# ITERATORS, GENERATORS, AND STREAMS

#### COMPUTER SCIENCE MENTORS CS 61A

April 22 to April 24, 2019

### Iterators and Generators

1. What Would Python Display? class SkipMachine: skip = 1**def** \_\_\_init\_\_\_(self, n=2): self.skip = n + SkipMachine.skip def generate(self): current = SkipMachine.skip while True: yield current current += self.skip SkipMachine.skip += 1 p = SkipMachine() twos = p.generate() SkipMachine.skip += 1 twos2 = p.generate() threes = SkipMachine(3).generate() (a) **next** (twos) (b) **next** (threes) (c) next (twos)

```
(d) next (twos)

(e) next (threes)

(f) next (twos2)
```

2. What does the following code block output?

```
def foo():
    a = 0
    if a < 10:
        print("Hello")
        yield a
        print("World")

for i in foo():
    print(i)</pre>
```

3. How can we modify  $f \circ \circ$  so that it satisfies the following doctests?

```
>>> a = list(foo())
>>> a
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
```

4. Define filter\_gen, a generator that takes in iterable s and one-argument function f and yields every value from s for which f returns True

#### 2 Streams

- 1. (a) What are the advantages or disadvantages of using a stream over a linked list?
  - (b) What's the maximum size of a stream?
  - (c) What's stored in first and rest? What are their types?
  - (d) When is the next element actually calculated?

## 2. What Would Scheme Display?

- (a) scm > (define (foo x) (+ x 10))
- (c) scm> (car bar)
- (d) scm> (cdr bar)
- (e) scm > (define (foo x) (+ x 1))
- (f) scm> (cdr-stream bar)
- (g) scm> (define (foo x) (+ x 5))
- (h) scm> (car bar)
- (i) scm> (cdr-stream bar)
- (j) scm> (cdr bar)

# **3** Code Writing for Streams

1. Implement double-naturals, which is a returns a stream that evaluates to the sequence 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, etc.

```
(define (double-naturals)
     (double-naturals-helper 1 #f)
)
(define (double-naturals-helper first go-next)
```

2. Implement interleave, which returns a stream that alternates between the values in stream1 and stream2. Assume that the streams are infinitely long.

```
(define (interleave stream1 stream2)
```