Project1

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Download and read in data

```
fileurl<-"https://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/repdata%2Fdata%2Factivity.zip"
download.file(fileurl, "assign.zip")
unzip("assign.zip")
data<-read.csv("activity.csv", header=TRUE)
head(data)

## steps date interval</pre>
```

```
## 1
       NA 2012-10-01
## 2
       NA 2012-10-01
                            5
       NA 2012-10-01
                           10
       NA 2012-10-01
## 4
                           15
## 5
       NA 2012-10-01
                           20
     NA 2012-10-01
## 6
                           25
```

summary(data)

```
steps
                         date
                                      interval
## Min. : 0.00
                  2012-10-01: 288
                                   Min. : 0.0
## 1st Qu.: 0.00
                  2012-10-02: 288
                                   1st Qu.: 588.8
## Median: 0.00
                  2012-10-03: 288
                                   Median :1177.5
## Mean : 37.38
                  2012-10-04: 288
                                   Mean :1177.5
## 3rd Qu.: 12.00
                  2012-10-05: 288
                                   3rd Qu.:1766.2
## Max.
        :806.00
                  2012-10-06: 288
                                   Max. :2355.0
## NA's
         :2304
                  (Other) :15840
```

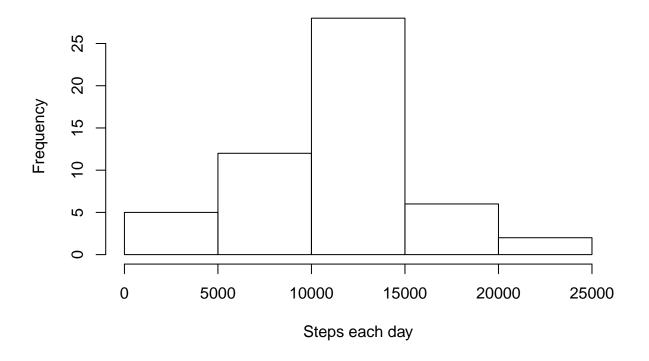
Use aggregate to summarize no. of steps each day

```
newdata<-aggregate(data$steps, list(data$date), sum)
names(newdata)[2] <- "steps"
names(newdata)[1] <- "date"</pre>
```

Histogram of the total number of steps taken each day

```
hist(newdata$steps, xlab='Steps each day',
    main='Histogram of the total number of steps taken each day')
```

Histogram of the total number of steps taken each day



Calculate mean and median number of steps taken each day

```
meansteps<-mean(newdata$steps, na.rm=TRUE)
mediansteps<-median(newdata$steps, na.rm=TRUE)

print(paste("meansteps =", meansteps))

## [1] "meansteps = 10766.1886792453"

print(paste("mediansteps =", mediansteps))

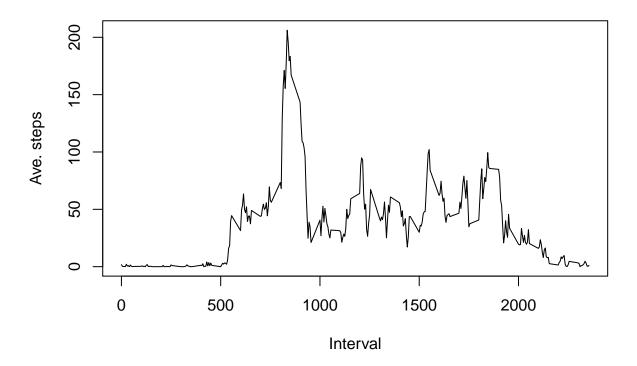
## [1] "mediansteps = 10765"</pre>
```

Time series plot of the average number of steps taken

```
length(unique(data$interval))
## [1] 288
```

```
newdata2<-aggregate(data$steps, list(data$interval), mean, na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
head(newdata2)
     Group.1
##
          0 1.7169811
## 1
## 2
          5 0.3396226
## 3
          10 0.1320755
          15 0.1509434
## 5
          20 0.0754717
          25 2.0943396
str(newdata2)
## 'data.frame':
                     288 obs. of 2 variables:
    $ Group.1: int 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 ...
             : num 1.717 0.3396 0.1321 0.1509 0.0755 ...
names(newdata2)[2] <- "steps"</pre>
names(newdata2)[1] <- "interval"</pre>
plot(newdata2$interval, newdata2$steps, xlab='Interval',
     ylab='Ave. steps', type='l',
     main='Time series plot of the average number of steps taken')
```

Time series plot of the average number of steps taken



The 5-minute interval that, on average, contains the maximum number of steps

```
maxstep<-max(newdata2$steps)
max_interval<-newdata2$interval[which(newdata2$steps==maxstep)]
print(paste("The 5-minute interval that contains the max No. of steps is", max_interval))</pre>
```

[1] "The 5-minute interval that contains the max No. of steps is 835"

Code to describe and show a strategy for imputing missing data

total numbers of missing values

```
missing<-sum(is.na(data$steps))
print(paste("Total No. of missing values is", missing))</pre>
```

```
## [1] "Total No. of missing values is 2304"
```

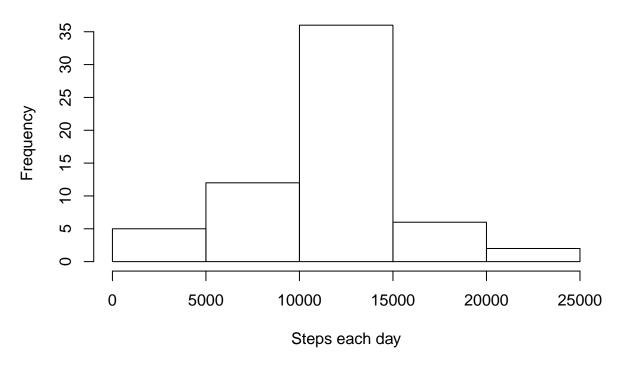
replace NAs with interval mean of steps

Use ave function to replace NAs with interval mean

Histogram of the total number of steps taken each day after missing values are imputed

```
hist(newdata3$steps, xlab='Steps each day',
    main='Histogram of the total number of steps taken each day
    (missing values imputed by interval means)')
```

Histogram of the total number of steps taken each day (missing values imputed by interval means)



Panel plot comparing the average number of steps taken per 5-minute interval across weekdays and weekends

```
library(ggplot2)
data2$day <- weekdays(as.Date(data2$date))
data2["daytype"] <- "weekday"
data2$daytype[which(data2$day=="Saturday" | data2$day=="Sunday")] <- "weekend"

new <- aggregate(steps ~ daytype + interval, data2, mean)
ggplot(new, aes(x=interval, y=steps)) + geom_line() + facet_wrap(~ daytype, nrow=2)</pre>
```

