

# **Mathematik für Informatiker**

## **Kombinatorik, Stochastik und Statistik**

Übungsblatt 4

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## Aufgabe 5

### Code:

```
fn partitions(n: u8, m: u8) -> Vec<Vec<Vec<u8>>> {
    if m == 0 || n == 0 {
        return Vec::new();
    }
    if m == 1 {
        return vec![vec![(1..=n).collect()]];
    }

    let mut result = Vec::new();
    for p in partitions(n - 1, m - 1).iter_mut() {
        p.push(vec![n]);
        result.push(p.clone());
    }
    for p in partitions(n - 1, m) {
        for i in 0..p.len() {
            let mut p = p.clone();
            p[i].push(n);
            result.push(p);
        }
    }
    result
}
```

### Funktionsaufruf:

```
let parts = partitions(5, 3);

for (i, part) in parts.iter().enumerate() {
    println!("{:3}: {:?}", i, part);
}
```

### Ausgabe:

```
0: [[1, 2, 3], [4], [5]]
1: [[1, 2, 4], [3], [5]]
2: [[1, 2], [3, 4], [5]]
3: [[1, 3, 4], [2], [5]]
4: [[1, 3], [2, 4], [5]]
5: [[1, 4], [2, 3], [5]]
6: [[1], [2, 3, 4], [5]]
7: [[1, 2, 5], [3], [4]]
8: [[1, 2], [3, 5], [4]]
9: [[1, 2], [3], [4, 5]]
```

10:  $[[1, 3, 5], [2], [4]]$   
 11:  $[[1, 3], [2, 5], [4]]$   
 12:  $[[1, 3], [2], [4, 5]]$   
 13:  $[[1, 5], [2, 3], [4]]$   
 14:  $[[1], [2, 3, 5], [4]]$   
 15:  $[[1], [2, 3], [4, 5]]$   
 16:  $[[1, 4, 5], [2], [3]]$   
 17:  $[[1, 4], [2, 5], [3]]$   
 18:  $[[1, 4], [2], [3, 5]]$   
 19:  $[[1, 5], [2, 4], [3]]$   
 20:  $[[1], [2, 4, 5], [3]]$   
 21:  $[[1], [2, 4], [3, 5]]$   
 22:  $[[1, 5], [2], [3, 4]]$   
 23:  $[[1], [2, 5], [3, 4]]$   
 24:  $[[1], [2], [3, 4, 5]]$