### **NAME**

CURLOPT\_COOKIELIST - add to or manipulate cookies held in memory

## **SYNOPSIS**

#include <curl/curl.h>

CURLcode curl\_easy\_setopt(CURL \*handle, CURLOPT\_COOKIELIST, char \*cookie);

### DESCRIPTION

Pass a char \* to a cookie string.

Such a cookie can be either a single line in Netscape / Mozilla format or just regular HTTP-style header (Set-Cookie: ...) format. This will also enable the cookie engine. This adds that single cookie to the internal cookie store.

curl easy setopt options

If you use the Set-Cookie format and don't specify a domain then the cookie is sent for any domain and will not be modified. If a server sets a cookie of the same name (or maybe you've imported one) then both will be sent on a future transfer to that server, likely not what you intended. Either set a domain in Set-Cookie (doing that will include sub domains) or use the Netscape format as shown in EXAMPLE.

Starting in 7.43.0 the aforementioned any-domain cookies will not appear in the lists exported by *CURLINFO\_COOKIELIST(3)* and *CURLOPT\_COOKIEJAR(3)*.

Additionally, there are commands available that perform actions if you pass in these exact strings:

ALL erases all cookies held in memory

SESS erases all session cookies held in memory

**FLUSH** 

writes all known cookies to the file specified by CURLOPT\_COOKIEJAR(3)

RELOAD

loads all cookies from the files specified by CURLOPT\_COOKIEFILE(3)

## **DEFAULT**

NULL

# **PROTOCOLS**

HTTP

## **EXAMPLE**

/\* This example shows an inline import of a cookie in Netscape format. You can set the cookie as HttpOnly to prevent XSS attacks by prepending #HttpOnly\_ to the hostname. That may be useful if the cookie will later be imported by a browser.

```
*/
```

```
#define SEP "\t" /* Tab separates the fields */
char *my_cookie =
  "example.com" /* Hostname */
SEP "FALSE" /* Include subdomains */
SEP "/" /* Path */
SEP "FALSE" /* Secure */
```

```
/* Expiry in epoch time format. 0 == Session */
 SEP "0"
 SEP "foo"
              /* Name */
 SEP "bar";
             /* Value */
/* my cookie is imported immediately via CURLOPT COOKIELIST.
curl_easy_setopt(curl, CURLOPT_COOKIELIST, my_cookie);
/* The list of cookies in cookies.txt will not be imported until right
before a transfer is performed. Cookies in the list that have the same
hostname, path and name as in my_cookie are skipped. That is because
libcurl has already imported my_cookie and it's considered a "live"
cookie. A live cookie won't be replaced by one read from a file.
curl_easy_setopt(curl, CURLOPT_COOKIEFILE, "cookies.txt"); /* import */
/* Cookies are exported after curl_easy_cleanup is called. The server
may have added, deleted or modified cookies by then. The cookies that
were skipped on import are not exported.
curl_easy_setopt(curl, CURLOPT_COOKIEJAR, "cookies.txt"); /* export */
res = curl_easy_perform(curl); /* cookies imported from cookies.txt */
curl_easy_cleanup(curl); /* cookies exported to cookies.txt */
```

## **AVAILABILITY**

ALL was added in 7.14.1

SESS was added in 7.15.4

FLUSH was added in 7.17.1

RELOAD was added in 7.39.0

# **RETURN VALUE**

Returns CURLE\_OK if the option is supported, CURLE\_UNKNOWN\_OPTION if not, or CURLE OUT OF MEMORY if there was insufficient heap space.

### **SEE ALSO**

CURLOPT\_COOKIEFILE(3), CURLOPT\_COOKIEJAR(3), CURLOPT\_COOKIE(3),