the interests of the Members or the Association, as such, so long as the action is pertinent to the operations of the Association, and assess the Members for the cost of such litigation. Any disciplinary action against a Member shall be subject to the hearing and procedural requirements set forth in article XIII, section 6 of the Declaration.
- (s) Enter Lots as necessary, subject to the notice requirements of the Declaration, in connection with construction, maintenance or emergency repairs for the benefit of the Common Area, Common Facilities or the Owners in common.
- Section 2. Limitations on Powers. Without the vote or written assent of a majority of the voting power of the Members, the Board of Directors shall not take any of the following actions:

- (a) Enter into a contract with a third party for the furnishing of goods or services to the Common Area or the Association for a term longer than one year. This restriction shall not apply to: (i) FHA or VA approved management contracts; (ii) public utility contracts where the rates charged for materials or services are regulated by the Public Utilities Commission; provided that the term of the contract may not exceed the shortest term for which the supplier will contract at the regulated rate; (iii) prepaid casualty or liability insurance policies not to exceed three years duration; provided the policies provide for short rate cancellation by the insured; (iv) agreements for cable television services and equipment or satellite dish television services and equipment or satellite dish television (v) agreements for sale or lease of burglar alarm and fire alarm equipment, installation and services of not to exceed five years' duration.
- (h) Incur aggregate expenditures for capital improvements to the Common Area in any fiscal year in excess of 10 percent of the budgeted gross expenses of the Association for that fiscal year; provided, however, that this limitation shall not apply to the expenditure of any funds accumulated in a reserve fund for capital replacement or new capital improvements so long as the expenditure is for the purpose for which the fund was established.
- (c) Sell during any fiscal year property of the Association having an aggregate fair market value greater than 5 percent of the budgeted gross expenses of the Association for that year; provided however, that this limitation shall not apply to the sale or other disposition of Lots acquired by the Association in foreclosure proceedings.
- (d) Pay compensation to members of the Board of Directors or officers of the Association; provided that directors and officers can be reimbursed for reasonable out-of-pocket expenses, verified in writing, incurred in the discharge of their duties.
- (e) Fill any vacancy on the Board of Directors created by the removal of a director.

ARTICLE X Committees

- Section 1. Committees of Directors. In addition to the nominating committee appointed and constituted pursuant to article VII, section 4(a) of these Bylaws and the Architectural Committee appointed and constituted pursuant to the Declaration, the Board may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the directors then in office, designate one or more committees, each consisting of two or more Members (who may also be directors), to serve at the pleasure of the Board. Committees shall be advisory, only, and no committee, regardless of Board resolution, may:
- (a) Take any final action on any matter which, under the Nonprofit Corporation Law of California, also requires approval of the Members.
- (b) Fill vacancies on the Board of Directors or on any committee which has been delegated any authority of the Board.

- (c) Amend or repeal Bylaws or adopt new Bylaws.
- (d) Amend or repeal any resolution of the Board of Directors which by its express terms is not so amendable or repealable.
- (e) Appoint any other committees of the Board of Directors or the members of those committees.
- (f) Expend Association funds to support a nominee for director after there are more people nominated for director than can be elected.
- (g) Approve any transaction (i) to which the Association is a party and one or more directors have a material financial interest; or (ii) between the Association and one or more of its directors or between the Association or any person in which one or more of its directors have a material financial interest.
- Section 2. Meetings and Actions of Committees. Meetings and actions of committees shall be governed by, and held and taken in accordance with, the provisions of article IX of these Bylaws, concerning meetings of directors, with such changes in the context of those Bylaws as are necessary to substitute the committee and its members for the Board of Directors and its members, except that the time for regular meetings of committees may be determined either by resolution of the Board of Directors or by resolution of the committee. Special meetings of committees may also be called by resolution of the Board of Directors. Notice of special meetings of committees shall also be given to any and all alternate members, who shall have the right to attend all meetings of the committee. Minutes shall be kept of each meeting of any committee and shall be filed with the Association records. The Board of Directors may adopt rules not inconsistent with the provisions of these Bylaws for the governance of any committee.

ARTICLE XI Officers

Section 1. Officers. The officers of the Association shall be a president, a vice president, a secretary and a chief financial officer. The Association may also have, at the discretion of the Board, one or more assistant secretaries, one or more assistant treasurers, and such other officers as may be appointed in accordance with the provisions of section 3 following. Any person may hold two or more offices, except that neither the secretary nor the chief financial officer may serve concurrently as president.

Section 2. Election of Officers. The officers of the Association, except such officers as may be appointed in accordance with the provisions of sections 3 and 5 following, shall be chosen annually by majority vote of the Board at its first regular meeting following the annual meeting of the Members or the election of directors, and each shall hold his or her office until he or she shall resign or shall be removed or otherwise disqualified to serve, or his or her successor shall be elected and qualified.

Section 3. Subordinate Officers. The Board may appoint, and may empower the president to appoint, such other officers as the affairs of the Association may require, each of whom shall hold office for such period, have

such authority and perform such duties as are provided in the Bylaws and as the Board may from time to time determine.

Section 4. Removal of Officers. Any officer may be removed, either with or without cause, by the Board at any regular or special meeting.

Section 5. Resignation of Officers. Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board or to the president or to the secretary. Any such resignation shall take effect at the date of the receipt of such notice or at any later time specified therein; and unless otherwise specified therein, the acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective. Any resignation is without prejudice to the rights, if any, of the Association under any contract to which the officer is a party.

Section 6. Vacancies. A vacancy in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification or any other cause shall be filled in the manner prescribed in the Bylaws for regular appointments to such office.

Section 7. President. The president shall be elected by the Board from among the directors. He or she shall be the chief executive officer of the Association and shall, subject to the control of the Board, have general supervision, direction and control of the affairs and officers of the Association. He or she shall preside at all meetings of the Board, and shall have the general power and duties of management usually vested in the office of president of a corporation, together with such other powers and duties as may be prescribed by the Board or the Bylaws.

Section 8. Vice President. The vice president shall be elected by the Board from among the directors. In the absence or disability of the president, the vice president shall perform all the duties of the president and when so acting shall have all the powers of, and be subject to all the restrictions upon, the president. He or she shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as from time to time may be prescribed by the Board or the Bylaws.

Section 9. Secretary. The secretary shall be elected by the Board from among the directors. The secretary shall keep or cause to be kept at the principal office or such other place as the Board may order, a book of minutes of all meetings of directors and Members, with the time and place of holding same, whether regular or special, and if special, how authorized, the notice thereof given, the names of those present at directors' meetings, the number of Members present in person or by proxy at Members' meetings, and the proceedings thereof. The secretary shall keep, or cause to be kept, appropriate current records showing the Members of the Association, together with their addresses. He or she shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the Board required by the Bylaws or by law to be given, and he or she shall keep the seal of the Association in safe custody, and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board or by the Bylaws.

Section 10. Chief Financial Officer. The chief financial officer shall be elected by the Board from among the directors. The chief financial officer, who shall be known as the treasurer, shall keep and maintain, or cause to be kept and maintained, adequate and correct accounts of the properties and business transactions of the Association, including accounts of its assets, liabilities, receipts, disbursements, gains, losses, capital,

retained earnings and other matters customarily included in financial statements. The books and records shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by any director or Member. The treasurer shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, all monies and other valuables in the name and to the credit of the Association with such depositaries as may be designated by the Board. He or she shall disburse, or cause to be disbursed, the funds of the Association as may be ordered by the Board, shall render, or cause to be rendered, to the president and directors whenever they request it, an account of all of his or her transactions as treasurer and of the financial condition of the Association, and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board or the Bylaws. If required by the Board, the treasurer shall give the Association a bond in the amount and with the surety or sureties specified by the Board for faithful performance of the duties of his or her office and for restoration to the Association of all its books, papers, vouchers, money, and other property of every kind in his or her possession or under his or her control on his or her death, resignation, retirement, or removal from office.

ARTICLE XII Member Assessment Obligations and Association Finances

Section 1. Description of Assessments to Which Owners Are Subject. Owners of Lots within the Properties are subject to Annual, Special and Special Individual Assessments as more particularly described in article IV of the Declaration.

Section 2. Checks. All checks or demands for money and notes of the Association shall be signed by the president and treasurer, or by such other officer or officers or such other person or persons as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any withdrawal of funds from Association reserve accounts shall require the signature of two directors or an officer (who is not also a director) and a director.

Section 3. Operating Account. There shall be established and maintained a cash deposit account to be known as the "Operating Account" into which shall be deposited the operating portion of all Regular and Special Assessments as fixed and determined for all Members. Disbursements from such account shall be for the general need of the operation including, but not limited to, wages, repairs, betterments, maintenance, and other operating expenses of the Properties.

Section 4. Other Accounts. The Board shall maintain any other accounts it shall deem necessary to carry out its purposes, including reserve accounts for replacement of capital improvements as more particularly set forth in article IV of the Declaration. All Association books of account shall be maintained in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Section 5. Budgets and Financial Statements. The following financial statements and related information for the Association shall be regularly prepared and copies thereof shall be distributed to each Member of the Association:

- (a) <u>Budget</u>. A pro forma operating budget for each fiscal year consisting of at least the following information shall be distributed to Members not less than 45 nor more than 60 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year:
 - (i) Estimated revenue and expenses on an accrual basis;
- (ii) The amount of the total cash reserves of the Association currently set aside for the future repair or replacement of, or addition to, those major components of the Common Area and Common Facilities which the Association is obligated to maintain and for contingencies;
- (iii) An estimate of the current replacement costs of, and the estimated remaining useful life of, and the methods of funding to defray repair or replacement of, or additions to, those major components of the Common Area and Common Facilities which the Association is obligated to maintain;
- (iv) A general statement setting forth the procedures used by the Board of Directors in the calculation and establishment of reserves to defray the costs of repair, replacement or additions to major components of the Common Area and Common Facilities which the Association is obligated to maintain.

In lieu of distributing the complete pro forma operating budget as specified above, the Board of Directors may elect to distribute a summary of the budget to the Members (within the time limits provided above), together with a notice that the complete budget is available at the Association's principal office and will be furnished, upon request, to any Member at the Association's expense. If a Member requests a copy of the complete budget, the Association shall mail the material, via first class mail, within five days. The Association notice required hereunder shall be presented on the front page of the summary in 10-point bold type.

- (b) Year-End Report. Within 120 days after the close of the fiscal year, a copy of the Association's year-end report consisting of at least the following shall be distributed to Members:
 - (i) A balance sheet as of the end of the fiscal year;
 - (ii) An operating (income) statement for the fiscal year;
- (iii) A statement of changes in financial position for the fiscal year;
- (iv) A statement advising Members of the place where the names and addresses of the current Members are located; and
- (v) Any information required to be reported under section 8322 of the Corporations Code requiring the disclosure of certain transactions in excess of \$50,000 per year between the Association and any director or officer of the Association and indemnifications and advances to officers or directors in excess of \$10,000 per year.

A review of the financial statement of the Association shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles by a licensee of the State Board of Accountancy for any fiscal year in which the gross income of the Association exceeds \$75,000. If the annual report is not prepared by such a licensee, it shall be accompanied by the certificate of an authorized officer of the Association that the statement was prepared without an audit from the books and records of the Association.

- (c) Annual Statement Regarding Delinquency/Foreclosure Policy. In addition to financial statements, the governing body shall annually distribute within 60 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, a statement of the Association's policies and practices in enforcing its remedies against members for defaults in the payment of Regular and Special Assessments including the recording and foreclosing of liens against Members' subdivision interests.
- (d) Review of Accounts. On no less than a quarterly basis, the Board of Directors shall:
- (i) Review a current reconciliation of the Association's operating accounts;
- (ii) Review a current reconciliation of the Association's reserve accounts;
- (iii) Review the current year's actual reserve revenues and expenses compared to the current year's budget;
- (iv) Review the Association's latest account statements prepared by the financial institution(s) with whom the operating and reserve accounts are lodged; and
- (v) Review the Association's income and expense statement for the operating and reserve accounts.

To the extent one document provides the information required in more than one of the above listed items, any such requirements listed above may be satisfied by reviewing the same document.

ARTICLE XIII Miscellaneous

Section 1. Inspection of Books and Records.

(a) Member Inspection Rights. All accounting books and records, minutes of proceedings of the Members, the Board and committees of the Board and the membership list of the Association shall at all times, during reasonable business hours, be subject to the inspection of any Member or his or her duly appointed representative at the offices of the Association for any purpose reasonably related to the Member's interest as such. Member's rights of inspection hereunder shall be exercisable on 10 days' written demand on the Association, which demand shall state the purpose for which the inspection rights are requested. Inspection rights shall be subject to the Association's right to offer a reasonable alternative to inspection within 10 days after receiving the Member's written demand (as more particularly set forth in section 8330 and following of the California Nonprofit Mutual Benefit Corporation Law).

- (b) Director Inspection Rights. Every director shall have an absolute right at any reasonable time to inspect all books, records, documents and minutes of the Association and the physical properties owned by the Association. The right of inspection by a director includes the right to make extracts and copies of documents.
- (c) Adoption of Reasonable Inspection Rules. The Board of Directors may establish reasonable rules with respect to (i) notice of inspection, (ii) hours and days of the week when inspection may be made, and (iii) payment of the cost of reproducing copies of documents requested by the Member.
- Section 2. General Manager. The Board may, from time to time, employ the services of a manager to manage the affairs of the Association and, to the extent not inconsistent with the laws of the State of California, and upon such conditions as are otherwise deemed advisable by the Board, the Board may delegate to the manager any of its day-to-day management and maintenance duties and powers under these Bylaws and the Declaration, provided that the general manager shall at all times remain subject to the general control of the Board.
- Section 3. Corporate Seal. The Association may have a seal in circular form having within its circumference the words "Cedarbrook Homeowners Association, Incorporated June 24, 1980, State of California."
- Section 4. Robert's Rules of Order. In the event of a dispute concerning the procedural aspects of any meetings which cannot be resolved by reference to these Bylaws or applicable law, the matter shall be resolved by reference to Robert's Rules of Order.
- Section 5. Amendment or Repeal of Bylaws. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, these Bylaws may only be amended or repealed, and new Bylaws adopted by the affirmative vote or assent by written ballot of a majority of the voting power of the Association; provided that if any provision of these Bylaws requires the vote of a larger proportion or all of the Members, such provisions may not be altered, amended or repealed except by such greater vote, unless otherwise specifically provided herein. Any amendment to these Bylaws shall become effective immediately upon approval by the Members. The secretary of the Association shall certify adoption of any duly approved amendment to the Bylaws and a copy of said certificate and the amendment shall be included in the Association's corporate records.
- Section 6. Notice Requirements. Any notice or other document permitted or required to be delivered as provided herein may be delivered either personally or by mail. If delivery is made by mail, it shall be deemed to have been delivered 72 hours after a copy of same has been deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, addressed as follows: if to the Association or the Board of Directors at the principal office of the Association as designated from time to time by written notice to the Members; if to a director, at the address from time to time given by such director to the secretary for the purpose of service of such notice; if to a Member, at the address from time to time given by such Member to the secretary for the purpose of service of such notice, or, if no such address has been so given, to the address of any Lot within the Properties owned by such Member.
 - Section 7. Construction and Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise or a term is specifically defined herein, the general provisions,

rules of construction, and definitions in the California Nonprofit Mutual Benefit Corporation Law shall govern the construction of these Bylaws. Without limiting the generality of the above, the masculine gender includes the feminine and neuter, and singular number includes the plural and the plural number includes the singular. All captions and titles used in these Bylaws are intended solely for the reader's convenience of reference and shall not affect the interpretation or application of any of the terms or provisions contained herein.

CERTIFICATE OF SECRETARY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

Homeowners Association, does hereby	the corporation known as Cedarbrook certify that the above and foregoing , were duly adopted by written ballot of day of , 19, and
	By(Secretary)