\* Kerolição Extraoficial P1-M5211-2º/2017/VALLE -7 Tomás J. R. Sehre -7 23/set/2019

(a) Kischer usando a Éliminação de Guis Com Pisoteamento Parrial.

 $am_{21} = \frac{z}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$   $m_{31} = \frac{3}{4}$   $m_{41} = \frac{1}{4}$ 

$$A^{(1)} = \begin{cases} 4 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & z & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & -3 \\ 0 & 7 & 3 & 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ -4 & -4 & -3 \\ 0 & 7 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\overline{A}^{(1)} = 
\begin{bmatrix}
4 & 6 & 0 & 4 \\
6 & 7 & 6 & -7 \\
6 & 0 & 3 & -3 \\
0 & 2 & 3 & 3
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
4 \\
-4
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
4 \\
-3
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
6 \\
7
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
7 \\
6
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
9 \\
7
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
9 \\
7
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 7 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 6 & 3 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$
 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -4 \\ -3 \\ 13 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bar{A}^{(2)} = A^{(2)}$$
  $\bar{b}^{(2)} = b^{(2)}$   $max 2 fy mode$ 

$$A^{(3)} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 7 & e & -7 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix}, b^{(3)} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -4 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Usaremos o Lutério das Links
$$d_{i} = \frac{1}{|\alpha_{ii}|} \left( \sum_{j \neq i} |\alpha_{ij}| \right) \times i , i \in [1, m]$$

(\*) 
$$d_1 = \frac{1}{5}(\omega+1)$$
  
 $d_2 = \frac{1}{4}(2+1) = 0.75<1$ 

$$\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{|w|} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{|w|} \frac{1}{|$$

b) 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -1 & 3 \\ 2 & -4 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, b = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 9 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\overline{X}^{(0)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^{T}$$

$$X_{1}^{(1)} = (b_{1} - (a_{12} X_{2}^{(0)} + a_{13} X_{3}^{(0)}))/a_{11}$$

$$X_{2}^{(1)} = (b_{2} - (a_{21} X_{1}^{(1)} + a_{23} X_{3}^{(0)}))/a_{12} - (a_{31} X_{1}^{(1)} + a_{32} X_{2}^{(0)})/a_{33}$$

$$X_{1}^{(1)} = (8 - (-1) \cdot 0 + (3) \cdot 0) / 5 = 8/5$$

$$X_{2}^{(1)} = (9 - (2)(\frac{8}{5}) + (1)(0))/-4 = -37/20$$

$$X_{3}^{(1)} = (3 - (-1)(\frac{8}{5}) + (1)(0))/-4 = -37/20$$

$$\frac{|Q.3|}{a)} f(x) = 2x + e^{x}$$

$$x^{(u)} = -0.35$$

$$f'(x) = 2 + e^{x}$$

$$x^{(u)} = \int (x^{(u)})^{2} = -0.35 - \int \frac{2 \cdot (-0.35) + e^{-0.35}}{2 + e^{-0.35}} = -0.35123$$

$$|x^{(1)} - x^{(0)}| = 0.00123 < 0.002$$

$$|x^{(1)} - x^{(0)}| = x^{2} - 2x - 3,$$

$$temor f'(x) = x - 2x - 2$$
Assim, 
$$f(x) = x - \frac{f(x)}{f'(x)} = x - \frac{x^{2} - 2x - 3}{2x - 2} = \frac{2x^{2} - 2x - x^{2} + 2x + 3}{2x - 2}$$

$$= \frac{x^{2} + 3}{2x - 2} / \frac{1}{2x - 2}$$
Johnson tanking full  $x^{(K)} = f(x)(x^{(K)})$ ,  $k = 1, 2 - \frac{x^{2} - 2x - 2}{2x - 2}$ 
Logo, note full  $x^{(K)} = f^{(K)}(x^{(u)}) = f^{(K)}(0.9)$ 
Compositor

$$\begin{cases} \chi_1^2 + \chi_2 = 4 \\ \chi_2 = e^{\chi_1} \end{cases}$$

a) 
$$F(x) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1^2 + x_2 - 4 \\ -e^{x_1} + x_2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad J(x) = \begin{bmatrix} Zx_1 & 1 \\ -e^{x_1} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X^{(0)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2.9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J(x^{(0)}) \ \delta^{(0)} = -F(x^{(0)}) - \int_{-e}^{e} \left[ \frac{2}{e^{-e}} \right] \left[ \frac{\delta_{i}^{(0)}}{\delta_{i}^{(0)}} \right] = \begin{bmatrix} -0.1 \\ 0.182 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D^{(0)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.06 \\ -6.07 \end{bmatrix} \text{ Lago, } X^{(1)} = X^{(0)} + D^{(0)} = \\ = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 7.9 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0.06 \\ -0.07 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.06 \\ 2.88 \end{bmatrix}$$

Note que || x("- x(0))| = || n(0)|| = 0.06 < 0.02

b) Note gue tento  $F(x) = \int_{-e^{x_1} + x_2}^{x_1^2 + x_2^2 + y} f$   $\int_{-e^{x_1} + x_2}^{x_2^2 + y} f$   $\int_{-e^{x_1} + y}^{x_2^2 + y} f(x_1, x_2) \in \mathbb{R}^2, \quad \exists f(x_1, x_2) \in \mathbb{R}^2$   $\exists \int_{-e^{x_1} + y}^{x_2^2 + y} f(x_1, x_2) \in \mathbb{R}^2$   $\exists \int_{-e^{x_1} + y}^{x_2^2 + y} f(x_1, x_2) \in \mathbb{R}^2$