## Machine Learning Worksheet 9

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## Problem 1

Let us transform the row vectors of X to column vectors so that we can input them directly into the covariance function:

$$x_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$x_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0.5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Noise-free case means mean is zero:  $m(x_*) = 0 = \mu_*$ . Then:

$$K = exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(x-x')^{T}(x-x')\right)$$

$$= exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\begin{pmatrix} x_{1} - x_{1} & x_{1} - x_{2} \\ x_{2} - x_{1} & x_{2} - x_{2} \end{pmatrix}^{T} \begin{pmatrix} x_{1} - x_{1} & x_{1} - x_{2} \\ x_{2} - x_{1} & x_{2} - x_{2} \end{pmatrix}\right)$$

$$= exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -0.5 \\ 0 & -1 \\ 0.5 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}^{T} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -0.5 \\ 0 & -1 \\ 0.5 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}\right)$$

$$= exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\begin{pmatrix} 1.25 & 0 \\ 0 & 1.25 \end{pmatrix}\right)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0.54 & 1 \\ 1 & 0.54 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$K_{*} = exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\begin{pmatrix} x_{1} - x_{*} \\ x_{2} - x_{*} \end{pmatrix}^{T} \begin{pmatrix} x_{1} - x_{*} \\ x_{2} - x_{*} \end{pmatrix}\right)$$

$$K_* = exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 - x_* \\ x_2 - x_* \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} x_1 - x_* \\ x_2 - x_* \end{pmatrix}\right)$$

$$= exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -0.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} -0.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}\right)$$

$$= exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0.25 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}\right)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0.88 & 1 \\ 1 & 0.61 \end{pmatrix} = K_*^T$$

$$K_{**} = exp(-\frac{1}{2}(x_* - x_*)^T(x_* - x_*))$$
  
=  $exp(0) = 1$ 

Therefore

$$f_{jt} = \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ f(x_*) \end{pmatrix} \sim \mathcal{N}\left(0, \begin{bmatrix} K & K_* \\ K_*^T & K_{**} \end{bmatrix}\right) = \mathcal{N}\left(0, \begin{pmatrix} 0.54 & 1 & 0.88 & 1 \\ 1 & 0.54 & 1 & 0.61 \\ 0.88 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0.61 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}\right)$$

## Problem 2

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## Problem 3

The joint distribution in the noisy case is given by

$$\begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{y} \\ f_* \end{bmatrix} \sim \mathcal{N} \left( \begin{bmatrix} \mu \\ \mu_* \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{K} + \sigma_n^2 \boldsymbol{I} & \boldsymbol{K}_* \\ \boldsymbol{K}_*^T & \boldsymbol{K}_{**} \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

which in our case evaluates to

$$\mathcal{N}\left(0, \begin{pmatrix} 0.54 + \sigma_1^2 & 1 & 0.88 & 1\\ 1 & 0.54 + \sigma_2^2 & 1 & 0.61\\ 0.88 & 1 & 1 & 1\\ 1 & 0.61 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}\right)$$