## **NAME**

curl\_easy\_escape - URL encodes the given string

## **SYNOPSIS**

#include <curl/curl.h>

char \*curl\_easy\_escape( CURL \*curl, char \*string, int length );

# **DESCRIPTION**

This function converts the given input **string** to an URL encoded string and returns that as a new allocated string. All input characters that are not a-z, A-Z, 0-9, '-', '.', '\_' or '~' are converted to their "URL escaped" version (%NN where NN is a two-digit hexadecimal number).

If the **length** argument is set to 0 (zero),  $curl\_easy\_escape(3)$  uses strlen() on the input **url** to find out the size.

You must *curl\_free*(3) the returned string when you're done with it.

# **AVAILABILITY**

Added in 7.15.4 and replaces the old *curl\_escape(3)* function.

## **RETURN VALUE**

A pointer to a zero terminated string or NULL if it failed.

# **EXAMPLE**

```
CURL *curl = curl_easy_init();
if(curl) {
  char *output = curl_easy_escape(curl, "data to convert", 15);
  if(output) {
    printf("Encoded: %s0, output);
    curl_free(output);
  }
}}
```

# **SEE ALSO**

curl\_easy\_unescape(3), curl\_free(3), RFC3986