Object versioning

Object versioning requires that you configure your environment with working S3-compatible credentials.

Enabling bucket versioning

To enable versioning in a bucket, use one of the following commands:

```
aws mc s3cmd

aws --profile < region > \
    --endpoint-url=https://s3-
< region > .citycloud.com:8080 \
    s3api put-bucket-versioning \
    --versioning-configuration

Status=Enabled \
    --bucket < bucket-name >

mc version enable < region > /
    <bucket-name >
```

This functionality is not Checking bucket versioning status available with the s3cmd

command To check whether object versioning is enabled on a bucket, use one of the following commands:

```
aws mc s3cmd

aws --profile <region> \
    --endpoint-url=https://
s3-
    <region>.citycloud.com:
8080 \
    s3api get-bucket-
versioning \
    --bucket < bucket-
name>

mc version info
    <region>/<bucket-
name>

amed object
```

Once object versioning is enabled on a bucket, the normal object creation and This functionality is not replacement commands behave in a manner different from that in unversioned available with the ${\rm s3cmd}$ buckets: command.

• If the object does not already exist, it is created (as in an unversioned bucket).

• If the object does already exist, it is not replaced. Instead, a new version appears in addition to the old one.

```
s3cmd
aws
          \mathbf{mc}
aws --profile < region > \
 --endpoint-url=https://
<region>.citycloud.com:
8080 \
 s3api put-object \
 --bucket <bucket-
name>\
 --key <object-name> \
 --body <local-
filename>
mc cp \
 <local-filename> \
 <region>/<bucket-
name>/<object-name>
                          rsions
s3cmd put <local-
                          ioning enabled, you may list the versions available for an
filename> s3://
<bucket>
aws
         mc
                  s3cmd
aws --profile < region > \
 --endpoint-url=https://
<region>.citycloud.com:
8080 \
 s3api list-object-
versions \
 --bucket <bucket-
name> \
 --key <object-name>
mc stat --versions
```

Retrieving a versioned object

This functionality may

<region>/<bucket-

The invalved byspagistin version of an object in a bucket, use one of the following several relations of the

mc client.

name>

This functionality is not available with the s3cmd command.

```
s3cmd
aws
         mc
aws --profile < region > \
 --endpoint-url=https://
<region>.citycloud.com:
8080 \
 s3api get-object \
 --bucket <bucket-
name> \
 --key <object-name> \
 --version-id
<versionid>\
 <local-filename>
mc cp \
--version-id
<versionid> \
                         bject from a versioned bucket without specifying a
 <region>/<bucket-
name>/<object-name> \
                         3 client will download the latest version of that object.
 <local-filename>
```

Defeting at versioned object

available with the s3cmd

Examples dominands to *create* objects, the commands to *delete* them behave differently once object versioning is enabled on a bucket.

The command to delete an object will normally not delete it, but revert it to the prior version. The exception to this rule is when there is only a single version of the object left in the bucket, in which case object removal does occur.

```
aws
          \mathbf{mc}
                   s3cmd
aws --profile < region > \
 --endpoint-url=https://
<region>.citycloud.com:
8080 \
 s3api delete-object \
 --bucket <bucket-
name>\
 --key <object-name>
mc rm \
 <region>/<bucket-
                          of deleting not the latest version, but a specific object
name>/<object-name>
s3cmd del s3://<bucket-
name>/<object-name>
```

```
aws mc s3cmd
```

```
aws --profile <region> \
--endpoint-url=https://
s3-
<region>.citycloud.com:
8080 \
s3api delete-object \
--version-id
<versionid> \
--bucket <bucket-
name> \
--key <object-name>

mc rm \
--version-id
<versionid> \
-version-j<bucket-
Last update: 2022-10-10
name>/<object-name>

Created: 2022-05-11
```

This functionality is not lind available with the s3cmd command.