F-128 – Física Geral I

Aula exploratória 07

- Gabarito -

UNICAMP – IFGW



a)
$$U(x) = \frac{1}{2}kx^2 - \frac{1}{3}\kappa x^3$$

b)x = 0: ponto de equilíbrio estável

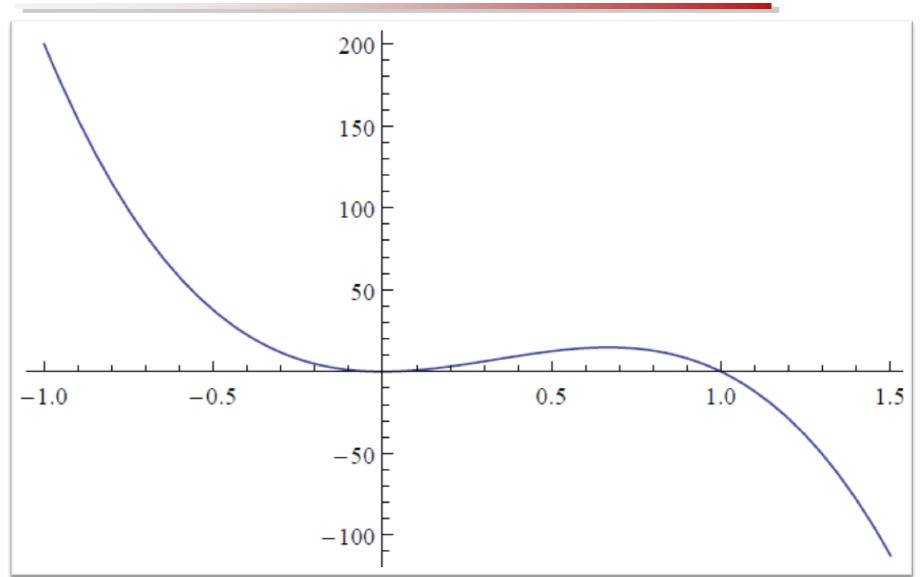
$$x = \frac{2}{3}m: ponto de equilíbrio instável$$

c)
$$x < \frac{2}{3}m$$
; $E < U(x = 2/3) = 400/27$

d)
$$E > \frac{400}{27}$$
: há 1 ponto de retorno

$$E < \frac{400}{27}; x > \frac{2}{3}: há 1 ponto de retorno$$





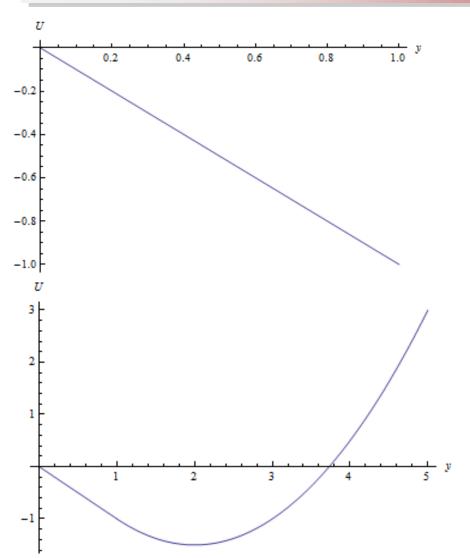


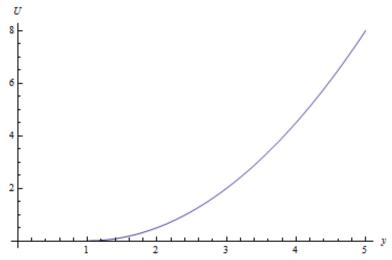
a)
$$U_g = -mgy$$

$$U_{el} = \frac{1}{2}k(y-L)^2$$
b) $y = L + \frac{mg}{k}$

$$c)v_{max} = \left[2g\left(L + \frac{mg}{2k}\right)\right]^{1/2}$$







Obtidos parametrizando mg=1, k=1 e L=1.



a)
$$x_{max} = \frac{l}{2} + \frac{1}{2}(l^2 + 4ld)^{1/2}$$
 onde $l = \frac{2mg}{k}(sen\theta - \mu_c cos\theta)$

b)
$$E_{dis} = \mu_c mgcos\theta(d + x_{max}); \frac{E_{dis}}{\Delta U_{Pot}} = 1$$

c)
$$\mu_e = \frac{kx_{max} - mgsen\theta}{mgcos\theta}$$