

Import Necessary Package

In [387]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

Object of One Swing

For data analysis on a large dataframe, Python is a good analytical programming language since programmers can take advantage of existing packages and develop an application very fast. Therefore, I chose Python to complete this code challenge on data of an accelerometer and a gyroscope. Besides, in order to gain better performance on data processing, I utilize the numpy package, which is generally implemented in C. In brief, Python can help us to develop a feature very fast, but if we still need even better performance, we can implement the feature in C/C++.

The class `swing` contains data of sensors of one swing. It can be initialized by **`swing(filename)`**. I use pandas dataframe to contain all the data from .csv file, which is stored in **`self.df`**. For each member function, the targeted column can be designated by the argument **`dataCol`**, and other arguments also have to be specified since we do not have default values for now.

Examples of usage of functions can be found in **`test.py`**.

In [390]:

```
class swing:
    # Initialize a swing by reading csv file
    def __init__(self, filename):
        self.df = pd.read_csv(filename, header=None)
        self.df.columns = ['timestamp', 'ax', 'ay', 'az', 'wx', 'wy', 'wz']

    # Print data in a column (or the whole data frame by default)
    def print(self, col="default"):
        if (col is "default"):
            print(self.df)
        else:
            assert col in self.df.columns, "invalid column, should be one of [timestamp, ax, ay, az, wx, wy, wz]"
            print(self.df[col])
        ...

    Search values above threshold
    Return the first index where data have such values for at least winLength in a row
    Return -1 if cannot find the values
    ...

    def searchContinuityAboveValue(self, dataCol, indexBegin, indexEnd, threshold, winLength):
        assert dataCol in self.df.columns, "invalid column, should be one of [timestamp, ax, ay, az, wx, wy, wz]"
        assert (indexBegin >= 0 and indexBegin < len(self.df.index)), "invalid begin index"

        assert (indexEnd >= 0 and indexEnd < len(self.df.index)), "invalid end index"
        assert (indexBegin < indexEnd), "invalid pair of indexBegin and indexEnd"

        # Extract valid data by dataCol and index range
        data = self.df[dataCol].values
        data = data[indexBegin: indexEnd + 1]

        # Get bitmap that data are above threshold
        bitmap = (data > threshold).astype(int)
        bitmap = np.insert(bitmap, 0, 0) # for first entry

        # Find points going above threshold and going below threshold
        diff = np.diff(bitmap)
        higherPoints = np.where(diff == 1)[0]
        lowerPoints = np.where(diff == -1)[0]

        # If not going below threshold at the end
        if len(lowerPoints) < len(higherPoints):
            lowerPoints = np.append(lowerPoints, len(data))

        # Check how many valid values in a row and return the first valid index meeting the requirements
        length = np.subtract(lowerPoints, higherPoints)
        bitmapLength = (length >= winLength)
        indexList = np.where(bitmapLength == True)[0]
        if indexList.size == 0:
            return -1
        else:
            return higherPoints[indexList[0]] + indexBegin;
        ...

    Search values within range in backward direction (indexBegin > indexEnd)
    Return the first index where data have such values for at least winLength in a row
    Return -1 if cannot find the values
```

```

'''
def backSearchContinuityWithinRange(self, dataCol, indexBegin, indexEnd, thresholdLo, thresholdHi, winLength):
    assert dataCol in self.df.columns, "invalid column, should be one of [timestamp, ax, ay, az, wx, wy, wz]"
    assert (indexBegin >= 0 and indexBegin < len(self.df.index)), "invalid begin index"
    assert (indexEnd >= 0 and indexEnd < len(self.df.index)), "invalid end index"
    assert (indexBegin > indexEnd), "invalid pair of indexBegin and indexEnd"
    assert (thresholdLo <= thresholdHi), "invalid threshold, should have thresholdLo <= thresholdHi"

    # Extract valid data by dataCol and index range and reverse it
    data = self.df[dataCol]
    data = data[indexEnd: indexBegin + 1]
    data = np.array(data[::-1])

    # Get bitmap that data are within range
    bitmap = (np.logical_and(data > thresholdLo, data < thresholdHi)).astype(int)
    bitmap = np.insert(bitmap, 0, 0) # for the first entry

    # Find points going into range and out of range
    diff = np.diff(bitmap)
    InRangePoints = np.where(diff == 1)[0]
    OutRangePoints = np.where(diff == -1)[0]

    # If not going out of range at the end
    if len(OutRangePoints) < len(InRangePoints):
        OutRangePoints = np.append(OutRangePoints, len(data))

    # Check how many valid values in a row and return the first valid index meeting the requirements
    length = np.subtract(OutRangePoints, InRangePoints)
    bitmapLength = (length >= winLength)
    indexList = np.where(bitmapLength == True)[0]
    if indexList.size == 0:
        return -1
    else:
        return indexBegin - InRangePoints[indexList[0]];

'''

Search values above threshold in two signals
Return the first index where data have such values for at least winLength in a row
Return -1 if cannot find the values
'''

def searchContinuityAboveValueTwoSignals(self, dataCol1, dataCol2, indexBegin, indexEnd, threshold1, threshold2, winLength):
    assert dataCol1 in self.df.columns, "invalid column1, should be one of [timestamp, ax, ay, az, wx, wy, wz]"
    assert dataCol2 in self.df.columns, "invalid column2, should be one of [timestamp, ax, ay, az, wx, wy, wz]"
    assert dataCol1 is not dataCol2, "invalid columns: two same columns"
    assert (indexBegin >= 0 and indexBegin < len(self.df.index)), "invalid begin index"
    assert (indexEnd >= 0 and indexEnd < len(self.df.index)), "invalid end index"
    assert (indexEnd > indexBegin), "invalid pair of indexBegin and indexEnd"

    # Extract valid data by dataCol and index range
    data1 = self.df[dataCol1]
    data2 = self.df[dataCol2]
    data1 = self.df[dataCol1].values

```

```

data2 = self.df[dataCol2].values
data1 = data1[indexBegin: indexEnd + 1]
data2 = data2[indexBegin: indexEnd + 1]

# Get bitmap that data are above both threshold
bitmap = (np.logical_and(data1 > threshold1, data2 > threshold2)).astype(int)
bitmap = np.insert(bitmap, 0, len(data1)) # for the first entry

# Find points going above threshold and below threshold
diff = np.diff(bitmap)
higherPoints = np.where(diff == 1)[0]
lowerPoints = np.where(diff == -1)[0]

# If not going below threshold at the end
if len(lowerPoints) < len(higherPoints):
    lowerPoints = np.append(lowerPoints, 0)

# Check how many valid values in a row and return the first valid index meeting
the requirements
length = np.subtract(lowerPoints, higherPoints)
bitmapLength = (length >= winLength)
indexList = np.where(bitmapLength == True)[0]
if indexList.size == 0:
    return -1
else:
    return higherPoints[indexList[0]] + indexBegin;

'''
Search values within range
Return list of tuples of (beginIndex, endIndex) where data have such values for at
least winLength in a row
Return [(-1, -1)] if cannot find the values
'''

def searchMultiContinuityWithinRange(self, dataCol, indexBegin, indexEnd, thresholdLo, thresholdHi, winLength):
    assert dataCol in self.df.columns, "invalid column, should be one of [timestamp, ax, ay, az, wx, wy, wz]"
    assert (indexBegin >= 0 and indexBegin < len(self.df.index)), "invalid begin index"
    assert (indexEnd >= 0 and indexEnd < len(self.df.index)), "invalid end index"
    assert (thresholdLo <= thresholdHi), "invalid threshold, should have thresholdLo <= thresholdHi"
    assert (indexEnd > indexBegin), "invalid pair of indexBegin and indexEnd"

    # Extract valid data by dataCol and index range
    data = self.df[dataCol].values
    data = data[indexBegin : indexEnd + 1]

    # Get bitmap that data are within range
    bitmap = (np.logical_and(data > thresholdLo, data < thresholdHi)).astype(int)
    bitmap = np.insert(bitmap, 0, 0)

    # Find points going into range and out of range
    diff = np.diff(bitmap)
    InRangePoints = np.where(diff == 1)[0]
    OutRangePoints = np.where(diff == -1)[0]

    # If not going out of range at the end
    if len(OutRangePoints) < len(InRangePoints):
        OutRangePoints = np.append(OutRangePoints, len(data))

```

Check how many valid values in a row and return the first valid index meeting the requirements

```
length = np.subtract(OutOfRangePoints, InRangePoints)
bitmapLength = (length >= winLength)
indexList = np.where(bitmapLength == True)[0]
if indexList.size == 0:
    return [(-1, -1)]
else:
    tuplesList = []
    for i in list(indexList):
        begin = InRangePoints[i] + indexBegin
        end = OutRangePoints[i] + indexBegin - 1
        tuplesList.append((begin, end))
    return tuplesList
```