

Operating Systems Concepts

File Systems (cont.)

CS 4375, Fall 2025

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Summery

- File Control Block
- Directories
 - Structure
 - Pathname Translation
 - Implementation
- Inode
- Soft Links and Hard Links

Agenda

- Revisit semaphores
- Overview of Homework 5
 - What we need to do
 - Semaphore system calls
 - One user progress that uses semaphores
 - Code walk through

Semaphores

- Synchronization tool for critical section problem
- Semaphore S - Integer variable
- Can only be accessed through two standard operations:
 - `wait()` and `signal()`
 - `P()` and `V()`
 - Proberen/test ; Verhogen/increase (in Dutch)
- Classical implementation (using busy-waiting): (Without interruption)

```
wait (S) {  
    S--;  
    while (S <= 0); // loop  
}
```

```
signal (S) {  
    S++;  
}
```

Producer consumer Problem - Solution 4

- Implementation 4 - 3 semaphore

Producer Process

```
int empty = N, full = 0;  
  
while (true) {  
    /* produce an item */  
  
    wait(empty);  
  
    wait(mutex);  
  
    // add the item to the buffer  
  
    signal(mutex);  
  
    signal(full);  
  
}
```

Consumer Process

```
while (true) {  
    wait(full);  
  
    wait(mutex);  
  
    // remove item from buffer  
  
    signal(mutex);  
  
    signal(empty);  
  
    /* consume the item */  
}
```

Pull from given branch

- Branch: hw5-init
 - mmap system call
 - creates a new mapping in the virtual address space of the calling process
 - munmap system call
 - deletes the mappings for the specified address range
 - private user program
 - \$ private

total = 55

Implementation of producer consumer problem

- **prodcons-sem.c**
 - semaphore **occupied** to synchronize number of **full** slots
 - semaphore **free** to synchronize number of **empty** slots
 - mutex **lock** to ensure **mutual exclusion** of the critical region
 - **mmap** to allocate virtual memory
 - **munmap** to destroy the allocated memory
 - **producer()** executed by new process with fork
 - **consumer()** executed by new process with fork

Implementing semaphores

- `sem_init()`
 - Initialize the `semtab` array for the kernel
- `sem_destroy()`
 - Free semaphore slot from `semtab`
- `sem_wait()`
 - `P()` operation of semaphores
 - Put the process to sleep (**AVOID BUSY WAITING**): `sleep(s, s->lock)`
- `sem_post()`
 - `V()` operation of semaphores (**WAKE UP SLEEPING P**): `wakeup(s)`

Data Structures

```
// Counting semaphore
struct semaphore {
    struct spinlock lock; // semaphore lock
    int count; // semaphore value
    int valid; // 1 if this entry is in use
};

// OS semaphore table type
struct semtab {
    struct spinlock lock;
    struct semaphore sem[NSEM];
};

extern struct semtab semtable;
```

Helper functions

- `semaphore.c`
 - `semalloc()`
 - *allocate a free semaphore slot; return index or -1 if none*
 - `semdealloc(idx)`
 - *free a semaphore slot (index from semalloc / sem_t)*

Readers and Writers Problem

Reader process

```
while (true) {  
    wait(mutex);  
    readercount++;  
    if (readercount == 1)  
        wait (wrt_mutex);  
    signal(mutex);  
    /* read from database */  
    wait(mutex);  
    readercount--;  
    if (readercount == 0)  
        signal (wrt_mutex);  
    signal(mutex);  
}
```

Writer Process

```
while (true) {  
    wait(wrt_mutex);  
    /* write to database */  
    signal(wrt_mutex);  
}
```

Implementing Readers-Writers user program

- reader()
 - Each reader should read -> READER_ITERS 50
 - Critical section

- reader()
 - Each reader should read -> READER_ITERS 50
 - `printf("reader %d sees value %d\n", getpid(), v);`
 - Critical section

- writer()
 - Each writer should write -> WRITER_ITERS 100
 - Critical section:

- writer()
 - Each writer should write -> WRITER_ITERS 100
 - `rw->value++;`
 - Critical section:

- writer()
 - Each writer should write -> WRITER_ITERS 100
 - `printf("writer %d updated value to %d\n", getpid(), rw->v);`

Announcement

- Course evaluation
 - Timeline: 11/24/25 - 12/07/25
 - **20 MARKS BONUS IF WE HAVE 90% OF THE CLASS SUBMISSION**
- Next week review classes
 - Questions highly encouraged
 - Which topics should I revisit?