

HTTPS-terminating load balancers

In Cleura's load balancing service, [OpenStack Octavia](#), you can configure load balancers so that they manage HTTPS termination. That is to say that the load balancer encrypts and decrypts HTTPS traffic, and forwards HTTP to and from a backend web server.

To do so, the load balancer must have access to encryption credentials (such as certificates and private keys), which it stores in Barbican.

PKCS #12 Certificate Bundles

The [PKCS #12](#) archive format includes SSL certificates, certificate chains, and private keys all in one bundle. Most certificate providers give you the option of downloading certificate credentials using the PKCS #12 format.

In case your certificate provider has made your certificate chain and key available separately, using the PEM format, you can easily convert it to PKCS #12 using the following `openssl` command:

```
openssl pkcs12 -export -inkey key.pem -in fullchain.pem -out bundle.p12
```

When prompted for an export password, use a blank one.

Creating Barbican secrets from PKCS #12 bundles

To create a secret from a stored PKCS #12 bundle, you need pass in the contents of the bundle, *pre-encoded with [Base64](#)*, as the secret's payload.

```
openstack secret store \
  --name='tls_secret1' \
  -t 'application/octet-stream' \
  -e 'base64' \
  --payload="$(base64 < server.p12)"
```

Field	Value
Secret href	https://kna1.citycloud.com:9311/v1/secrets/69bd82f5-60c9-4764-99ec-7a3dff05d2aa
Name	tls_secret1
Created	None
Status	None

Content types	{'default': 'application/octet-stream'}	
Algorithm	aes	
Bit length	256	
Secret type	opaque	
Mode	cbc	
Expiration	None	
+-----+	+-----+	+-----+

Creating HTTPS-enabled load balancer listeners

Once you have created your secret containing your certificate data, you can create a load balancer *listener* with the following properties:

- It uses the `TERMINATED_HTTPS` protocol,
- It sets its “default TLS container” to the Barbican secret containing the PKCS #12 bundle,
- It listens on the standard HTTPS port, 443.

You create such a listener with the following command:

```
openstack loadbalancer listener create \
  --protocol-port 443 \
  --protocol TERMINATED_HTTPS \
  --name listener1 \
  --default-tls-container=https://kna1.citycloud.com:9311/v1/secrets/dacfbec1-fbed-403f-
a4dc-303e28942dae \
  <loadbalancer-name-or-id>
```

+-----+	
+-----+	
+-----+	
Field	
Value	
+-----+	
+-----+	
+-----+	
admin_state_up	
True	
connection_limit	
-1	
created_at	
2021-01-20T11:51:46	
default_pool_id	
None	
default_tls_container_ref	https://kna1.citycloud.com:9311/v1/secrets/dacfbec1-fbed-403f- a4dc-303e28942dae

```
|
| description
|
|
| id | 4ec6b23d-
d08a-4de0-9e12-54ac690ee1ec
|
| insert_headers |
None
|
| 17policies
|
|
| loadbalancers | 2c2a0760-c3a8-48d2-
bdd0-288c3d33a43f
|
| name |
listener1
|
| operating_status |
OFFLINE
|
| project_id |
4a9484063d4c40d29301ad745c0e2c69
|
| protocol |
TERMINATED_HTTPS
|
| protocol_port |
443
|
| provisioning_status |
PENDING_CREATE
|
| sni_container_refs |
[]
|
| timeout_client_data |
50000
|
| timeout_member_connect |
5000
|
| timeout_member_data |
50000
|
| timeout_tcp_inspect |
0
|
| updated_at |
None
|
| client_ca_tls_container_ref |
None
|
| client_authentication |
NONE
```

```
|
| client_crl_container_ref |
None
|
| allowed_cidrs            |
None
|
| tls_ciphers              |
TLS_AES_256_GCM_SHA384:TLS_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256:TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256:
RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384:DHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256:ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-
SHA384:ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256:DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA256:DHE-RSA-AES128-
SHA256:ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384:ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256 |
| tls_versions
|
|
+-----
+-----
+
```

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