

GCC and CMake Tutorial with Static Libraries

1 Project Structure

We will use the following files:

```
1 project/  
2     main.c  
3     calculations.c  
4     calculations.h
```

2 Source Code

2.1 Header (calculations.h)

```
1 #ifndef CALCULATIONS_H  
2 #define CALCULATIONS_H  
3  
4 double add(double a, double b);  
5 double multiply(double a, double b);  
6 double power(double base, double exp);  
7  
8 #endif
```

2.2 Implementation (calculations.c)

```
1 #include <math.h>  
2 #include "calculations.h"  
3  
4 double add(double a, double b) {  
5     return a + b;  
6 }  
7  
8 double multiply(double a, double b) {  
9     return a * b;  
10 }  
11  
12 double power(double base, double exp) {  
13     return pow(base, exp); // requires -lm  
14 }
```

2.3 Main Program (main.c)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include "calculations.h"
3
4 // Example: macro can be set with gcc -DSCALE=10
5 #ifndef SCALE
6 #define SCALE 1.0
7 #endif
8
9 int main() {
10     double x = 2.0, y = 3.0;
11
12     printf("Add: %f\n", add(x, y) * SCALE);
13     printf("Multiply: %f\n", multiply(x, y) * SCALE);
14     printf("Power: %f\n", power(x, y) * SCALE);
15
16     return 0;
17 }
```

3 Using GCC Directly

3.1 Compile and Link in One Step

```
1 gcc -DSCALE=10 main.c calculations.c -o main -lm
2 ./main
```

3.2 Separate Compilation

```
1 # Compile object files
2 gcc -c calculations.c -o calculations.o
3 gcc -c -DSCALE=5 main.c -o main.o
4
5 # Link together with math library
6 gcc main.o calculations.o -o main -lm
7 ./main
```

3.3 Create a Static Library (.a)

```
1 # Compile object file
2 gcc -c calculations.c -o calculations.o
3
4 # Create static library
5 ar rcs libcalculations.a calculations.o
6
7 # Link main with the static library
8 gcc -c -DSCALE=2 main.c -o main.o
9 gcc main.o -L. -lcalculations -o main -lm
10
11 ./main
```

4 Using CMake

4.1 CMakeLists.txt

```
1 cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.10)
2 project(GccTutorial C)
3
4 # Create the static library
5 add_library(calculations STATIC calculations.c)
6
7 # Build the executable
8 add_executable(main main.c)
9
10 # Link math library and calculations
11 target_link_libraries(main calculations m)
12
13 # Pass SCALE as a definition
14 target_compile_definitions(main PRIVATE SCALE=10)
```

4.2 Build with CMake

```
1 mkdir build && cd build
2 cmake ..
3 cmake --build .
4 ./main
```

4.3 Override SCALE at Configure Time

```
1 cmake -DSCALE=20 ..
2 cmake --build .
3 ./main
```

5 Conclusion

This tutorial demonstrated:

- Using `gcc` with defines and the math library.
- Creating object files, executables, and static libraries (`.a`).
- Using CMake to manage the same workflow in a scalable way.