# Breakfastclub

How Personality Traits effect attention and happiness in a simulated classroom

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How different personalities effect classroom attention and happiness?

### Content

- Agent based model
- Big Five Personality Traits
- Breakfastclub
- Results

### Agent based models

An **agent-based model (ABM)** is a class of computational models for simulating the <u>actions and interactions</u> of <u>autonomous agents</u> (both individual or collective entities such as organizations or groups) with a view to assessing their effects on the system as a whole.

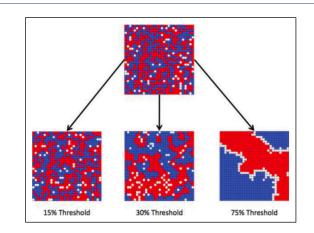
- Wikipedia

### Applied in various fields

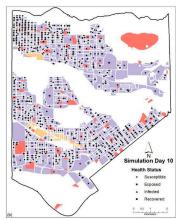
- Biology (e.g. epidemics)
- Economics (e.g. Stock Trade)
- Social Studies (e.g. Social Networks)

### Agent based models - Examples

Thomas Schelling's (1971) – Social Segregation [1]



Perez (2009) – Contagious disease spread [2]



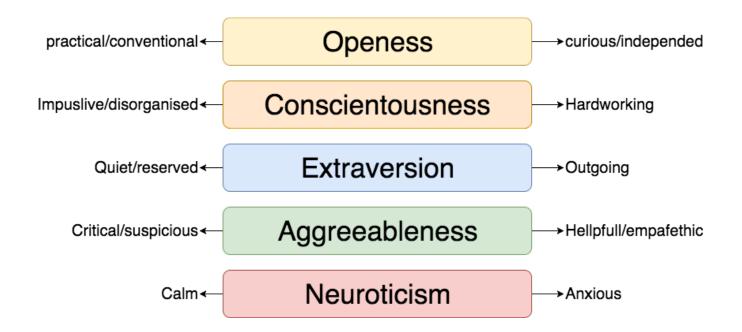
<sup>[1]</sup> Schelling, T. C. (1971). Dynamics Model of Segregation. *Journal of Mathematical Sociology*, 1(May 1969), 143–186. [2] Perez, L., & Dragicevic, S. (2009). An agent-based approach for modeling dynamics of contagious disease spread.

<sup>[2]</sup> Perez, L., & Dragicevic, S. (2009). An agent-based approach for modeling dynamics of contagious disease spread. *International Journal of Health Geographics*, 8(1), 1–17. https://doi.org/10.1186/1476-072X-8-50

How to measure and study personality?

# Big Five – Personality Trait Model

Controversial but widely applied in theoretical and practical settings is the empirical OCEAN or Big Five Personality Trait model[1].



[1] Norman, W. T. (1963). Toward an adequate taxonomy of personality attributes. *Journal of Abnormal and Social Psychology*, 66(6), 574–583. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1037/h0040291">https://doi.org/10.1037/h0040291</a>

### Big Five in the classroom

- Empirical studies show how the big five effect the behavior or children in the classroom [1].
- On school achievements and outcome [2]
- Big Five in children with ADHD [3]

[1] Ehrler, D. J., Evans, J. G., & McGhee, R. L. (1999). Extending Big-Five theory into childhood: A preliminary investigation into the relationship between Big-Five personality traits and behavior problems in children. *Psychology in the Schools* [2] Asendorpf, J. B., & Van Aken, M. A. G. (2003). Validity of Big Five Personality Judgments in Childhood: A 9 Year Longitudinal Study. *European Journal of Personality*, *17*(1), 1–17. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1002/per.460">https://doi.org/10.1002/per.460</a>
[3] Nigg, J. T., Blaskey, L. G., Huang-Pollock, C. L., Hinshaw, S. P., John, O. P., Willcutt, E. G., & Pennington, B. (2002). Big five dimensions and ADHD symptoms: Links between personality traits and clinical symptoms. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, *83*(2), 451–469. https://doi.org/10.1037/0022-3514.83.2.451

Can we build a agent based model based on the Big Five, simulating a classroom?

### Breakfastclub



- Agent based model implemented in Unity3D
- Agent behavior is based on OCEAN (Big Five) Personality Trait model
- Model attention, happiness and motivation
- Different personality profiles are compared to each other

### Agent based models

### Main Components

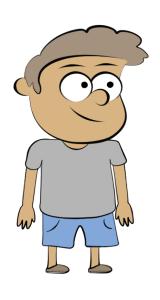
- Environment (Defined a limited world)
- Agents (Behavior, Characteristics)
- Logic (Manage Behavior and Interaction)

### Environment

- Classroom
- Individual tables
- Group (4 people) tables
- Noise Level



# The Agents



### Personality

- Openness
- Conscientiousness
- Extraversion
- Agreeableness
- Neuroticism

### **Internal States**

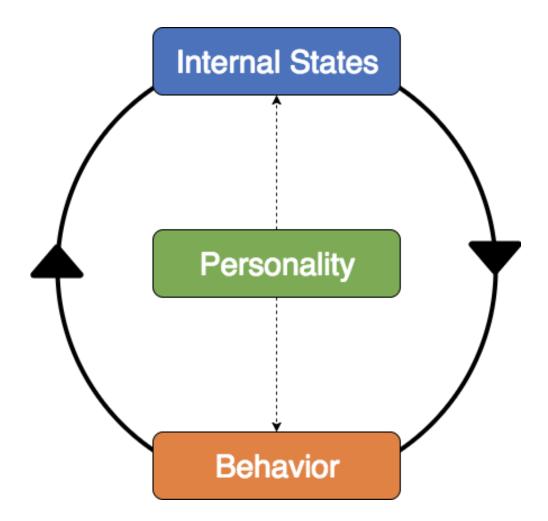
- Motivation
- Happiness
- Attention

### Behavior

- Chat
- Take a break
- Study alone
- Study in groups
- Quarrel

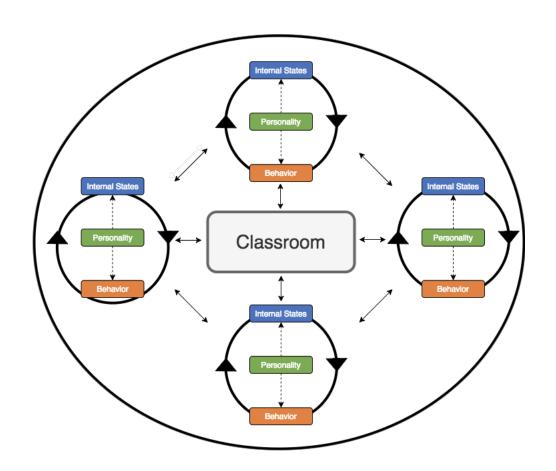
### Agent Dynamics

- Each Agent is a dynamic system
- Parameterized by its Personality Traits
- Internal States define and are altered by Agents Behavior



### Group Dynamics

- Agents interact with each other and the environment
- Different Agent Ensembles have different Group dynamics
- The system can cause emerging behaviors



### Logic

#### **Internal States**

- (M)otivation
- (H)appiness

### Personality

- (O)penness
- (C)onscientiousness
- (E)xtraversion
- (A)greeableness
- (N)euroticism

#### **Behavior**

- Chat
- Take a break  $M \rightarrow H \rightarrow E \rightarrow$
- Study alone
- $M \rightarrow H \rightarrow E \rightarrow Ns \rightarrow iT$
- Study in groups M H + E +

 $M \rightarrow H \rightarrow E \rightarrow$ 

Quarrel

M H

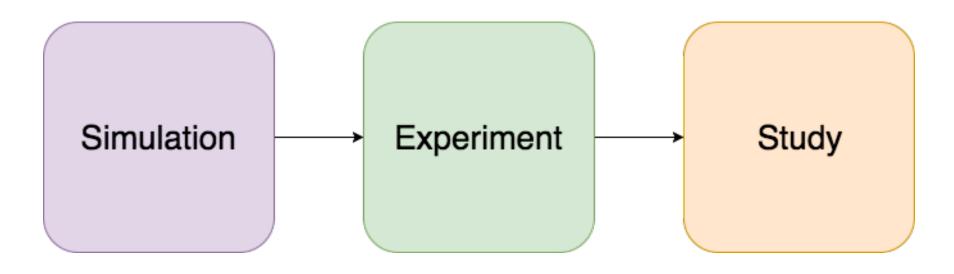
#### Interaction

- Chat
- Quarrel

#### Other

- Action Duration C
- Attention C M Ns

# Three phase Analysis



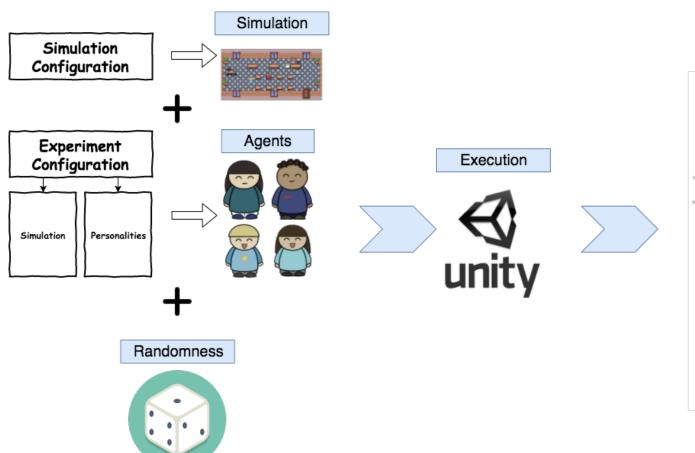
What is the behavior of one set of agents?

What is the average happiness and attention of a combination of personalities?

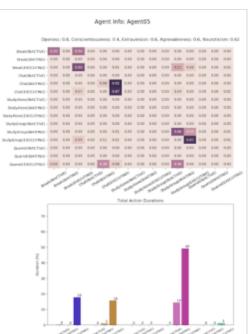
How do different personality combinations compare to each other?

### Simulation

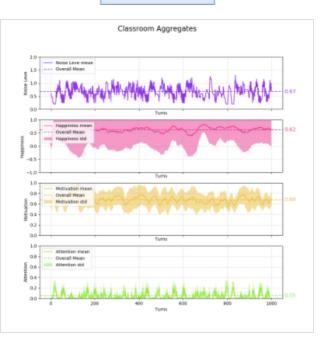
What is the behavior of one set of agents?



### Agent Info

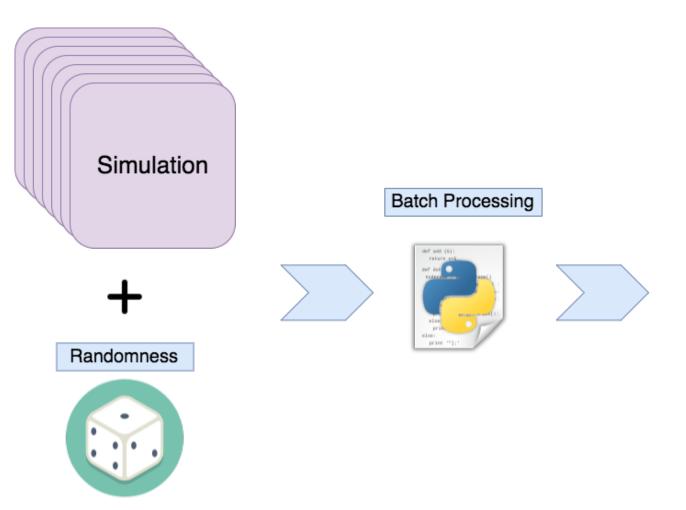


#### Classroom Info

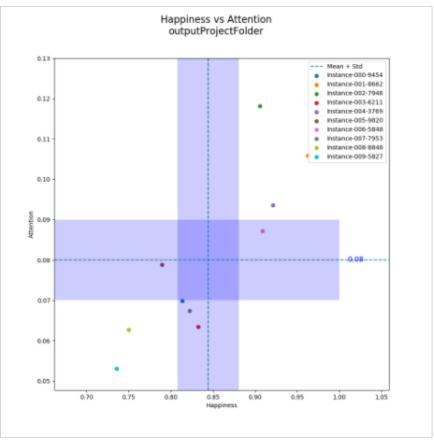


# Experiment

What is the average happiness and attention of a combination of personalities?

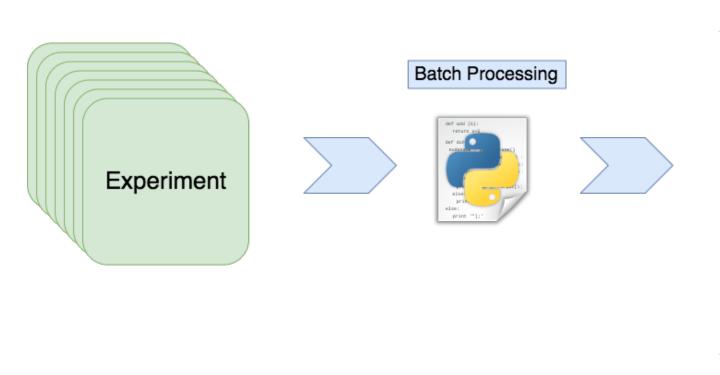


#### Average

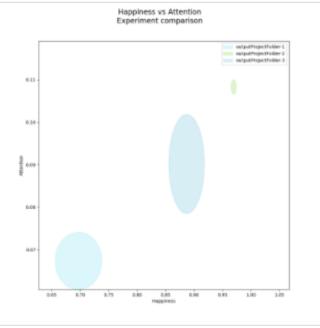


# Study

How do different personality combinations compare to each other?



#### Group comparison



# Results

# Outlook



Máster Universitario en Inteligencia Artificial

Thank you

Prof. Dr. Michael Kickmeier-Rust (Supervisor)

