#### DANIEL GRAHAM

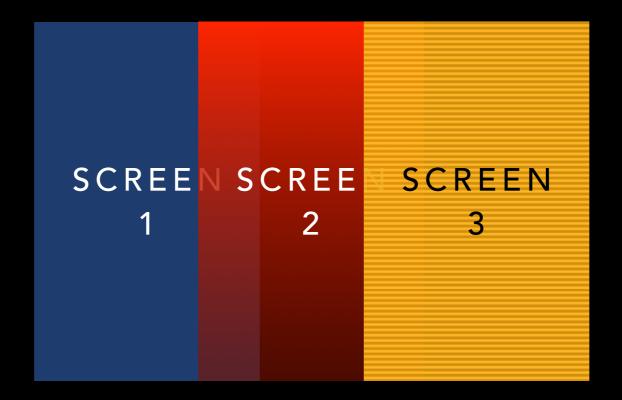
# NAVIGATION REACT NATIVE

# GETTING STARTED WITH REACT NAVIGATION

- npm install --save react-navigation
- https://reactnavigation.org/docs/en/gettingstarted.html

### STACK NAVIGATOR

THINK BACK BUTTON IN YOUR BROWSER



By default the stack navigator is configured to have the familiar iOS and Android look & feel: new screens slide in from the right on iOS, fade in from the bottom on Android. On iOS the stack navigator can also be configured to a modal style where screens slide in from the bottom.

### NOMENCLATURE

- Screens
  - JSX component that gets rendered
- Routes
  - Name JSX Component screen pairs

https://snack.expo.io/@react-navigation/hello-react-navigation-v3

# LETS CREATE A NEW SCREEN TO NAVIGATE TO

THIS WILL EVENTUALLY BECOME THE SCREEN THAT PLAYS THE PODCAST

### STACK NAVIGATOR ENTRIES

```
createStackNavigator({
    // For each screen that you can navigate to, create a new entry like this:
    Profile: {
        // `ProfileScreen` is a React component that will be the
        // main content of the screen.
        screen: ProfileScreen,
    },
    ...MyOtherRoutes,
});
```

### MODIFYING THE ENTRY POINT (APP.JS)

```
import React from 'react'
import { createStackNavigator, createAppContainer } from 'react-navigation'
import HomeScreen from './components/HomeScreen'
import PlayerScreen from './components/PlayerScreen'
const RootStack = createStackNavigator(
                                        NOTICE BAR
   Home: HomeScreen,
                                                              Featured
    Player: PlayerScreen,
 },
    initialRouteName: 'Home',
                                                              My PodCast
const AppContainer = createAppContainer(RootStack);
export default class App extends React.Component {
  render() {
    return (<AppContainer />)
```

### MOVING BETWEEN SCREENS

#### PARADIGM ON THE WEB

```
<a href="details.html">Go to Details</a>
```

```
<a onClick={() => { document.location.href = "details.html"; }}>Go to Details</a>
```

#### PARADIGM ON IN REACT NAVIGATION

```
<Button
    title="Go to Details"
    onPress={() => this.props.navigation.navigate('Details')}
    />
```

```
<Button
    title="Go to Details"
    onPress={() => this.props.navigation.navigate('Details')}
    />
```

- this.props.navigation: the navigation prop is passed in to every screen component (definition) in stack navigator
- navigate('Details'): we call the navigate function with the name of the route that we'd like to move the user to.

```
<Button
    title="Go to Details"
    onPress={() => this.props.navigation.navigate('Details')}
    />
```

 If you already on the details calling navigation will not do anything

```
<Button
  title="Go to Details... again"
  onPress={() => this.props.navigation.push('Details')}
/>
```

 However you might want another details screen that shows details about another item.

(Many with some unique data: params or redux.

### PROGRAMMATICALLY GOING BACK

### SNACK ON REACT NAVIGATION

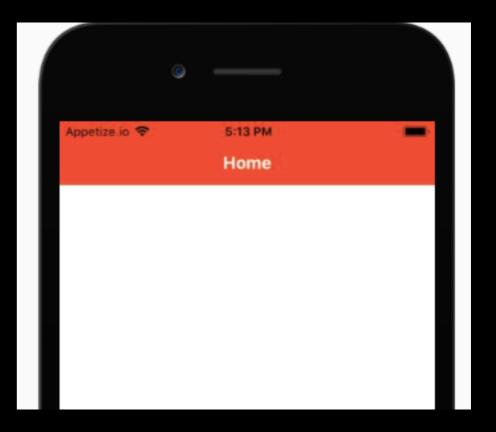
 https://snack.expo.io/@react-navigation/going-backv3

### ADDING NAVIGATION TO PODCAST

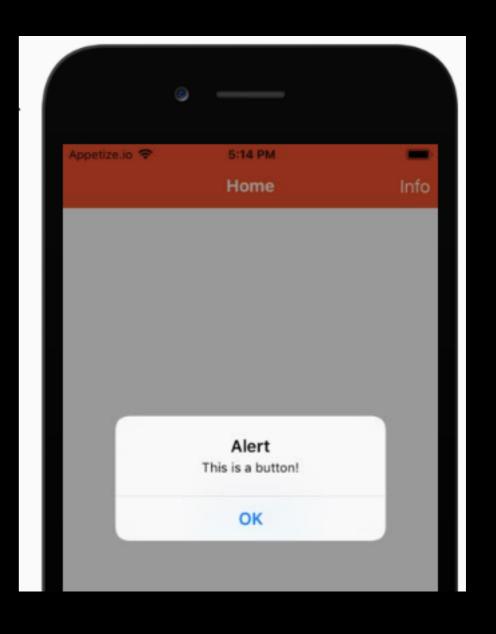
# STYLING SUPPORT

# Configuring the Header

```
class HomeScreen extends React.Component {
  static navigationOptions = {
    title: 'Home',
    headerStyle: {
     backgroundColor: '#f4511e',
    },
    headerTintColor: '#fff',
    headerTitleStyle: {
     fontWeight: 'bold',
    },
};
```



```
static navigationOptions = {
 title: 'Home',
 headerStyle: {
  backgroundColor: '#f4511e',
 headerRight: (
   <Button
                                              ADDED
   onPress={() => alert('This is a button!')}
                                             BUTTON
   title="Info"
                                               RIGHT
   color="#fff"
  />
 headerTintColor: '#fff',
 headerTitleStyle: {
  fontWeight: 'bold',
```

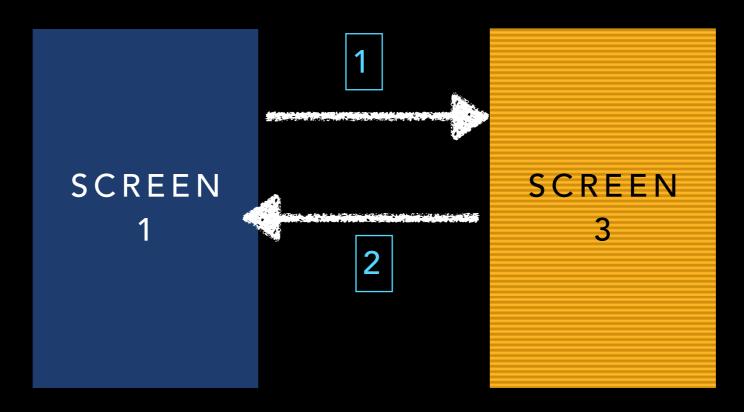


https://snack.expo.io/@professorxii/aGVhZG

# NAVIGATION LIFE CYCLE

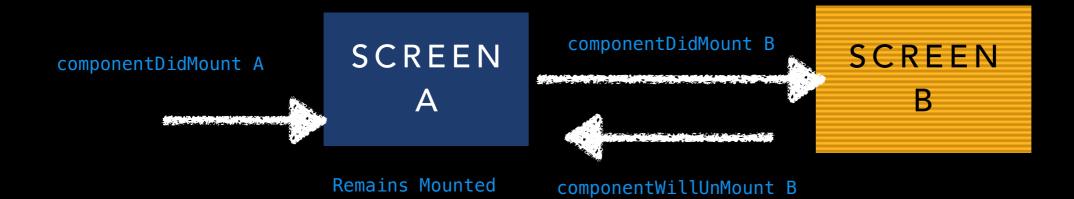
 What happens to the Home Screen when you navigate away from it?

Excepted behavior



- 1 COMPONENTWILLUNMOUNT
- 2 COMPONENTDIDMOUNT

HOWEVER THE BEHAVIOR IS MORE COMPLICATED



STACK

В

A Still on stack so Unmount is not called

Δ

- willFocus the screen will focus
- didFocus the screen focused (if there was a transition, the transition completed)
- willBlur the screen will be unfocused
- didBlur the screen unfocused (if there was a transition, the transition completed)

```
const didBlurSubscription = this.props.navigation.addListener(
   'didBlur',
   payload => {
      console.debug('didBlur', payload);
   }
);

// Remove the listener when you are done
didBlurSubscription.remove();
```

# PASSING PARAMS

#### PASS PARAMETER TO SCREEN

this.props.navigation.navigate('RouteName', { /\* params go here \*/ })

#### READ PARAMETER

this.props.navigation.getParam(paramName, defaultValue)

```
class HomeScreen extends React.Component {
  render() {
    return
      <View style={{ flex: 1, alignItems: 'center', justifyContent: 'center' }}>
        <Text>Home Screen</Text>
        <Button
          title="Go to Details"
          onPress={() => {
            /* 1. Navigate to the Details route with params */
            this.props.navigation.navigate('Details', {
              itemId: 86,
              otherParam: 'anything you want here',
            });
          }}
      </View>
```

#### READING THE PROPERTIES IN THE SUBVIEW

```
/* 2. Get the param, provide a fallback value if not available */
const { navigation } = this.props;
const itemId = navigation.getParam('itemId', 'NO-ID');
const otherParam = navigation.getParam('otherParam', 'some default value');
```

# TAB NAVIGATION

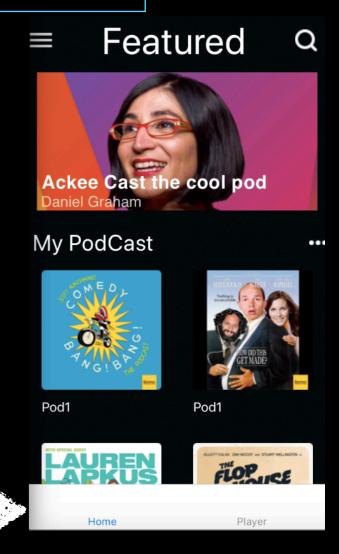
# HTTPS://SNACK.EXPO.IO/@REACT-NAVIGATION/BASIC-TABS-V3

```
import React from 'react';
import {createBottomTabNavigator, createAppContainer} from 'react-navigation'
import HomeScreen from './components/HomeScreen';
import PlayerScreen from './components/PlayerScreen'

const rootStack = createBottomTabNavigator({
    Home: HomeScreen,
    Player: PlayerScreen
},{
    UPDATE TO TAB NAVIGATOR
```

const AppContainer = createAppContainer(rootStack)

initalRouteName: 'Home'



### Adding Icons to the tab navigator

```
export default createAppContainer(
 createBottomTabNavigator(
   Home: { screen: HomeScreen },
   Settings: { screen: SettingsScreen },
   defaultNavigationOptions: ({ navigation }) => ({
                                                                                           Settings
    tabBarIcon: ({ focused, tintColor }) =>
     getTabBarIcon(navigation, focused, tintColor),
   tabBarOptions: {
    activeTintColor: 'tomato',
    inactiveTintColor: 'gray',
                                LETS EXPLORE GETTABBARICON
```

#### import { Ionicons } from '@expo/vector-icons'; // 6.2.2

```
https://ionicons.com
const getTabBarIcon = (navigation, focused, tintColor) => {
const { routeName } = navigation.state;
let IconComponent = Ionicons;
let iconName;
                                                                 $ SYNTAX IS NEW
if (routeName === 'Home') {
                                                                    IT JUST DOES
 iconName = `ios-information-circle${focused ? " : '-outline'}`;
 // We want to add badges to home tab icon
                                                                 CONCATENATION
 IconComponent = HomeIconWithBadge;
 } else if (routeName === 'Settings') {
 iconName = `ios-options${focused ? " : '-outline'}`;
// You can return any component that you like here!
return <IconComponent name={iconName} size={25} color={tintColor} />;
};
```

WEB COMPONENT CODE

<ion-icon name="home"></ion-icon>



```
const HomeIconWithBadge = props => {
    // You should pass down the badgeCount in some other ways like context, redux, mobx or event emitters.
    console.log(props)
    return <IconWithBadge {...props} badgeCount={3} />;
};
```

SPREAD ATTRIBUTES

#### ALLOWS YOU PASS A VARIABLE NUMBER OF VARIABLES

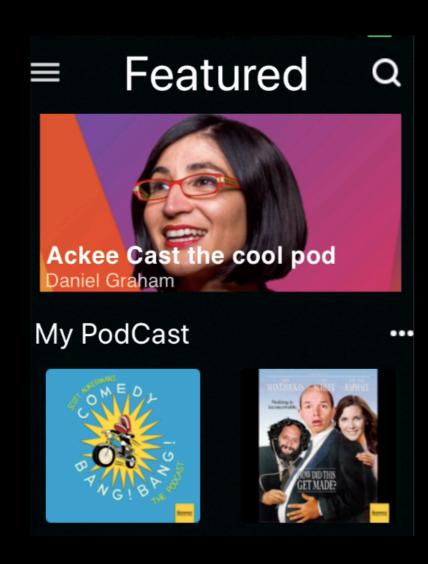
Think of the example of summing variable number of numbers for lecture 2

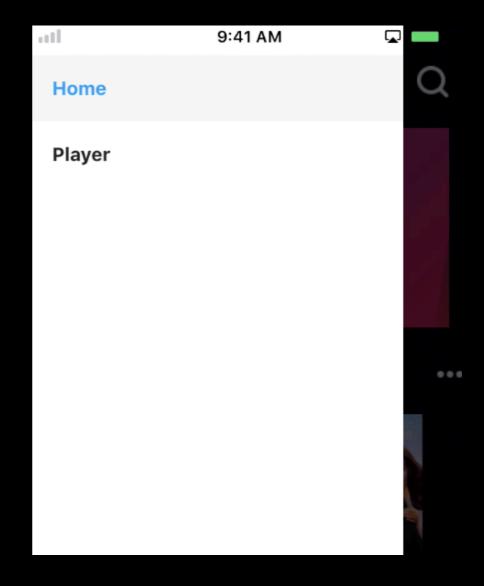
# DRAW NAVIGATION

#### UPDATE TO DRAW NAVIGATOR

```
import React from 'react';
import {createDrawerNavigator, createAppContainer} from 'react-navigation'
import HomeScreen from './components/HomeScreen';
import PlayerScreen from './components/PlayerScreen'
const rootStack = createDrawerNavigator({
   Home: HomeScreen,
    Player: PlayerScreen
 },{
                             UPDATE TO DRAW NAVIGATOR
    initalRouteName: 'Home'
const AppContainer = createAppContainer(rootStack)
export default class App extends React.Component {
  render() {
    return (
     <AppContainer/>
```

# NAVIGATION DRAW





# HELPER FUNCTIONS NAVIGATION DRAW

```
this.props.navigation.openDrawer();
this.props.navigation.closeDrawer();
this.props.navigation.toggleDrawer();
```

```
import * as React from 'react'
import {View, Text, StyleSheet, Image, TouchableOpacity} from 'react-native'
export default class Header extends React.Component{
    constructor(props){
                                                  ADDED MENU ICON
        super(props)
                                                CALL TO TOGGLE DRAW
    render(){
        return(
            <View style={styles.container}>
           <TouchableOpacity onPress={()=>{this.props.navigation.toggleDrawer()}}>
                <Image style={styles.menuIcon} source={require('../assets/</pre>
menuIcon.png')}/>
            </TouchableOpacity>
                <Text style={styles.title}> Featured</Text>
                <Image style={styles.searchIcon} source={require('../assets/</pre>
searchIcon.png')} />
            </View>
```

NEED TO PASS NAVIGATION PROPERTY TO CHILD ELEMENTS

### OTHER NAVIGATION FEATURE

Persistent state. We then user open the APP Start back where they left off

<AppContainer persistenceKey={"NavigationState"} />

Screen Can be other AppContainers: You can nest navigators in this way

# MODAL VIEW NAVIGATION

# FOR MORE DETAIL ON STYLING THE NAVIGATION

https://reactnavigation.org/docs/en/headers.html