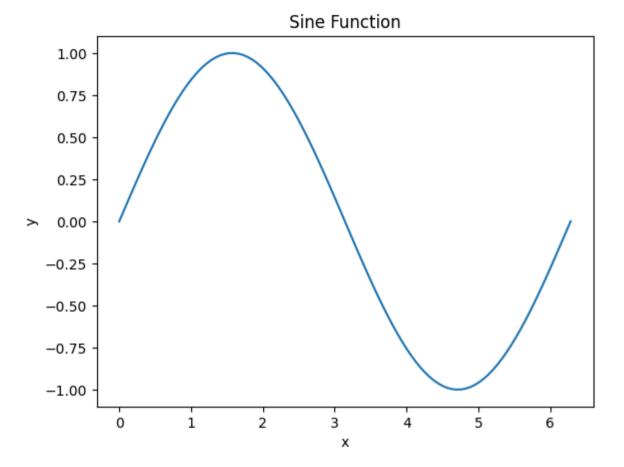
```
In [3]: import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
       Matplotlib is building the font cache; this may take a moment.
In [4]: import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        # Generate data for x values
        x = np.linspace(0, 2*np.pi, 100)
        # Calculate y values for sine function
        y = np.sin(x)
        # Plot the sine function
        plt.plot(x, y)
        # Add title and axis labels
        plt.title("Sine Function")
        plt.xlabel("x")
        plt.ylabel("y")
        # Display the plot
        plt.show()
```



```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Generate data for x values
x = np.linspace(0, 2*np.pi, 100)

# Calculate y values for cosine function with phase shift
y = np.cos(x - np.pi / 2) # π/2 radians is equivalent to 90 degrees in the unit circle

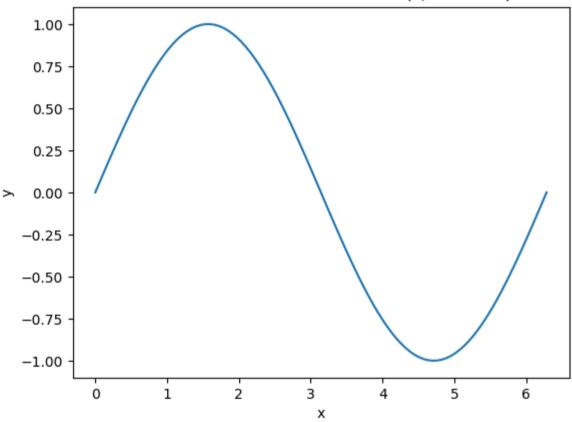
# Plot the cosine function with phase shift
plt.plot(x, y)

# Add title and axis labels
```

```
plt.title("Cosine Function with Phase Shift (π/2 radians)")
plt.xlabel("x")
plt.ylabel("y")

# Display the plot
plt.show()
```

Cosine Function with Phase Shift ($\pi/2$ radians)



```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Generate data for x values in degrees
x = np.linspace(0, 360, 100)
```

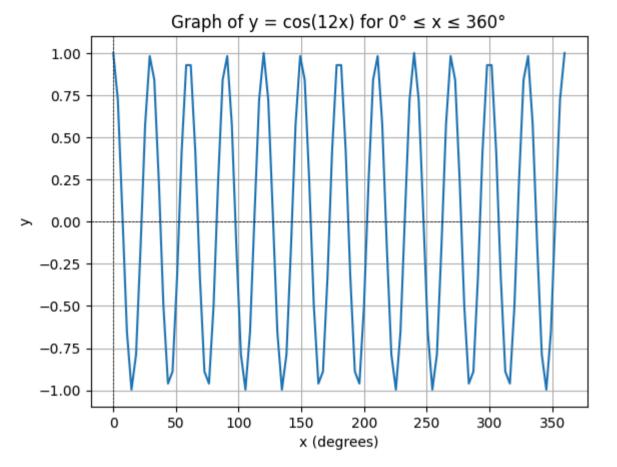
```
# Convert degrees to radians for the cosine function
x_radians = np.radians(x)

# Calculate y values for cosine function
y = np.cos(12 * x_radians)

# Plot the cosine function
plt.plot(x, y)

# Add title and axis labels
plt.title("Graph of y = cos(12x) for 0° ≤ x ≤ 360°")
plt.xlabel("x (degrees)")
plt.ylabel("y")

# Display the plot
plt.grid() # Optional: Add a grid for better visibility
plt.axhline(0, color='black',linewidth=0.5, ls='--') # Optional: Add x-axis
plt.axvline(0, color='black',linewidth=0.5, ls='--') # Optional: Add y-axis
plt.show()
```



```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Generate data for x values in degrees
x = np.linspace(0, 360, 100)

# Convert degrees to radians for the cosine function
x_radians = np.radians(x)

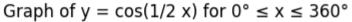
# Calculate y values for the function y = cos(1/2 * x)
y = np.cos(0.5 * x_radians)

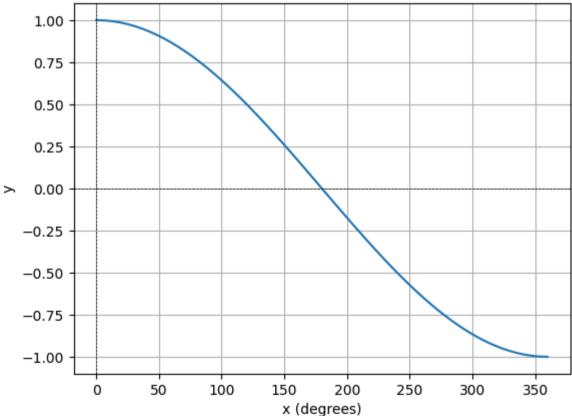
# Plot the cosine function
```

```
plt.plot(x, y)

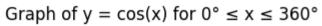
# Add title and axis labels
plt.title("Graph of y = cos(1/2 x) for 0° ≤ x ≤ 360°")
plt.xlabel("x (degrees)")
plt.ylabel("y")

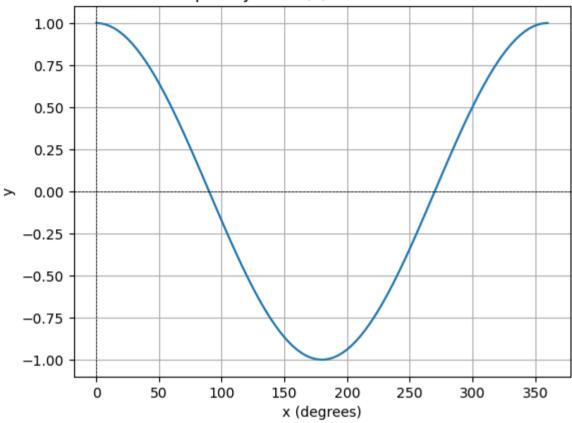
# Display the plot
plt.grid() # Optional: Add a grid for better visibility
plt.axhline(0, color='black', linewidth=0.5, ls='--') # Optional: Add x-axis
plt.axvline(0, color='black', linewidth=0.5, ls='---') # Optional: Add y-axis
plt.show()
```





```
In [9]: import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        # Generate data for x values in degrees
        x = np.linspace(0, 360, 100)
        # Convert degrees to radians for the cosine function
        x_radians = np.radians(x)
        # Calculate y values for the function y = cos(1/2 * x)
        y = np.cos(1 * x_radians)
        # Plot the cosine function
        plt.plot(x, y)
        # Add title and axis labels
        plt.title("Graph of y = cos(x) for 0^{\circ} \le x \le 360^{\circ}")
        plt.xlabel("x (degrees)")
        plt.ylabel("y")
        # Display the plot
        plt.grid() # Optional: Add a grid for better visibility
        plt.axhline(0, color='black', linewidth=0.5, ls='--') # Optional: Add x-axis
        plt.axvline(0, color='black', linewidth=0.5, ls='--') # Optional: Add y-axis
        plt.show()
```





In []:

In []: