



Universität
Bremen

Center for Industrial
Mathematics (ZeTeM)

Faculty 03

Mathematics / Computer science

Introduction to TorchPhysics

Parameter identification problems

Janek Gödeke, Nick Heilenkötter, Tom
Freudenberg
Berlin, 15.11.2024

Parameter Identification

So far: Solved ODEs/PDEs for given parameters

- Given scalar $c \in \mathbb{R}$, find solution u :

$$\partial_t^2 u(t, x) = c \cdot \partial_x^2 u(t, x)$$

Similar:

- Given function $f(x)$, find solution u :

$$-\Delta u(x) = f(x)$$

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Similar:

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Now: Parameter-Identification

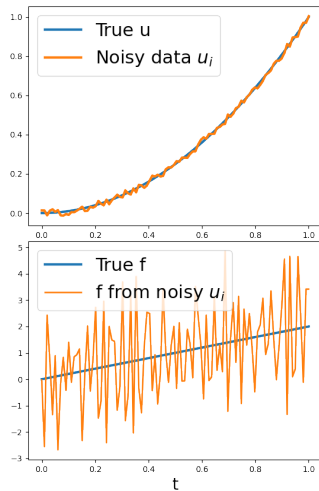
- Given solution u , find parameter c , or parameter function $f(x)$
- Solution given as noisy measurements $(x_1, u_1), \dots, (x_n, u_n)$:

$$|u_i - u(x_i)| \lesssim \delta \quad (\text{noise-level } \delta).$$

Parameter Identification - Ill-Posedness

Caution with naive reconstruction strategies, e.g.:

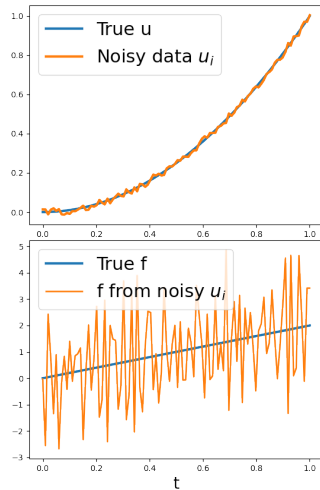
- Difference quotients for $\frac{d}{dt}u(t) = f(t)$?
- Noise in data u_i can get amplified!
(Fig.: 2.4 % noise on u_i)



Parameter Identification - Ill-Posedness

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- Difference quotients for $\frac{d}{dt}u(t) = f(t)$?
- Noise in data u_i can get amplified!
(Fig.: 2.4 % noise on u_i)
- 💡 Need noise-resilient reconstruction strategies



Parameter Identification with PINNs¹

Find $c \in \mathbb{R}$ of wave equation:

$$\begin{cases} \partial_t^2 u = c \partial_x^2 u, & \text{in } I_x \times I_t, \\ u = 0 & \text{in } \partial I_x \times I_t, \\ \partial_t u(\cdot, 0) = 0 & \text{in } I_x, \\ u(\cdot, 0) = \sin(x) & \text{in } I_x. \end{cases}$$

Given: Data (t_i, x_i, u_i)

¹Raissi et al., *PINNs: A deep learning framework for solving forward and inverse problems (...)*, 2019

Parameter Identification with PINNs¹

Find $\mathbf{c} \in \mathbb{R}$ of wave equation:

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Given: Data (t_i, x_i, u_i)

- Trainable parameter \mathbf{c}
(NN with single weight)

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Given: Data (t_i, x_i, u_i)

- Trainable parameter \mathbf{c}
(NN with single weight)
- Train NN u_θ with data loss

$$\text{Data loss} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N |u_\theta(t_i, x_i) - u_i|^2$$

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Parameter Identification with PINNs¹

Find $\mathbf{c} \in \mathbb{R}$ of wave equation:

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Given: Data (t_i, x_i, u_i)

- Trainable parameter \mathbf{c}
(NN with single weight)
- Train NN u_θ with data loss
- Train \mathbf{c} (and u_θ) with PDE loss

$$\text{PDE loss} = \frac{1}{M} \sum_{j=1}^M \left| \partial_t^2 u_\theta(\tilde{t}_j, \tilde{x}_j) - \mathbf{c} \partial_x^2 u_\theta(\tilde{t}_j, \tilde{x}_j) \right|^2$$

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Parameter Identification with PINNs¹

Find $\mathbf{c} \in \mathbb{R}$ of wave equation:

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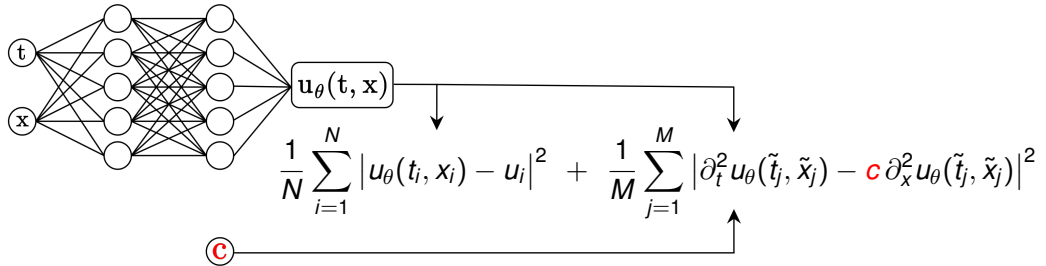
Given: Data (t_i, x_i, u_i)

- Trainable parameter \mathbf{c}
(NN with single weight)
- Train NN u_θ with data loss
- Train \mathbf{c} (and u_θ) with PDE loss
- Train simultaneously

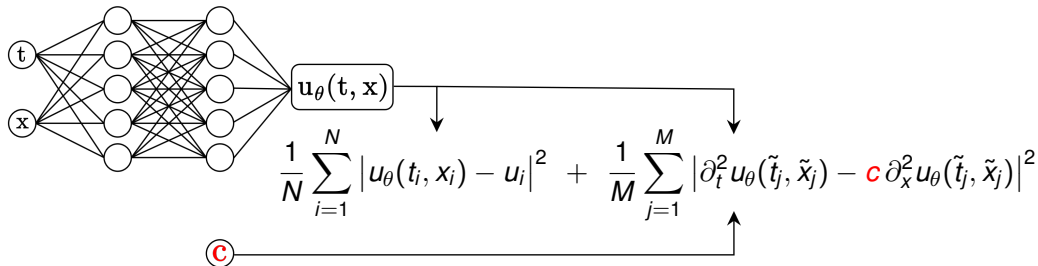
$$\text{Data loss + PDE loss} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N |u_\theta(t_i, x_i) - u_i|^2 + \frac{1}{M} \sum_{j=1}^M |\partial_t^2 u_\theta(\tilde{t}_j, \tilde{x}_j) - \mathbf{c} \partial_x^2 u_\theta(\tilde{t}_j, \tilde{x}_j)|^2$$

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Identify Parameter with TorchPhysics



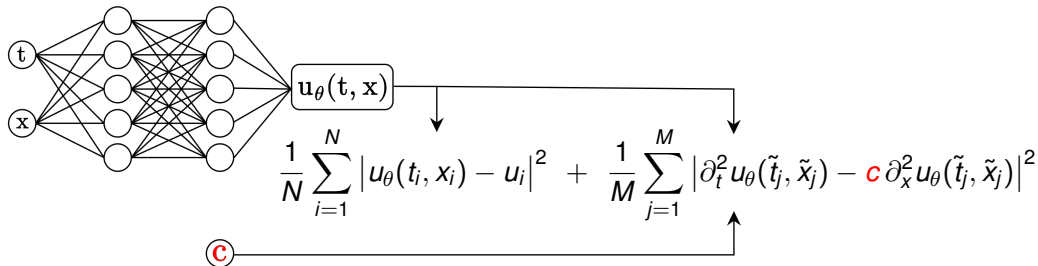
Identify Parameter with TorchPhysics



Implementation of **data condition**:

```
1 data_condition = tp.conditions.DataCondition(module=model_u,
2                                             dataloader=data_loader,
3                                             norm=2)
```

Identify Parameter with TorchPhysics



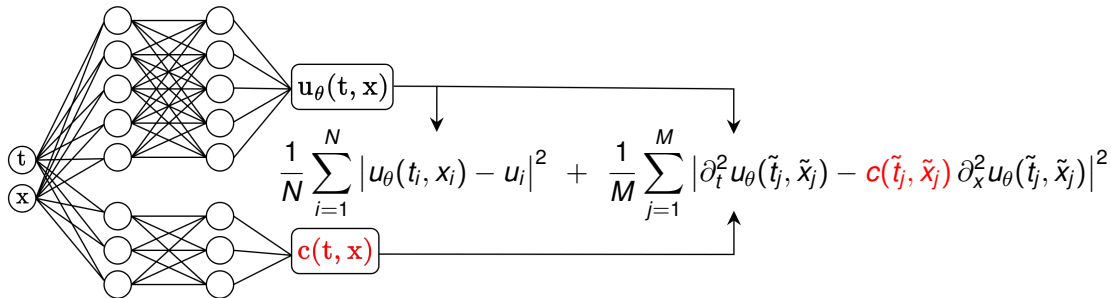
Implementation of **PDE condition**:

```

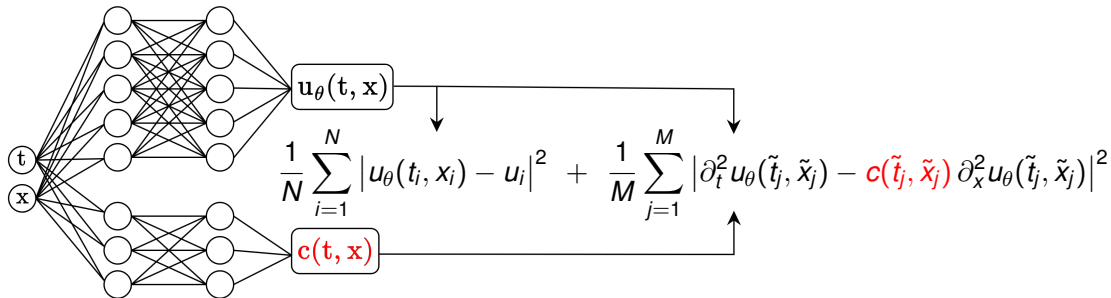
1 param_c      = tp.models.Parameter(init=1.0, space= C)
2 pde_condition = tp.conditions.PINNCondition(model_u, ...,
3                                             parameter=param_c)

```

Identify Parameter Function with TorchPhysics



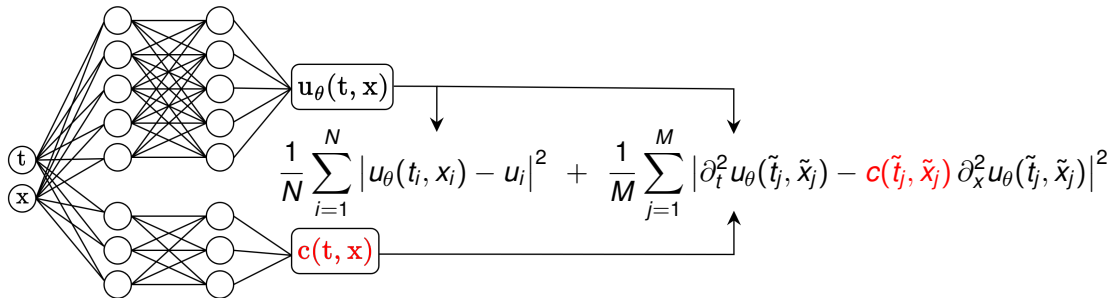
Identify Parameter Function with TorchPhysics



Implementation of parallel model:

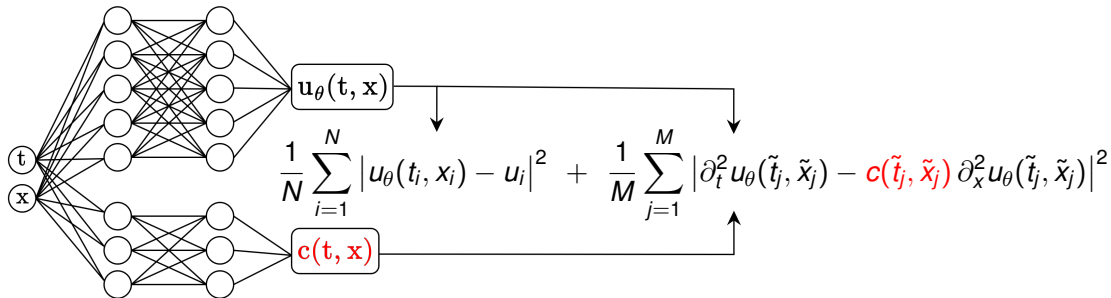
```
1 model_c = tp.models.FCN(...)
2 model   = tp.models.Parallel(model_u, model_c)
```

If data u_i is noisy...



Hope for noise-resilience due to:

If data u_i is noisy...



Hope for noise-resilience due to:

- NN architectures for u_θ and c
- PDE loss term penalizes "chaotic" u_θ and c

Exercises

Inverse Problem (Exercise_8.ipynb)

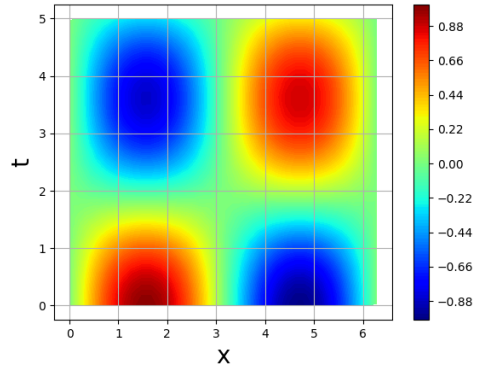
Find parameter $c \in \mathbb{R}$ in wave equation:

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where $I_x = [0, 2\pi]$ and $I_t = [0, 5]$.

Bonus (Exercise_8b.ipynb)

Solution u for unknown c



Session to start with your own problem or work on one of our prepared examples

Templates under template folder

Duration: 60 minutes