# ASTR 531 - Stellar Interiors and Evolution

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## 12.2 - Early Radii and Timescales

Part a - Radii Estimations

Let's use a couple of different relations from the textbook to get the radii at different times. A protostar becomes ionised and stars the Hayashi concentration phase when it's radius is on the order of

$$R_{\rm Hayashi,start} \approx 100 \,\mathrm{R}_{\odot} \left(\frac{M}{\mathrm{M}_{\odot}}\right)$$
 (1)

We find the radius of the protostar once the Hayashi concentration phase comes to an end is approximately a factor of 50 lower (based on assumptions of the temperature and opacity) such that

$$R_{\rm Hayashi,end} \approx 2 \,\mathrm{R}_{\odot} \left(\frac{M}{\mathrm{M}_{\odot}}\right)$$
 (2)

The radius at the start of the PMS phase will be the same as the end of the Hayashi concentration phase.

$$R_{\text{PMS,start}} = R_{\text{Hayashi,end}}$$
 (3)

Finally, the radius at the end of the PMS phase is the same as the radius at ZAMS and so we can write that

$$R_{\rm PMS,end} = R_{\rm ZAMS} = R_{\odot} \left(\frac{M}{\rm M_{\odot}}\right)^{0.7}$$
 (4)

So now we can plug in numbers for the different masses of stars that we considered

$M/{ m M}_{\odot}$	$R_{\rm Hayashi,start}/R_{\odot}$	$R_{ m Hayashi,end}/{ m R}_{\odot}$	$R_{ m PMS,start}/ m R_{\odot}$	$R_{ m PMS,end}/ m R_{\odot}$
0.3	30	0.6	0.6	0.43
3	300	6	6	2.16
30	3000	60	60	10.8

## 15.4 - Metallicity and Mass Loss Rates

### 16.1 - RGB Radii

#### 17.1 - Helium Flash Duration