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NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SINGAPORE

ASSESSMENT FOR

IT1007 – INTRODUCTION TO PROGRAMMING IN PYTHON AND C

(Semester I: 2018/2019)

Time Allowed: 2 Hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- 1. This assessment paper contains SIX(6) questions and comprises THIRTEEN (13) printed pages. Answer all questions.
- 2. Write your answers <u>in the space provided after each question</u>. All questions in Section B carry equal marks.
- 3. This is an **CLOSED BOOK** assessment.
- 4. Programmable calculators are **not** allowed in this assessment.
- 5. You are allowed to bring **only one A4 size cheat sheet on both sides** for your reference.
- 6. Please write your student number only. Do not write your name.

Question Number	Max. Marks	Marks
1	10	
2	15	
3	10	
4	15	
5	25	
6	25	
	Total Marks:	

SECTION A

This section is for <u>Python</u>. Answer the questions according to the Python version that we are using in class, namely, version 3.6.0. For the coding questions, you cannot import any other packages. In order to gain full marks, your code **cannot be excessively lengthy**.

Question 1 [10 marks]

Assume that NO package is imported. If you <u>type</u> each of the following into the IDLE shell as the first line what will be displayed/returned? Or write "error" if an error occurs And your answer is right only if it is in the right "format". For example, if the answer is **5**, both '**5**' and **5.0** will be considered *wrong*.

Evaluate the Followings:	Answer:
print([1,2,3,4].reverse())	
print((1,2,3,4).sort())	
True or sqrt(-1)	
len(((1,2,3,4,5)))	
'abcdefghi'[5:99:2]	
not True or True	
'a'+'b' * 3	
sorted('100')	
set([i%3 for i in range(20)])	
round(1.99)	
'I1 2d3iadd tiatb!g'[::2]	

Question 2 [15 marks]

Each row of the table is a separate program/file. What is the output of each of them if you run it? If the code produces errors or runs into infinite loops, please state 'error' or 'infinite loop' respectively.

Code	Output
a = 1 print(a + (a))	
a = 0.0 while (a != 1.0): a += 0.1 print(a)	
a,b,c = 1,2,3 a,b,c = b,c,a a,b,c = c,b,a print(str(a)+str(b)+str(c))	
L = list('1007') sorted(L) print(L)	
<pre>x = 0 def incX(n): for i in range(n): x = x + i incX(5) print(x)</pre>	

Question 3 [10 marks]

You are given a dictionary of grades and grade points below:

```
grade2point = {'A':5, 'A-':4.5, 'B+':4, 'B':3.5, 'B-':3, 'C+':2.5, 'C':2, 'D+':1.5, 'D':1, 'F':0}
```

Write a function **calculateCAP(L,grade2point)** to take in a list **L** of grades (a list of strings) and **return** the CAP value by using the dictionary. Here are some sample outputs:

You can assume the list **L** is not empty and only contains the keys in the **grade2point** dictionary.

```
def calculateCAP(L,gradeDict):
```

Question 4 [15 marks]: Checking if a number is Fibonacci

Mr. Silly is writing a function in Python to check if a number n is a Fibonacci number. He is given a ready-made correct function **fib(i)** that gives him the ith Fibonacci number. He wrote the code and it is shown on the right side. And it should return **True** if **n** is a Fibonacci number and **False** otherwise.

However, the code seems to be buggy.

a) Please give an example that the function isfib() will tell a wrong answer

```
def isfib(n):
    i = 1
    f_i = fib(i)
    while (f_i <= n):
        if n == f_i:
            return True
    else:
        return False
    i+=1
    f_i = fib(i)</pre>
```

b) Correct his code with minimal changes below. You must follow his code as much as possible and keep the first three lines the same in the function body.

```
def isfib(n):
    i = 1
    f_i = fib(i)
    while (f_i <= n):</pre>
```