

Enterprise Application Development: Lab 1

Problem Set 1:

1.a. GET /users

```
//Find all Users
app.get('/users', (req, res, next) => {
  db.users.find({}, {
    fields: ['email', 'details'],
    order: [{field: 'created_at', direction: 'desc'}]
  }).then(result => {
    res.json(result)
  })
})
```

```
▼ 0:
  email:      "Shari.Julian@yahoo.com"
  details:    "\"sex\"=>\"M\""
▼ 1:
  email:      "Evelyn.Patnode@gmail.com"
  details:    "\"sex\"=>\"M\""
▼ 2:
  email:      "Layne.Sarver@aol.com"
  details:    "\"sex\"=>\"M\""
▼ 3:
  email:      "Quinton.Gilpatrick@yahoo.com"
  details:    "\"sex\"=>\"M\""
▼ 4:
```

1.b. GET /users/:id

```
//Find user via ID
app.get('/users/:id', (req, res, next) => {
  const id = req.params.id

  db.users.findOne({
    id: id
  }, {
    fields: ['email', 'details']
  }).then(result => {
    res.json(result)
  })
})
```

```
email:      "Derek.Crenshaw@gmail.com"
details:    "\"sex\"=>\"F\""
```

1.c. GET /products

```
//Find all products - allows for ?name= to be provided.
app.get('/products', (req, res, next) => {
  const name = req.query.name

  if (name !== undefined){
    db.products.find({
      "title ilike": `${name}%`
    }, {
      order: [
        { field: 'price', direction: 'asc'}
      ]
    }).then(result => {
      res.json(result)
    })
  }
  else{
    db.products.find({}, {
      order: [
        { field: 'price', direction: 'asc'}
      ]
    }).then(result => {
      res.json(result)
    })
  }
})
```

```
▼ 0:
  id: 5
  title: "Coloring Book"
  price: "5.99"
  created_at: "2011-01-01T20:00:00.000Z"
  deleted_at: null
  tags:
    0: "Book"
    1: "Children"
▼ 1:
  id: 4
  title: "Baby Book"
  price: "7.99"
  created_at: "2011-01-01T20:00:00.000Z"
  deleted_at: null
  tags:
    0: "Book"
    1: "Children"
    2: "Baby"
▼ 2:
  id: 1
  title: "Dictionary"
  price: "9.99"
  created_at: "2011-01-01T20:00:00.000Z"
  deleted_at: null
  tags:
    0: "Book"
▼ 3:
  id: 11
  title: "Classical CD"
  price: "9.99"
```

1.d. GET /products/:id

```
//Find product by ID
app.get('/products/:id', (req, res, next) => {
  const id = req.params.id

  db.products.findOne({
    id: id
  }).then(result => {
    res.json(result)
  })
})
```

localhost:3000/products/5

JSON Raw Data Headers

Save Copy Collapse All Expand All

```
id: 5
title: "Coloring Book"
price: "5.99"
created_at: "2011-01-01T20:00:00.000Z"
deleted_at: null
tags:
  0: "Book"
  1: "Children"
```

1.e. GET /purchases

```
//Find all purchases
app.get('/purchases', (req, res, next) => {
  db.query(`
    SELECT      purchase_items.price,
                purchase_items.quantity,
                purchase_items.state,
                purchases.name,
                purchases.address,
                purchases.state,
                purchases.zipcode,
                users.email,
                products.title
    FROM        purchase_items
    INNER JOIN  purchases
    ON          purchase_items.purchase_id = purchases.id
    INNER JOIN  users
    ON          purchases.user_id = users.id
    INNER JOIN  products
    ON          purchase_items.product_id = products.id
    ORDER BY   purchase_items.price DESC`
  ).then(result => {
    res.json(result)
  })
})
```

	price	quantity	state	name	address	zipcode	email	title
0:	899.99	1	SC	Letitia Levron	5590 50th Ave.	18459	Stacia.Schrack@aol.com	Laptop Computer
1:	899.99	1	CO	Becky Roff	9103 46th Ave.	14001	Eleanor.Patnode@yahoo.com	Laptop Computer
2:	{...}							
3:	{...}							
4:	{...}							
5:	{...}							
6:	{...}							
7:	{...}							

Problem 2 :

2.a. GET /products[?name=string]

```
//Find all products - allows for ?name= to be provided.
app.get('/products', (req, res, next) => {
  const name = req.query.name

  if (name !== undefined){
    db.products.find({
      "title ilike": `>${name}%`
    }, {
      order: [
        { field: 'price', direction: 'asc'}
      ]
    }).then(result => {
      res.json(result)
    })
  }
  else{
    db.products.find({}, {
      order: [
        { field: 'price', direction: 'asc'}
      ]
    }).then(result => {
      res.json(result)
    })
  }
})
```

	id	title	price	created_at	deleted_at	tags
0:	5	Coloring Book	5.99	2011-01-01T20:00:00.000Z	null	["Book", "Children"]
1:	4	Baby Book	7.99	2011-01-01T20:00:00.000Z	null	["Book", "Children", "Baby"]
2:	3					

2.b. SQL Injection (Bad way)

```
//Find product based on name - allows for SQL injection.
app.get('/not-safe', (req, res, next) => {
  const name = req.query.name
  db.query("SELECT * FROM products WHERE title LIKE '%" + name + "%'").then(result => {
    res.json(result)
    res.end()
  })
})
```

The screenshot shows a web browser at `localhost:3000/not-safe?name='; SELECT * FROM users;--`. The REST client displays a JSON response with three user records:

```
{
  "0": {
    "id": 1,
    "email": "Earlean.Bonacci@yahoo.com",
    "password": "029761dd44fec0b14825843ad0dfface",
    "details": null,
    "created_at": "2009-12-20T20:36:00.000Z",
    "deleted_at": null
  },
  "1": {
    "id": 2,
    "email": "Evelyn.Patnode@gmail.com",
    "password": "d678656644a3f44023f90e4f1cace1f4",
    "details": "\"sex\"=>\"M\"",
    "created_at": "2010-11-12T21:27:00.000Z",
    "deleted_at": null
  },
  "2": {
    // ... (truncated)
  }
}
```

Problem 3:

3.a. Using a parameterised query

```
//Find products where title is name
app.get('/safe-query', (req, res, next) => {
  const name = req.query.name
  db.products.where("title ilike $1", [`%${name}%`]).then(products => {
    res.json(products)
  })
})
```

The screenshot shows a web browser at `localhost:3000/safe-query?name=cd`. The REST client displays a JSON response with two product records:

```
{
  "0": {
    "id": 9,
    "title": "42\" LCD TV",
    "price": "499.00",
    "created_at": "2011-01-01T20:00:00.000Z",
    "deleted_at": null,
    "tags": {
      "0": "Technology",
      "1": "TV"
    }
  },
  "1": {
    "id": 11,
    "title": "Classical CD",
    "price": "9.99",
    "created_at": "2011-01-01T20:00:00.000Z",
    "deleted_at": null,
    "tags": {
      "0": "Music"
    }
  }
}
```

3.b. Using a Stored Procedure

```
//run stored procedure
app.get('/products-procedure', (req, res, next) => {
  const name = req.query.name;
  if (name !== undefined) {
    db.query('SELECT * FROM search_product($1)', [name]).then((products) => {
      res.json(products)
      res.end()
    })
  } else {
    res.status(404)
    res.end()
  }
})

//create stored procedure - run once, then procedure is saved in DB
app.get('/create-procedure', (req, res, next) => {
  db.query(
    CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION search_product(name TEXT)
    RETURNS SETOF products AS
    $BODY$
      SELECT * FROM products WHERE title ilike '%' || name || '%';
    $BODY$
    LANGUAGE 'sql'
  ).then((res) => {
    res.json({message: 'procedure created'})
    res.end();
  })
})
```

The screenshot shows a web browser at the URL `localhost:3000/products-procedure?name=book`. The browser's developer tools are open, displaying the JSON response of the stored procedure. The response is an array of two objects, each representing a book. The first object has an `id` of 2, a `title` of "Python Book", a `price` of "29.99", a `created_at` timestamp, and a `deleted_at` of null. It also has a `tags` array containing "Book", "Programming", and "Python". The second object has an `id` of 3, a `title` of "Ruby Book", a `price` of "27.99", the same `created_at` timestamp, and the same `deleted_at` of null. Its `tags` array contains "Book", "Programming", and "Ruby".

```
{
  "0": {
    "id": 2,
    "title": "Python Book",
    "price": "29.99",
    "created_at": "2011-01-01T20:00:00.000Z",
    "deleted_at": null,
    "tags": [
      "Book",
      "Programming",
      "Python"
    ]
  },
  "1": {
    "id": 3,
    "title": "Ruby Book",
    "price": "27.99",
    "created_at": "2011-01-01T20:00:00.000Z",
    "deleted_at": null,
    "tags": [
      "Book",
      "Programming",
      "Ruby"
    ]
  }
}
```

The screenshot shows a web browser at the URL `localhost:3000/products-procedure?name=';Select * from users;--`. This URL is an attempt to perform an SQL injection by passing a malicious query as the `name` parameter. The browser's developer tools are open, but the response is not visible in the JSON tab.

Problem 4:

4.a. Sequelize ORM

```
const express = require('express')
const Sequelize = require('sequelize')
const bodyParser = require('body-parser')
const app = express()
const port = 3000

app.use(bodyParser.urlencoded({extended: true}))
app.use(bodyParser.json())

const sequelize = new Sequelize('postgres://tom:@localhost:5432/pgguide')

//Authenticate connection
sequelize.authenticate().then(() => {
  console.log('Connection has been established successfully.')
}).catch(err => {
  console.error('Unable to connect to the database: ', err)
})

//operators
```

```
tom@tom-Ubuntu:~/Documents/EaD/lab1$ npm run startSeq

> lab1@1.0.0 startSeq /home/tom/Documents/EaD/lab1
> node sequelize.js

sequelize deprecated String based operators are now deprecated. Please use Syntax
/sequelize.js:242:13
Sequelize.js listening on port 3000!
Executing (default): SELECT 1+1 AS result
Connection has been established successfully.
```

Problem 5:

5.a. Populate the Database with some additional test data for all methods.

```
// Populating Tables
for(let i = 0; i < 5; ++i) {
  Users.create({
    id: Sequelize.literal('DEFAULT'),
    email: `generated_${i}_email@tom.ie`,
    password: `pass_for_${i}`,
    details: undefined,
    created_at: Sequelize.literal('CURRENT_TIMESTAMP')
  }).then((user) => {
    console.log(`created user: ${i}`)
  })

  Products.create({
    id: Sequelize.literal('DEFAULT'),
    title: `title_${i}`,
    price: i,
    tags: undefined,
    created_at: Sequelize.literal('CURRENT_TIMESTAMP'),
    deleted_at: Sequelize.literal('CURRENT_TIMESTAMP')
  }).then((product) => {
    console.log(`created product: ${i}`)
  })

  Purchases.create({
    id: Sequelize.literal('DEFAULT'),
    name: `name_${i}`,
    address: `address_${i}`,
    zipcode: i,
    state: `S${i}`,
    created_at: Sequelize.literal('CURRENT_TIMESTAMP'),
    user_id: Sequelize.literal('DEFAULT')
  }).then((product) => {
    console.log(`created purchase: ${i}`)
  })

  Purchase_Items.create({
    id: Sequelize.literal('DEFAULT'),
    purchase_id: Sequelize.literal('DEFAULT'),
    product_id: Sequelize.literal('DEFAULT'),
    price: i,
    quantity: i,
    state: `S${i}`
  }).then((product) => {
    console.log(`created purchase_item: ${i}`)
  })
}
```

```
Executing (default): INSERT INTO "purchases" ("id","name","address","zipcode","state","created_at","user_id") VALUES (DEFAULT,'name_2','address_2',2,'S2',CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,DEFAULT) RETURNING *;
created product: 1
Executing (default): INSERT INTO "purchase_items" ("id","purchase_id","product_id","price","quantity","state") VALUES (DEFAULT,DEFAULT,DEFAULT,2,2,'S1') RETURNING *;
Executing (default): INSERT INTO "users" ("id","email","password","created_at") VALUES (DEFAULT,'generated_3_email@tom.ie','pass_for_3',CURRENT_TIMESTAMP) RETURNING *;
Executing (default): INSERT INTO "products" ("id","title","price","created_at","deleted_at") VALUES (DEFAULT,'title_3',3,CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,CURRENT_TIMESTAMP) RETURNING *;
Executing (default): INSERT INTO "purchases" ("id","name","address","zipcode","state","created_at","user_id") VALUES (DEFAULT,'name_3','address_3',3,'S3',CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,DEFAULT) RETURNING *;
created product: 2
created purchase: 1
created user: 2
created purchase_item: 1
Executing (default): INSERT INTO "purchase_items" ("id","purchase_id","product_id","price","quantity","state") VALUES (DEFAULT,DEFAULT,DEFAULT,3,3,'S1') RETURNING *;
created purchase: 2
Executing (default): INSERT INTO "users" ("id","email","password","created_at") VALUES (DEFAULT,'generated_4_email@tom.ie','pass_for_4',CURRENT_TIMESTAMP) RETURNING *;
Executing (default): INSERT INTO "products" ("id","title","price","created_at","deleted_at") VALUES (DEFAULT,'title_4',4,CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,CURRENT_TIMESTAMP) RETURNING *;
Executing (default): INSERT INTO "purchases" ("id","name","address","zipcode","state","created_at","user_id") VALUES (DEFAULT,'name_4','address_4',4,'S4',CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,DEFAULT) RETURNING *;
Executing (default): INSERT INTO "purchase_items" ("id","purchase_id","product_id","price","quantity","state") VALUES (DEFAULT,DEFAULT,DEFAULT,4,4,'S1') RETURNING *;
created purchase_item: 2
created purchase: 3
created user: 3
created product: 3
created purchase_item: 3
created purchase: 4
created product: 4
created user: 4
created purchase_item: 4
```


Problem 6:

6.a. GET /products[?name=string]

GET localhost:3000/products?name=book Send

Params Authorization Headers (1) **Body** Pre-request Script Tests Cookies Code

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary

This request does not have a body

Body Cookies Headers (6) Test Results Status: 200 OK Time: 87 ms Size: 768 B

Pretty Raw Preview JSON

```
1 [
2   {
3     "id": 5,
4     "title": "Coloring Book",
5     "price": "5.99",
6     "tags": [
7       "Book",
8       "Children"
9     ],
10    "created_at": "2011-01-01T20:00:00.000Z",
11    "deleted_at": null
12  },
13  {
14    "id": 4,
15    "title": "Baby Book",
16    "price": "7.99",
17    "tags": [
18      "Book",
19      "Children",
20      "Baby"
21    ],
22    "created_at": "2011-01-01T20:00:00.000Z",
23    "deleted_at": null
24  }
25 ]
```

6.b. GET /products/:id

GET localhost:3000/products/5 Send

Params Authorization Headers (1) **Body** Pre-request Script Tests Cookies Code

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary

This request does not have a body

Body Cookies Headers (6) Test Results Status: 200 OK Time: 43 ms Size: 345 B

Pretty Raw Preview JSON

```
1 {
2   "id": 5,
3   "title": "Coloring Book",
4   "price": "5.99",
5   "tags": [
6     "Book",
7     "Children"
8   ],
9   "created_at": "2011-01-01T20:00:00.000Z",
10  "deleted_at": null
11 }
```


6.c. POST /products

```
// Update existing product
app.post('/products/:id', (req, res, next) => {
  const id = req.params.id
  const body = req.body

  Products.update({
    title: body.title,
    price: body.price,
    tags: body.tags
  }, {
    where: {
      id: {
        [operator.eq]: id
      }
    }
  }).then((success) => {
    res.json(success)
    res.end()
  })
})
```

31	title_0		0	2019-02-17 19:54:07.728039+00	2019-02-17 19:54:07.728039+00	
32	title_1		1	2019-02-17 19:54:07.751258+00	2019-02-17 19:54:07.751258+00	
33	title_2		2	2019-02-17 19:54:07.767784+00	2019-02-17 19:54:07.767784+00	
34	title_3		3	2019-02-17 19:54:07.787296+00	2019-02-17 19:54:07.787296+00	
35	title_4		4	2019-02-17 19:54:07.805967+00	2019-02-17 19:54:07.805967+00	
(25 rows)						

POST localhost:3000/products/31 Send

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary JSON (application/json)

```
1 {
2   "title": "THIS HAS BEEN CHANGED",
3   "price": "999.99"
4 }
```

Body Cookies Headers (6) Test Results Status: 200 OK Time: 132 ms Size: 213 B

Pretty Raw Preview JSON

```
1 [
2   1
3 ]
```

32	title_1		1	2019-02-17 19:54:07.751258+00	2019-02-17 19:54:07.751258+00	
33	title_2		2	2019-02-17 19:54:07.767784+00	2019-02-17 19:54:07.767784+00	
34	title_3		3	2019-02-17 19:54:07.787296+00	2019-02-17 19:54:07.787296+00	
35	title_4		4	2019-02-17 19:54:07.805967+00	2019-02-17 19:54:07.805967+00	
31	THIS HAS BEEN CHANGED		999.99	2019-02-17 19:54:07.728039+00	2019-02-17 19:54:07.728039+00	
(25 rows)						

6.d. PUT /products/:id

```
//Create new product
app.put('/products', (req, res, next) => {
  const body = req.body
  Products.create({
    id: sequelize.literal('DEFAULT'),
    title: body.title,
    price: body.price,
    tags: body.tags,
    created_at: sequelize.literal('CURRENT_TIMESTAMP')
  }).then((product) => {
    res.json(product)
    res.end()
  })
})
```

The screenshot shows a REST client interface with a PUT request to `localhost:3000/products`. The request body is a JSON object: `{ "title": "THIS IS A NEW ENTRY", "price": "49999.99" }`. The response is a 200 OK status with a JSON body: `{ "id": 36, "title": "THIS IS A NEW ENTRY", "price": "49999.99", "tags": null, "created_at": "2019-02-17T20:10:17.954Z", "deleted_at": null }`. The status bar indicates a 200 OK response, 90 ms time, and 341 B size.

```
32 | title_1 | 1 | 2019-02-17 19:54:07.751258+00 | 2019-02-17 19:54:07.751258+00 |
33 | title_2 | 2 | 2019-02-17 19:54:07.767784+00 | 2019-02-17 19:54:07.767784+00 |
34 | title_3 | 3 | 2019-02-17 19:54:07.787296+00 | 2019-02-17 19:54:07.787296+00 |
35 | title_4 | 4 | 2019-02-17 19:54:07.805967+00 | 2019-02-17 19:54:07.805967+00 |
31 | THIS HAS BEEN CHANGED | 999.99 | 2019-02-17 19:54:07.728039+00 | 2019-02-17 19:54:07.728039+00 |
37 | THIS IS A NEW ENTRY | 49999.99 | 2019-02-17 20:11:29.306459+00 | 2019-02-17 20:11:29.306459+00 |
(26 rows)
```

6.e. DELETE /products/:id

```
//Remove existing product
app.delete('/products/:id', (req, res, next) => {
  const id = req.params.id

  Products.destroy({
    where: {
      id: {
        [operator.eq]: id
      }
    }
  }).then((success) => {
    res.json(success)
    res.end()
  })
})
```

DELETE

localhost:3000/products/37

Send

Params

Authorization

Headers (1)

Body

Pre-request Script

Tests

Cookies

Code

none

form-data

x-www-form-urlencoded

raw

binary

JSON (application/json)

1 {

2 "title": "THIS IS A NEW ENTRY",

3 "price": "49999.99"

4 }

Body

Cookies

Headers (6)

Test Results

Status: 200 OK

Time: 49 ms

Size: 211 B

Pretty

Raw

Preview

JSON

1 1

32		title_1		1		2019-02-17 19:54:07.751258+00		2019-02-17 19:54:07.751258+00	
33		title_2		2		2019-02-17 19:54:07.767784+00		2019-02-17 19:54:07.767784+00	
34		title_3		3		2019-02-17 19:54:07.787296+00		2019-02-17 19:54:07.787296+00	
35		title_4		4		2019-02-17 19:54:07.805967+00		2019-02-17 19:54:07.805967+00	
31		THIS HAS BEEN CHANGED		999.99		2019-02-17 19:54:07.728039+00		2019-02-17 19:54:07.728039+00	

(25 rows)