# MiS Presentation

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#### Context

- This project was conducted in partnership with Our Lady and St Thomas catholic school (OLST)
- OLST is a co-educational primary academy located in Willington for students aged 4 - 11
- OLST is a small school with only one class of 18-20 students per year
- My project was conducted with the year 6 class

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#### Initial consultation with school

- Increase confidence in girls ability in maths
- This goes hand in hand with decreasing maths anxiey in girls
- In the long term this could posisbly increase performance in girls, increasing number of girls achieving 'Greater Depth' in SATs

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#### **Aims**

- Increasing confidence
  - Belief in their own mathematical abilities
  - Nationally girls perform at a very similar level to boys in maths SATs (Gov.uk, 2024)
  - Boys tend to believe more than girls do that their intellectual abilities cause their high marks in maths (Georgiou, S. N. et al, 2007)
- Decreasing anxiety
  - Maths anxiety: feelings of nervousness or apprehension in response to a current or future situation involving maths
  - Women are more than twice as likely to experience maths anxiety than men (National Numeracy, 2024)

### Format & Content

- Lunch time sessions about 30 minutes long
- Only girls in the session
  - Girls are said to be more confident and more likely to express themselves in a single-sex environment
  - Girls reported that they felt more comfortable and liked science and mathematics more in a single-sex setting (Baker, 2002)
- The content of the sessions is not defined by the aims

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## Session 1: Introduction

The aim of this project is very individual, so it is important to get to know the students I am working with.

- What is the level of maths anxiety among the girls?
  - Majority of girls reported some symptoms of maths anxiety
- What are the causes of maths anxiety?
  - Judgement
  - Fear of being left behind
  - Frustration
- How can these causes be treated?

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# Session 2: Möbius Strips

- Design:
  - Focus on the process rather than the outcome
  - Intrinsic value intervention
- This session involved the girls constructing and exploring the physical properties of a Möbius strip
- The aim of this session was to allow the girs to enjoy the process of exploring new ideas



Figure: Möbius Strip

# Session 2: Möbius Strips

- The session consisted of 3 main activities
  - Creating the Möbius strips
  - ② Drawing on the Möbius strips
  - Outting the Möbius strups
- Evaluation
  - The session defnitely promoted curiosity and creativity (maybe a bit too much)
  - The students enjoyed the process of working through something they intially didn't understand
  - Some of the activites were too fiddly

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## Session 3: Statistics - Data collection

- Design:
  - Utility value intervention
  - Getting comfortable disussing maths
- What is statistics?
  - How do we collect data?
  - How do we analyse data?
  - Why is statistics useful?
- Students collecting their own data
- Talking about maths at home



Figure: Example of data a student collected

# Session 4: Statistics - Data visualisation

- Why do we visualise data?
- Creating their own data visualisation
- Physical representations of statistics
- Evaluation:
  - Students developed understanding of basic statistics
  - Didn't create as much discussion around mathematics as planned
  - Mode of delivery was very similar to a lesson

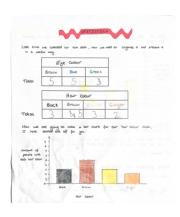


Figure: Example of bar chart created by a student

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## Session 5: Coordinate Grid

- Deisgn:
  - Change mode of delivery
  - Make the session active
  - Incorperating cooperative groups in problem solving situations
- This session involved the students solving problems which would lead them from point to point on a coordinate grid
- The mathematics required was taken from lessons I had seen the students complete
- Each student had to solve one clue to lead them to the final anwer
- Evalutaion:
  - Students were very eager to solve clues
  - Students didn't understand coordinates as much as hoped
  - The problems given were effective reivison for the children "We had to do really difficult maths that we learnt ages ago"
  - Sacrifised quantity of learning for enjoyment

### Session 6: 1-2 Nim

#### Design:

- Student ownership, developing their own tool they can use in the future
- Students work together and share their solutions
- This session involved the students developing their own strategies for a simple game
- This task generalises allowing students to learn some basic problem solving strategies

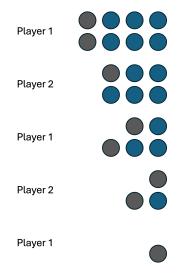


Figure: Example game of Nim

# Session 6: 1-2 Nim

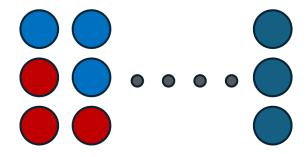


Figure: Solution to Nim for 3n counters

Number of Counters	Strategy
1	Go 1st take 1
2	Go 1st, take 2
3	Go 2nd take whatever lest
4	Go 1st jake I that whatever left
5	Go 1st take 2 then whatever lest
6	Go 2nd take for tow then wholever le
7	Go 1st tak I then tower one
6	Go 1st take 2 than take the vest

Figure: Example of a student's table of strategies

#### • Evaluation:

- Students were keen to complete the task as they wanted to win
- Some of the more uninterested students seemed to benefit from this type of session

#### **Evaluation**

- Increasing maths confidence
  - Noticiable increase in participation throughout sessions
  - Difficult to distinguish causes of confidence
- Decreasing maths anxiety
  - All students are willing to volunteer answers in sessions, which they
    may not do in regular maths lessons
  - Maths anxiety was definitely still present in some cases
  - Many methods for dealing with maths anxiety are outside of the scope of this project

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# Summary

"I enjoyed doing your sessions but I still don't like maths lessons"