



Evaluating classifiers:



Precision & Recall

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Using reviews to promote my restaurant

Goal: increase
guests by 30%



Need an automated,
“authentic”
marketing campaign



Great quotes

“Easily best sushi in Seattle.”

Great
spokespeople

How do I find sentences with positive sentiment?

All reviews for my restaurant

What are the positive things being said about my restaurant?



Intelligent restaurant review system

All reviews for restaurant

★★★★★ 7/21/2015

This is probably my favorite place to eat Japanese in Seattle. My boyfriend and I ordered nigiri of scallop, Japanese snapper (seasonal), and the agedashi tofu and 2 special rolls. I would skip the special rolls, because the nigiri and sashimi cuts is where this place excels. The tofu, as recommended by other Yelpers was amazing. It's more chewy and the sauce/gravy is the perfect amount of flavor for the delicate tofu.

★★★★★ 5/11/2015

Dining here at the sushi bar made me feel like sitting front row to an amazing performance. We didn't have reservations, banged down to the ID after work, got here breathlessly at 5:10pm, and got the last two seats in the place.

★★★★★ 6/9/2015

I came here having high expectations due to the reviews of this place, but I was bit disappointed. The restaurant is small so do make reservations when you come here. Dishes cost from \$4-26 each and dishes are small.

Break all reviews into sentences

The seaweed salad was just OK,
vegetable salad was just ordinary.

I like the interior decoration and
the blackboard menu on the wall.

All the sushi was delicious.

My wife tried their ramen and
it was pretty forgettable.

The sushi was amazing, and
the rice is just outstanding.

The service is somewhat hectic.

Easily best sushi in Seattle.

Sentiment classifier

Input \mathbf{x}_i : Easily best sushi in Seattle.



Sentence Sentiment
Classifier

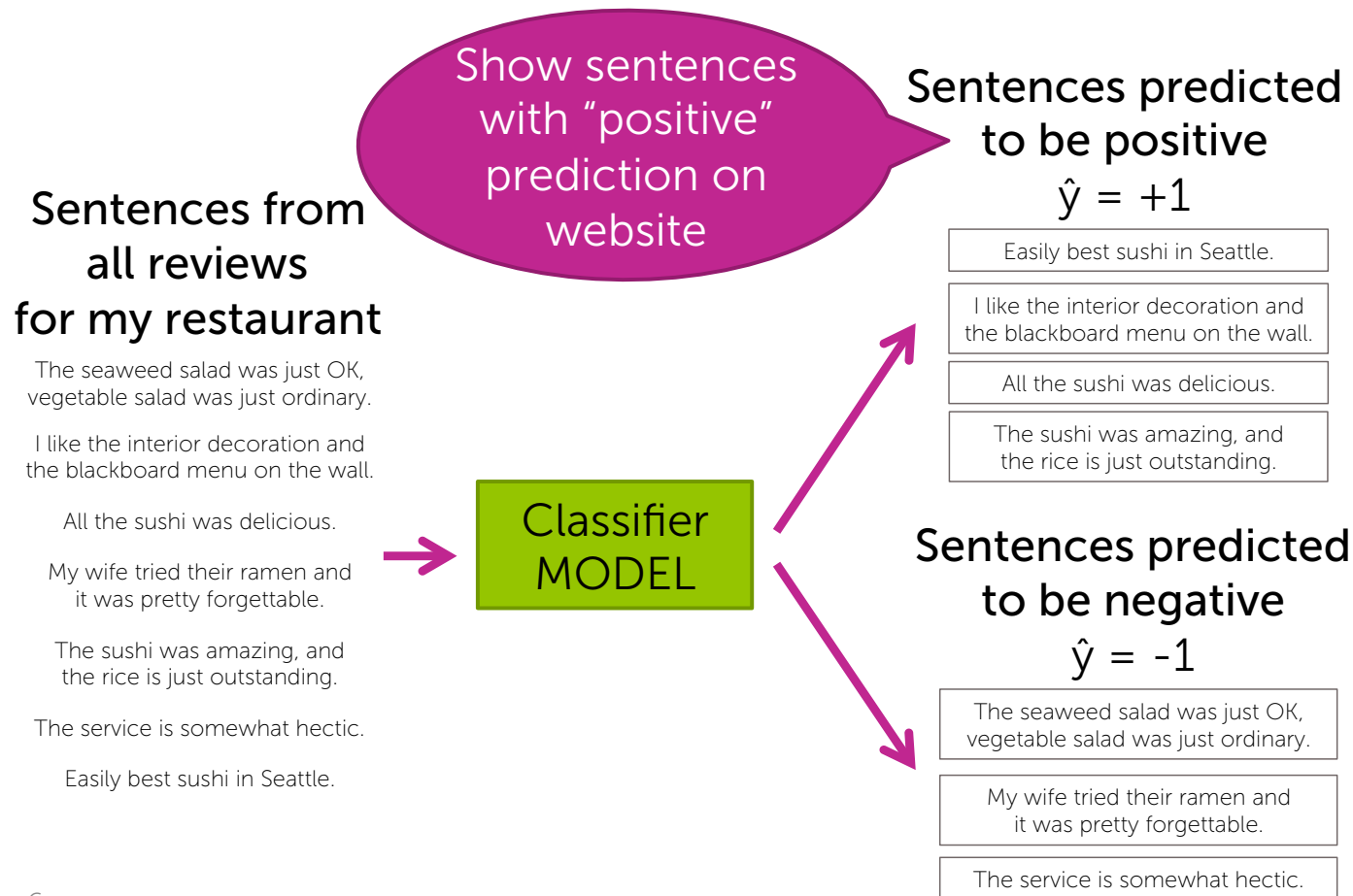
Output: \hat{y}_i
Predicted
sentiment



Easily best sushi in Seattle.




Use the sentiment classifier model!





What does it mean for a
classifier to be good?



Previously, we asked the question:
“What is good accuracy?”



We explored accuracy of random classifier as baseline

- For binary classification:
 - Half the time, you'll get it right! (on average)
 - ➔ classification error = 0.5
- For k classes, error = $1 - 1/k$
 - error = 0.666 for 3 classes, 0.75 for 4 classes,...

At the very, very, very least,
you should healthily beat random...
Otherwise, it's (usually) pointless...

We explored the pitfalls of imbalanced problems: *Is 90% accuracy good? Depends ...*

90% of sentences are negative!

90% accuracy by predicting
every sentence is negative!!!

Amazing “performance” but
not useful for me right now!

Automated marketing campaign cares about something else...

Website shows 10 sentences from recent reviews



PRECISION

Did I (mistakenly) show a negative sentence???



RECALL

Did I not show a (great) positive sentence???

Accuracy doesn't capture these issues well...



Precision:
Fraction of positive predictions
that are actually positive

What fraction of the positive predictions are correct?

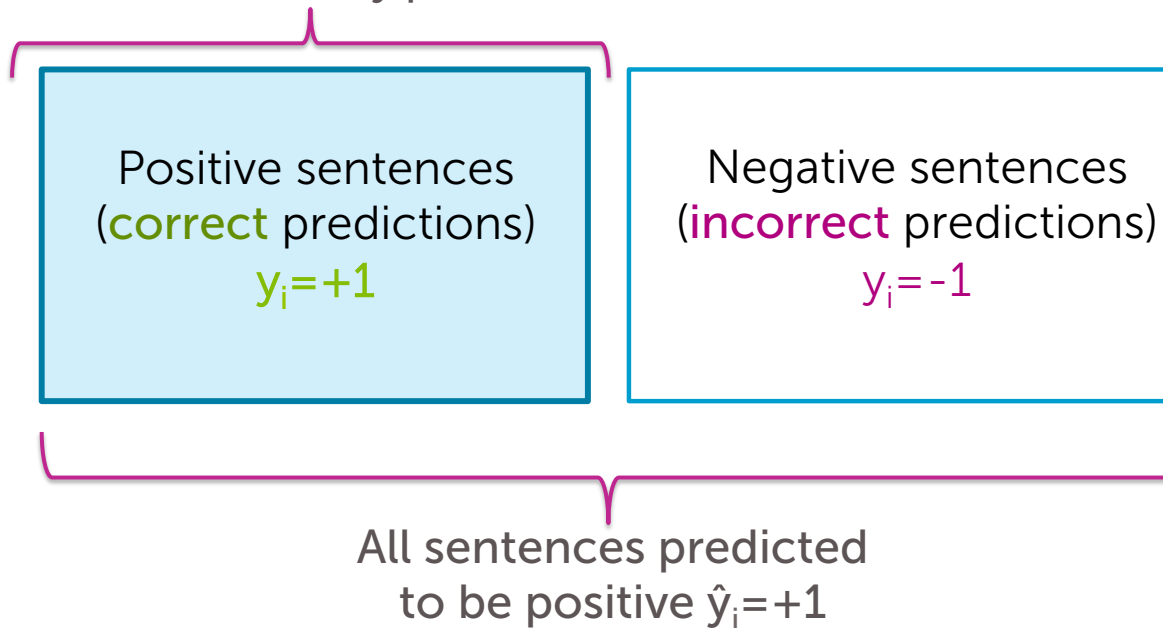
Sentences predicted to be positive: $\hat{y}_i = +1$

Easily best sushi in Seattle.	✓
The seaweed salad was just OK, vegetable salad was just ordinary.	✗
I like the interior decoration and the blackboard menu on the wall.	✓
The service is somewhat hectic.	✗
The sushi was amazing, and the rice is just outstanding.	✓
All the sushi was delicious.	✓





Only 4 out of 6 sentences predicted to be **positive** are actually **positive**

Precision: Fraction of positive predictions that are actually positive





Subset of positive predictions
that are actually positive



Types of error: *Review*

		Predicted label	
		 $\hat{y}_i = +1$	 $\hat{y}_i = -1$
True label	 $y_i = +1$	True Positive	False Negative
	 $y_i = -1$	False Positive	True Negative

Confusion matrix for sentiment analysis

		Predicted sentiment	
		 $\hat{y}_i = +1$	 $\hat{y}_i = -1$
True sentiment	 $y_i = +1$	+1 sentence +1 prediction	+1 sentence -1 prediction → missed a sentence
	 $y_i = -1$	-1 sentence +1 prediction → showed bad review on website !! ^	-1 sentence -1 prediction



Precision - Formula

- Fraction of positive predictions that are correct

$$\text{precision} = \frac{\# \text{ true positives}}{\# \text{ true positives} + \# \text{ false positives}}$$

- Best possible value : 1.0
- Worst possible value : 0.0

Example: Calculating precision

Sentences predicted to be positive: $\hat{y}_i = +1$

Easily best sushi in Seattle.	✓
The seaweed salad was just OK, vegetable salad was just ordinary.	✗
I like the interior decoration and the blackboard menu on the wall.	✓
The service is somewhat hectic.	✗
The sushi was amazing, and the rice is just outstanding.	✓
All the sushi was delicious.	✓

4 correct

2 mistakes

$$\begin{aligned} \text{precision} &= \frac{4}{4 + 2} \\ &= \frac{2}{3} \end{aligned}$$

Why precision is important

Shown on website

Sentences predicted
to be positive: $\hat{y}_i = +1$

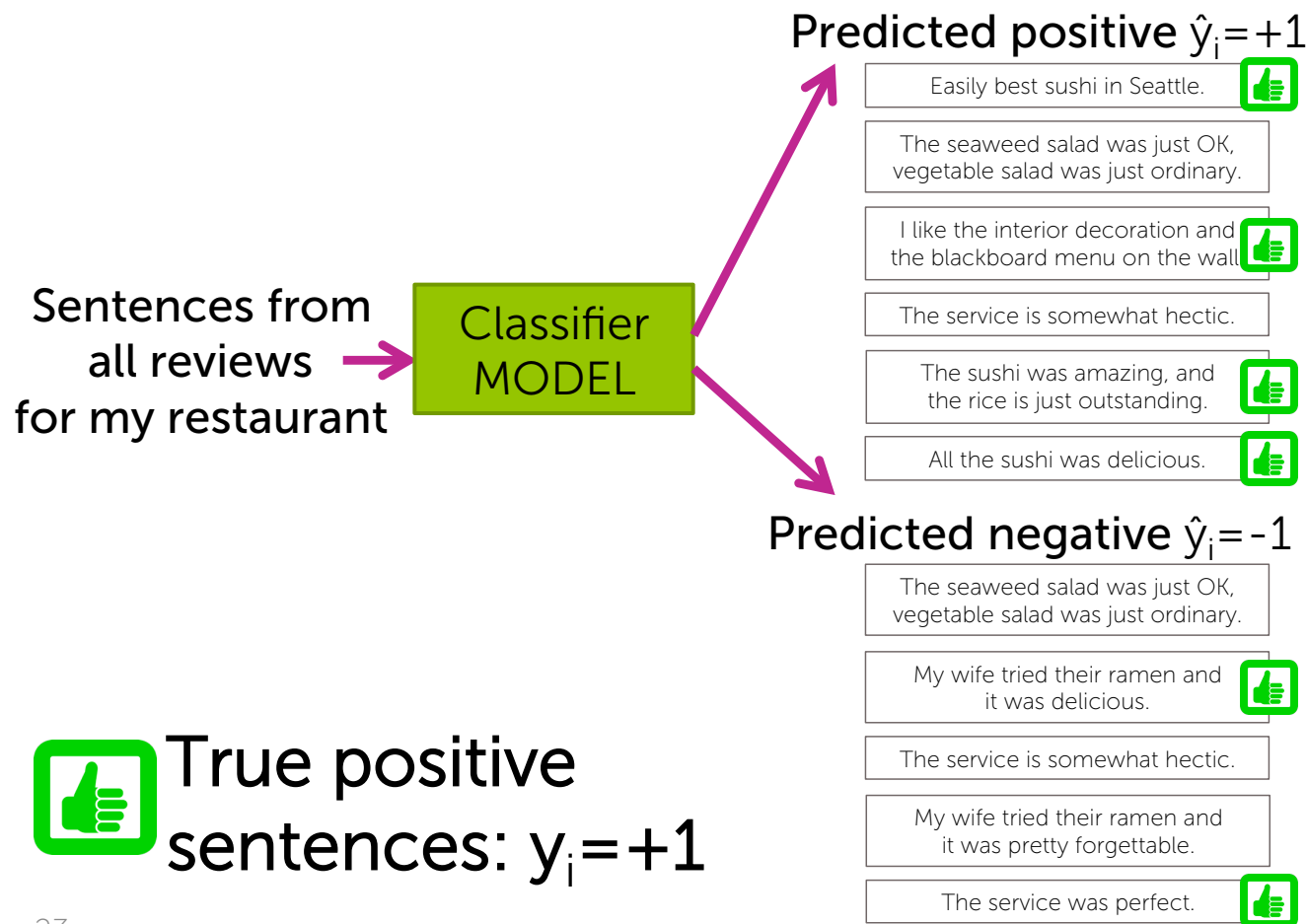
Easily best sushi in Seattle.	✓
The seaweed salad was just OK, vegetable salad was just ordinary.	✗
I like the interior decoration and the blackboard menu on the wall.	✓
The service is somewhat hectic.	✗
The sushi was amazing, and the rice is just outstanding.	✓
All the sushi was delicious.	✓

2 negative sentences
shown to potential
customers... ☹️

High precision
means positive
predictions
actually likely
to be positive!

Recall:
Fraction of positive data
predicted to be positive

Did I find all the positive sentences?



What fraction of positive sentences were missed out?

Predicted positive $\hat{y}_i = +1$

Easily best sushi in Seattle.



The seaweed salad was just OK,
vegetable salad was just ordinary.

I like the interior decoration and
the blackboard menu on the wall.



The service is somewhat hectic.

The sushi was amazing, and
the rice is just outstanding.



All the sushi was delicious.



Found 4 positive
sentences

Model could not find
2 sentences that were
actually positive

Predicted negative $\hat{y}_i = -1$

The seaweed salad was just OK,
vegetable salad was just ordinary.

My wife tried their ramen and
it was delicious.



The service is somewhat hectic.

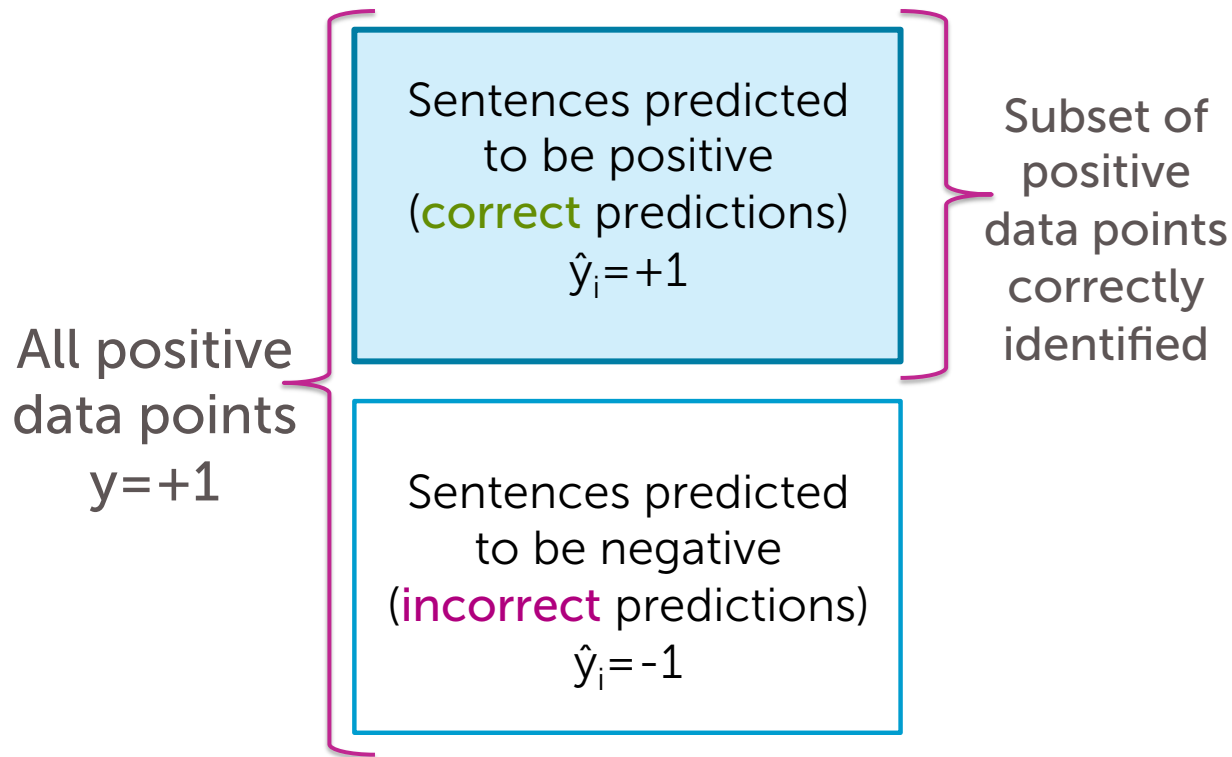
My wife tried their ramen and
it was pretty forgettable.

The service was perfect.



Missed 2 positive
sentences

Recall: Fraction of positive data predicted to be positive





Recall - Formula


- Fraction of positive data points correctly classified

$$\text{Recall} = \frac{\# \text{ true positives}}{\# \text{ true positives} + \# \text{ false negatives}}$$


- Best possible value : 1.0
- Worst possible value : 0.0

Why is recall important?


Predicted positive $\hat{y}_i = +1$

Easily best sushi in Seattle. 

The seaweed salad was just OK,
vegetable salad was just ordinary.

I like the interior decoration and
the blackboard menu on the wall. 


The service is somewhat hectic.

The sushi was amazing, and
the rice is just outstanding. 

All the sushi was delicious. 

Predicted negative $\hat{y}_i = -1$

The seaweed salad was just OK,
vegetable salad was just ordinary.

My wife tried their ramen and
it was delicious. 

The service is somewhat hectic.

My wife tried their ramen and
it was pretty forgettable.

The service was perfect. 

Want to show positive
sentences on website

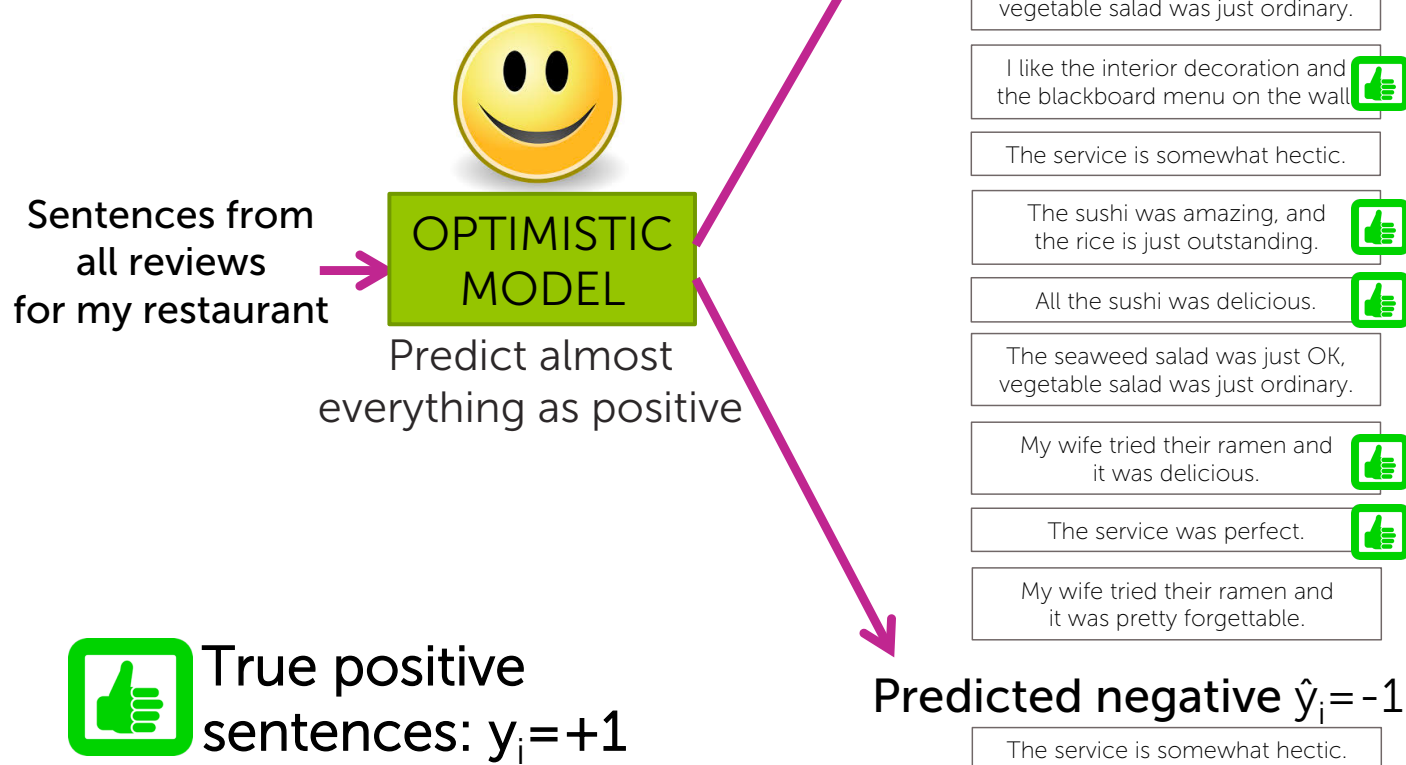
2 positive sentences
not shown to potential
customers... 😞

High recall
means positive
data points are
very likely to be
discovered!

Precision-recall extremes

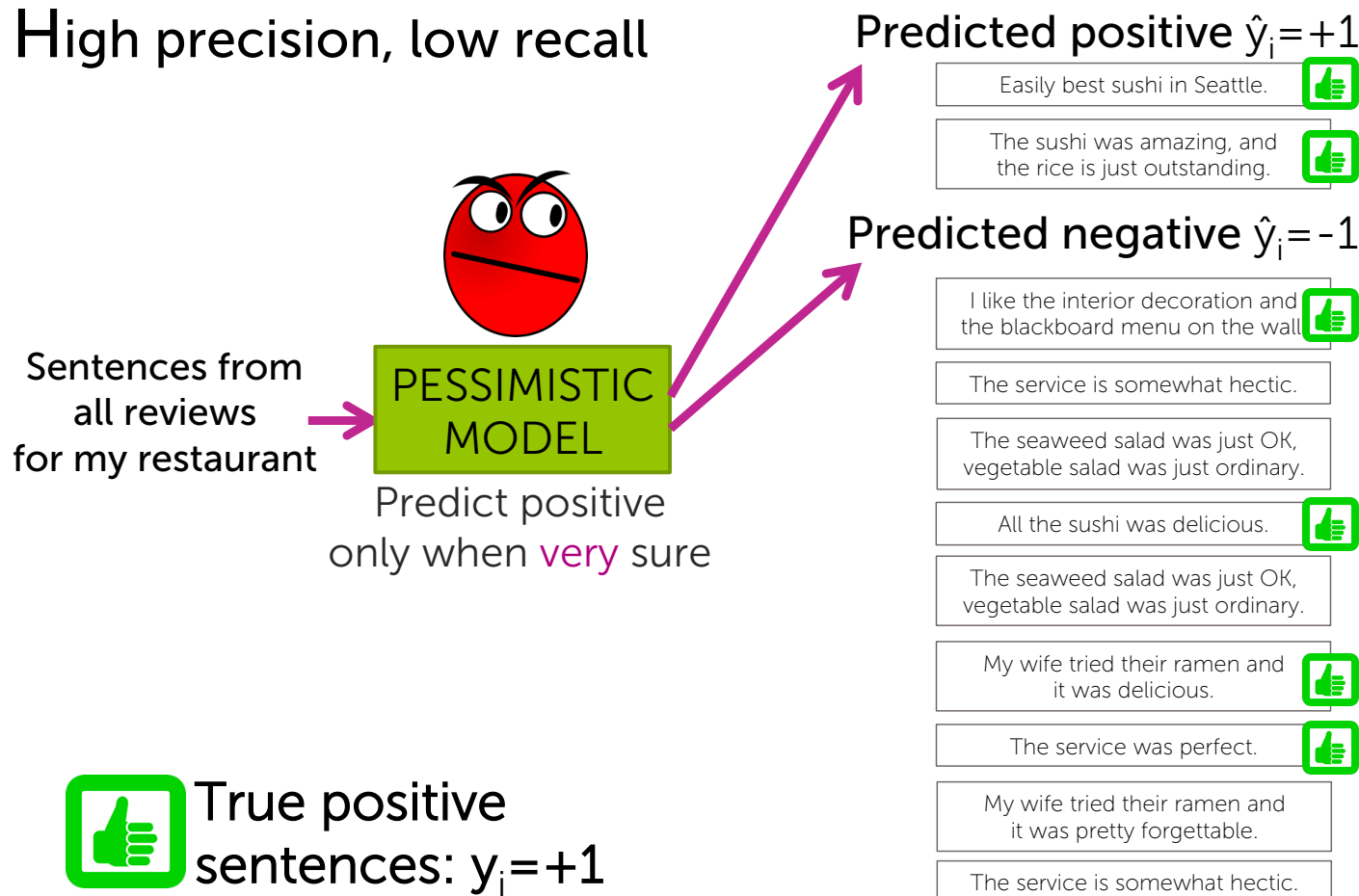
Optimistic model:

High recall, low precision

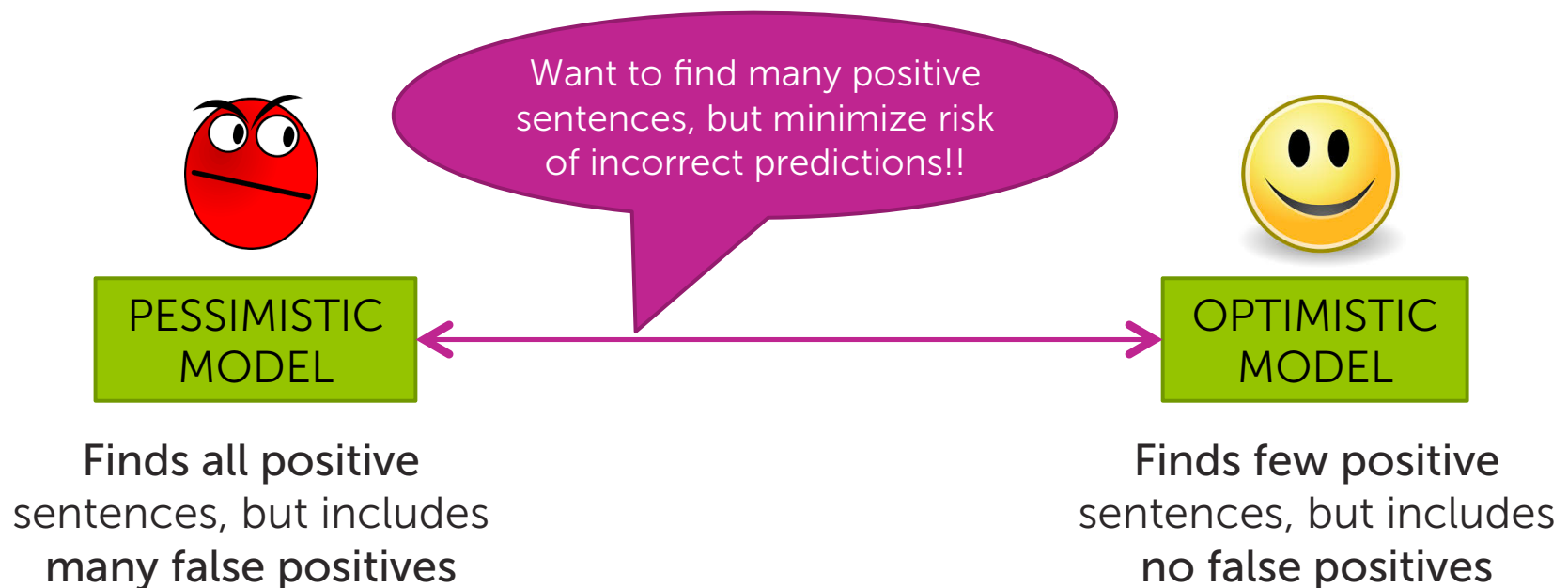


Pessimistic model:

High precision, low recall



Balancing precision & recall

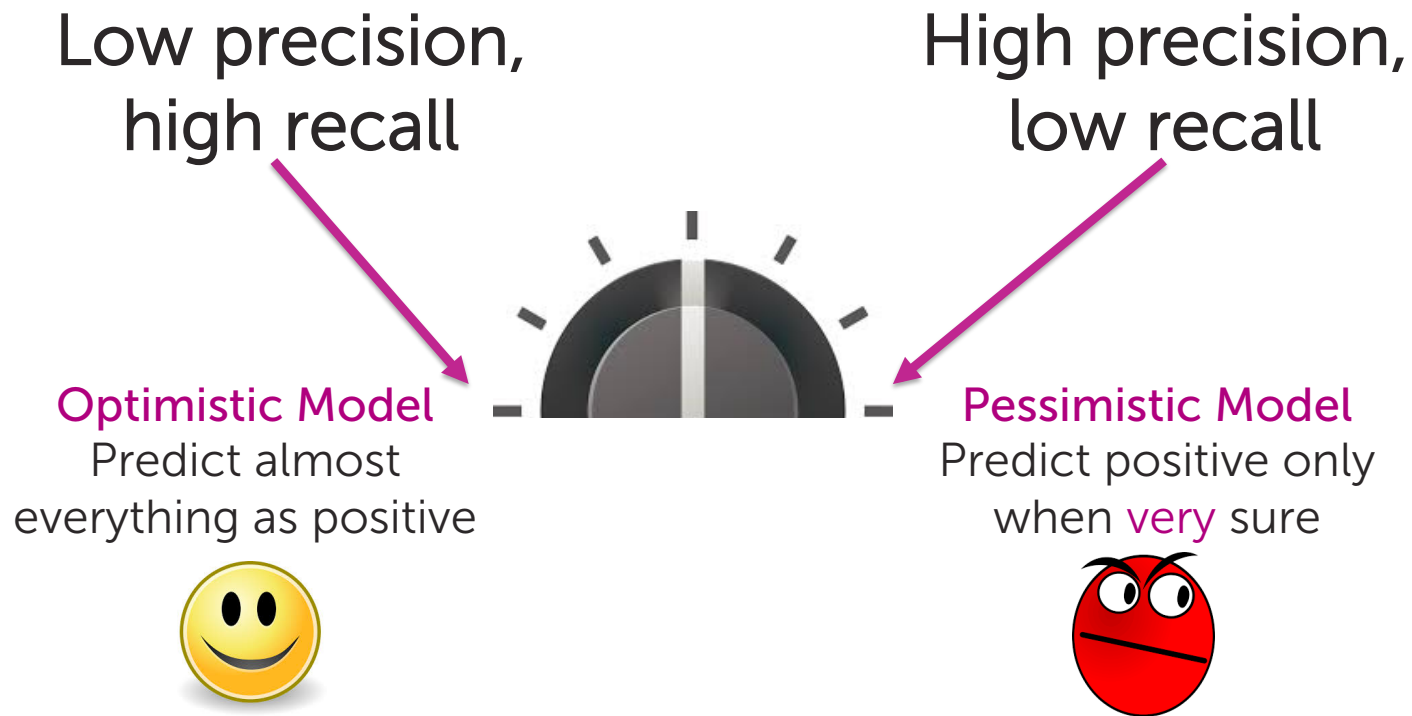


The description for each model is for the opposite.
Need to swap them to ensure the image is correct.

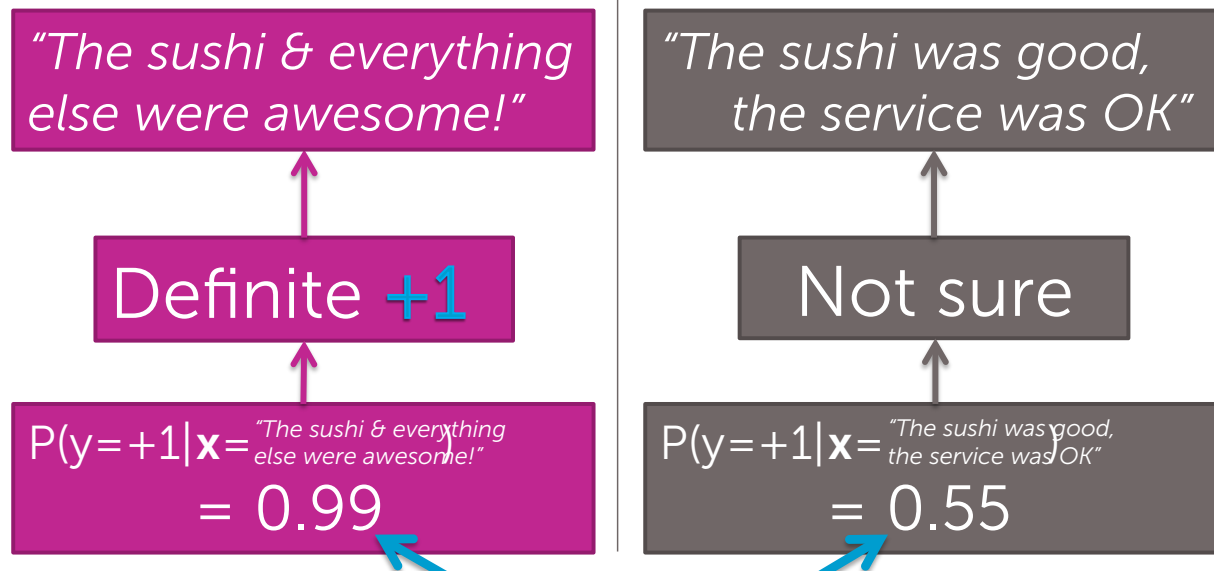


Tradeoff precision and recall

Can we tradeoff precision & recall?

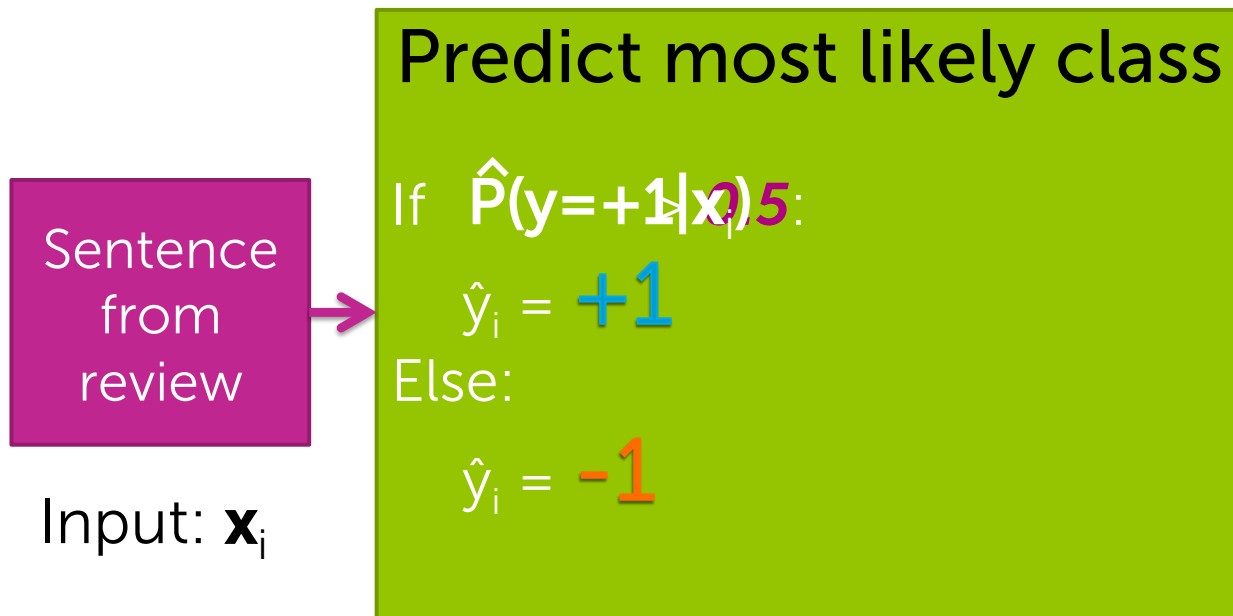


How confident is your prediction?

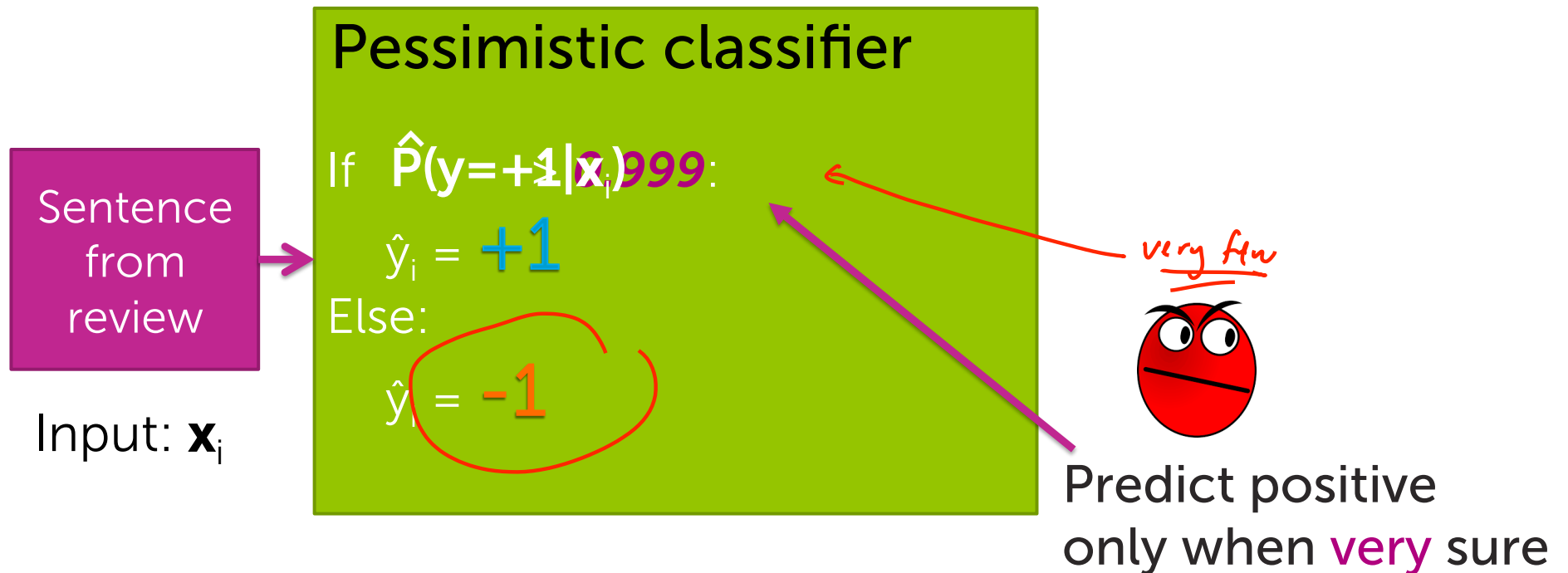


Can be used to tradeoff precision and recall

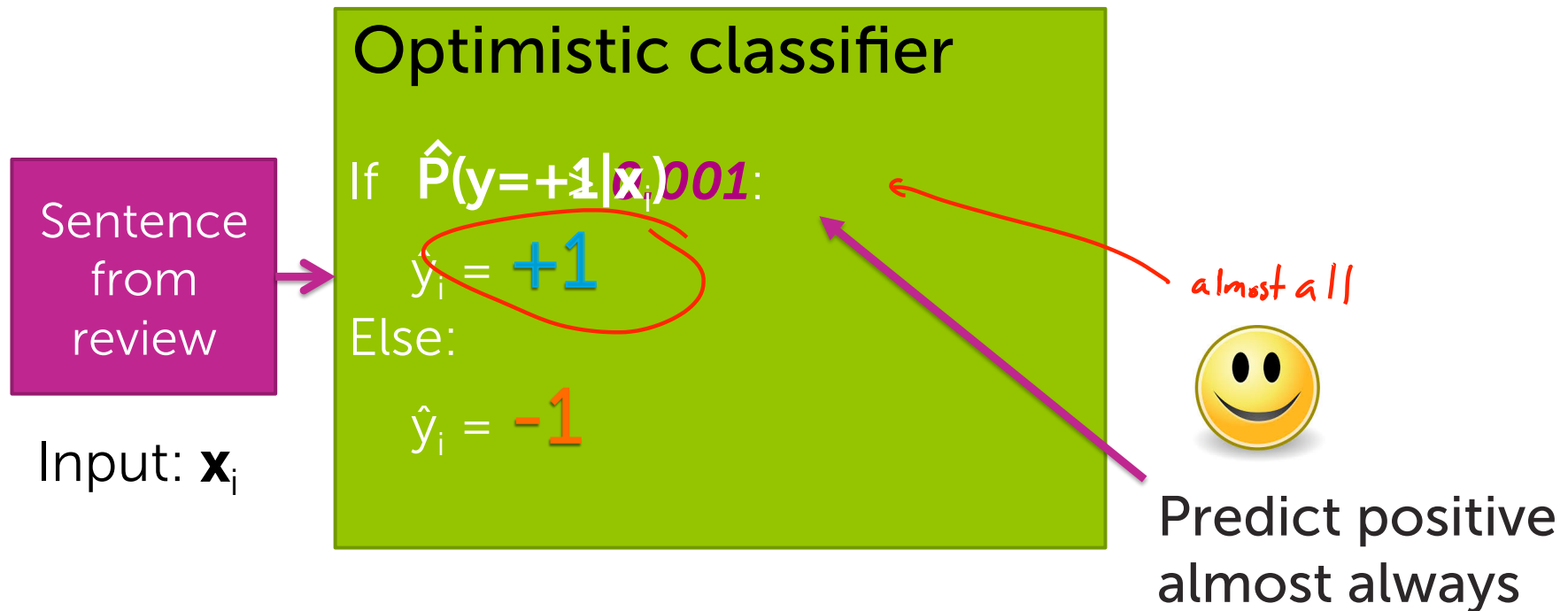
Basic classifier



Pessimistic: High precision, low recall

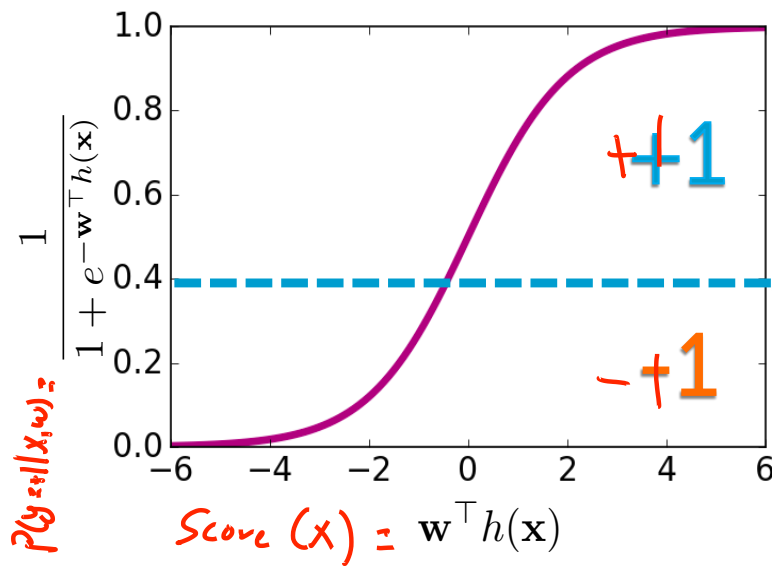


Optimistic: Low precision, high recall



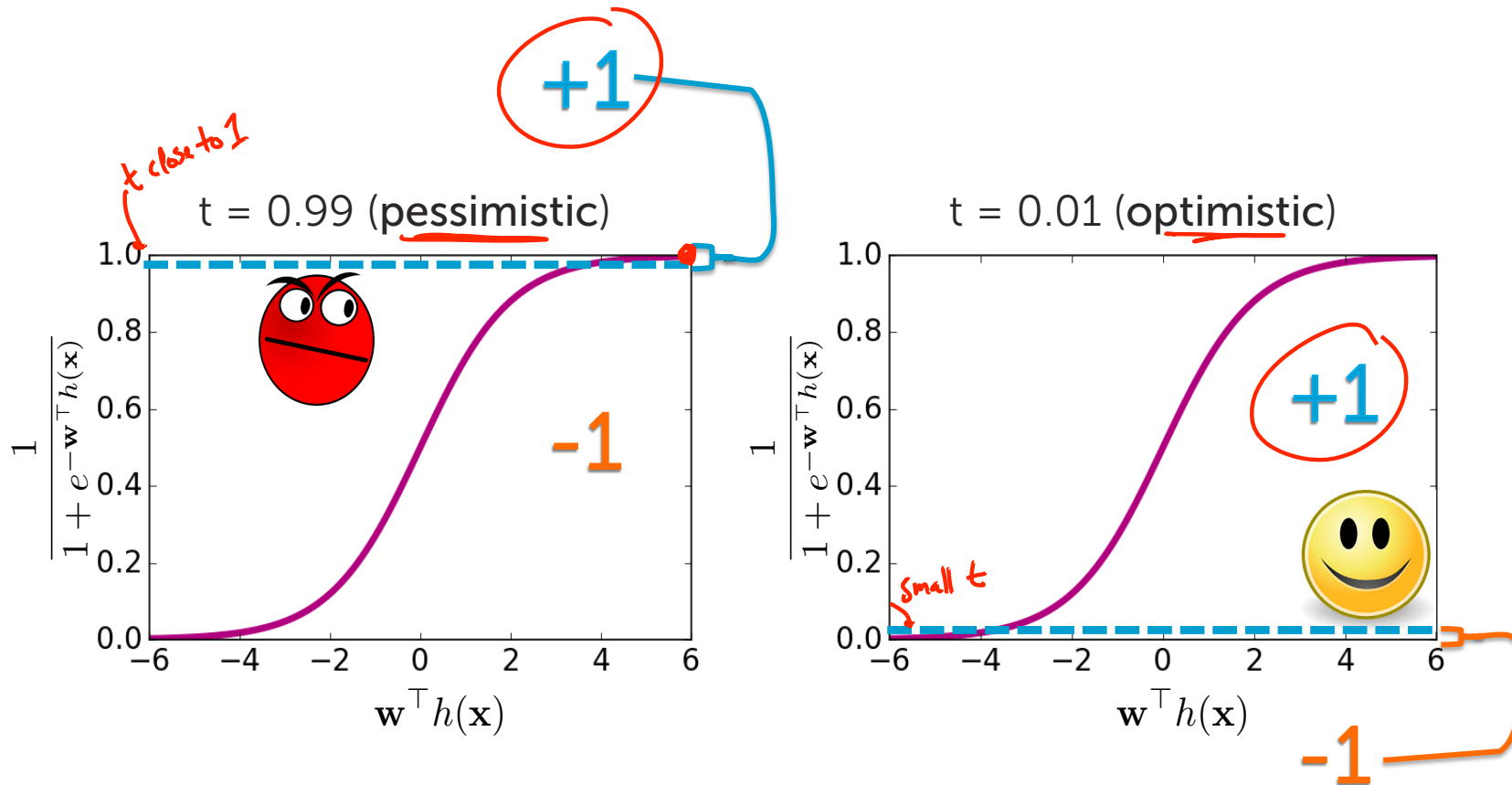
Prediction probability threshold

Probability t above which model predicts true

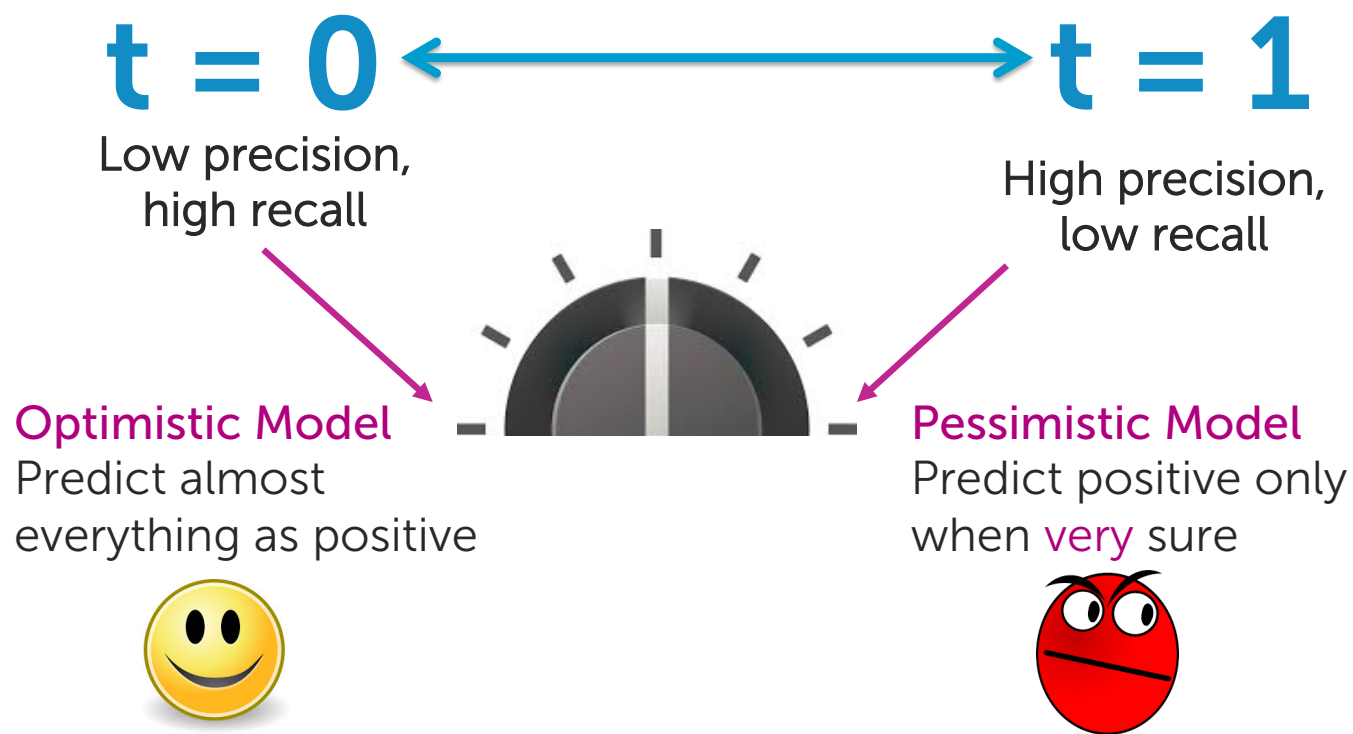


Set $\hat{y} = +1$ if $\hat{P}(y|x) \geq t$

Example threshold values



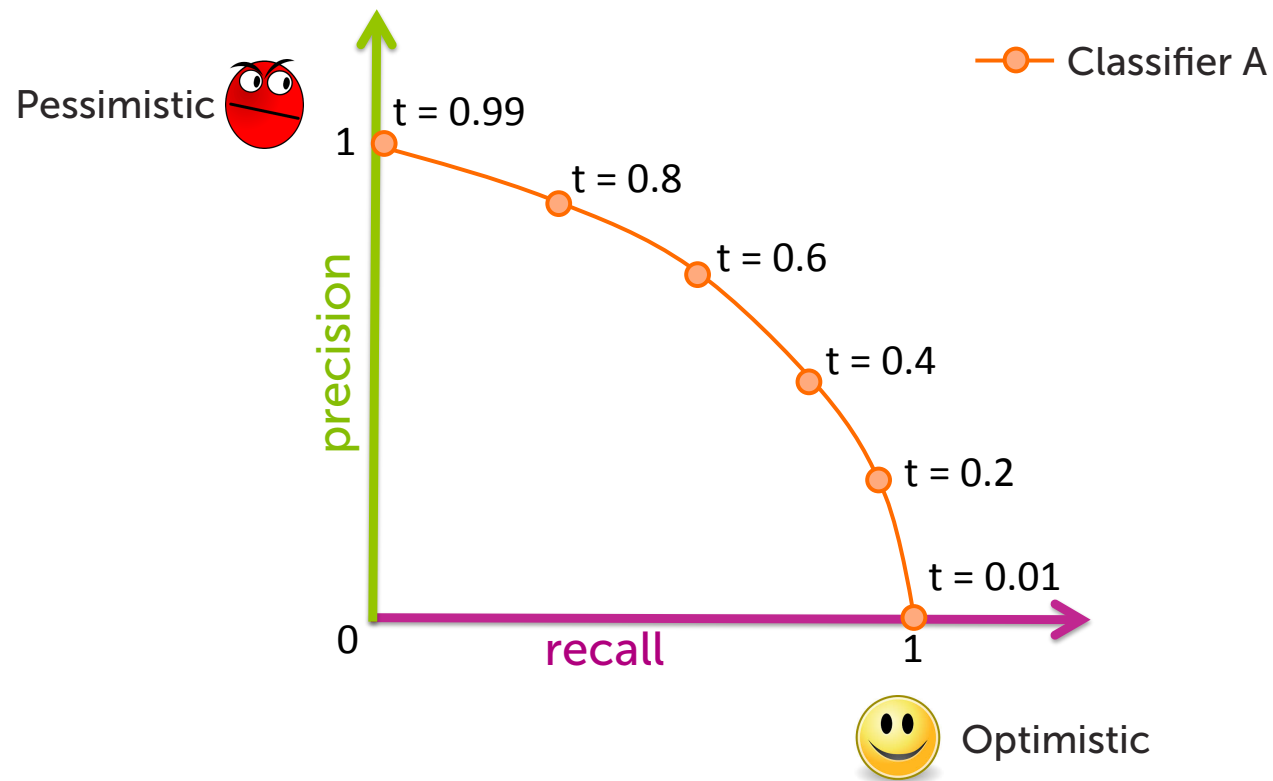
Tradeoff precision & recall with threshold



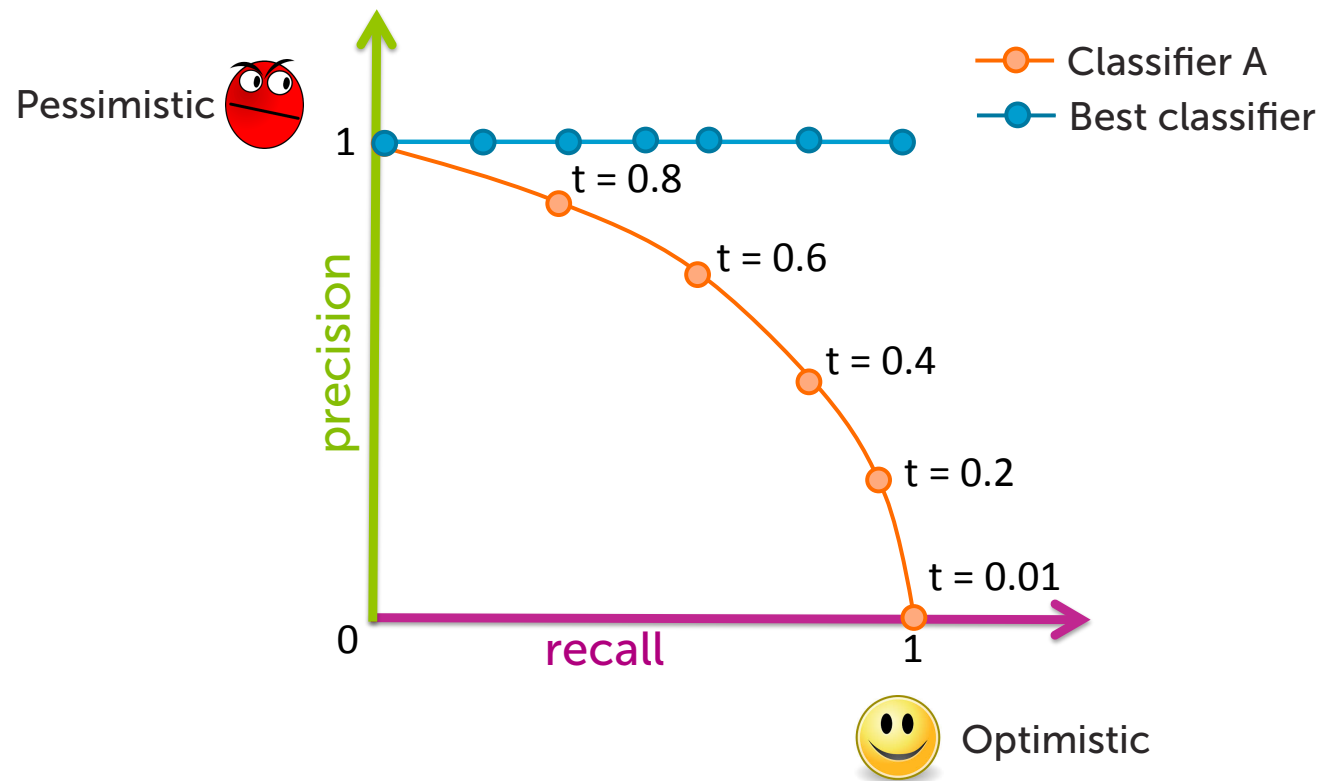


Precision-recall curve

The precision-recall curve

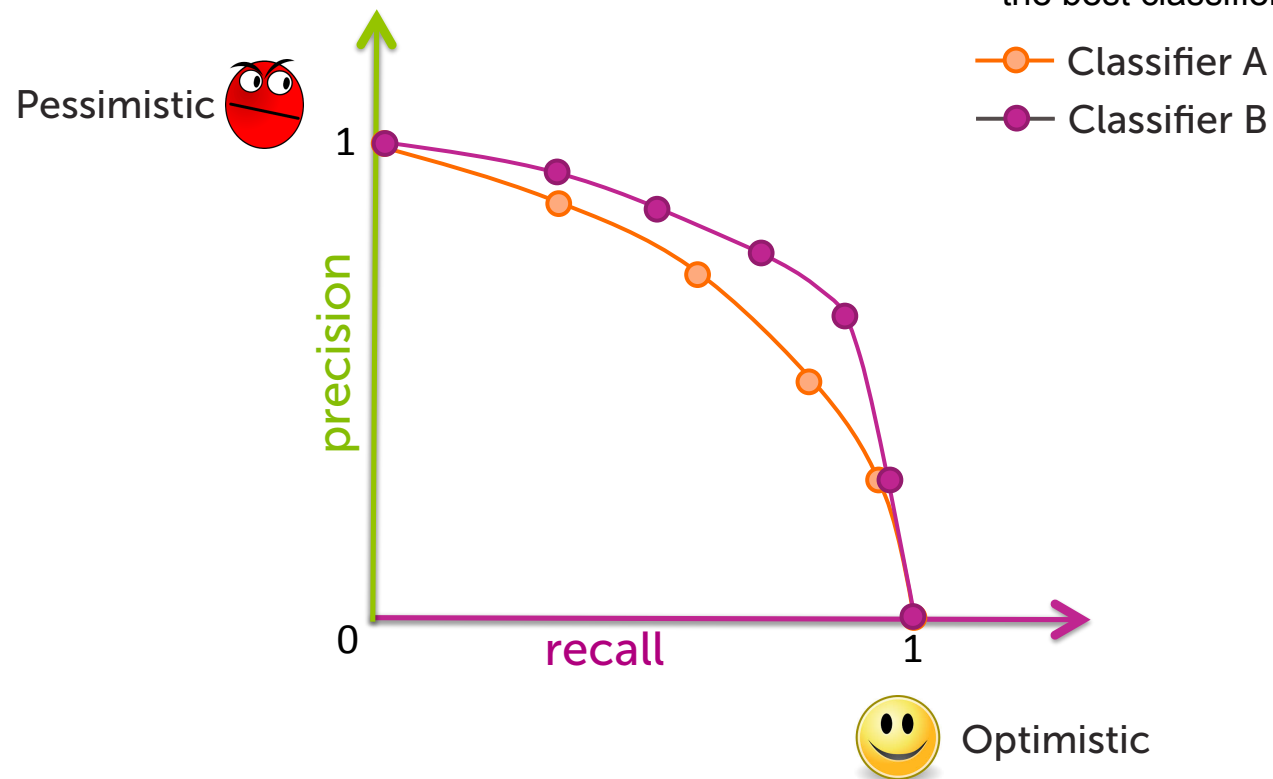


What does the perfect algorithm look like?

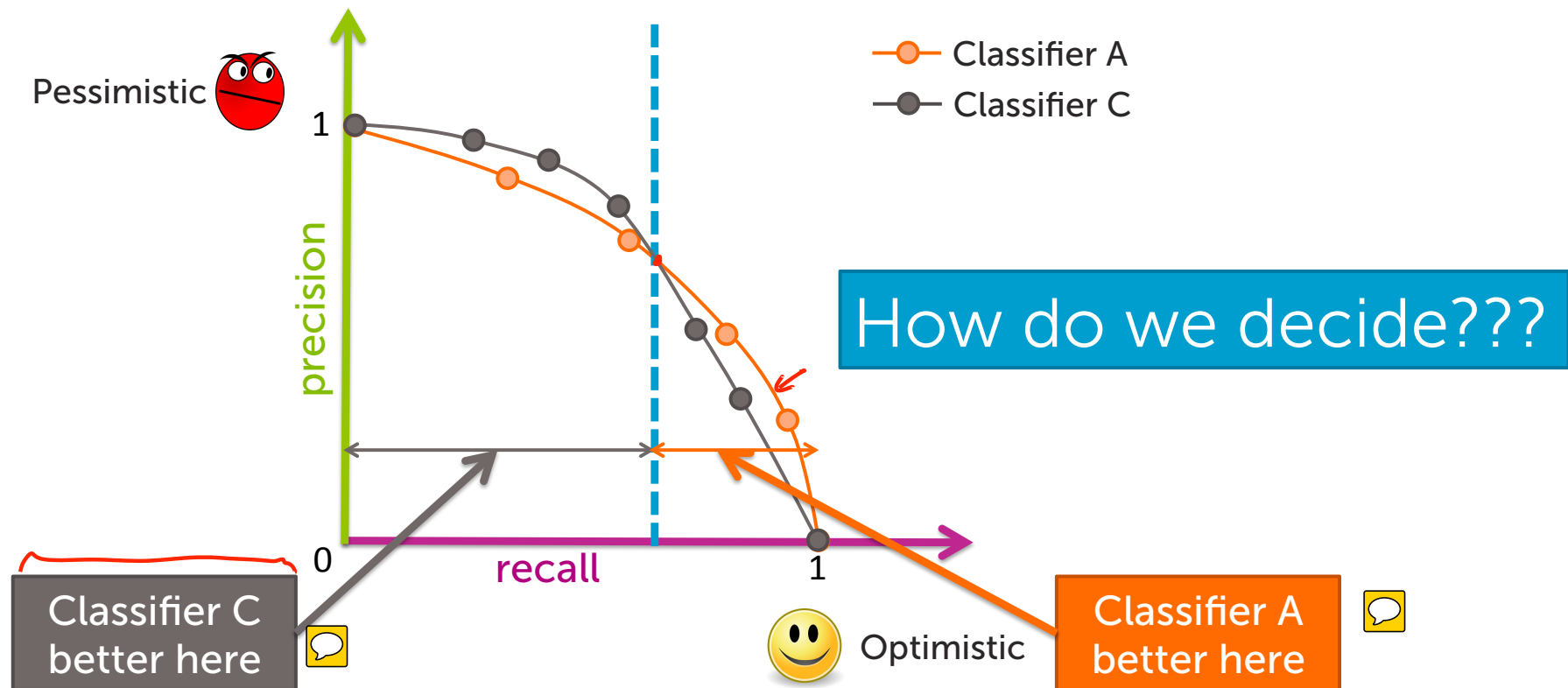


Which classifier is better? A or B?

B, since B is always higher than A (i.e., closer to the best classifier).



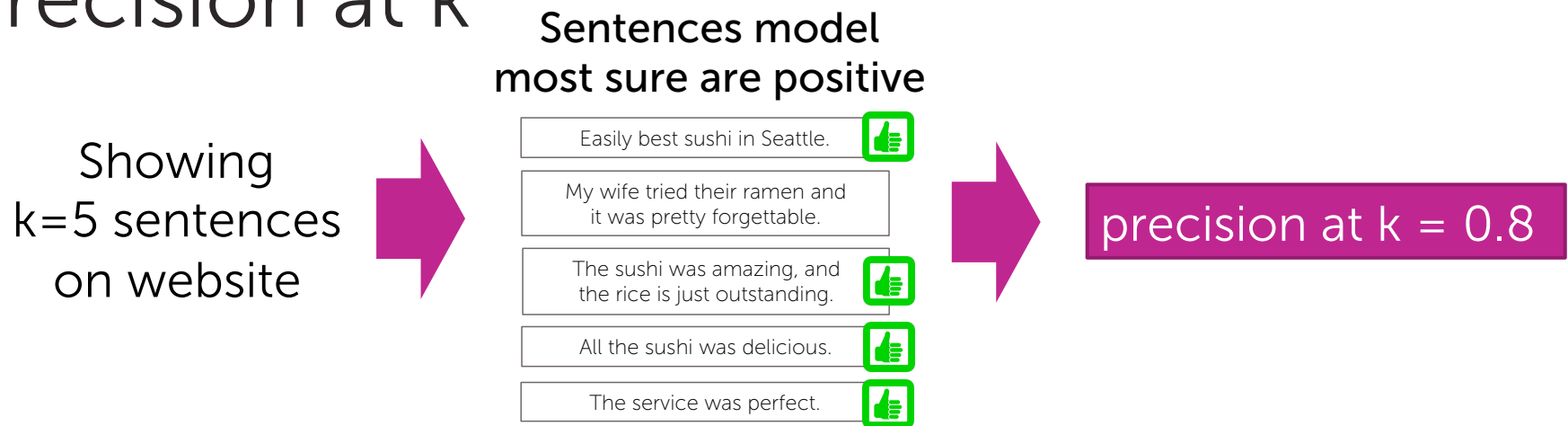
Which classifier is better? A or C?



Compare algorithms

- Often, reduce precision-recall to single number to compare algorithms
 - F1 measure, area-under-the-curve (AUC),...

Precision at k



Summary of precision-recall



What you can do now...

- Classification accuracy/error are not always right metrics
- **Precision** captures fraction of positive predictions that are correct
- **Recall** captures fraction of positive data correctly identified by the model
- Trade-off **precision** & **recall** by setting probability thresholds
- Plot **precision-recall** curves.
- Compare models by computing precision at **k**

Thank you to Dr. Krishna Sridhar



Dr. Krishna Sridhar
Staff Data Scientist, Dato, Inc.