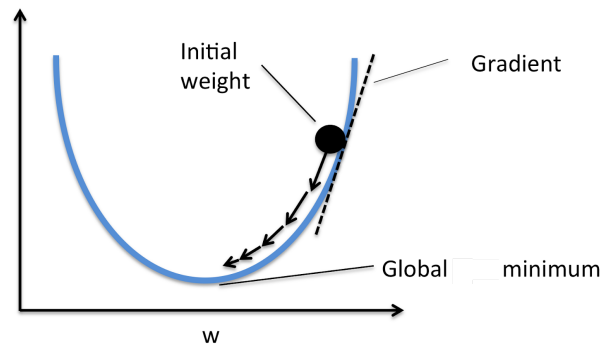


Gradient descent is a first-order iterative optimization algorithm for finding a local minimum of a differentiable function. To find a local minimum of a function using gradient descent, we take steps proportional to the negative of the gradient (or approximate gradient) of the function at the current point (Illustrated figure below)



Consider the x, y data below:

x	y
1	2
2	4
3	6

Write program to define the data, model, loss function, gradient descent, and visualization graph

$$\hat{y} = x^2 w_2 + x w_1 + b$$

$$loss = (\hat{y} - y)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial loss}{\partial w_1} = ?$$

$$\frac{\partial loss}{\partial w_2} = ?$$