Rodigo Segi 4 Horas 186837

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{2}} \nabla V_{R} = \frac{1}{2} K \left( \nabla V_{R} - \nabla V_{r} \right) - 0 \quad \frac{\nabla V_{r}}{\nabla V_{R}} = \frac{K}{2s + K}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{2}} \nabla V_{R} = \frac{1}{2s + K}$$

$$U_{R}(s) = V_{R}(s) \frac{\kappa}{J_{S+N}} + T_{W} \frac{1}{J_{S+N}} + pole = \left[-\frac{\kappa}{J}\right]$$

$$LD E(s) = W_0 \frac{-W_0}{(s^2 + W_0^2)(3s + \kappa)}$$

Lp lim e(t) = limsE(s) = 
$$W_0 \frac{-w_0 s}{(s^2 + w_0^2)(5s + k)} = W_0 \frac{O}{k w_0^2} = O$$

$$\alpha) Y = -L(V + Y) - \nu \frac{Y(s)}{V(s)} = \frac{-L(s)}{1 + L(s)}$$

(b) 
$$\forall v_r = \frac{1}{5} \frac{Y(5)}{V(5)} = \frac{1}{5} \frac{-L(5)}{1 + L(5)}$$

Lo lim s 
$$\frac{Y(s)}{V(s)} = \frac{-L(0)}{1+L(0)}$$
 -0 se  $L(0) = 0$  entos o distústio não afetaró o valor final

c) 
$$E = R - EL + \frac{E(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{1}{1 + L(s)}$$

Liblim s 
$$\frac{E(s)}{2(s)} = \frac{1}{1+L(0)}$$
 -0 noo, pois é preciso que  $L(0)$  -00 para isso.