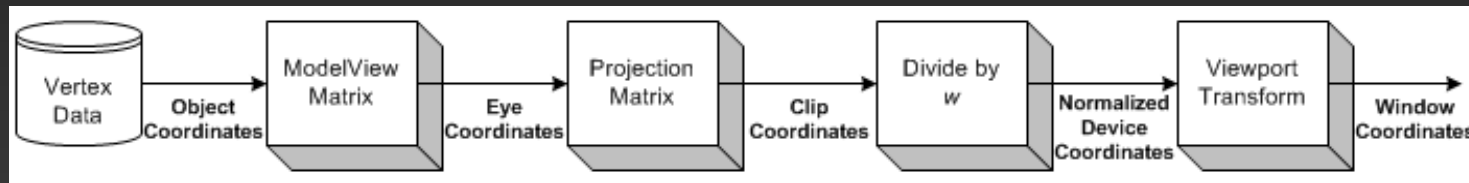
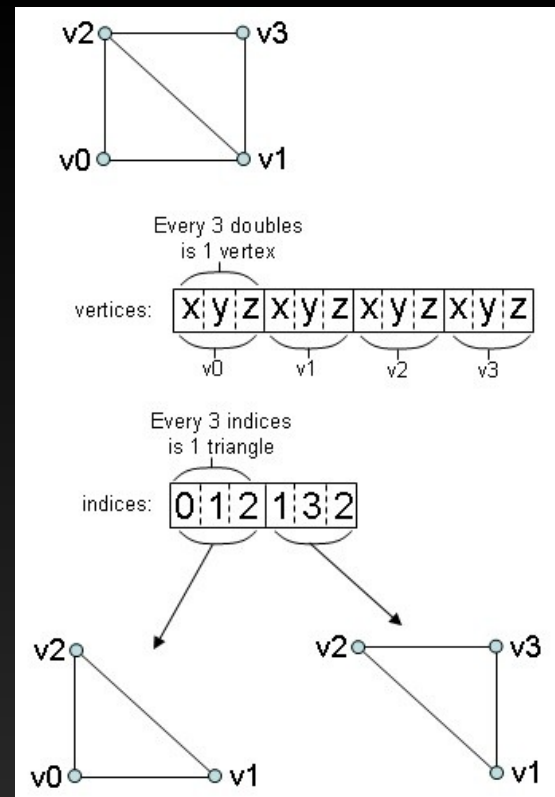


Opakování

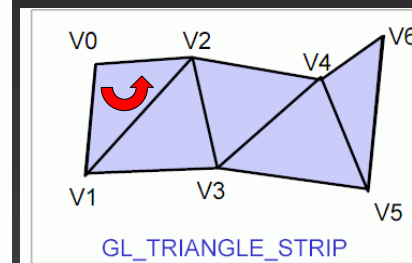
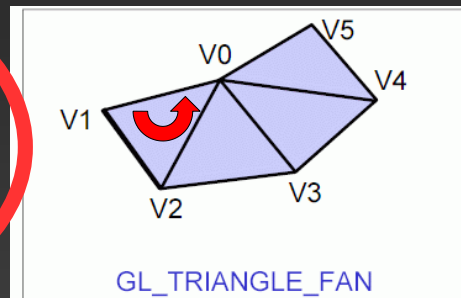
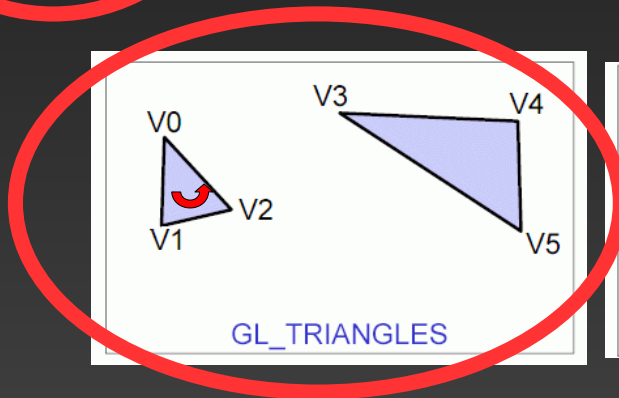
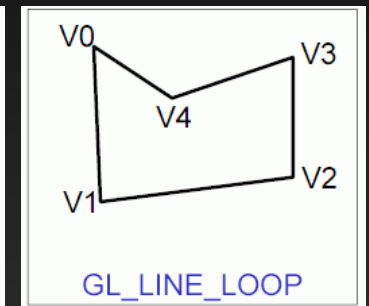
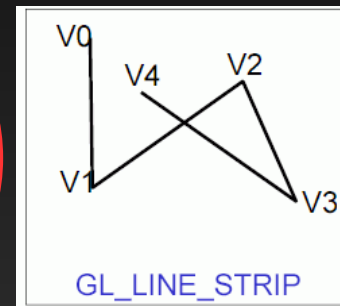
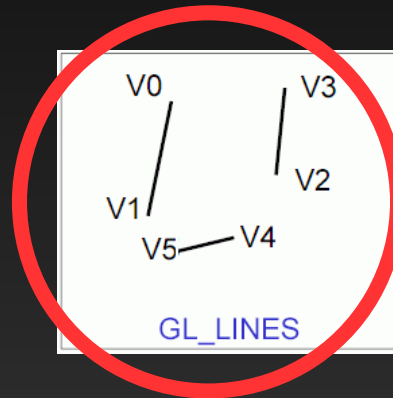
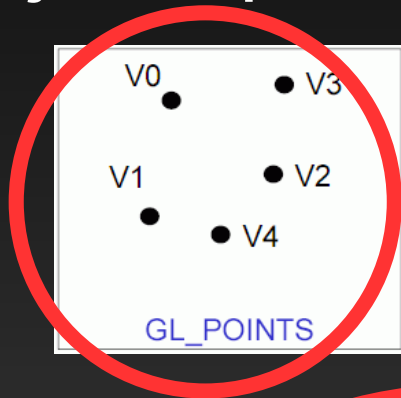
- Reprezentace
 - 3D rastr
 - obálka
 - vrchol (vertex)
 - hrana (edge)
 - ploška (face)
- 3D zobrazování



- načtení a transformace souřadnic zadaných vertexů
- rasterizace
- výpočet barvy fragmentu
- průhlednost a zakrývání podle Z

Geometrická primitiva

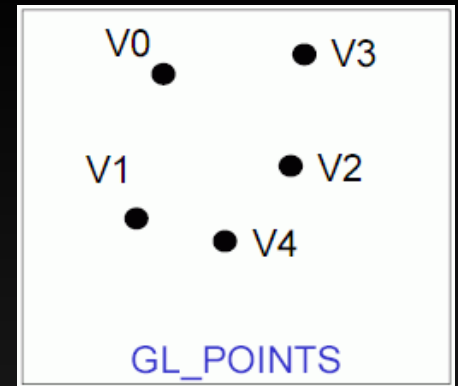
- 10 primitiv, zadávány pomocí vertexů $[x,y,z,w]$
- jen 3 primitiva skutečně v HW \rightarrow překlad



Grafická primitiva

- Zadávány pomocí série vertexů
- Při nedostatečném počtu vertexů
 - nedefinované chování
 - nic se nevykreslí
 - nevykreslí se jen poslední část
 - (jakékoliv chybné chování)...

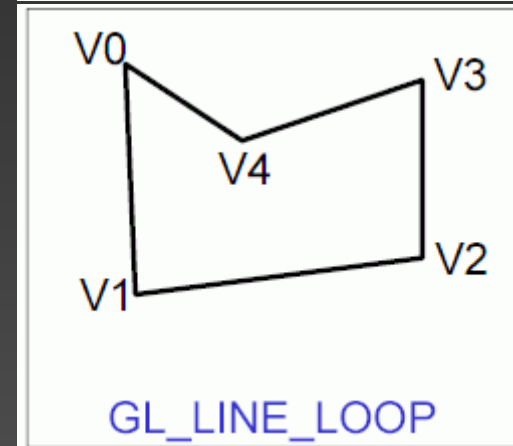
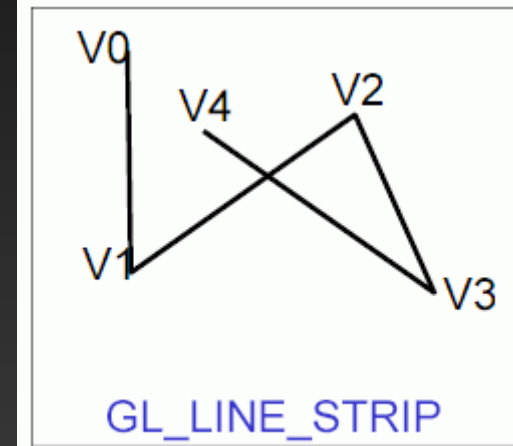
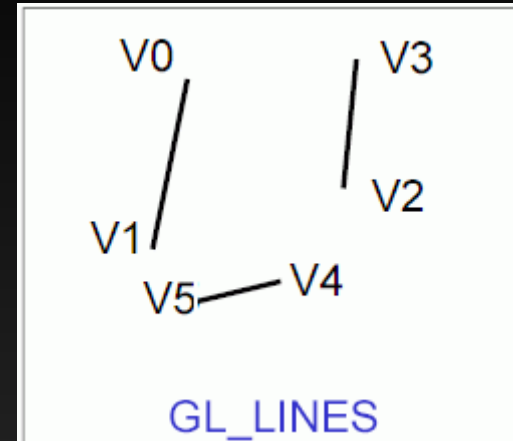
Vlastnosti bodů



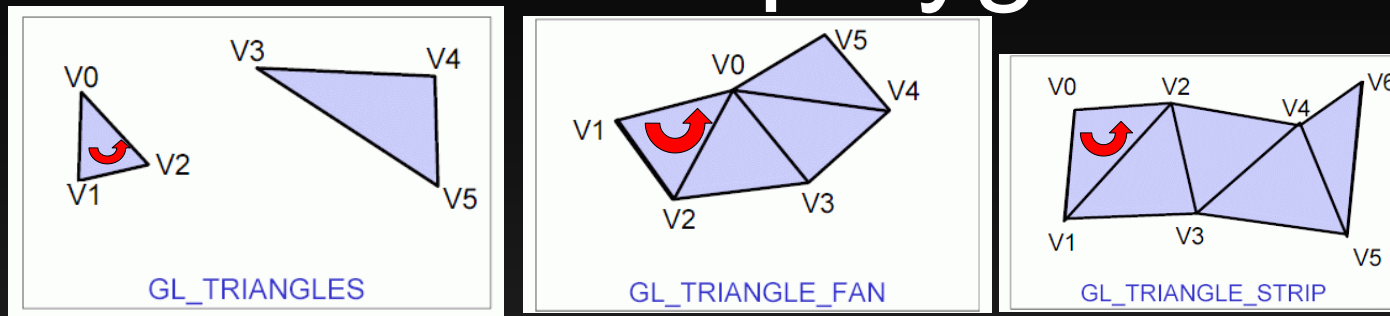
- Teoreticky nekonečně malý, zadán jako *float*
 - několik bodů může vyústit v jeden pixel
 - `glPointSize(GLfloat)`
 - standardně 1.0 (jeden pixel)
- Podle nastavení antialiasingu
 - čtverec
 - `glDisable(GL_POINT_SMOOTH)`
 - kruh s rozmazaným okrajem (ne vždy podporováno)
 - `glEnable(GL_POINT_SMOOTH)`
- **Místo velkých (složitých) bodů – POINT SPRITE**

Vlastnosti úseček

- Určené koncovými body
- Šířka čáry
 - `glLineWidth(GLfloat)`
 - standardně 1.0 (jeden pixel)
- Antialiasing určuje i zakončení
 - vertikální nebo horizontální konec
 - `glDisable(GL_LINE_SMOOTH)`
 - jako natočený obdélník
 - `glEnable(GL_LINE_SMOOTH)`



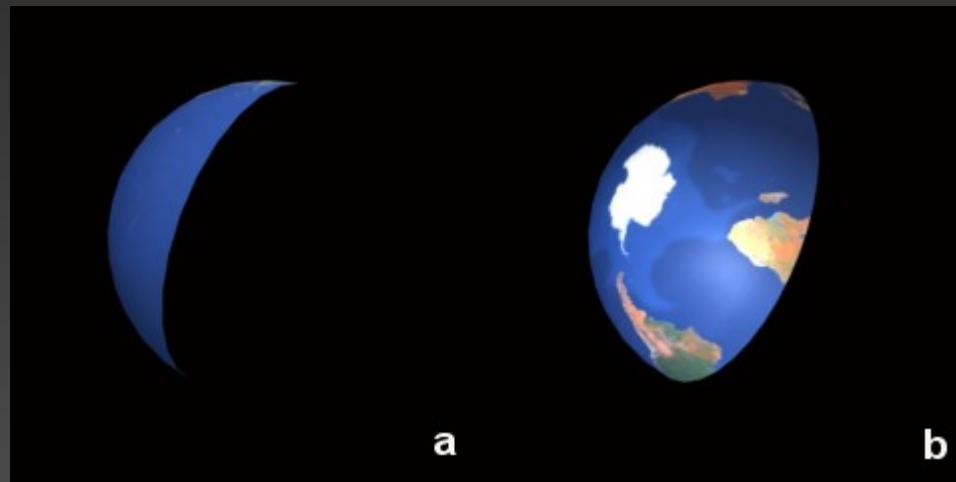
Vlastnosti polygonů



- bez průsečíků, konvexní, v jedné rovině
 - případně teselace
- nejlépe trojúhelník
- Čelní a zadní strana
 - určené pořadím zadávání vertexů (prav. pravé ruky)

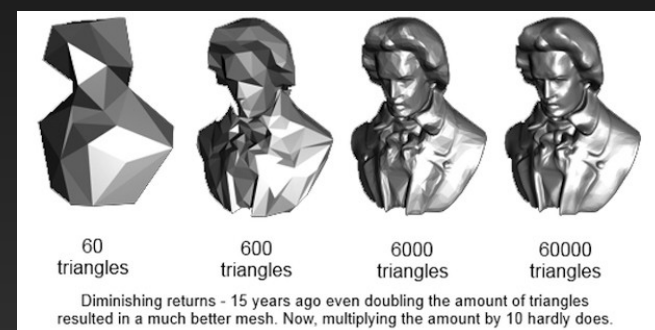
Vlastnosti polygonů

- ATTRIBUTES pro jednotlivé vertexy
 - poloha, barva, normála, texturovací souřadnice...
- Čelní a zadní strana **různé vlastnosti vykreslování**
 - body, hrany, vyplněná plocha
`glPolygonMode(face, mode)`
face: `GL_FRONT_AND_BACK`, `GL_FRONT`, `GL_BACK`
mode: `GL_POINT`, `GL_LINE`, `GL_FILL`
 - ořez
`glCullFace(mode)`
`GL_FRONT_AND_BACK`, `GL_FRONT`, `GL_BACK`

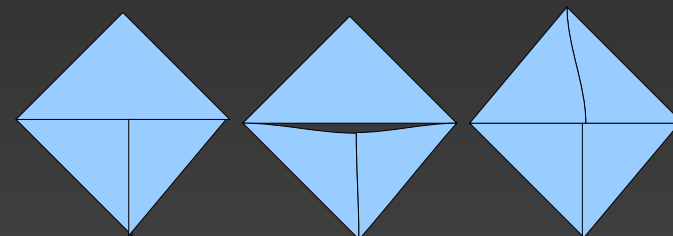


Doporučení

- Shodná orientace, CCW ↻
- Trojúhelníky (konvexní, vždy v rovině)
- Kompromis kvalita X množství polygonů
 - adaptivní dělení
 - podle křivosti
 - podle vzdálenosti
 - podle hrany
 - tečna - skalární součin se blíží nule

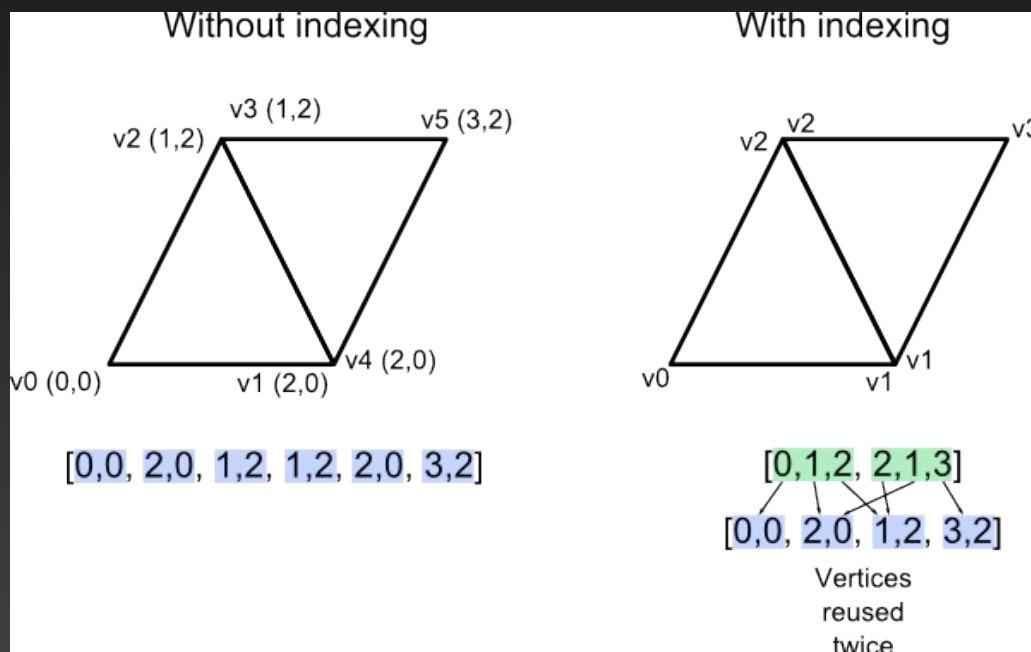


- Nepoužívat T křížení!
- Pro napojení použít přesně stejná čísla
 $(a + b) + c \neq a + (b + c)$

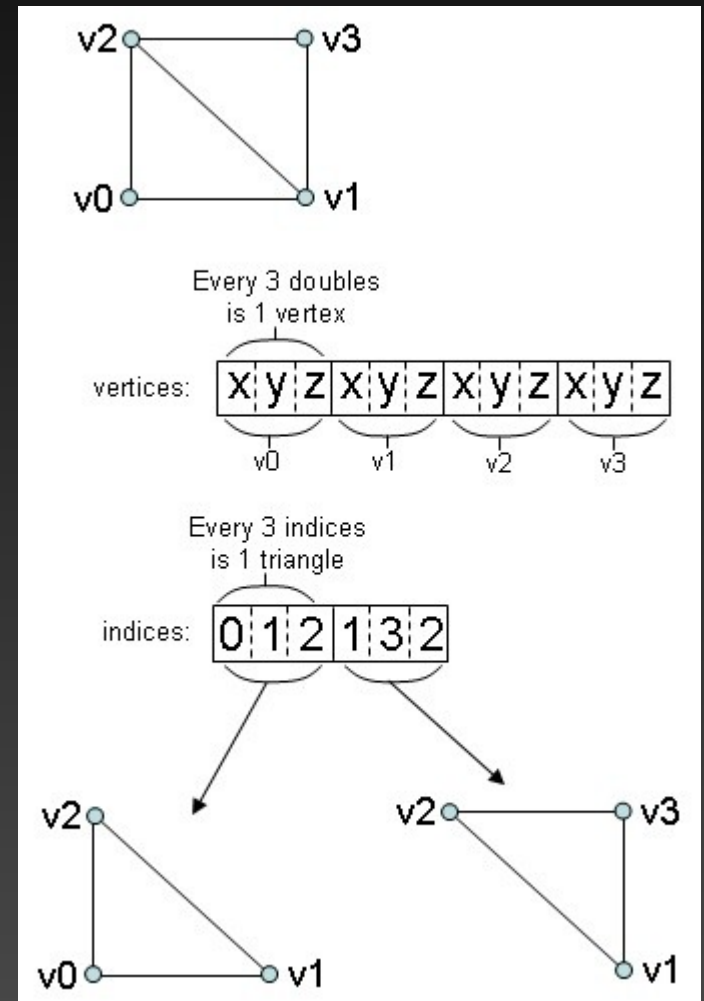


Pole souřadnic vs. pole indexů souřadnic

2D



3D



Některá vykreslovací volání

OpenGL 3.3
draw calls.

V vertex C color n normal mode=GL_TRIANGLES, etc
p pointer i index X length type=GL_UNSIGNED_INT, etc

glVertexPointer(size, type, stride, pointer p)
 glColorPointer(size, type, stride, pointer p)
 glNormalPointer(size, type, stride, pointer p)
 etc.

glBegin()
 glArrayElement(index i)
 glEnd()

glDrawArrays(mode, first i, count 3)
 (and variant 'DrawArraysInstanced')

glMultiDrawArrays(
 mode,
 first p,
 count p,
 primcount 2)

glDrawElements(
 mode,
 count 3,
 type, ...
 indices p)

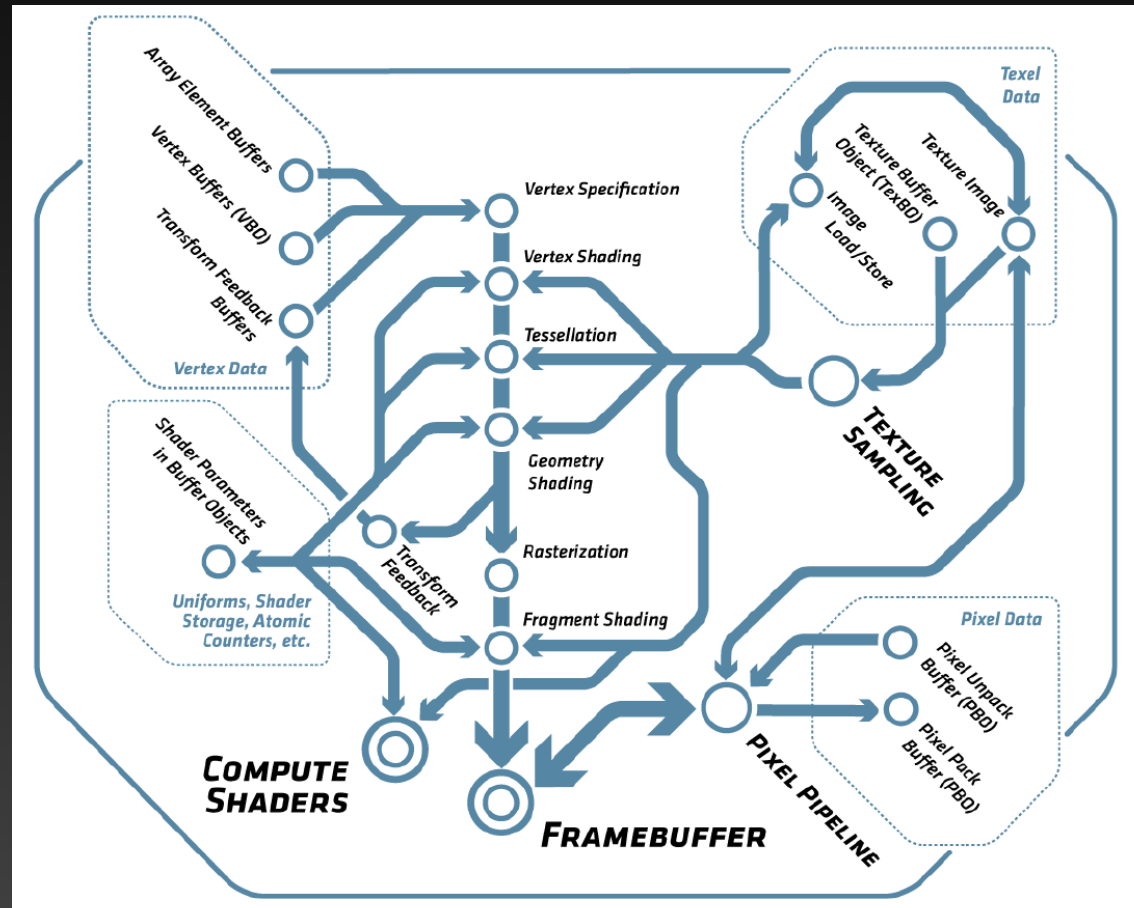
(and variants 'DrawRangeElements', 'DrawElementsInstanced' and '...BaseVertex')

glMultiDrawElements(
 mode,
 count p,
 type, ...
 indices p,
 primcount 2)

(and variant 'MultiDrawElementsBaseVertex')

Using buffers for vertex data

- Used with shaders
- Linear memory in GPU
- Identified by ID
 - allocate
`glCreateBuffers()`, `glGenBuffers()`
 - activate buffer
`glBindBuffer()`
 - obtain data
 - fill to GPU
`glBufferData()`
 - map CPU → GPU
`glMapBuffer()`
 - draw
`glDrawArrays()`, `glDrawElements()`,...
- Buffers are in GPU mem
 - **fast**
 - allocation can fail
(no GPU mem paging)
 - changing data is not straightforward



Vertex data

- Vertex Array Object = VAO
 - Container for grouping of attribute settings, placement etc.
 - Single rebinding by `glBindVertexArray(VAO2)` prepares vertex data of other object for draw
- Generic array
 - any data, YOU must specify how to interpret
 - `glVertexAttrib()`
 - define meaning of specific attribute, data types etc.
 - attribute on position 0 \approx position \approx `glVertex()`
 - `glVertexAttribPointer()`
 - array of attributes; vertices and others (interleaved)
 - `glEnableVertexAttribArray()`
 - enable usage of the attribute at specified slot

VAO – direct coordinates

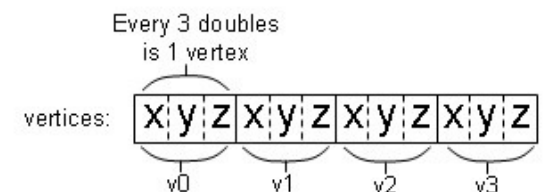
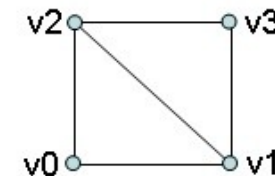
- Only vertices as glm::vec3 (VAO pointer slot = 0)

```
//existing data
std::vector<glm::vec3> vertices = { };
std::vector<GLuint> indices = { };

//GL names for Array and Buffers Objects
GLuint VAO, VBO;

// Generate the VAO and VBO
glGenVertexArrays(1, &VAO);
glGenBuffers(1, &VBO);
// Bind VAO (set as the current)
glBindVertexArray(VAO);
// Bind the VBO, set type as GL_ARRAY_BUFFER
glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, VBO);
// Fill-in data into the VBO
glBufferData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, vertices.size() * sizeof(glm::vec3), vertices.data(), GL_STATIC_DRAW);
// Set Vertex Attribute to explain OpenGL how to interpret the VBO
glVertexAttribPointer(0, 3, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, sizeof(glm::vec3), reinterpret_cast<void*>(0));
// Enable the Vertex Attribute 0 = position
glEnableVertexAttribArray(0);
// Bind VBO and VAO to 0 to prevent unintended modification of VAO,VBO
glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, 0);
glBindVertexArray(0);

// USE
glUseProgram(shaderProgram);
glBindVertexArray(VAO);
glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLES, 0, vertices.size());
```



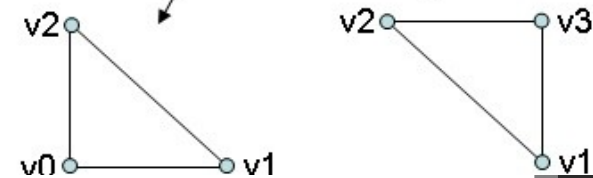
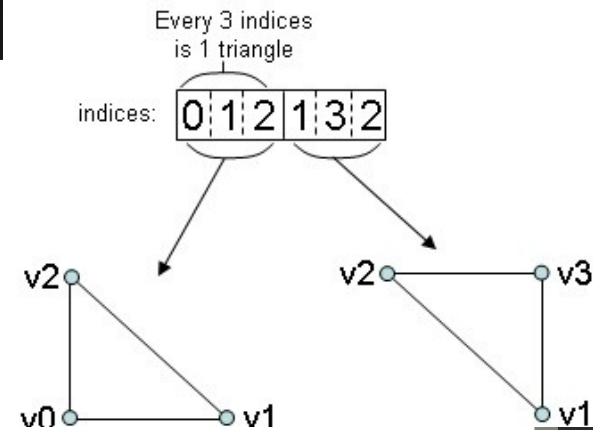
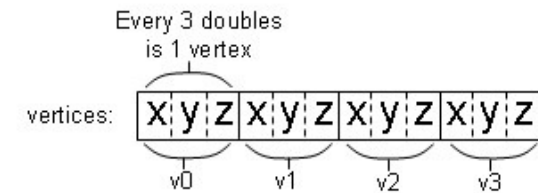
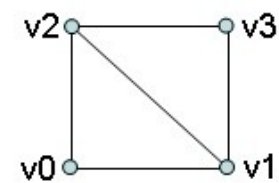
VAO – indirect

```
//existing data
std::vector<glm::vec3> vertices = { };
std::vector<GLuint> indices = { };

//GL names for Array and Buffers Objects
GLuint VAO, VBO, EBO;

// Generate the VAO and VBO
glGenVertexArrays(1, &VAO);
glGenBuffers(1, &VBO);
glGenBuffers(1, &EBO);
// Bind VAO (set as the current)
glBindVertexArray(VAO);
// Bind the VBO, set type as GL_ARRAY_BUFFER
glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, VBO);
// Fill-in data into the VBO
glBufferData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, vertices.size() * sizeof(vertex), vertices.data(), GL_STATIC_DRAW);
// Bind EBO, set type GL_ELEMENT_ARRAY_BUFFER
glBindBuffer(GL_ELEMENT_ARRAY_BUFFER, EBO);
// Fill-in data into the EBO
glBufferData(GL_ELEMENT_ARRAY_BUFFER, indices.size() * sizeof(GLuint), indices.data(), GL_STATIC_DRAW);
// Set Vertex Attribute to explain OpenGL how to interpret the VBO
glVertexAttribPointer(0, 3, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, sizeof(vertex), reinterpret_cast<void*>(0 + offsetof(vertex, position)));
// Enable the Vertex Attribute 0 = position
glEnableVertexAttribArray(0);
// Bind VBO and VAO to 0 to prevent unintended modification of VAO,VBO
glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, 0);
glBindVertexArray(0);
glBindBuffer(GL_ELEMENT_ARRAY_BUFFER, 0);

// USE
glUseProgram(shaderProgram);
glBindVertexArray(VAO);
glDrawElements(GL_TRIANGLES, indices.size(), GL_UNSIGNED_INT, 0);
```



VAO – additional vertex attributes (colors, normals, etc.)

```
//existing data
struct my_vertex {
    glm::vec3 position; // Vertex
    glm::vec3 normal;   // Normal
    glm::vec2 texcoord; // Texcoord0
};
std::vector<my_vertex> vertices = { };

...
// Set Vertex Attribute to explain OpenGL how to interpret the VBO
glVertexAttribPointer(0, 3, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, sizeof(my_vertex), reinterpret_cast<void*>(0 + offsetof(my_vertex, position)));
// Enable the Vertex Attribute 0 = position
glEnableVertexAttribArray(0);

// Set end enable Vertex Attribute 1 = Normal
glVertexAttribPointer(1, 3, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, sizeof(my_vertex), reinterpret_cast<void*>(0 + offsetof(my_vertex, normal)));
glEnableVertexAttribArray(1);

// Set end enable Vertex Attribute 2 = Texture Coordinates
glVertexAttribPointer(2, 2, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, sizeof(my_vertex), reinterpret_cast<void*>(0 + offsetof(my_vertex, texcoord)));
glEnableVertexAttribArray(2);

...
```

```
#version 330 core
layout (location = 0) in vec3 aPos; // Positions/Coordinates
layout (location = 1) in vec3 aNormal; // Normals
layout (location = 2) in vec2 aTex; // Texture Coordinates

uniform mat4 uProj_m, uV_m, uM_m;

out VS_OUT {
    vec3 color; // Outputs color for FS
    out vec2 texCoord; // Outputs texture coordinates for FS
} vs_out;

void main() {
    // Outputs coordinates of all vertices
    gl_Position = uProj_m * uV_m * uM_m * vec4(aPos, 1.0f);

    // Assigns the colors somehow
    vs_out.color = vec3(1.0); //white

    // Pass the texture coordinates to "texCoord" for FS
    vs_out.texCoord = aTex;
}
```

One textured triangle: Core profile

```
#version 330 core
layout (location = 0) in vec3 aPos; // Positions/Coordinates
layout (location = 1) in vec2 aTex; // Texture Coordinates

uniform mat4 uProj_m, uV_m, uM_m;

out VS_OUT {
    vec3 color; // Outputs color for FS
    vec2 texCoord; // Outputs texture coordinates for FS
} vs_out;

void main() {
    // Outputs coordinates of all vertices
    gl_Position = uProj_m * uV_m * uM_m * vec4(aPos, 1.0f);

    // Assigns the colors somehow
    vs_out.color = vec3(1.0); //white

    // Pass the texture coordinates to "texCoord" for FS
    vs_out.texCoord = aTex;
}
```

```
#version 330 core
in VS_OUT {
    vec3 color; // color for FS
    vec2 texCoord; // texture coordinates for FS
} fs_in;

uniform sampler2D tex0; // texture unit from C++

out vec4 FragColor; // Final output

void main() {
    FragColor = fs_in.color * texture(tex0, fs_in.texCoord);
}
```

```
//existing data
struct my_vertex {
    glm::vec3 position; // Vertex
    glm::vec2 texcoord; // Texcoord0
};

std::vector<my_vertex> vertices = {
    { {200, 50, 0}, {0, 0} },
    { {50, 250, 0}, {0, 1} },
    { {350, 250, 0}, {1, 1} } };

std::vector<GLuint> indices = {0, 1, 2};

//GL names for Array and Buffers Objects
GLuint VAO, VBO, EBO;

// Generate the VAO and VBO
glGenVertexArrays(1, &VAO);
glGenBuffers(1, &VBO);
glGenBuffers(1, &EBO);
// Bind VAO (set as the current)
glBindVertexArray(VAO);
// Bind the VBO, set type as GL_ARRAY_BUFFER
glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, VBO);
// Fill-in data into the VBO
glBufferData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, vertices.size() * sizeof(vertex),
    vertices.data(), GL_STATIC_DRAW);
// Bind EBO, set type GL_ELEMENT_ARRAY_BUFFER
glBindBuffer(GL_ELEMENT_ARRAY_BUFFER, EBO);
// Fill-in data into the EBO
glBufferData(GL_ELEMENT_ARRAY_BUFFER, indices.size() * sizeof(GLuint),
    indices.data(), GL_STATIC_DRAW);
// Set Vertex Attribute to explain OpenGL how to interpret the VBO
glVertexAttribPointer(0, 3, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, sizeof(vertex),
    (void*)(0 + offsetof(vertex, position)));
// Enable the Vertex Attribute 0 = position
glEnableVertexAttribArray(0);

// Set end enable Vertex Attribute 1 = Texture Coordinates
glVertexAttribPointer(1, 2, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, sizeof(my_vertex),
    (void*)(0 + offsetof(my_vertex, normal)));
glEnableVertexAttribArray(1);

// Bind VBO and VAO to 0 to prevent unintended modification
glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, 0);
glBindVertexArray(0);
glBindBuffer(GL_ELEMENT_ARRAY_BUFFER, 0);

// create and use shaders
GLuint VS_h, FS_h, prog_h;
VS_h = glCreateShader(GL_VERTEX_SHADER);
FS_h = glCreateShader(GL_FRAGMENT_SHADER);
glShaderSource(VS_h, 1, &VS_string, NULL);
glShaderSource(FS_h, 1, &FS_string, NULL);
glCompileShader(VS_h);
glCompileShader(FS_h);
prog_h = glCreateProgram();
glAttachShader(prog_h, VS_h);
glAttachShader(prog_h, FS_h);
glLinkProgram(prog_h);
glUseProgram(prog_h);

// USE buffers
glBindVertexArray(VAO);

glDrawElements(GL_TRIANGLES, indices.size(), GL_UNSIGNED_INT, 0);
```