Radius Valley Project Plan

General Concept

The overall plan is to use multi-transiting systems to break the degeneracies in measuring exoplanet radii. Since each planet orbits the *same* star we can fix several parameters and better fit the rest!

Radius Fitting Plan

We'll collect any 3+ multiplicity systems that span the radius valley and for each we aim to derive estimates of their planetary radii using either **exoplanet** or Julia. In each case we will need to consider the following:

- 1. **Detrending:** Decide how to convert TPFs to lightcurves
 - Correct using pixel level detrending? Does this remove all systematics?
- 2. **TTVs:** For each system we need to make a decision about TTVs (probably using **TTVFaster** package to check how strong TTVs would be)
 - Either we used fixed ephemeris or free transit times
 - Latter can be too free and smear out the ingress and egress when TTVs are not present
 - The former is a reasonable assumption if you are not close to resonance or if you're separated by quite a lot (since no TTVs)
- 3. Limb Darkening: Choose what order of limb darkening model to use (quadratic default)
- 4. Sampling: Ensure time sampling of model doesn't have a strong effect
- 5. Stellar noise sources: Consider the presence of starspots and companions
 - Starspots (both in transit and out of transit) out can result in periodic noise, can change mean surface brightness of the star, in of course affects the depth of the transit
 - Are there stellar companions that result in dilution?
 - Any outliers from CRs or flares?
- 6. Model specifics:
 - Does parameterisation of the model affect the results?
 - Do priors affect the model?
 - Is the sample properly converged?

Expected Results

After working out the radii we can make a statement about the location of the gap. In addition we can work out how that correlates with stellar and orbital parameters.