World Education and and Unemployment

The Potential Relation and The Gender Disparities

STAT 4380: Data Science Prof. Jacob Rozan Tommy Nguyen

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- Data Wrangling
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O2 Education & unemployment

- Data Wrangling
- Data visualization
- Conclusions

04 Concerns & Suggestions

- Addressing shortcomings
- Potential future work

I) Is there a relationship between education and unemployment?

2) Is there a disparities between male and female in these two fields?



10 of 29 columns 🗸

About this file

Detail Compact Column

This dataset provides a comprehensive global perspective on education, offering vital insights into diverse education systems worldwide. It covers essential metrics like out-of-school rates, completion rates, proficiency levels, literacy rates, birth rates, and enrollment in primary and tertiary education. It's a valuable resource for researchers, educators, and policymakers looking to assess and improve education systems globally.

▲ Countries and are =	A Latitude	=	A Longitude	=	# OOSR_Pre0Prima =	# OOSR_Pre0Prima =	# OOSR_Primary_A =	# OOSR_Primary_A =	# 00
Name of the countries and areas.				gitude coordinates of geographical location. Out-of-school rate for pre-primary age males.		Out-of-school rate for pre-primary age females.	Out-of-school rate for primary age males.	Out-of-school rate for primary age females.	Out-of lower s males.
202 unique values	0.02	65	0.82	178	0 96	0 96	0 58	0 67	0
Afghanistan	33.93911		67.709953		0	0	0	0	0
Albania	41.153332		20.168331		4	2	6	3	6
Algeria	28.033886		1.659626		0	0	0	0	0
Andorra	42.506285		1.521801		0	0	0	0	0
Angola	11.202692		17.873887		31	39	0	0	0
Anguilla	18.220554		63.068615		14	0	0	0	0
Antigua and Barbuda	17.060816		61.796428		14	4	4	1	1
Argentina	38.416097		63.616672		2	2	0	0	0
Armenia	40.069099		45.038189		52	50	9	9	11
Australia	25.274398		133.775136		13	14	0	0	2
Austria	47.516231		14.550072		0	0	0	0	1
Azerbaijan	40.143105		47.576927		32	19	10	7	0
The Bahamas	25.03428		77.39628		0	0	0	0	23
Bahrain	26.0667		50.5577		31	28	2	3	7

Data Explorer

Version 1 (21.64 kB)

■ Global_Education.csv

Summary

- ▶ □ 1 file
- ▶ **III** 29 columns

The World Factbook by CIA

Data Card Code (3) Discussion (0)

- Economy: Public debt
- Economy: Public debt note
- Economy: Real GDP (purchasing power parity)
- Economy: Real GDP (purchasing power parity) note
- . Economy: Real GDP growth rate
- Economy: Real GDP growth rate note
- · Economy: Real GDP per capita
- Economy: Real GDP per capita note
- . Economy: Reserves of foreign exchange and gold
- . Economy: Reserves of foreign exchange and gold note
- Economy: Taxes and other revenues
- · Economy: Taxes and other revenues note
- Economy: Unemployment rate
- Economy: Unemployment rate note
- Economy: Unemployment, youth ages 15-24 female
- Economy: Unemployment, youth ages 15-24 male
- Economy: Unemployment, youth ages 15-24 note
- Economy: Unemployment, youth ages 15-24 total



丛 Download (5 MB)



Contains information about Energy, Geography, Environment, Economy, Transportation, Government, Military, etc..

About Dataset

underpins the functioning of free societies.

The World Factbook is an almanac published by the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA).

The World Factbook, produced for US policymakers and coordinated throughout the US Intelligence Community, presents the basic realities about the world in which we live. We share these facts with the people of all nations in the belief that knowledge of the truth

Provenance

SOURCES

The World Factbook 2021. Washington, DC: Central Intelligence Agency, 2021. https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/

^	Country		IntroductionBackground	GeographyLocation	GeographyGeographic.coo
1	Afghanistan	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/af	Ahmad Shah DURRANI unified the Pashtun tribes an	Southern Asia, north and west of Pakistan, east of Iran	33 00 N, 65 00 E
2	Akrotiri	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/ak	By terms of the 1960 Treaty of Establishment that c	Eastern Mediterranean, peninsula on the southwest	34 37 N, 32 58 E
3	Albania	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/al	Albania declared its independence from the Ottoma	Southeastern Europe, bordering the Adriatic Sea an	41 00 N, 20 00 E
4	Algeria	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/al	Algeria has known many empires and dynasties star	Northern Africa, bordering the Mediterranean Sea, b	28 00 N, 3 00 E
5	American Samoa	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/a	Tutuila was settled by 1000 B.C. and the island serv	Oceania, group of islands in the South Pacific Ocean	14 20 S, 170 00 W
6	Andorra	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/an	The Moorish invasion of Spain in the 8th century an	Southwestern Europe, Pyrenees mountains, on the	42 30 N, 1 30 E
7	Angola	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/an	From the late 14th to the mid 19th century a Kingdo	Southern Africa, bordering the South Atlantic Ocean	12 30 S, 18 30 E
8	Anguilla	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/an	Colonized by English settlers from Saint Kitts in 165	Caribbean, islands between the Caribbean Sea and \dots	18 15 N, 63 10 W
9	Antarctica	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/an	Speculation over the existence of a "southern land"	continent mostly south of the Antarctic Circle	90 00 S, 0 00 E
10	Antigua and Barbuda	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/an	The Siboney were the first people to inhabit the isla	Caribbean, islands between the Caribbean Sea and	17 03 N, 61 48 W
11	Argentina	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/ar	In 1816, the United Provinces of the Rio Plata declar	Southern South America, bordering the South Atlant	34 00 S, 64 00 W
12	Armenia	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/ar	Armenia prides itself on being the first nation to for	Southwestern Asia, between Turkey (to the west) an	40 00 N, 45 00 E
13	Aruba	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/ar	Discovered and claimed for Spain in 1499, Aruba w	Caribbean, island in the Caribbean Sea, north of Ve	12 30 N, 69 58 W
14	Ashmore and Cartier Islands	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/as	Indonesian fishermen have long fished in the area a	Southeastern Asia, islands in the Indian Ocean, mid	12 25 S, 123 20 E
15	Australia	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/au	Aboriginal Australians arrived on the continent at le	Oceania, continent between the Indian Ocean and t	27 00 S, 133 00 E
16	Austria	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/au	Once the center of power for the large Austro-Hung	Central Europe, north of Italy and Slovenia	47 20 N, 13 20 E
17	Azerbaijan	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/az	Azerbaijan - a secular nation with a majority-Turkic a	Southwestern Asia, bordering the Caspian Sea, bet	40 30 N, 47 30 E
18	Bahamas, The	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/ba	Lucayan Indians inhabited the islands when Christo	chain of islands in the North Atlantic Ocean, southe	24 15 N, 76 00 W
19	Bahrain	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/ba	In 1783, the Sunni Al-KHALIFA family took power in	Middle East, archipelago in the Persian Gulf, east of	26 00 N, 50 33 E
20	Baker Island	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/ba	All of the following US Pacific island territories exce	Oceania	
21	Bangladesh	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/ba	The huge delta region formed at the confluence of t	Southern Asia, bordering the Bay of Bengal, betwee	24 00 N, 90 00 E
22	Barbados	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/ba	The island was uninhabited when first settled by the	Caribbean, island in the North Atlantic Ocean, north	13 10 N, 59 32 W
23	Belarus	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/be	After seven decades as a constituent republic of the	Eastern Europe, east of Poland	53 00 N, 28 00 E
24	Belgium	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/be	Belgium became independent from the Netherlands	Western Europe, bordering the North Sea, between	50 50 N, 4 00 E
25	Belize	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/be	Belize was the site of several Mayan city states until	Central America, bordering the Caribbean Sea, betw	17 15 N, 88 45 W
26	Benin	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/be	Present day Benin is comprised of about 42 ethnic g	Western Africa, bordering the Bight of Benin, betwe	9 30 N, 2 15 E
27	Bermuda	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/be	Bermuda was first settled in 1609 by shipwrecked E	North America, group of islands in the North Atlanti	32 20 N, 64 45 W
28	Bhutan	https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/countries/bh	Following Britain's victory in the 1865 Duar War, Bri	Southern Asia, between China and India	27 30 N, 90 30 E

Showing 1 to 28 of 258 entries, 1071 total columns

What are the considered factors?

World Education Data

- + Out of school rate (OOSR):
 lower secondary male, upper
 secondary male, lower
 secondary female, upper
 secondary female
- + Completion rate: lower secondary, upper secondary
- + Gross tertiary education enrollment

CIA World Factbook

- + Unemployment rate
- Unemployment rate, youth ages
 15 24
- + Unemployment rate, youth ages 15 - 24 female
- + Unemployment rate, youth ages 15 - 24_ male

Provenance

SOURCES

Out of school rate - UNESCO Institute for Statistics (last updated in March 2021): Shows the percentage of children and youth not attending school.

Completion rate - UNICEF Global Database (last updated in April 2021): Indicates the percentage of students successfully completing their education.

Provenance

SOURCES

The World Factbook 2021. Washington, DC: Central Intelligence Agency, 2021. https://www.cia.gov/the-world-factbook/







```
``{r data_wrangling_unemployment_rates}
                                                                                         Population
#Read csv files
education_df <- read.csv('Global_Education.csv')</pre>
                                                                                         38,346,720 (2022 est.)
countries_df <- read.csv('countries.csv')</pre>
                                                                                         3,095,344 (2022 est.)
#Rename columns
                                                                                         44,178,884 (2022 est.)
sub_countries_df <- countries_df[,c(1,6,32,224:227)]</pre>
sub_countries_df <- sub_countries_df %>%
                                                                                        Unemployment Rate 2021
    rename(Unemployement_rate_ages.15.24
=Economy..Youth.unemployment.rate..ages.15.24....total ) %>%
                                                                                        13.28% (2021 est.)11.71% (2020 est.)11.22% (201...
    rename(Unemployement_rate_ages.15.24_male
                                                                                        11.82% (2021 est.)13.33% (2020 est.)11.47% (201...
=Economy..Youth.unemployment.rate..ages.15.24....male) %>%
    rename(Unemployement_rate_ages.15.24_female
                                                                                        12.7% (2021 est.)12.55% (2020 est.)10.51% (2019 ...
=Economy..Youth.unemployment.rate..ages.15.24....female) %>%
                                                                                         8.53% (2021 est.)8.33% (2020 est.)7.42% (2019 est.)
    rename(Population=People.and.Society..Population) %>%
    rename(Unemployment_Rate_2021 = Economy..Unemployment.rate) %>%
    filter(grep1('2021',Unemployment_Rate_2021))
                                                                                          Unemployement rate ages.15.24 male
#Set uniform format for each columns
                                                                                          18.6%
sub_countries_df$Unemployment_Rate_2021 <-</pre>
    str_extract(sub_countries_df$Unemployment_Rate_2021,"\\d*\\.?\\d*")
                                                                                          28%
sub_countries_df$Unemployement_rate_ages.15.24 <-</pre>
    str_extract(sub_countries_df$Unemployement_rate_ages.15.24,"\\d*\\.?\\d*
                                                                                          27.8%
sub_countries_df$Unemployement_rate_ages.15.24_female <-</pre>
                                                                                          Unemployement rate ages.15.24 female
    str_extract(sub_countries_df$Unemployement_rate_ages.15.24_female."\\d*\
\.?\\d*")
                                                                                          26.4% (2021 est.)
sub_countries_df$Unemployement_rate_ages.15.24_male <-</pre>
    str_extract(sub_countries_df$Unemployement_rate_ages.15.24_male,"\\d*\\.
                                                                                          27.6% (2021 est.)
?\\d*")
sub_countries_df$Population <- sub_countries_df$Population %>%
                                                                                          54% (2021 est.)
    str_extract("\\d*\\,?\\d*\\,?\\d*")
sub_countries_df$Population <- gsub(",","",sub_countries_df$Population)</pre>
                                                                                          18.8% (2021 est.)
```

```
#Reformat "country" values for merging
sub\_countries\_df\\ Country <- sub("^([^,]+), (.+)$", "\^2 \^1", sub\_countries\_df\\ Country)
sub\_countries\_df\Country <- sub("\s*\\([^)]+\\)", "", sub\_countries\_df\Country)
                                                                                                                      38 Congo, Democratic Republic of the
#Rename for merging
old_name <- c("Burma", "Czechia", "Cabo Verde", "Ireland", "Timor-Leste", "Virgin Islands")
                                                                                                                      39 Congo, Republic of the
new_name <- c("Myanmar","Czech Republic","Cape Verde", "Republic of Ireland","East Timor","British Virgin</pre>
Islands")
sub_countries_df$Country[sub_countries_df$Country %in% old_name] <- new_name</pre>
education_df <- education_df %>%
                                                                                                                   Country
   rename(Country = Countries.and.areas) %>%
    select(-Unemployment Rate)
                                                                                                                   Timor-Leste S
#Merging
inner_df <- education_df %>%
   inner_join(sub_countries_df, by="Country")
                                                                                                                     Countries.and.areas
inner df <- inner df %>%
    rename(Continents_Regions = Geography..Map.references )
                                                                                                                    Fast Timor
#Correcting some values
inner df$Continents Regions[inner df$Country=="France"] <- "Europe"
inner_df$Continents_Regions[inner_df$Country=="Iceland"] <- "Europe"</pre>
inner_df$Continents_Regions[inner_df$Country=="Ukraine"] <- "Europe"</pre>
                                                                                                                      Continents Regions
#Filter only needed columns
merged_df <- inner_df %>%
                                                                                                                      AsiaEurope
    select(-c(Latitude,Longitude,Birth_Rate, Grade_2_3_Proficiency_Reading, Grade_2_3_Proficiency_Math,
Primary_End_Proficiency_Reading.
Primary_End_Proficiency_Math,Lower_Secondary_End_Proficiency_Reading,Lower_Secondary_End_Proficiency_Math,Gro
ss_Primary_Education_Enrollment,Completion_Rate_Primary_Female,Completion_Rate_Primary_Male,OOSR_Pre0Primary_
Age_Female, OOSR_Pre0Primary_Age_Male, OOSR_Primary_Age_Female, OOSR_Primary_Age_Male))
colnames(merged_df)
                                                                                                                      Continents Regions
#Set remaining columns to be numeric
cols <- c("Unemployment_Rate_2021","Unemployement_rate_ages.15.24","Unemployement_rate_ages.15.24_male","Unem</pre>
                                                                                                                     Arctic Region
ployement_rate_ages.15.24_female", "Population")
merged_df[cols] <- lapply(merged_df[cols], as.numeric)</pre>
typeof(merged_df$Population)
```

{r data_wrangling_merging_two_dataframes}

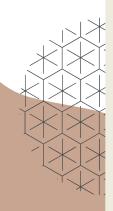
Resulting dataframe

- [1] "Country"
- [4] "OOSR_Upper_Secondary_Age_Male"
- [7] "Completion_Rate_Lower_Secondary_Female"
- [10] "Gross_Tertiary_Education_Enrollment"
- [13] "Unemployment_Rate_2021"
- [16] "Unemployement_rate_ages.15.24_female"
- "OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Male"
- "OOSR_Upper_Secondary_Age_Female"
- "Completion_Rate_Upper_Secondary_Male"
- "Continents_Regions"
- "Unemployement_rate_ages.15.24"

- "OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Female"
- "Completion_Rate_Lower_Secondary_Male"
- "Completion_Rate_Upper_Secondary_Female"
- "Population"
- "Unemployement_rate_ages.15.24_male"

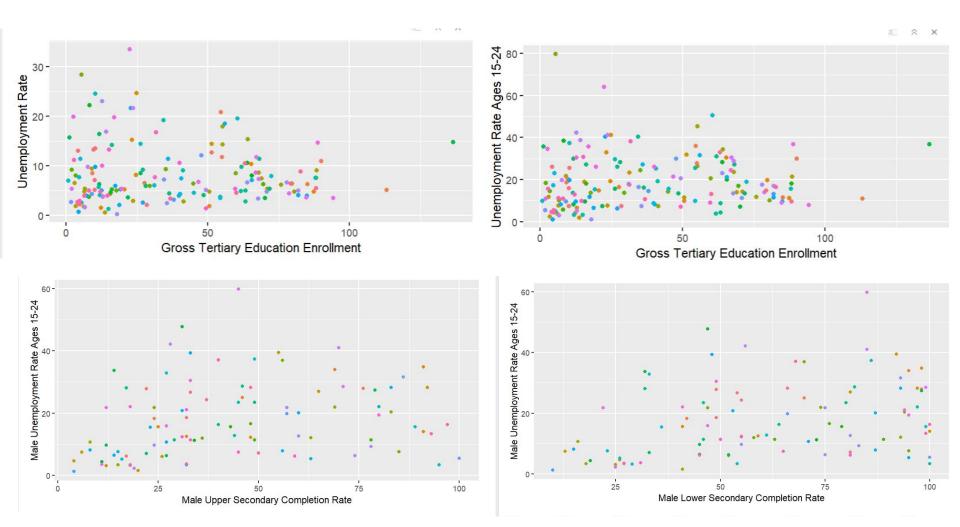
•	Country	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Male	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Female +	OOSR_Upper_Secondary_Age_Male ÷	OOSR_Upper_Secondary_Age_Female ÷
1	Afghanistan	0	0	44	69
2	Albania	6	1	21	15
3	Algeria	0	0	0	0
4	Angola	0	0	0	0
5	Argentina	0	0	15	7
5	Armenia	11	9	16	4
7	Australia	2	3	10	6

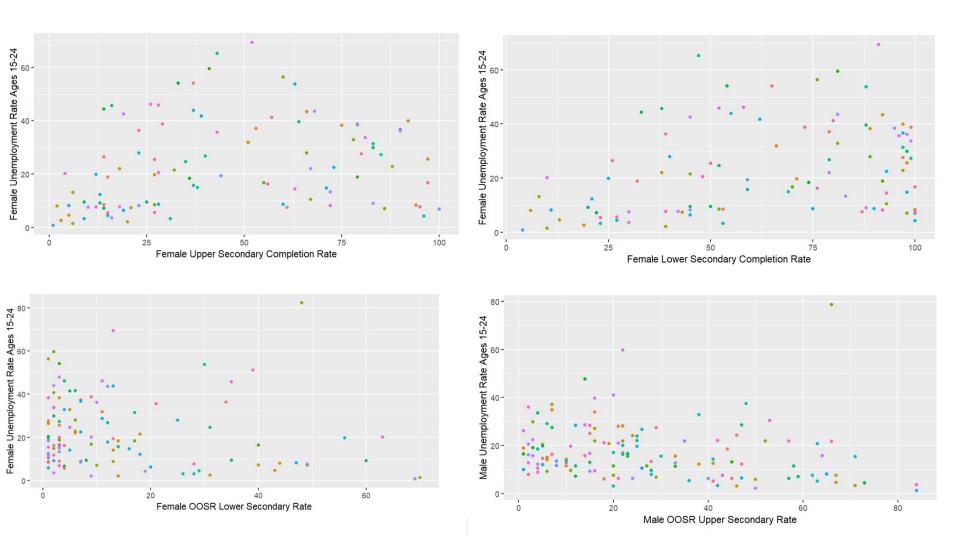
Ratios to compare



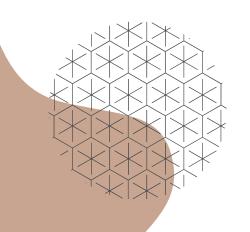
- Gross Tertiary Education Enrollment vs Unemployment Rate
- Gross Tertiary Education Enrollment vs Unemployment Rate age 15 – 24.
- Upper/Lower Secondary Male Completion Rate vs Male
 Unemployment Rate Ages 15-24
- Upper/Lower Secondary Female Completion Rate vs Female Unemployment Rate Ages 15-24
- Male OOSR Upper/Lower Secondary vs Male Unemployment Rate Ages 15-24
- Female OOSR Upper/Lower Secondary vs Female Unemployment Rate Ages 15-24







New questions to consider



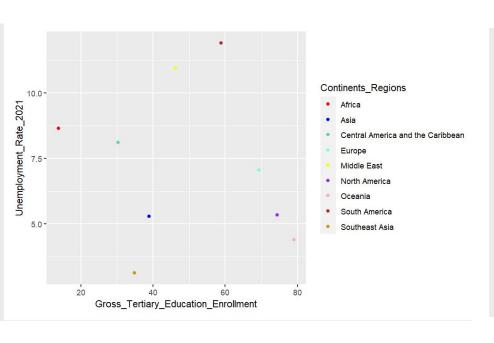
- Comparing continents?
- Comparing through maps?

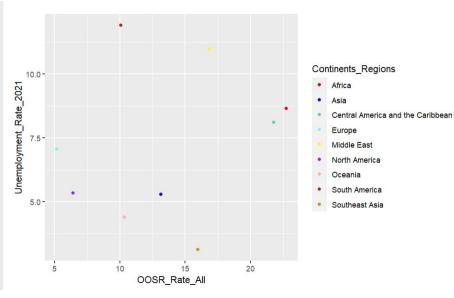
Data Wrangling - Continents

```
``{r}
columns <- colnames(merged_df %>%
                       select(-Country, -Continents_Regions,-Population))
continents2_df <- merged_df %>%
   group_by(Continents_Regions) %>%
   summarize(across(columns,
                    ~sum(.*Population)/sum(Population),.names="{col}"))
continents_df <- merged_df %>%
   group_by(Continents_Regions) %>%
   summarize_at(vars(-Country),mean)
colnames(continents_df)
continent_colors <- c("Africa" = "red", "Asia" = "blue", "Europe" = "aquamarine", "Central
America and the Caribbean"= "aquamarine3", "Middle East" = "yellow", "North America" =
"purple", "Oceania" = "lightpink1", "South America" = "brown", "Southeast Asia" =
"darkgoldenrod3")
ggplot(continents2_df, aes(x=Gross_Tertiary_Education_Enrollment,y=Unemployment_Rate_2021,
color=Continents_Regions))+
   geom_point()+
   scale_color_manual(values=continent_colors)
continents2 df
```

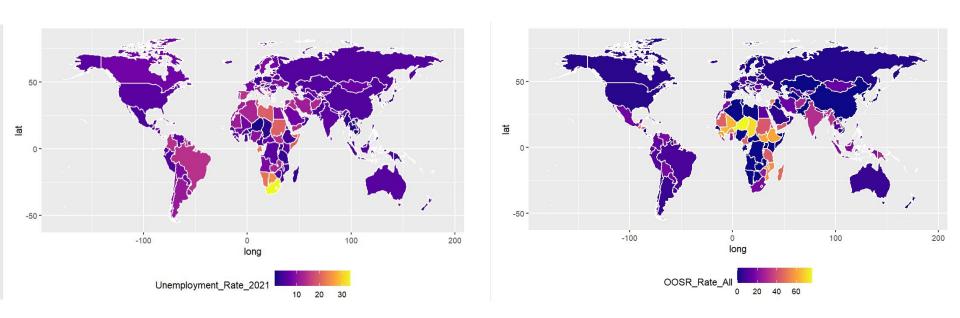
V	V 1 3 1 1		
-	Continents_Regions	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Male	C
1	Africa	14.351885	
2	Asia	6.864562	
3	Central America and the Caribbean	15.577978	
4	Europe	2.954788	
5	Middle East	8.204469	
6	North America	4.308054	
7	Oceania	3.588976	
8	South America	3.775064	
9	Southeast Asia	13.168723	

Data Visualization - Continents (Point plots)





Data Visualization - Continents (Maps)



- Correlation between Unemployment Rate and total OOSR in North America, Asia, Europe, and Australia
- South America: Unemployment rate in the lower middle and total OOSR also in the lower middle
- Africa continent containing countries/regions with highest unemployment rate is also the continent with highest total OOSR

Conclusion:

There are <u>possible correlations</u> between unemployment rate and out of school rate (secondary school) among continents and regions.

There are <u>not much correlation</u> between unemployment rate and gross tertiary education enrollment. Similarly, <u>No correlation</u> can be seen when dissecting the out of school rate (secondary school) by gender and lower/upper level and compare it to the unemployment rate/ unemployment rate ages 15-24.

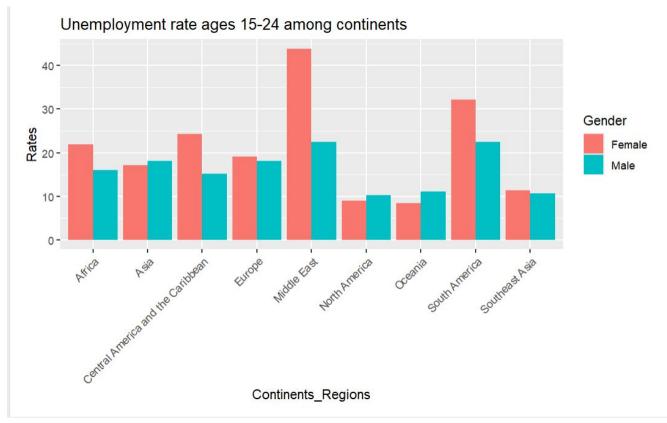
03

Gender Disparities in Unemployment and Education

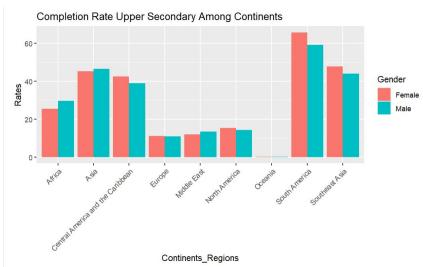


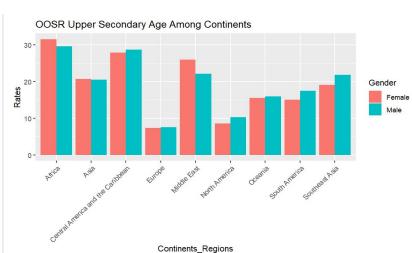
				123	
```(m)		Continents_Regions	Categories	÷	Rates
(i)`{r}	1	Africa	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Ma	ale	14.351884
nerged2_df <- continents2_df %>%	2	Asia	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Ma	ale	6.864562
<pre>select(.,-c(Gross_Tertiary_Education_Enrollment,Unempl</pre>	3	Central America and the Caribbean	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Ma	ale	15.577978
oyment_Rate_2021, Unemployement_rate_ages.15.24))	4	Europe	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Ma	ale	2.954787
	5	Middle East	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Ma	ale	8.204469
merged2_df <- melt(merged2_df,	6	North America	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Ma	ale	4.308053
id.vars="Continents_Regions", value.name="Rates",	7	Oceania	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Ma	ale	3.588975
variable.name="Categories")	8	South America	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Ma	ale	3.775064
<pre>merged2_df\$Rates &lt;- as.numeric(merged2_df\$Rates)</pre>	9	Southeast Asia	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Ma	ale	13.168723
90.1_1	10	Africa	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Fe	male	15.634695
	11	Asia	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Fe	male	4.586398
	12	Central America and the Caribbean	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Fe	male	14.946190
	13	Europe	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Fe	male	2.681705
merged3 <- merged2_df %>%	14	Middle East	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Fe	male	11.120154
<pre>group_by(Continents_Regions) %&gt;% mutate(Category = gsub("_Male _Female", "", Categories)</pre>	15	North America	OOSR_Lower_Secondary_Age_Fe	male	2.459552
%>%		Continents_Regions	Category	Rates ‡	Gender
gsub("_"," ",.),	1	Africa	OOSR Lower Secondary Age	14.3518845	Male
Gender = gsub(".*_", "", Categories)) %>%	2	Asia	OOSR Lower Secondary Age	6.8645622	Male
GENUEL = 05001 ."				15.5779783	Male
	3	Central America and the Caribbean	OOSR Lower Secondary Age		
select(Continents_Regions,Category,Rates,Gender) %>%		Central America and the Caribbean  Europe			Male
	4	Central America and the Caribbean  Europe  Middle East	OOSR Lower Secondary Age	2.9547876	
select(Continents_Regions,Category,Rates,Gender) %>%	4 5	Europe			Male
<pre>select(Continents_Regions, Category, Rates, Gender) %&gt;% mutate(Gender=ifelse(tolower(Gender)=="female", "Female",</pre>	4 5 6	Europe Middle East	OOSR Lower Secondary Age OOSR Lower Secondary Age OOSR Lower Secondary Age	2.9547876 8.2044690 4.3080536	Male Male
<pre>select(Continents_Regions, Category, Rates, Gender) %&gt;% mutate(Gender=ifelse(tolower(Gender)=="female", "Female", "Male"))</pre>	4 5 6 7	Europe Middle East North America Oceania	OOSR Lower Secondary Age OOSR Lower Secondary Age OOSR Lower Secondary Age OOSR Lower Secondary Age	2.9547876 8.2044690 4.3080536 3.5889758	Male Male Male
<pre>select(Continents_Regions, Category, Rates, Gender) %&gt;%   mutate(Gender=ifelse(tolower(Gender)=="female", "Female", "Male")) merged3\$Category &lt;- gsub("^Unemployement rate</pre>	4 5 6 7 8	Europe Middle East North America Oceania South America	OOSR Lower Secondary Age	2.9547876 8.2044690 4.3080536 3.5889758 3.7750641	Male Male Male
<pre>select(Continents_Regions, Category, Rates, Gender) %&gt;% mutate(Gender=ifelse(tolower(Gender)=="female", "Female", 'Male")) merged3\$Category &lt;- gsub("^Unemployement rate ages.15.24.*", "Unemployment rate ages.15.24",</pre>	4 5 6 7 8	Europe Middle East North America Oceania South America Southeast Asia	OOSR Lower Secondary Age	2.9547876 8.2044690 4.3080536 3.5889758 3.7750641 13.1687232	Male Male Male Male Male
<pre>select(Continents_Regions, Category, Rates, Gender) %&gt;% mutate(Gender=ifelse(tolower(Gender)=="female", "Female", "Male"))</pre>	4 5 6 7 8 9	Europe Middle East North America Oceania South America Southeast Asia Africa	OOSR Lower Secondary Age	2.9547876 8.2044690 4.3080536 3.5889758 3.7750641 13.1687232 15.6346951	Male Male Male Male Male Female
<pre>select(Continents_Regions, Category, Rates, Gender) %&gt;% mutate(Gender=ifelse(tolower(Gender)=="female", "Female", "Male")) merged3\$Category &lt;- gsub("^Unemployement rate ages.15.24.*", "Unemployment rate ages.15.24",</pre>	4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Europe Middle East North America Oceania South America Southeast Asia Africa Asia	OOSR Lower Secondary Age	2.9547876 8.2044690 4.3080536 3.5889758 3.7750641 13.1687232 15.6346951 4.5863980	Male Male Male Male Male Female
<pre>select(Continents_Regions, Category, Rates, Gender) %&gt;% mutate(Gender=ifelse(tolower(Gender)=="female", "Female", 'Male")) merged3\$Category &lt;- gsub("^Unemployement rate ages.15.24.*", "Unemployment rate ages.15.24",</pre>	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Europe Middle East North America Oceania South America Southeast Asia Africa	OOSR Lower Secondary Age	2.9547876 8.2044690 4.3080536 3.5889758 3.7750641 13.1687232 15.6346951	Male Male Male Male Male Female Female Female

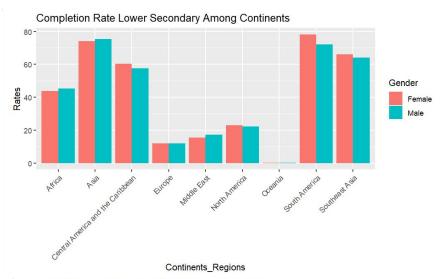


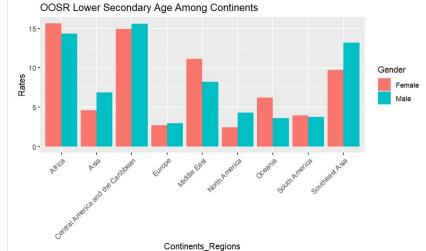


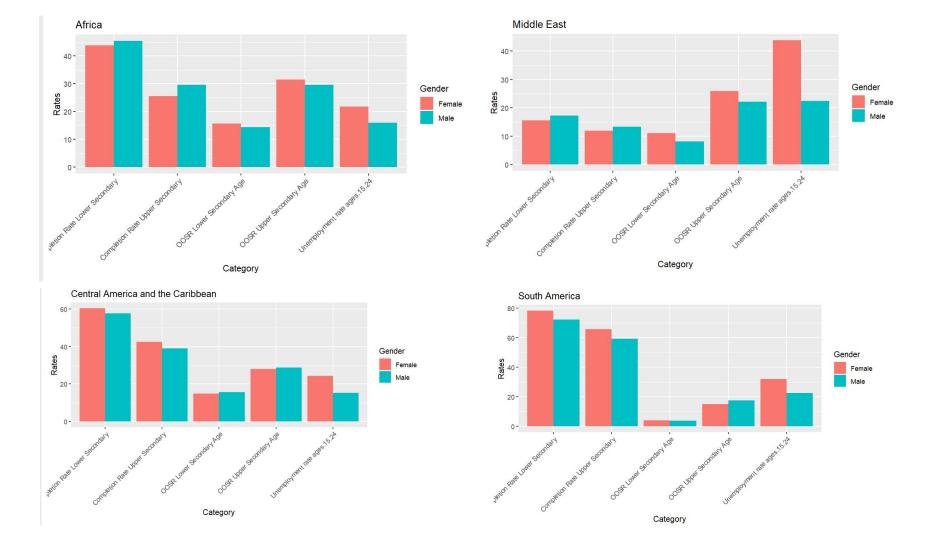
Noticeable gender differences in unemployment rate in: Africa, Central America and the Caribbean, Middle East, South America











# Conclusion:

- Great difference in employment rate between male and female in the Africa, Central America and the Caribbean, Middle East, and South America.
- In Africa and the Middle East, female OOSR is higher than that of male for secondary school. Female secondary school completion rate is also lower.
- Yet, in Central America and the Caribbean and South America, female has higher completion rate and lower OOSR in secondary school than male but female still has noticeably higher unemployment rate.
- No significant difference in Asia, Oceania, and Europe.

Menu



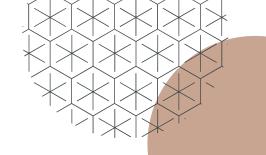
# **Shortcomings**

- Loss of countries after merging data
- Calculating OOSR_total using mean of all OOSR_lower/upper_male/female (not accurately reflect the distribution)
- No clear patterns between unemployment and education among countries
- Population data is collected in 2022 but others are collected in 2021
- Only able to compare two variables at a time whereas there are a lot more education variables to compare with unemployment rate.

## **Future work**

- Update the population data to be for 2021 or update others rates to be for 2022.
- Find a variable that accumulate multiple education rates. Use the variable to compare with unemployment rate or to see the differences between male and female in education.
- Deeper data visualization into countries among continents.





#### Resources:

EDP_Global_Education | Kaggle

The World Factbook by CIA (kaggle.com)

Free Google Slides themes and Powerpoint templates | Slidesgo