```
import numpy as np
class Perceptron:
  def __init__(self,n,neta=0.1):
    {\tt self.w=np.random.randn(n+1)/np.sqrt(n)}
    self.neta=neta
  def step(self,w_sum):
    if w sum>0:
      return 1
    else:
      return 0
  def fit(self,X,Y,epochs=5):
    X=np.c_[X,np.ones(X.shape[0])]
    for epoch in range(epochs):
      for(x,t) in zip(X,Y):
        o=self.step(np.dot(x,self.w))
        if t!=o:
          error = t-o
          self.w += self.neta * error * x
  def predict(self, X, addBias = True):
    X = np.atleast_2d(X)
    if addBias:
     X=np.c_[X, np.ones(X.shape[0])]
    return self.step(np.dot(X, self.w))
X = np.array([[0,0], [0,1], [1,0], [1,1]])
y = np.array([[0], [0], [0], [1]])
p_model_and = Perceptron(X.shape[1], neta = 0.01)
p_{model_and.fit(X,y,epochs = 50)}
p_model_and.w
     array([-0.71616305, 0.55546309, 0.16290421])
for (x, t) in zip(X, y):
  pred = p_model_and.predict(x)
  print(f"Data: {x}, Target: {t}, predicted:
                                                      {pred}")
             [0 0], Target: [0], predicted:
     Data:
                                                       1
             [0 1], Target: [0], predicted: [1 0], Target: [0], predicted: [1 1], Target: [1], predicted:
                                                       1
     Data:
                                                       0
X = np.array([[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]])
   = np.array([[0], [1], [1], [1]])
У
p_model_or = Perceptron(X.shape[1], neta =
p_{model_or.fit(X, y, epochs= 100)}
for (x, t) in zip(X, y):
  pred = p_model_or.predict(x)
  print(f"Data: {x}, Target: {t}, predicted:
                                                      {pred}")
             [0 0], Target: [0], predicted:
[0 1], Target: [1], predicted:
                                                       0
     Data:
     Data:
                                                       1
             [1 0], Target: [1], predicted:
[1 1], Target: [1], predicted:
     Data:
     Data:
X = np.array([[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]])
Y = np.array([[0], [1], [1], [0]])
p_model_xor = Perceptron(X.shape[1], neta = 0.1)
p_model_xor.fit(X, y, epochs= 50)
for (x, t) in zip(X, y):
  pred = p_model_xor.predict(x)
  print(f"Data: {x}, Target: {t}, predicted:
                                                     {pred}")
     Data:
             [0 0], Target: [0], predicted:
                                                       0
     Data:
              [0 1], Target: [1], predicted:
                                                       1
     Data:
              [1 0], Target: [1], predicted:
     Data:
             [1 1], Target: [1], predicted:
from sklearn.linear_model import Perceptron
from sklearn.datasets import load_digits
X, y = load_digits(return_X_y
                                   = True)
p = Perceptron()
```

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                                                                          perceptron_362.ipynb - Colaboratory
   p.fit(X, y)
   print(p.score(X, y))
         0.9393433500278241
       = np.arange(36).reshape(-1, 9)
         array([[ 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8], [ 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17],
                 [18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26],
[27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35]])
   x[0]
         array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8])
   x[0].shape
         (9,)
   x.shape
         (4, 9)
   x.shape[0]
   name=["Vivek", "Yash", "Aditya","Tejesh"]
roll_no=[ 365, 362, 361, 382]
   mapped=zip(name,roll_no)
   print(set(mapped))
         {('Vivek', 365), ('Tejesh', 382), ('Yash', 362), ('Aditya', 361)}
   in_num = 10
   print ("Input number in_num",in_num)
   out_arr = np.atleast_2d(in_num)
   print ("output 2d array from input number:",out_arr)
         Input number in_num 10
         output 2d array from input number: [[10]]
```