Stuff You Should Know About: Handling Large Data Files with R

The Data Table package and various other ways to handle data in R

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- Research field: Bioinformatics / Computational Biology / Cancer Genomics
- Lesson Topic: An introduction to various packages for file I/O and data manipulation in R, with comparision to base R (and compatibility with data frames), in terms of user-friendliness, performance in CPU-time, and memory usage.

Installation

Install Data Table from CRAN (current version 1.9.6)

```
install.packages("data.table", repos = "https::/cran.rstudio.com")
library("data.table")
```

Install development version from GitHub (current version 1.9.7)

```
install.packages("data.table", repos = "https://Rdatatable.github.io/data.table", type = "source") #v1.
##
## The downloaded source packages are in
## '/tmp/Rtmpwytrdi/downloaded_packages'
library("data.table")
```

Getting Started: Data Frames

data table has it's own read function - to rapidly read data into R Backwards compatible: It can be used for data.frames

```
gapminderFiveYearData <- fread("gapminder-FiveYearData.csv", data.table=F)
class(gapminderFiveYearData)

## [1] "data.frame"

dim(gapminderFiveYearData)

## [1] 1704 6</pre>
```

head(gapminderFiveYearData)

```
## 1 Afghanistan 1952 8425333 Asia 28.801 779.4453
## 2 Afghanistan 1957 9240934 Asia 30.332 820.8530
## 3 Afghanistan 1962 10267083 Asia 31.997 853.1007
## 4 Afghanistan 1967 11537966 Asia 34.020 836.1971
## 5 Afghanistan 1972 13079460 Asia 36.088 739.9811
## 6 Afghanistan 1977 14880372 Asia 38.438 786.1134
```

tail(gapminderFiveYearData)

```
pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
##
        country year
## 1699 Zimbabwe 1982 7636524
                                Africa 60.363 788.8550
## 1700 Zimbabwe 1987 9216418
                                Africa 62.351 706.1573
## 1701 Zimbabwe 1992 10704340
                                Africa 60.377
                                                693.4208
## 1702 Zimbabwe 1997 11404948
                                Africa 46.809 792.4500
## 1703 Zimbabwe 2002 11926563
                                Africa 39.989 672.0386
## 1704 Zimbabwe 2007 12311143
                                Africa 43.487 469.7093
```

str(gapminderFiveYearData)

```
## 'data.frame': 1704 obs. of 6 variables:
## $ country : chr "Afghanistan" "Afghanistan" "Afghanistan" "Afghanistan" "Afghanistan" "...
## $ year : int 1952 1957 1962 1967 1972 1977 1982 1987 1992 1997 ...
## $ pop : num 8425333 9240934 10267083 11537966 13079460 ...
## $ continent: chr "Asia" "Asia" "Asia" "Asia" "...
## $ lifeExp : num 28.8 30.3 32 34 36.1 ...
## $ gdpPercap: num 779 821 853 836 740 ...
```

Backwards compatible: these are standard dataframes compatible with ggplots

```
library("ggplot2")
ggplot(data = gapminderFiveYearData, aes(x = lifeExp, y = gdpPercap, color=continent)) +
   geom_point()
```



##Introducing Data Tables

data table defaults to reading it's own data.table format

```
gapminderFiveYearData <- fread("gapminder-FiveYearData.csv")</pre>
class(gapminderFiveYearData)
## [1] "data.table" "data.frame"
dim(gapminderFiveYearData)
## [1] 1704
head(gapminderFiveYearData)
##
         country year
                           pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
## 1: Afghanistan 1952
                                   Asia 28.801 779.4453
                       8425333
## 2: Afghanistan 1957 9240934
                                   Asia 30.332 820.8530
## 3: Afghanistan 1962 10267083
                                  Asia 31.997 853.1007
## 4: Afghanistan 1967 11537966
                                   Asia 34.020 836.1971
## 5: Afghanistan 1972 13079460
                                   Asia 36.088 739.9811
## 6: Afghanistan 1977 14880372
                                   Asia 38.438 786.1134
tail(gapminderFiveYearData)
      country year
                        pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
## 1: Zimbabwe 1982 7636524
                              Africa 60.363 788.8550
## 2: Zimbabwe 1987 9216418 Africa 62.351 706.1573
## 3: Zimbabwe 1992 10704340 Africa 60.377 693.4208
## 4: Zimbabwe 1997 11404948 Africa 46.809 792.4500
## 5: Zimbabwe 2002 11926563
                            Africa 39.989 672.0386
## 6: Zimbabwe 2007 12311143
                            Africa 43.487 469.7093
str(gapminderFiveYearData)
## Classes 'data.table' and 'data.frame': 1704 obs. of 6 variables:
## $ country : chr "Afghanistan" "Afghanistan" "Afghanistan" "...
             : int 1952 1957 1962 1967 1972 1977 1982 1987 1992 1997 ...
## $ year
             : num 8425333 9240934 10267083 11537966 13079460 ...
## $ continent: chr "Asia" "Asia" "Asia" "Asia" ...
## $ lifeExp : num 28.8 30.3 32 34 36.1 ...
## $ gdpPercap: num 779 821 853 836 740 ...
## - attr(*, ".internal.selfref")=<externalptr>
Data tables also auto-trim when printing to console
gapminderFiveYearData
##
            country year
                              pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
##
     1: Afghanistan 1952 8425333
                                      Asia 28.801 779.4453
```

Asia 30.332 820.8530

2: Afghanistan 1957 9240934

##

```
Asia 31.997 853.1007
##
     3: Afghanistan 1962 10267083
##
     4: Afghanistan 1967 11537966
                                       Asia 34.020 836.1971
##
     5: Afghanistan 1972 13079460
                                      Asia 36.088 739.9811
##
## 1700:
           Zimbabwe 1987 9216418
                                    Africa 62.351 706.1573
## 1701:
         Zimbabwe 1992 10704340
                                   Africa 60.377 693.4208
## 1702: Zimbabwe 1997 11404948
                                   Africa 46.809 792.4500
## 1703: Zimbabwe 2002 11926563
                                   Africa 39.989 672.0386
## 1704:
           Zimbabwe 2007 12311143
                                    Africa 43.487 469.7093
data tables are backwards compatible with a lot of operations which use data frames Such as plots...
dev.off()
## null device
ggplot(data = gapminderFiveYearData, aes(x = lifeExp, y = gdpPercap, color=continent)) +
 geom_point()
... and linear models...
linear_model <- lm(gdpPercap ~ pop + year, gapminderFiveYearData)</pre>
summary(linear_model)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = gdpPercap ~ pop + year, data = gapminderFiveYearData)
## Residuals:
     Min
            1Q Median
                           3Q
                                 Max
## -10537 -5356 -2811
                         2043 109153
##
## Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -2.537e+05 2.674e+04 -9.487 <2e-16 ***
              -4.143e-06 2.198e-06 -1.885
                                              0.0596 .
## pop
## year
              1.319e+02 1.351e+01 9.760
                                             <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 9595 on 1701 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.05365,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.05254
## F-statistic: 48.22 on 2 and 1701 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
linear_model <- lm(lifeExp ~ gdpPercap + pop + year, gapminderFiveYearData)</pre>
summary(linear_model)
##
## Call:
```

lm(formula = lifeExp ~ gdpPercap + pop + year, data = gapminderFiveYearData)

```
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
## -67.497 -7.075
                    1.121
                            7.701 19.640
##
## Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -4.115e+02 2.767e+01 -14.872 < 2e-16 ***
## gdpPercap
               6.729e-04 2.444e-05 27.529 < 2e-16 ***
## pop
               6.353e-09 2.218e-09
                                      2.864 0.00423 **
## year
               2.354e-01 1.400e-02 16.812 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 9.673 on 1700 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4402, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4392
## F-statistic: 445.6 on 3 and 1700 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
linear_model <- glm(lifeExp ~ gdpPercap + continent + pop + year, family = "gaussian", gapminderFiveYea</pre>
summary(linear_model)
##
## Call:
  glm(formula = lifeExp ~ gdpPercap + continent + pop + year, family = "gaussian",
##
       data = gapminderFiveYearData)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
       Min
                  1Q
                        Median
                                      ЗQ
                                               Max
                        0.2317
## -28.4051
             -4.0550
                                  4.5073
                                            20.0217
##
## Coefficients:
##
                      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                    -5.185e+02 1.989e+01 -26.062
                     2.985e-04 2.002e-05 14.908
## gdpPercap
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## continentAmericas 1.429e+01 4.946e-01 28.898
                                                    <2e-16 ***
                     9.375e+00 4.719e-01 19.869
## continentAsia
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## continentEurope
                     1.936e+01 5.182e-01 37.361
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## continentOceania
                                                    <2e-16 ***
                     2.056e+01
                                1.469e+00 13.995
                     1.791e-09
                                1.634e-09
                                           1.096
                                                     0.273
## pop
                     2.863e-01 1.006e-02 28.469
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## year
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 47.37935)
##
       Null deviance: 284148 on 1703 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 80355 on 1696 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 11420
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
... and data manipulation packages (plyr, dplyr, reshape, tidyr, etc...)
```

```
library("plyr")
calcGDP <- function(dat, year=NULL, country=NULL) {
   if(!is.null(year)) {
      dat <- dat[dat$year %in% year, ]
   }
   if (!is.null(country)) {
      dat <- dat[dat$country %in% country,]
   }
   gdp <- dat$pop * dat$gdpPercap

   new <- cbind(dat, gdp=gdp)
   return(new)
}
plyr::ddply(
   .data = calcGDP(gapminderFiveYearData),
   .variables = "continent",
   .fun = function(x) mean(x$gdp)
)</pre>
```

```
## continent V1
## 1 Africa 20904782844
## 2 Americas 379262350210
## 3 Asia 227233738153
## 4 Europe 269442085301
## 5 Oceania 188187105354
```

Yeah you get the idea.

Data tables have built-in "methods" for a range of functions, these are often faster than standard dataframes or matrices, if these aren't found it uses dataframe functions. A "Data Table" is compatible with any function from any package designed for a "Data Frame".

File I/O (Input/Output)

fread is "fast read", and it's fast, even for large data files. Let's try it out on some larger datafiles:

```
gapminderlarge <- fread("gapminder-large.csv", header=T)

##

Read 53.1% of 1656288 rows
Read 95.4% of 1656288 rows
Read 1656288 rows and 11 (of 11) columns from 0.146 GB file in 00:00:04</pre>
```

fread is smart, it auto detects column classes, separators, headers, nrows (for a regularly separated file). We can use the same comand for a whole bunch of file formats. All the usual reading options can be specified manually...

```
gapminderFiveYearData <- fread("gapminder-FiveYearData.tsv") #tab delimited
gapminderFiveYearData <- fread("gapminder-FiveYearData.txt") #space delimited
gapminderFiveYearDataCrop <- fread("gapminder-FiveYearData.tsv", header=T, col.names=c("place", "time",
gapminderFiveYearDataCrop</pre>
```

```
##
               place time
                              people big place
                                                  life
                                                             money
##
      1: Afghanistan 1952
                             8425333
                                           Asia 28.801
                                                          779.4453
      2: Afghanistan 1957
                                           Asia 30.332
##
                             9240934
                                                          820.8530
##
      3: Afghanistan 1962
                                           Asia 31.997
                            10267083
                                                          853.1007
##
      4: Afghanistan 1967
                            11537966
                                           Asia 34.020
                                                          836.1971
##
      5: Afghanistan 1972
                            13079460
                                           Asia 36.088
                                                          739.9811
##
    996:
##
              Mexico 2007 108700891
                                       Americas 76.195 11977.5750
##
    997:
            Mongolia 1952
                              800663
                                           Asia 42.244
                                                          786.5669
##
    998:
            Mongolia 1957
                              882134
                                           Asia 45.248
                                                          912.6626
##
  999:
            Mongolia 1962
                             1010280
                                           Asia 48.251
                                                        1056.3540
## 1000:
            Mongolia 1967
                             1149500
                                           Asia 51.253
                                                        1226.0411
```

... but it does a lot of the tedious work for you (pretty well too).

It's also got cool progress bars for large files:) These kick in automatically if the file takes longer than about a second. This is really handy to know your code is working, and how long it will take.

```
gapminderlarger <- fread("gapminder-larger.csv")</pre>
```

```
##
Read 0.0% of 6625152 rows
Read 14.5% of 6625152 rows
Read 27.6% of 6625152 rows
Read 38.8% of 6625152 rows
Read 48.9% of 6625152 rows
Read 51.5% of 6625152 rows
Read 62.5% of 6625152 rows
Read 72.8% of 6625152 rows
Read 77.3% of 6625152 rows
Read 86.2% of 6625152 rows
Read 86.2% of 6625152 rows
Read 94.3% of 6625152 rows
Read 95.1% of 6625152 rows
Read 95.1% of 6625152 rows
Read 6625152 rows
Read 6625152 rows and 13 (of 13) columns from 0.702 GB file in 00:00:16
```

It's so fast it tells you. Let's compare that with base R:

```
system.time(gapminderlarger.dataframe <- read.csv("gapminder-larger.csv", header=T))

## user system elapsed
## 59.604 0.940 60.614</pre>
```

The same operation took much longer with base R, with larger files (or repeating this many times) that $\sim 6x$ difference could mean a lot for your workflow.

FYI - there's also a "fast write" compatible with several file formats

```
fwrite(gapminderlarger, file="test.csv") #defaults to csv
fwrite(gapminderlarger, file="test.tsv", sep="\t")
```

They're also fast to write data, compared to base R:

```
system.time(fwrite(gapminderlarger, file="test.csv"))
##
      user system elapsed
            0.716 28.072
    26.940
system.time(write.csv(gapminderlarger, file="test.csv"))
##
      user system elapsed
             0.580 51.945
##
    47.748
Another solution: bigmemory
library("bigmemory")
"bigmemory" uses the "big.matrix" format to access large data files in a C++ framework - rather than stored
in RAM/memory as usual in R. This is handy for handling very large files, when loading the full dataset in
working environment (RAM memory) slows your computer to a halt. Might be handy on servers / HPC too
but usually they have enough memory if you're willing to wait for it in a queue.
Let's try out bigmemory, first we convert an R data matrix into a "big.matrix":
gapminderFiveYearData.big <- as.big.matrix(gapminderFiveYearData)</pre>
gapminderFiveYearData.big
## An object of class "big.matrix"
## Slot "address":
## <pointer: 0x5a9cdc40>
class(gapminderFiveYearData.big)
## [1] "big.matrix"
## attr(,"package")
## [1] "bigmemory"
dim(gapminderFiveYearData.big)
## [1] 1704
                6
head(gapminderFiveYearData.big)
```

```
##
    country year
                      pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
## 1
                                  3 28.801 779.4453
          1 1952 8425333
## 2
          1 1957 9240934
                                  3 30.332 820.8530
                                             853.1007
## 3
          1 1962 10267083
                                  3 31.997
## 4
          1 1967 11537966
                                  3 34.020
                                             836.1971
                                             739.9811
## 5
          1 1972 13079460
                                  3 36.088
## 6
          1 1977 14880372
                                  3 38.438 786.1134
```

tail(gapminderFiveYearData.big) ## country year pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap ## 1699 142 1982 7636524 1 60.363 788.8550 ## 1700 142 1987 9216418 1 62.351 706.1573 ## 1701 142 1992 10704340 1 60.377 693.4208 ## 1702 142 1997 11404948 46.809 792.4500 ## 1703 142 2002 11926563 1 39.989 672.0386 ## 1704 142 2007 12311143 1 43.487 469.7093 str(gapminderFiveYearData.big) ## Formal class 'big.matrix' [package "bigmemory"] with 1 slot ..@ address:<externalptr> ## bigmemory, also has read/write functions direct to big.matrix format: write.big.matrix(gapminderFiveYearData.big, "test.csv") gapminderFiveYearData.big <- read.big.matrix("test.csv")</pre> These are designed to be efficient for memory - how fast are they? system.time(gapminderlarger.big <- read.big.matrix("gapminder-larger.csv"))</pre> ## user system elapsed 28.268 0.400 29.882 system.time(write.big.matrix(gapminderFiveYearData.big, "test.csv"))

New and Shiny: FEATHER

user system elapsed 0.000

0.012

##

##

0.012

A Fast On-Disk Format for Data Frames for R and Python, powered by Apache Arrow

FEATHER (is it's own fast file format) - from Hadley Wickham ggplot/dplyr/etc... and Wes Mckinney (pandas in Python) Note: it's in development (unstable) - future versions may not read past versions intended for use to transfer files quickly (e.g., between R and Python)

At the moment you can only try it out from their github repo (in R or python), it will no doubt end up on CRAN very soon:

```
library("devtools")
devtools::install_github("wesm/feather/R")
library(feather)
```

FEATHER has it's own file I/O commands (and format):

```
write_feather(gapminderFiveYearData, path) #write data frame to file
gapminderFiveYearData <- read_feather(path) #read to data frame</pre>
gapminderFiveYearData
## Source: local data frame [1,704 x 6]
##
##
          country year
                             pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
##
            <chr> <int>
                           <dbl>
                                     <chr>
                                             <dbl>
                                                       <dbl>
                                     Asia 28.801 779.4453
## 1 Afghanistan 1952 8425333
## 2 Afghanistan 1957 9240934
                                      Asia 30.332 820.8530
## 3 Afghanistan 1962 10267083
                                     Asia 31.997 853.1007
## 4 Afghanistan 1967 11537966
                                     Asia 34.020 836.1971
## 5 Afghanistan 1972 13079460
                                     Asia 36.088 739.9811
## 6 Afghanistan 1977 14880372
                                     Asia 38.438
                                                   786.1134
## 7
     Afghanistan 1982 12881816
                                     Asia 39.854 978.0114
## 8 Afghanistan 1987 13867957
                                     Asia 40.822 852.3959
## 9 Afghanistan 1992 16317921
                                     Asia 41.674 649.3414
## 10 Afghanistan 1997 22227415
                                      Asia 41.763 635.3414
## ..
Did I mention it's crazy fast?
path <- "gapminderlarger.feather"</pre>
system.time(write_feather(gapminderlarger, path))
##
      user system elapsed
##
     1.280
           0.392
                    3.321
system.time(gapminderlarger.feather <- read_feather(path))</pre>
##
      user system elapsed
            0.468 10.297
     5.160
Or install and run in Python:
import feather
path = 'my data.feather'
feather.write_dataframe(df, path)
df = feather.read_dataframe(path)
Note that FEATHER is designed for data already loaded into python or R.
```

FILE I/O Summary

path <- "gapminder-FiveYearData.feather"</pre>

READ

base R	data table	bigmemory	feather
read.csv 52.203s	fread 8.154s	${\tt read.big.matrix} \\ 28.647 s$	read_feather 2.414s
		10	

Convert dataframe to format

base R	data table	bigmemory	feather
data.frame NA	as.data.table $0.002\mathrm{s}$	as.big.matrix $66.07\mathrm{s}$	built-in NA

Write

base R	data table	bigmemory	feather
write.csv 71.382s	fwrite $35.453\mathrm{s}$	write.big.matrix $0.068 \mathrm{ss}$	write_feather 5.008s

Manipulating Data Tables

```
gapminderFiveYearData <- fread("gapminder-FiveYearData.csv", data.table=T, header = T)</pre>
class(gapminderFiveYearData)
## [1] "data.table" "data.frame"
We can simply treat it as a data frame in many cases:
gapminderFiveYearData[1,]
                            pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
##
          country year
## 1: Afghanistan 1952 8425333
                                     Asia 28.801 779.4453
colnames(gapminderFiveYearData)
                                                                       "gdpPercap"
## [1] "country"
                    "year"
                                 "pop"
                                             "continent" "lifeExp"
head(gapminderFiveYearData$country)
## [1] "Afghanistan" "Afghanistan" "Afghanistan" "Afghanistan" "Afghanistan"
## [6] "Afghanistan"
tail(gapminderFiveYearData$country)
## [1] "Zimbabwe" "Zimbabwe" "Zimbabwe" "Zimbabwe" "Zimbabwe" "Zimbabwe"
Data Table has a "Natural" Syntax
DT[where, select|update|do, by]
... although suspiciously similar to SQL?
it allows chaining queries: DT[][]
```

Formally: we subset a datatable, Dt, with DT[i, j, by]

I: row selection

14:

15:

Japan 1957

Japan 1962

91563009

95831757

```
gapminderFiveYearData[c(1:5, 100:105),] #by number
##
          country year
                             pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
##
   1: Afghanistan 1952
                                      Asia 28.801
                                                    779.4453
                         8425333
   2: Afghanistan 1957
                                      Asia 30.332 820.8530
##
                         9240934
   3: Afghanistan 1962 10267083
                                      Asia 31.997
                                                    853.1007
   4: Afghanistan 1967
##
                        11537966
                                      Asia
                                            34.020
                                                    836.1971
   5: Afghanistan 1972
##
                        13079460
                                      Asia 36.088
                                                   739.9811
##
       Bangladesh 1967
                        62821884
                                            43.453
                                                   721.1861
                                      Asia
       Bangladesh 1972
                                            45.252 630.2336
##
   7:
                        70759295
                                      Asia
##
       Bangladesh 1977
                        80428306
                                      Asia
                                            46.923
                                                    659.8772
##
  9:
       Bangladesh 1982 93074406
                                      Asia 50.009 676.9819
## 10:
       Bangladesh 1987 103764241
                                      Asia 52.819 751.9794
## 11:
       Bangladesh 1992 113704579
                                      Asia 56.018 837.8102
gapminderFiveYearData[gapminderFiveYearData$country=="New Zealand",] #by condition
##
           country year
                           pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
   1: New Zealand 1952 1994794
                                 Oceania 69.390
                                                  10556.58
##
   2: New Zealand 1957 2229407
                                 Oceania 70.260 12247.40
   3: New Zealand 1962 2488550
                                 Oceania 71.240
                                                 13175.68
   4: New Zealand 1967 2728150
                                 Oceania 71.520
                                                  14463.92
                                 Oceania 71.890
   5: New Zealand 1972 2929100
                                                  16046.04
   6: New Zealand 1977 3164900
                                 Oceania 72.220
                                                  16233.72
  7: New Zealand 1982 3210650
                                 Oceania 73.840 17632.41
  8: New Zealand 1987 3317166
                                 Oceania 74.320 19007.19
   9: New Zealand 1992 3437674
                                 Oceania 76.330
                                                  18363.32
## 10: New Zealand 1997 3676187
                                 Oceania 77.550 21050.41
## 11: New Zealand 2002 3908037
                                 Oceania 79.110
                                                  23189.80
## 12: New Zealand 2007 4115771
                                 Oceania 80.204 25185.01
gapminderFiveYearData[gapminderFiveYearData$country %in% c("New Zealand", "Australia", "Japan"),] #by c
##
          country year
                             pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
##
   1:
        Australia 1952
                         8691212
                                   Oceania 69.120 10039.596
##
  2:
        Australia 1957
                         9712569
                                   Oceania 70.330 10949.650
  3:
        Australia 1962 10794968
                                   Oceania 70.930 12217.227
                                   Oceania 71.100 14526.125
## 4:
        Australia 1967
                        11872264
        Australia 1972
                        13177000
##
  5:
                                   Oceania 71.930 16788.629
##
  6:
        Australia 1977
                        14074100
                                   Oceania 73.490 18334.198
##
  7:
                                   Oceania 74.740 19477.009
        Australia 1982
                        15184200
##
   8:
        Australia 1987
                        16257249
                                   Oceania 76.320 21888.889
##
  9:
        Australia 1992
                        17481977
                                   Oceania 77.560 23424.767
## 10:
        Australia 1997
                        18565243
                                   Oceania 78.830 26997.937
## 11:
        Australia 2002 19546792
                                   Oceania 80.370 30687.755
## 12:
        Australia 2007
                        20434176
                                   Oceania 81.235 34435.367
## 13:
            Japan 1952
                        86459025
                                      Asia 63.030 3216.956
```

Asia 65.500 4317.694

Asia 68.730 6576.649

```
## 16:
             Japan 1967 100825279
                                        Asia 71.430 9847.789
## 17:
             Japan 1972 107188273
                                        Asia
                                             73.420 14778.786
## 18:
             Japan 1977 113872473
                                              75.380 16610.377
## 19:
             Japan 1982 118454974
                                              77.110 19384.106
                                        Asia
## 20:
             Japan 1987 122091325
                                        Asia
                                              78.670 22375.942
## 21:
             Japan 1992 124329269
                                        Asia
                                             79.360 26824.895
## 22:
             Japan 1997 125956499
                                        Asia
                                              80.690 28816.585
## 23:
             Japan 2002 127065841
                                        Asia
                                              82.000 28604.592
## 24:
             Japan 2007 127467972
                                        Asia
                                              82.603 31656.068
## 25: New Zealand 1952
                          1994794
                                     Oceania
                                              69.390 10556.576
## 26: New Zealand 1957
                          2229407
                                     Oceania
                                              70.260 12247.395
## 27: New Zealand 1962
                                              71.240 13175.678
                          2488550
                                     Oceania
## 28: New Zealand 1967
                          2728150
                                     Oceania
                                             71.520 14463.919
## 29: New Zealand 1972
                                     Oceania 71.890 16046.037
                          2929100
## 30: New Zealand 1977
                                              72.220 16233.718
                          3164900
                                     Oceania
## 31: New Zealand 1982
                          3210650
                                     Oceania
                                              73.840 17632.410
## 32: New Zealand 1987
                          3317166
                                     Oceania
                                             74.320 19007.191
## 33: New Zealand 1992
                          3437674
                                             76.330 18363.325
                                     Oceania
## 34: New Zealand 1997
                          3676187
                                     Oceania 77.550 21050.414
## 35: New Zealand 2002
                          3908037
                                     Oceania 79.110 23189.801
## 36: New Zealand 2007
                          4115771
                                     Oceania 80.204 25185.009
                              pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
##
           country year
```

gapminderFiveYearData[year=="1952"]

```
##
                                       pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
                    country year
##
     1:
               Afghanistan 1952
                                  8425333
                                                Asia
                                                      28.801 779.4453
##
     2:
                                  1282697
                                                      55.230 1601.0561
                    Albania 1952
                                              Europe
##
     3:
                    Algeria 1952
                                  9279525
                                              Africa
                                                      43.077 2449.0082
##
     4:
                     Angola 1952
                                  4232095
                                              Africa
                                                      30.015 3520.6103
##
     5:
                  Argentina 1952 17876956
                                                      62.485 5911.3151
                                            Americas
##
  138:
                    Vietnam 1952 26246839
                                                      40.412
                                                               605.0665
                                                Asia
  139: West Bank and Gaza 1952
                                  1030585
                                                      43.160 1515.5923
                                                Asia
                Yemen Rep. 1952
                                                      32.548
                                                               781.7176
                                  4963829
                                                Asia
## 141:
                     Zambia 1952
                                  2672000
                                                      42.038 1147.3888
                                              Africa
## 142:
                  Zimbabwe 1952
                                  3080907
                                                      48.451 406.8841
                                              Africa
```

setkey(gapminderFiveYearData, country) gapminderFiveYearData[c("New Zealand","Australia")] #by key (will be detailed later)

```
##
           country year
                              pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
                          1994794
                                             69.390
                                                      10556.58
##
    1: New Zealand 1952
                                    Oceania
    2: New Zealand 1957
                          2229407
                                    Oceania
                                             70.260
                                                      12247.40
                                             71.240
    3: New Zealand 1962
                          2488550
                                    Oceania
                                                      13175.68
##
    4: New Zealand 1967
                          2728150
                                             71.520
                                                      14463.92
                                    Oceania
##
    5: New Zealand 1972
                                             71.890
                                                      16046.04
                          2929100
                                    Oceania
    6: New Zealand 1977
                                             72.220
                                                      16233.72
                          3164900
                                    Oceania
                                    Oceania 73.840
##
    7: New Zealand 1982
                          3210650
                                                      17632.41
    8: New Zealand 1987
                                             74.320
                                                      19007.19
##
                          3317166
                                    Oceania
    9: New Zealand 1992
                          3437674
                                    Oceania 76.330
                                                      18363.32
## 10: New Zealand 1997
                          3676187
                                    Oceania 77.550
                                                      21050.41
                                    Oceania 79.110
## 11: New Zealand 2002
                          3908037
                                                      23189.80
```

```
## 12: New Zealand 2007 4115771
                                  Oceania 80.204
                                                  25185.01
                                 Oceania 69.120
## 13:
        Australia 1952 8691212
                                                  10039.60
        Australia 1957 9712569
## 14:
                                  Oceania 70.330
                                                  10949.65
        Australia 1962 10794968
## 15:
                                 Oceania 70.930
                                                  12217.23
## 16:
        Australia 1967 11872264 Oceania 71.100
                                                  14526.12
## 17:
        Australia 1972 13177000 Oceania 71.930
                                                  16788.63
## 18:
        Australia 1977 14074100
                                  Oceania 73.490
                                                  18334.20
                                  Oceania 74.740
## 19:
        Australia 1982 15184200
                                                  19477.01
## 20:
        Australia 1987 16257249
                                  Oceania 76.320
                                                  21888.89
## 21:
        Australia 1992 17481977
                                  Oceania 77.560
                                                  23424.77
## 22:
        Australia 1997 18565243
                                  Oceania 78.830
                                                  26997.94
        Australia 2002 19546792
## 23:
                                  Oceania 80.370
                                                  30687.75
## 24:
        Australia 2007 20434176
                                  Oceania 81.235
                                                  34435.37
          country year
                            pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
##
```

J: column selection

```
head(gapminderFiveYearData[,"country"]) #by names
## [1] "country"
head(gapminderFiveYearData[,country]) #by column
## [1] "Afghanistan" "Afghanistan" "Afghanistan" "Afghanistan" "Afghanistan"
## [6] "Afghanistan"
gapminderFiveYearData[,list(country, year, pop)] #by list
##
             country year
                                pop
##
      1: Afghanistan 1952
                           8425333
##
                           9240934
      2: Afghanistan 1957
##
      3: Afghanistan 1962 10267083
##
      4: Afghanistan 1967 11537966
##
      5: Afghanistan 1972 13079460
##
## 1700:
            Zimbabwe 1987 9216418
## 1701:
            Zimbabwe 1992 10704340
## 1702:
            Zimbabwe 1997 11404948
## 1703:
            Zimbabwe 2002 11926563
## 1704:
            Zimbabwe 2007 12311143
This allows operations to be performed on columns:
```

[1] 12294917

gapminderFiveYearData[,sum(gdpPercap)] #by colnames

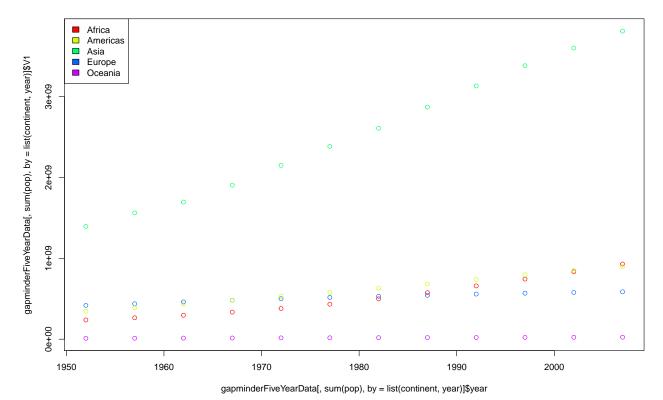
```
gapminderFiveYearData[,sum(gdpPercap*pop)] #by colnames
## [1] 3.183235e+14
gapminderFiveYearData[,mean(pop)] #by colnames
## [1] 29601212
gapminderFiveYearData[,mean(lifeExp)] #by colnames
## [1] 59.47444
BY: group operation
This is paricularly power in that we can apply operations to sets values, grouped "by":
gapminderFiveYearData[j=sum(gdpPercap), by=year]
##
                   ۷1
       year
##
    1: 1952 528989.2
##
   2: 1957 610516.0
   3: 1962 671065.4
   4: 1967 778678.7
##
##
    5: 1972 961351.8
   6: 1977 1038469.6
##
   7: 1982 1067684.0
   8: 1987 1121930.7
##
   9: 1992 1158522.4
## 10: 1997 1290804.9
## 11: 2002 1408334.5
## 12: 2007 1658570.2
gapminderFiveYearData[,sum(gdpPercap), year]
##
       year
                   V1
   1: 1952 528989.2
##
   2: 1957 610516.0
    3: 1962 671065.4
##
##
   4: 1967 778678.7
   5: 1972 961351.8
##
   6: 1977 1038469.6
##
##
   7: 1982 1067684.0
##
  8: 1987 1121930.7
## 9: 1992 1158522.4
## 10: 1997 1290804.9
## 11: 2002 1408334.5
## 12: 2007 1658570.2
```

gapminderFiveYearData[,mean(lifeExp), year] ## year ۷1 ## 1: 1952 49.05762 2: 1957 51.50740 ## 3: 1962 53.60925 4: 1967 55.67829 ## 5: 1972 57.64739 6: 1977 59.57016 ## 7: 1982 61.53320 8: 1987 63.21261 9: 1992 64.16034 ## 10: 1997 65.01468 ## 11: 2002 65.69492 ## 12: 2007 67.00742 gapminderFiveYearData[,sum(pop), by=list(continent, year)] ## continent year V1 1: Asia 1952 1395357352 2: Asia 1957 1562780599 3: Asia 1962 1696357182 4: Asia 1967 1905662900 5: Asia 1972 2150972248

```
##
##
##
##
##
##
            Asia 1977 2384513556
    6:
##
    7:
            Asia 1982 2610135582
##
    8:
            Asia 1987 2871220762
##
    9:
            Asia 1992 3133292191
## 10:
            Asia 1997 3383285500
## 11:
            Asia 2002 3601802203
## 12:
            Asia 2007 3811953827
## 13:
          Europe 1952
                        418120846
## 14:
          Europe 1957
                        437890351
## 15:
          Europe 1962
                        460355155
## 16:
          Europe 1967
                        481178958
## 17:
          Europe 1972
                        500635059
## 18:
          Europe 1977
                        517164531
## 19:
          Europe 1982
                        531266901
## 20:
          Europe 1987
                        543094160
## 21:
          Europe 1992
                        558142797
## 22:
          Europe 1997
                        568944148
## 23:
          Europe 2002
                        578223869
## 24:
          Europe 2007
                        586098529
## 25:
          Africa 1952
                        237640501
## 26:
          Africa 1957
                        264837738
## 27:
          Africa 1962
                        296516865
          Africa 1967
## 28:
                        335289489
## 29:
          Africa 1972
                        379879541
## 30:
          Africa 1977
                        433061021
## 31:
          Africa 1982
                        499348587
## 32:
          Africa 1987
                        574834110
## 33:
          Africa 1992 659081517
```

```
## 34:
          Africa 1997
                        743832984
## 35:
          Africa 2002
                        833723916
## 36:
          Africa 2007
                        929539692
## 37:
        Americas 1952
                        345152446
##
  38:
        Americas 1957
                        386953916
## 39:
        Americas 1962
                        433270254
## 40:
        Americas 1967
                        480746623
## 41:
        Americas 1972
                        529384210
## 42:
        Americas 1977
                        578067699
## 43:
        Americas 1982
                        630290920
## 44:
        Americas 1987
                        682753971
## 45:
        Americas 1992
                        739274104
## 46:
        Americas 1997
                        796900410
## 47:
        Americas 2002
                        849772762
## 48:
        Americas 2007
                        898871184
## 49:
         Oceania 1952
                         10686006
## 50:
         Oceania 1957
                         11941976
## 51:
         Oceania 1962
                         13283518
         Oceania 1967
## 52:
                         14600414
## 53:
         Oceania 1972
                         16106100
         Oceania 1977
## 54:
                         17239000
## 55:
         Oceania 1982
                         18394850
## 56:
         Oceania 1987
                         19574415
## 57:
         Oceania 1992
                         20919651
## 58:
         Oceania 1997
                         22241430
## 59:
         Oceania 2002
                         23454829
## 60:
         Oceania 2007
                         24549947
##
       continent year
                               V1
```

As you can see, these results lend well to data we can tabulate or plot:



New and Shiny: by=.EACHI enables more explicit control of the "by" feature. We could manually pull out years or countries we wish to deal with individually:

```
gapminderFiveYearData[year=="1952" | year=="2002", j=sum(pop), by=year]

## year V1

## 1: 1952 2406957151

## 2: 2002 5886977579

gapminderFiveYearData[c("New Zealand","Australia"),sum(gdpPercap*pop)]

## [1] 4.516491e+12

gapminderFiveYearData[c("New Zealand","Australia"),sum(gdpPercap*pop), by=year]
```

```
##
       year
                       V1
    1: 1952 108314447889
##
##
    2: 1957 133653656027
       1962 164672906489
##
##
       1967 211917727171
##
       1972 268224218455
      1977 309415422324
##
       1982 352354302760
    8: 1987 418903127997
##
##
      1992 472638359652
  10: 1997 578608510367
  11: 2002 690473760353
## 12: 2007 807314089023
```

Notice in both of the above cases the countries are grouped together. Unless specified countries will not be grouped, we can do this either explicitly by=country or use the .EACHI options for more complex i queries:

```
gapminderFiveYearData[c("New Zealand","Australia"),sum(gdpPercap*pop), by=country]

## country V1

## 1: New Zealand 6.734455e+11

## 2: Australia 3.843045e+12

gapminderFiveYearData[c("New Zealand","Australia"),sum(gdpPercap*pop), by=.EACHI]

## country V1

## 1: New Zealand 6.734455e+11

## 2: Australia 3.843045e+12
```

Group by multiple arguments explicitly may also give data in a more sensible format:

```
gapminderFiveYearData[c("New Zealand","Australia"),sum(gdpPercap*pop), by=list(year, country)]
```

```
##
                                  V1
       year
                country
##
   1: 1952 New Zealand
                         21058193787
##
   2: 1957 New Zealand
                         27304428858
##
   3: 1962 New Zealand
                         32788333487
   4: 1967 New Zealand
##
                         39459740429
   5: 1972 New Zealand 47000447797
##
   6: 1977 New Zealand 51378093149
##
   7: 1982 New Zealand 56611498451
##
  8: 1987 New Zealand 63050008703
  9: 1992 New Zealand 63127124700
## 10: 1997 New Zealand 77385257446
## 11: 2002 New Zealand 90626601698
## 12: 2007 New Zealand 103655730130
## 13: 1952
              Australia 87256254102
## 14: 1957
              Australia 106349227169
## 15: 1962
              Australia 131884573002
## 16: 1967
              Australia 172457986742
## 17: 1972
              Australia 221223770658
## 18: 1977
              Australia 258037329175
## 19: 1982
              Australia 295742804309
## 20: 1987
              Australia 355853119294
## 21: 1992
              Australia 409511234952
## 22: 1997
              Australia 501223252921
## 23: 2002
              Australia 599847158654
## 24: 2007
              Australia 703658358894
##
       year
                country
                                  ٧1
```

by=.EACHI is a little weird, it's an explicit way of restoring a previous version data.table functionality. Consider a simple operation of counting the rows returned:

By default data.table counts all rows returned:

```
gapminderFiveYearData[c("New Zealand","Australia"), .N]
```

```
## [1] 24
```

To restore previous functionality (an implicit by), .by=.EACHI will count the number of rows returned for each i. Basically data.table was really clever and did it for you but some people took issue with a by being performed when it wasn't specified.

```
gapminderFiveYearData[c("New Zealand","Australia"), .N, by=.EACHI]
```

```
## country N
## 1: New Zealand 12
## 2: Australia 12
```

Keys

tables() shows all tables and their SQL-like "keys", by default to keys are given:

```
gapminderFiveYearData <- fread("gapminder-FiveYearData.csv")
tables()</pre>
```

```
NAME
                                                    MB
##
                                       NROW NCOL
## [1,] gapminderFiveYearData
                                      1,704
                                               6
## [2,] gapminderFiveYearDataCrop
                                      1,000
## [3,] gapminderlarge
                                  1,656,288
                                                   294
                                              11
## [4,] gapminderlarger
                                  6,625,152
                                              13 1,248
       COLS
                                                                          KEY
##
## [1,] country,year,pop,continent,lifeExp,gdpPercap
## [2,] place,time,people,big place,life,money
## [3,] V1,V1,V1,V1,V1,country,year,pop,continent,lifeExp,gdpPercap
## [4,] V1,V1,V1,V1,V1,V1,V1,country,year,pop,continent,lifeExp,gdpPercap
## Total: 1,544MB
```

We can create a unique identifier as a key:

```
rowID <- paste(gapminderFiveYearData$country, gapminderFiveYearData$year)
head(rowID)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "Afghanistan 1952" "Afghanistan 1957" "Afghanistan 1962"
## [4] "Afghanistan 1967" "Afghanistan 1972" "Afghanistan 1977"
```

```
tail(head(rowID))
```

```
## [1] "Afghanistan 1952" "Afghanistan 1957" "Afghanistan 1962"
## [4] "Afghanistan 1967" "Afghanistan 1972" "Afghanistan 1977"
```

```
gapminderFiveYearData$rowID <- rowID
gapminderFiveYearData</pre>
```

```
##
                               pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
             country year
##
     1: Afghanistan 1952 8425333
                                        Asia 28.801 779.4453
                           9240934
##
      2: Afghanistan 1957
                                        Asia 30.332 820.8530
##
      3: Afghanistan 1962 10267083
                                        Asia 31.997
                                                      853.1007
##
      4: Afghanistan 1967 11537966
                                        Asia
                                              34.020
                                                      836.1971
      5: Afghanistan 1972 13079460
                                        Asia 36.088 739.9811
##
##
## 1700:
                                      Africa 62.351 706.1573
            Zimbabwe 1987 9216418
## 1701:
            Zimbabwe 1992 10704340
                                      Africa 60.377
                                                      693.4208
## 1702:
            Zimbabwe 1997 11404948
                                      Africa 46.809 792.4500
## 1703:
            Zimbabwe 2002 11926563
                                      Africa 39.989 672.0386
## 1704:
            Zimbabwe 2007 12311143
                                      Africa 43.487 469.7093
##
                    rowID
##
      1: Afghanistan 1952
##
      2: Afghanistan 1957
##
      3: Afghanistan 1962
##
      4: Afghanistan 1967
##
      5: Afghanistan 1972
##
## 1700:
            Zimbabwe 1987
## 1701:
           Zimbabwe 1992
## 1702:
           Zimbabwe 1997
## 1703:
           Zimbabwe 2002
## 1704:
           Zimbabwe 2007
setkey(gapminderFiveYearData, rowID)
tables()
##
        NAME
                                       NROW NCOL
                                                    MB
## [1,] gapminderFiveYearData
                                      1,704
                                                      1
                                               7
## [2,] gapminderFiveYearDataCrop
                                      1,000
                                               6
                                                      1
## [3,] gapminderlarge
                                                   294
                                  1,656,288
                                              11
```

```
## [4,] gapminderlarger
                                   6,625,152
                                               13 1,248
##
        COLS
## [1,] country,year,pop,continent,lifeExp,gdpPercap,rowID
## [2,] place, time, people, big place, life, money
## [3,] V1,V1,V1,V1,V1,country,year,pop,continent,lifeExp,gdpPercap
## [4,] V1,V1,V1,V1,V1,V1,Country,year,pop,continent,lifeExp,gdpPercap
##
        KEY
## [1,] rowID
## [2,]
## [3,]
## [4,]
## Total: 1,544MB
```

We can search rows i for this key:

```
gapminderFiveYearData["New Zealand 1952",] #search row by key
```

```
## country year pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap rowID ## 1: New Zealand 1952 1994794 Oceania 69.39 10556.58 New Zealand 1952
```

In contrast to dataframes (rownames) duplicate keys are permitted:

```
setkey(gapminderFiveYearData, country)
gapminderFiveYearData["New Zealand",]
                            pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
##
                                                                      rowID
           country year
## 1: New Zealand 1952 1994794
                                  Oceania 69.390 10556.58 New Zealand 1952
## 2: New Zealand 1957 2229407
                                  Oceania 70.260 12247.40 New Zealand 1957
   3: New Zealand 1962 2488550
                                 Oceania 71.240 13175.68 New Zealand 1962
## 4: New Zealand 1967 2728150
                                 Oceania 71.520 14463.92 New Zealand 1967
## 5: New Zealand 1972 2929100
                                 Oceania 71.890 16046.04 New Zealand 1972
## 6: New Zealand 1977 3164900
                                 Oceania 72.220 16233.72 New Zealand 1977
## 7: New Zealand 1982 3210650
                                 Oceania 73.840 17632.41 New Zealand 1982
## 8: New Zealand 1987 3317166
                                Oceania 74.320 19007.19 New Zealand 1987
## 9: New Zealand 1992 3437674
                                 Oceania 76.330 18363.32 New Zealand 1992
                                 Oceania 77.550 21050.41 New Zealand 1997
## 10: New Zealand 1997 3676187
## 11: New Zealand 2002 3908037
                                 Oceania 79.110 23189.80 New Zealand 2002
## 12: New Zealand 2007 4115771
                                 Oceania 80.204 25185.01 New Zealand 2007
By default, alls rows are returned for each group (rather than only first for dataframe), the mult="first" or
"last" can modify this:
gapminderFiveYearData["New Zealand", mult="first"]
##
                          pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
                                                                      rowID
          country year
## 1: New Zealand 1952 1994794
                                Oceania 69.39 10556.58 New Zealand 1952
gapminderFiveYearData["New Zealand", mult="last"]
                          pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
          country year
                                Oceania 80.204 25185.01 New Zealand 2007
## 1: New Zealand 2007 4115771
Queries in data.tables aren't just easier they're faster
gapminderFiveYearData["New Zealand", mult="first"]
##
          country year
                          pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
## 1: New Zealand 1952 1994794
                                Oceania 69.39 10556.58 New Zealand 1952
system.time(gapminderFiveYearData["New Zealand", mult="first"]) #time 0.001s
##
      user system elapsed
     0.000
           0.000
                    0.001
gapminderFiveYearData.dataframe <- as.data.frame(gapminderFiveYearData)</pre>
gapminderFiveYearData.dataframe[gapminderFiveYearData.dataframe$country=="New Zealand",][1,]
            country year
                            pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
## 1093 New Zealand 1952 1994794 Oceania
                                            69.39 10556.58 New Zealand 1952
```

```
system.time(gapminderFiveYearData.dataframe[gapminderFiveYearData.dataframe$country=="New Zealand",][1,
##
      user system elapsed
##
                 0
Ok, that didn't seem that different. They're powerful with larger datafiles though. Compare these examples
for the same operation with dataframes and datatables.
setkey(gapminderlarger, country)
gapminderlarger["New Zealand", mult="first"]
##
        V1 V1.1 V1.2 V1.3 V1.4 V1.5 V1.6
                                              country year
                                                                pop continent
## 1: 1093 1093 1093 1093 1093 1093 New Zealand 1952 1994794
                                                                      Oceania
##
      lifeExp gdpPercap
## 1:
        69.39 10556.58
system.time(gapminderlarger["New Zealand", mult="first"])
##
      user system elapsed
##
     0.000
             0.000
                     0.001
gapminderlarger.dataframe <- as.data.frame(gapminderlarger)</pre>
gapminderlarger.dataframe[gapminderlarger.dataframe$country=="New Zealand",][1,]
##
             V1
                  V1
                             ۷1
                                  ۷1
                                       ۷1
                                                    country year
## 4245697 1093 1093 1093 1093 1093 1093 New Zealand 1952 1994794
           continent lifeExp gdpPercap
                       69.39 10556.58
## 4245697
             Oceania
system.time(gapminderlarger.dataframe[gapminderlarger.dataframe$country=="New Zealand",][1,])
##
      user system elapsed
##
     0.348
             0.004
                     0.353
Here's an example with multiple keys:
setkey(gapminderlarger, country, year)
gapminderlarger[list("New Zealand", 2007)]
##
              V1
                    V1.1
                             V1.2
                                    V1.3
                                           V1.4 V1.5 V1.6
                                                                country year
##
            1104
                    1104
                             1104
                                           1104 1104 1104 New Zealand 2007
      1:
                                    1104
##
      2:
            2808
                    2808
                             2808
                                    2808
                                           2808 2808 New Zealand 2007
##
      3:
            4512
                    4512
                             4512
                                    4512
                                           4512 4512 4512 New Zealand 2007
            6216
                    6216
                             6216
                                    6216
                                                 6216 6216 New Zealand 2007
##
      4:
                                           6216
            7920
                    7920
                             7920
                                    7920
                                           7920 7920 7920 New Zealand 2007
##
      5:
##
## 3884: 6617736 3305160 1648872 820728 820728 84600 2808 New Zealand 2007
## 3885: 6619440 3306864 1650576 822432 822432 86304 4512 New Zealand 2007
## 3886: 6621144 3308568 1652280 824136 824136 88008 6216 New Zealand 2007
```

```
## 3887: 6622848 3310272 1653984 825840 825840 89712 7920 New Zealand 2007
## 3888: 6624552 3311976 1655688 827544 827544 91416 9624 New Zealand 2007
            pop continent lifeExp gdpPercap
##
                  Oceania 80.204
##
     1: 4115771
                                   25185.01
##
     2: 4115771
                 Oceania 80.204
                                   25185.01
##
     3: 4115771 Oceania 80.204
                                   25185.01
     4: 4115771 Oceania 80.204
##
                                   25185.01
     5: 4115771 Oceania 80.204
##
                                   25185.01
##
    ___
## 3884: 4115771 Oceania 80.204
                                   25185.01
## 3885: 4115771 Oceania 80.204
                                   25185.01
## 3886: 4115771 Oceania 80.204
                                   25185.01
## 3887: 4115771 Oceania 80.204
                                   25185.01
## 3888: 4115771
                  Oceania 80.204
                                   25185.01
system.time(gapminderlarger[list("New Zealand", 2007)])
##
     user system elapsed
##
    0.000
           0.000
                    0.002
head(gapminderlarger.dataframe[gapminderlarger.dataframe$country=="New Zealand" & gapminderlarger.dataf
                      ۷1
                           ۷1
                                ۷1
                                     ۷1
                                          V1
                                                 country year
## 4245708 1104 1104 1104 1104 1104 1104 1104 New Zealand 2007 4115771
## 4245720 2808 2808 2808 2808 2808 2808 New Zealand 2007 4115771
## 4245732 4512 4512 4512 4512 4512 4512 4512 New Zealand 2007 4115771
## 4245744 6216 6216 6216 6216 6216 6216 New Zealand 2007 4115771
## 4245756 7920 7920 7920 7920 7920 7920 New Zealand 2007 4115771
## 4245768 9624 9624 9624 9624 9624 9624 9624 New Zealand 2007 4115771
##
          continent lifeExp gdpPercap
## 4245708
            Oceania 80.204
                             25185.01
## 4245720 Oceania 80.204
                             25185.01
## 4245732 Oceania 80.204
                             25185.01
## 4245744 Oceania 80.204
                             25185.01
## 4245756 Oceania 80.204
                             25185.01
## 4245768 Oceania 80.204
                            25185.01
system.time(gapminderlarger.dataframe[gapminderlarger.dataframe$country=="New Zealand" & gapminderlarge
##
     user system elapsed
           0.012 1.929
    1.916
by is faster than a simliar operation on dataframes too:
gapminderlarger[,sum(gdpPercap), year]
##
      year
                   ۷1
   1: 1952 2056710004
```

2: 1957 2373686150 ## 3: 1962 2609102091 ## 4: 1967 3027502913

```
## 5: 1972 3737735642
## 6: 1977 4037569928
## 7: 1982 4151155538
## 8: 1987 4362066449
## 9: 1992 4504335130
## 10: 1997 5018649457
## 11: 2002 5475604411
## 12: 2007 6448520931
system.time(gapminderlarger[,sum(gdpPercap), year])
##
      user system elapsed
     0.076 0.000 0.076
##
tapply(gapminderlarger.dataframe$gdpPercap,gapminderlarger.dataframe$year,sum)
##
         1952
                    1957
                               1962
                                          1967
                                                    1972
                                                               1977
## 2056710004 2373686150 2609102091 3027502913 3737735642 4037569928
         1982
                    1987
                               1992
                                          1997
                                                    2002
                                                               2007
## 4151155538 4362066449 4504335130 5018649457 5475604411 6448520931
system.time(tapply(gapminderlarger.dataframe$gdpPercap,gapminderlarger.dataframe$year,sum))
      user system elapsed
##
##
     0.460
           0.008 0.468
```