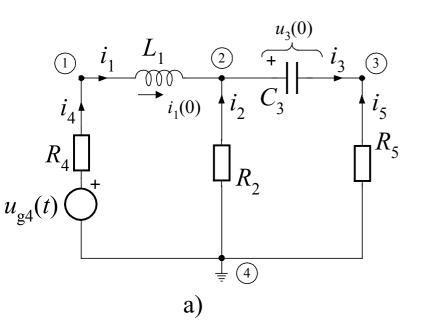
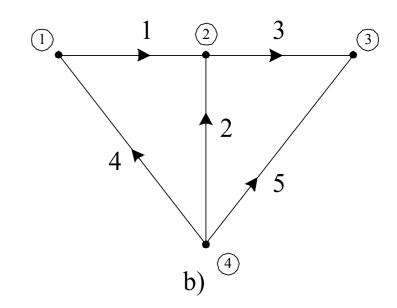
# Električni krugovi

Grafovi i mreže Primjeri

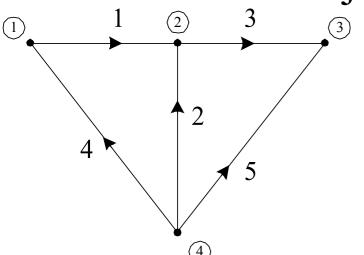
## Graf i matrice grafa

Primjer 1. Za krug na slici postaviti jednadžbe temeljnog sustava petlji, rezova i čvorišta.





Matrica incidencija



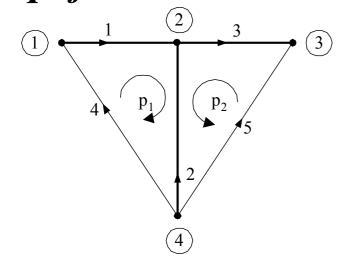
$$\mathbf{A}_{a} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Reducirana matrica incidencija A

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

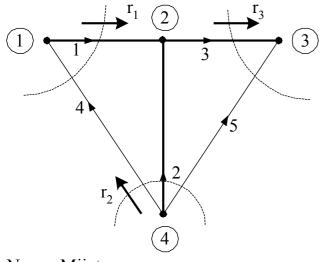
• Odbacivanjem 4. retka  $\rightarrow$  čvorište 4 - referentno.

• Spojna matrica  $S \rightarrow S$ tablo i temeljni sustav petlji



$$\mathbf{S} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

• Rastavna matrica  $\mathbf{Q} \rightarrow \text{Temeljni}$  sustav rezova



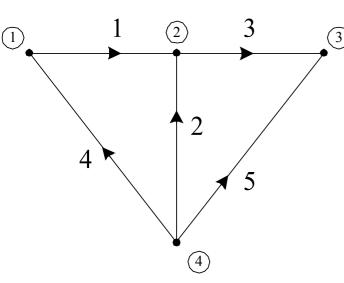
$$\mathbf{Q} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

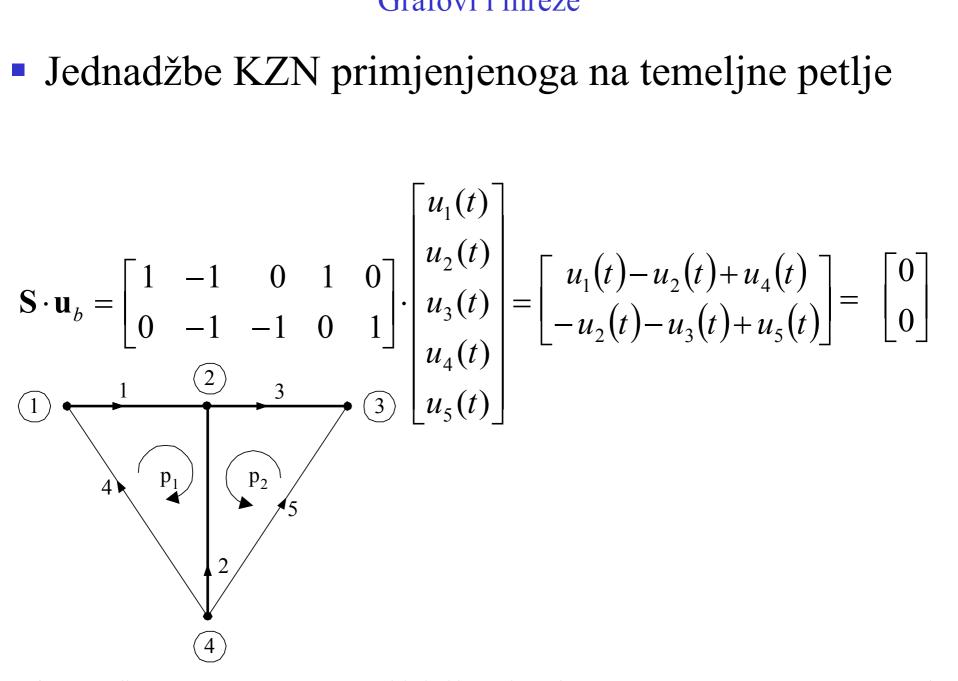
Vektori struja grana i<sub>b</sub> i napona grana u<sub>b</sub>

$$\mathbf{i}_{b} = \begin{bmatrix} i_{1}(t) \\ i_{2}(t) \\ i_{3}(t) \\ i_{4}(t) \\ i_{5}(t) \end{bmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{u}_{b} = \begin{bmatrix} u_{1}(t) \\ u_{2}(t) \\ u_{3}(t) \\ u_{4}(t) \\ u_{5}(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

Jednadžbe KZS za čvorišta 1, 2, i 3

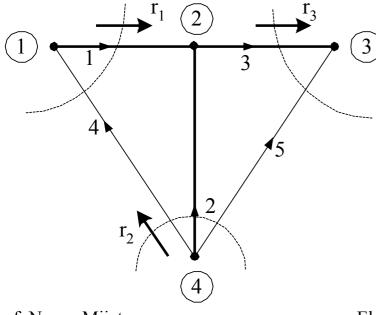
$$\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{i}_{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} i_{1}(t) \\ i_{2}(t) \\ i_{3}(t) \\ i_{4}(t) \\ i_{5}(t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} i_{1}(t) - i_{4}(t) \\ -i_{1}(t) - i_{2}(t) + i_{3}(t) \\ -i_{3}(t) - i_{5}(t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$





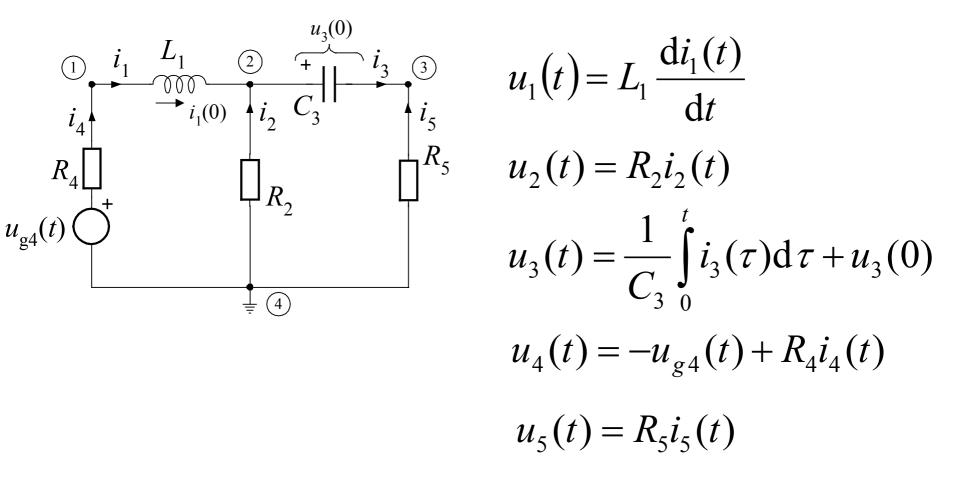
Jednadžbe KZS za temeljne rezove glase

■ Jednadžbe KZS za temeljne rezove glase
$$\mathbf{Q} \cdot \mathbf{i}_{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} i_{1}(t) \\ i_{2}(t) \\ i_{3}(t) \\ i_{4}(t) \\ i_{5}(t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} i_{1}(t) - i_{4}(t) \\ i_{2}(t) + i_{4}(t) + i_{5}(t) \\ i_{3}(t) + i_{5}(t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



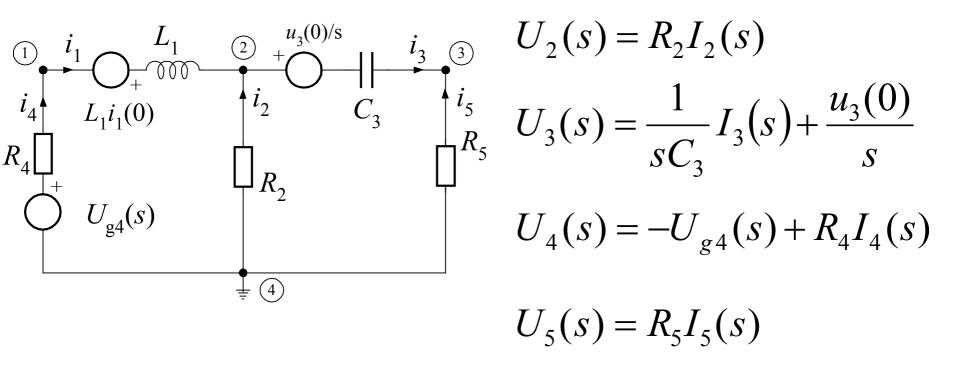
## Jednadžbe temeljnih petlji

Strujno naponske jednadžbe grana



Primjenom Laplaceove transformacije dobiva se

$$U_1(s) = sL_1I_1(s) - L_1i_1(0)$$



Sustav jednadžbi u matričnoj formi ima oblik

$$\begin{bmatrix} U_1(s) \\ U_2(s) \\ U_3(s) \\ U_4(s) \\ U_5(s) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} sL_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & R_2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{sC_3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & R_4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & R_5 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} I_1(s) \\ I_2(s) \\ I_3(s) \\ I_4(s) \\ I_5(s) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -L_1 \cdot i_1(0) \\ 0 \\ u_3(0)/s \\ -U_{g4}(s) \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{U}_b = \mathbf{Z}_b \mathbf{I}_b + \mathbf{U}_{0b}$$

- $\mathbf{Z}_b$  je matrica impedancija grana.
- Ona za ovaj slučaj ima oblik dijagonalne matrice

$$\mathbf{Z}_b = \begin{bmatrix} sL_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & R_2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{sC_3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & R_4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & R_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Množenjem jednadžbe s lijeva sa spojnom matricom

$$\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{b} = \mathbf{0}$$
$$\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{Z}_{b} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{b} + \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{ab} = \mathbf{0}$$

Struje grana izražene strujama petlji

$$\mathbf{I}_{b} = \mathbf{S}^{t} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{p}$$

- $\mathbf{I}_{p} \rightarrow \text{vektor struja petlji} \qquad \mathbf{I}_{p} = \begin{bmatrix} I_{p1}(s) \\ I_{p2}(s) \end{bmatrix}$  $\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{Z}_{b} \cdot \mathbf{S}^{t} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{p} + \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{ob} = \mathbf{0}$
- Rezultat je
- $\mathbf{SZ}_b\mathbf{S}^t \to \text{matrica impedancija temeljnoga sustava}$ petlji  $\mathbf{Z}_p$   $\mathbf{Z}_p = \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{Z}_b \cdot \mathbf{S}^t$

■U našem je slučaju 
$$\mathbf{Z}_{p} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} sL_{1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & R_{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{sC_{3}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & R_{4} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & R_{5} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_{p} = \begin{bmatrix} sL_{1} + R_{2} + R_{4} & R_{2} \\ R_{2} & R_{2} + \frac{1}{sC_{3}} + R_{5} \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrična jednadžba

$$\mathbf{Z}_{p}\mathbf{I}_{p}=-\mathbf{S}\cdot\mathbf{U}_{ob}$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_{p}\mathbf{I}_{p}=\mathbf{U}_{op}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} sL_1 + R_2 + R_4 & R_2 \\ R_2 & R_2 + R_5 + \frac{1}{sC_3} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} I_{p1} \\ I_{p2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} U_{g4}(s) + L_1 \cdot i_1(0) \\ \frac{1}{s} u_3(0) \end{bmatrix}$$

- Množenjem s lijeva inverznom matricom  $\mathbf{Z}_{p}$ ,
- → rješenje sustava

$$\mathbf{I}_p = \mathbf{Z}_p^{-1} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{op}$$

odnosno

$$\begin{bmatrix} I_{p1} \\ I_{p2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} sL_1 + R_2 + R_4 & R_2 \\ R_2 & R_2 + R_5 + \frac{1}{sC_3} \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} U_{g4}(s) + L_1 \cdot i_1(0) \\ \frac{1}{s}u_3(0) \end{bmatrix}$$

### Jednadžbe čvorišta

Za postavljanje jednadžbi čvorišta potrebno je struje grana izraziti naponima grana.  $i_1(t) = \frac{1}{L_1} \int_{0}^{t} u_1(\tau) d\tau + i_1(0)$ 

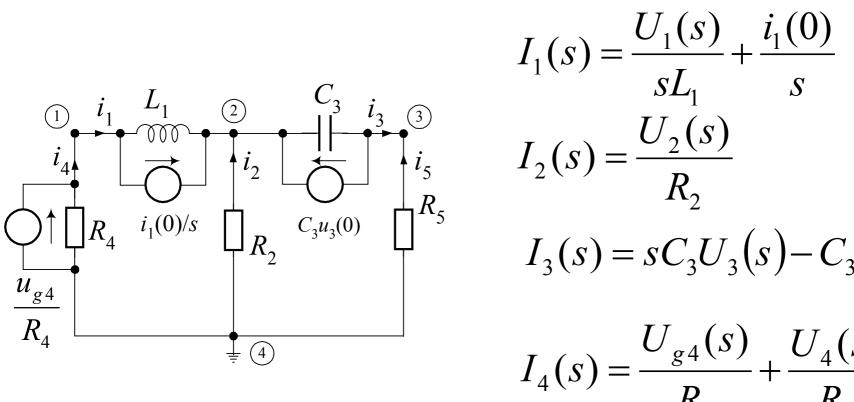
$$i_{2}(t) = \frac{u_{2}(t)}{R_{2}}$$

$$i_{3}(t) = C_{3} \frac{du_{3}(t)}{dt}$$

$$i_{4}(t) = \frac{u_{g4}(t)}{R_{4}} + \frac{u_{4}(t)}{R_{4}}$$

$$i_{5}(t) = \frac{u_{5}(t)}{R_{5}}$$

Primjenom Laplaceove transformacije dobiva se



$$I_{1}(s) = \frac{U_{1}(s)}{sL_{1}} + \frac{i_{1}(0)}{s}$$

$$I_{2}(s) = \frac{U_{2}(s)}{R_{2}}$$

$$I_{3}(s) = sC_{3}U_{3}(s) - C_{3}i_{3}(0)$$

$$I_{4}(s) = \frac{U_{g4}(s)}{R_{4}} + \frac{U_{4}(s)}{R_{4}}$$

$$I_{5}(s) = \frac{U_{5}(s)}{R_{5}}$$

Sustav jednadžbi u matričnoj formi

$$\mathbf{I}_b = \mathbf{Y}_b \cdot \mathbf{U}_b + \mathbf{I}_{ob}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} I_{1}(s) \\ I_{2}(s) \\ I_{3}(s) \\ I_{4}(s) \\ I_{5}(s) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{sL_{1}} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{R_{2}} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & sC_{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R_{4}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R_{5}} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} U_{1}(s) \\ U_{2}(s) \\ U_{3}(s) \\ U_{3}(s) \\ U_{4}(s) \\ U_{5}(s) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} i_{1}(0)/s \\ 0 \\ -C_{3}u_{3}(0) \\ U_{g4}(s)/R_{4} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $\mathbf{Y}_b$  je *matrica admitancija grana*, koja za ovaj slučaj ima oblik dijagonalne matrice.

$$\mathbf{Y}_{b} = \mathbf{Z}_{b}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{sL_{1}} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{R_{2}} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & sC_{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R_{4}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R_{5}} \end{bmatrix}$$

Množenjem s lijeva s matricom incidencija

$$\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{b} = \mathbf{0}$$

$$\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_h \cdot \mathbf{U}_h + \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{oh} = \mathbf{0}$$

Napone grana izraženi naponima čvorišta

$$\mathbf{U}_{b} = \mathbf{A}^{t} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{v}$$

•  $\mathbf{U}_{v} \rightarrow \text{vektor napona čvorišta}$ 

$$\mathbf{U}_{v}(s) = \begin{bmatrix} U_{v1}(s) \\ U_{v2}(s) \\ U_{v3}(s) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_h \cdot \mathbf{A}^t \cdot \mathbf{U}_v + \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{ab} = \mathbf{0}$$

•  $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{Y}_{b}\mathbf{A}^{t}$  je matrica admitancija čvorišta  $\mathbf{Y}_{v}$ .

$$\mathbf{Y}_{v} = \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{b} \cdot \mathbf{A}^{t}$$

Za zadani krug ona glasi

$$\mathbf{Y}_{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{sL_{1}} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{R_{2}} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & sC_{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R_{4}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R_{5}} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{Y}_{v} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{sL_{1}} + \frac{1}{R_{4}} & -\frac{1}{sL_{1}} & 0\\ -\frac{1}{sL_{1}} & \frac{1}{sL_{1}} + \frac{1}{R_{2}} + sC_{3} & -sC_{3}\\ 0 & -sC_{3} & sC_{3} + \frac{1}{R_{5}} \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrična se jednadžba može napisati u obliku

$$\mathbf{Y}_{v} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{v} = -\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{ob}$$
$$\mathbf{Y}_{v} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{v} = \mathbf{I}_{ov}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{sL_{1}} + \frac{1}{R_{4}} & -\frac{1}{sL_{1}} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{sL_{1}} & \frac{1}{sL_{1}} + \frac{1}{R_{2}} + sC_{3} & -sC_{3} \\ 0 & -sC_{3} & sC_{3} + \frac{1}{R_{5}} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} U_{v1} \\ U_{v2} \\ U_{v3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} U_{g4}/R_{4} + i_{L1}(0)/s \\ C_{3}u_{C3}(0) - i_{L1}(0)/s \\ -C_{3}u_{C3}(0) \end{bmatrix}$$

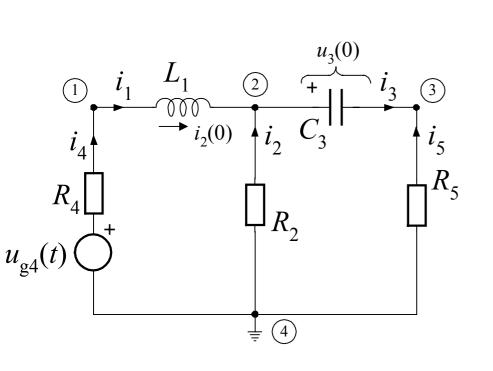
• Množenjem s lijeva s  $\mathbf{Y}_{v}^{-1} \rightarrow$  rješenje sustava

$$\mathbf{Y}_{v}^{-1} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{v} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{v} = \mathbf{U}_{v} = \mathbf{Y}_{v}^{-1} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{ov}$$

odnosno

$$\begin{bmatrix} U_{v1} \\ U_{v2} \\ U_{v3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{sL_1} + \frac{1}{R_4} & -\frac{1}{sL_1} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{sL_1} & \frac{1}{sL_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + sC_3 & -sC_3 \\ 0 & -sC_3 & sC_3 + \frac{1}{R_5} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \frac{U_{g4}}{R_4} - \frac{i_{L1}(0)}{s} \\ C_3 u_{C3}(0) + \frac{i_{L1}(0)}{s} \\ -C_3 u_{C3}(0) \end{bmatrix}$$

### Jednadžbe rezova



$$i_{1}(t) = \frac{1}{L_{1}} \int_{0}^{t} u_{1}(\tau) d\tau + i_{1}(0)$$

$$i_{2}(t) = \frac{u_{2}(t)}{R_{2}}$$

$$i_{3}(t) = C_{3} \frac{du_{3}(t)}{dt}$$

$$i_{4}(t) = \frac{u_{g4}(t)}{R_{4}} + \frac{u_{4}(t)}{R_{4}}$$

$$i_{5}(t) = \frac{u_{5}(t)}{R}$$

Primjenom Laplaceove transformacije dobiva se

$$I_{1}(s) = \frac{U_{1}(s)}{sL_{1}} + \frac{i_{1}(0)}{s}$$

$$I_{2}(s) = \frac{U_{2}(s)}{R_{2}}$$

$$I_{3}(s) = sC_{3}U_{3}(s) - C_{3}i_{3}(0)$$

$$I_{4}(s) = \frac{U_{g4}(s)}{R_{4}} + \frac{U_{4}(s)}{R_{4}}$$

$$I_{5}(s) = \frac{U_{5}(s)}{R_{5}}$$

Matrična jednadžba grana kruga glasi

$$\mathbf{I}_b = \mathbf{Y}_b \cdot \mathbf{U}_b + \mathbf{I}_{ob}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} I_1(s) \\ I_2(s) \\ I_3(s) \\ I_4(s) \\ I_5(s) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{sL_1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{R_2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & sC_3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R_4} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R_5} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} U_1(s) \\ U_2(s) \\ U_3(s) \\ U_4(s) \\ U_5(s) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} i_1(0)/s \\ 0 \\ -C_3u_3(0) \\ U_g_4(s)/R_4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Množenjen jednadžbe s lijeva s rastavnom matricom

$$\mathbf{Q} \cdot \mathbf{I}_b = \mathbf{0}$$

$$\mathbf{Q} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{ob} + \mathbf{Q} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_b \cdot \mathbf{U}_b = \mathbf{0}$$

Naponi grana izraženi naponima rezova

$$\mathbf{U}_{\mathsf{h}} = \mathbf{Q}^{\mathsf{t}} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{\mathsf{r}}$$

 $lackbox{\bf U}_{\rm r} \rightarrow {
m vektor\ napona\ rezova}$ 

$$\mathbf{Q} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_b \cdot \mathbf{Q}^t \cdot \mathbf{U}_r + \mathbf{Q} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{ob} = \mathbf{0}$$

 $\mathbf{U}_{r}(s) = \begin{bmatrix} U_{r1}(s) \\ U_{r2}(s) \\ U_{r3}(s) \end{bmatrix}$ 

•  $\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{Y}_{b}\mathbf{Q}^{t} \rightarrow$  matrica admitancija rezova  $\mathbf{Y}_{r}$ .

$$\mathbf{Y}_r = \mathbf{Q} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_b \cdot \mathbf{Q}^t$$

Za zadani krug ona glasi

adani krug ona glasi
$$Y_{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{sL_{1}} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{R_{2}} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & sC_{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R_{4}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R_{5}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y_{r} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{sL_{1}} + \frac{1}{R_{4}} & -\frac{1}{R_{4}} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{R_{4}} & \frac{1}{R_{2}} + \frac{1}{R_{4}} + \frac{1}{R_{5}} & \frac{1}{R_{5}} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Prof. Neven Mijat

Električni krugovi 2006/07

Matrična se jednadžba

$$\mathbf{Y}_r \cdot \mathbf{U}_r = -\mathbf{Q} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{ob}$$
$$\mathbf{Y}_r \cdot \mathbf{U}_r = \mathbf{I}_{or}$$

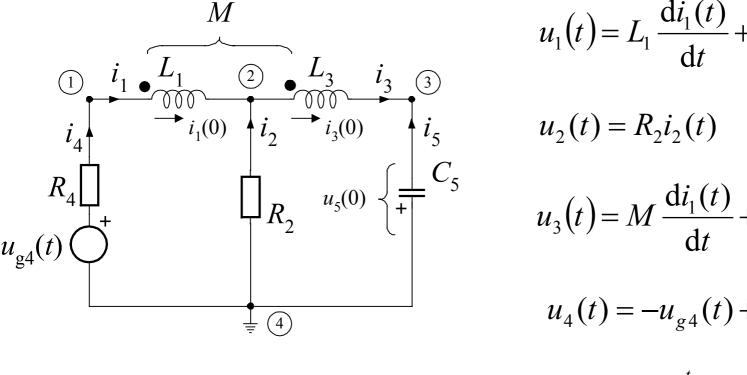
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{sL_{1}} + \frac{1}{R_{4}} & -\frac{1}{R_{4}} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{R_{4}} & \frac{1}{R_{2}} + \frac{1}{R_{4}} + \frac{1}{R_{5}} & \frac{1}{R_{5}} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{R_{5}} & sC_{3} + \frac{1}{R_{5}} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} U_{r1} \\ U_{r2} \\ U_{r3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} U_{g4}/R_{4} + i_{L1}(0)/s \\ -U_{g4}/R_{4} \\ C_{3}u_{C3}(0) \end{bmatrix}$$

• Množenjem s lijeva s inverznom matricom  $\mathbf{Y}_{r}(s)$ , dobiva se rješenje sustava

$$\mathbf{Y}_r^{-1} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_r \cdot \mathbf{U}_r = \mathbf{U}_r = \mathbf{Y}_r^{-1} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{or}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} U_{r1} \\ U_{r2} \\ U_{r3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{sL_1} + \frac{1}{R_4} & -\frac{1}{R_4} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{R_4} & \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_4} + \frac{1}{R_5} & \frac{1}{R_5} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{R_5} & sC_3 + \frac{1}{R_5} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \frac{U_{g4}}{R_4} - \frac{i_{L1}(0)}{s} \\ -\frac{U_{g4}}{R_4} \\ C_3 u_{C3}(0) \end{bmatrix}$$

 Primjer 2. Za krug na slici postaviti jednadžbe temeljnog sustava petlji, rezova i čvorišta.



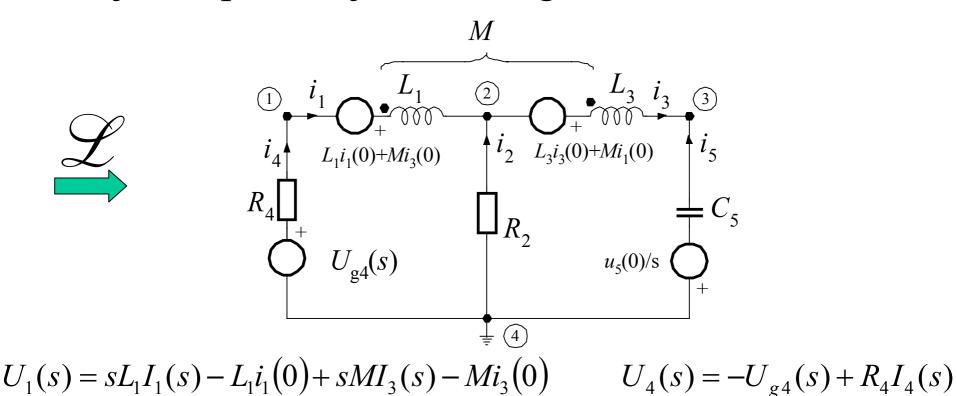
$$u_1(t) = L_1 \frac{\mathrm{d}i_1(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} + M \frac{\mathrm{d}i_3(t)}{\mathrm{d}t}$$

$$u_3(t) = M \frac{\mathrm{d}i_1(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} + L_3 \frac{\mathrm{d}i_3(t)}{\mathrm{d}t}$$

$$u_4(t) = -u_{g4}(t) + R_4 i_4(t)$$

$$u_5(t) = \frac{1}{C_5} \int_0^t i_5(\tau) d\tau + u_5(0)$$

Strujno naponske jednadžbe grana



$$U_2(s) = R_2 I_2(s)$$

$$U_5(s) = \frac{1}{sC_5} I_5(s) + \frac{u_5(0)}{s}$$

$$U_3(s) = sMI_1(s) - Mi_1(0) + sL_3I_3(s) - L_3i_3(0)$$

Jednadžbe grana u matričnome obliku

$$\begin{bmatrix} U_1 \\ U_2 \\ U_3 \\ U_4 \\ U_5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} sL_1 & 0 & sM & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & R_2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ sM & 0 & sL_3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & R_4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{sC_5} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \\ I_3 \\ I_4 \\ I_5 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -L_1i_1(0) - Mi_3(0) \\ 0 \\ -Mi_1(0) - L_3i_3(0) \\ -U_{g4} \\ u_5(0)/s \end{bmatrix}$$

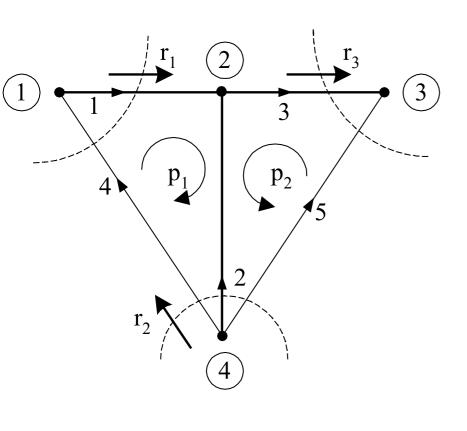
$$\mathbf{U}_b = \mathbf{Z}_b \cdot \mathbf{I}_b + \mathbf{U}_{ob}$$

Matrica impedancija grana

$$\mathbf{Z}_{b} = \begin{bmatrix} sL_{1} & 0 & sM & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & R_{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ sM & 0 & sL_{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & R_{4} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{sC_{5}} \end{bmatrix}$$

- Nije dijagonalna
- Simetrična oko glavne dijagonale  $\mathbf{Z}_b^t = \mathbf{Z}_b$

### Matrice



$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{S} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{Q} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Jednadžbe temeljnih petlji

$$\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{b} = \mathbf{0}$$

$$\mathbf{0} = \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{ob} + \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{Z}_{b} \cdot \mathbf{S}^{t} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{p}$$

$$\mathbf{0} = \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{ob} + \mathbf{Z}_{p} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{p}$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_{p} = \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{Z}_{b} \cdot \mathbf{S}^{t} = \begin{bmatrix} sL_{1} + R_{2} + R_{4} & R_{2} - sM \\ R_{2} - sM & R_{2} + sL_{3} + \frac{1}{sC_{5}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_{p} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{p} = -\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{ob}$$

Jednadžbe temeljnih petlji

$$\begin{bmatrix} sL_1 + R_2 + R_4 & R_2 - sM \\ R_2 - sM & R_2 + sL_3 + \frac{1}{sC_5} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_{p1} \\ I_{p2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} U_{g4} + L_1i_1(0) + Mi_3(0) \\ -Mi_1(0) - L_3i_3(0) + u_5(0)/s \end{bmatrix}$$

Rješenje

$$\mathbf{I}_{p} = -\mathbf{Z}_{p}^{-1} \cdot \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{ob}'$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} I_{p1} \\ I_{p2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} sL_1 + R_2 + R_4 & R_2 - sM \\ R_2 - sM & R_2 + sL_3 + \frac{1}{sC_5} \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} U_{g4} + L_1i_1(0) + Mi_3(0) \\ -Mi_1(0) - L_3i_3(0) + u_5(0)/s \end{bmatrix}$$

- Za jednadžbe čvorišta i jednadžbe rezova treba definirati matricu admitancija grana.
- Jedan od načina preuređenjem jednadžbi grana

$$U_1(s) = sL_1I_1(s) - L_1i_1(0) + sMI_3(s) - Mi_3(0)$$

$$U_2(s) = R_2 I_2(s)$$

$$U_3(s) = sMI_1(s) - Mi_1(0) + sL_3I_3(s) - L_3i_3(0)$$

$$U_4(s) = -U_{g4}(s) + R_4I_4(s)$$

$$U_5(s) = \frac{1}{sC_5}I_5(s) + \frac{u_5(0)}{s}$$

Struje grana izražene naponima

$$I_{1}(s) = \frac{sL_{3}}{\Delta M}U_{1}(s) - \frac{sM}{\Delta M}U_{3}(s) + i_{1}(0)$$

$$I_{2}(s) = \frac{1}{R_{2}}U_{2}(s)$$

$$I_{3}(s) = -\frac{sM}{\Delta M}U_{1}(s) + \frac{sL_{3}}{\Delta M}U_{3}(s) + \frac{i_{3}(0)}{s}$$

$$I_{4}(s) = \frac{1}{R_{4}}U_{4}(s) + \frac{1}{R_{4}}U_{g4}(s)$$

 $I_{5}(s) = sC_{5}U_{5}(s) - C_{5}u_{5}(0)$ 

 $\Delta M = s^2 \left( L_1 L_2 - M^2 \right)$ 

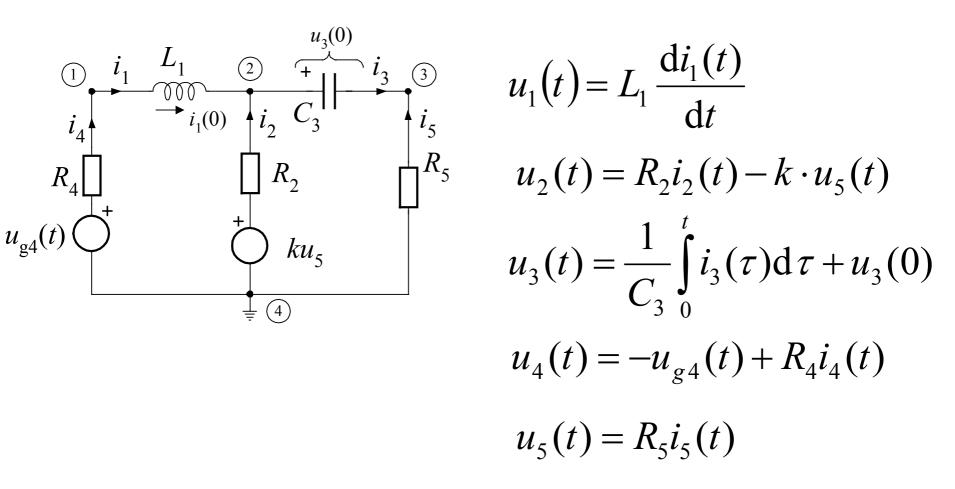
Matrica admitancija grana

$$\mathbf{Y}_{b} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{sL_{3}}{\Delta M} & 0 & -\frac{sM}{\Delta M} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{R_{2}} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{sM}{\Delta M} & 0 & \frac{sL_{1}}{\Delta M} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R_{4}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & sC_{5} \end{bmatrix}$$

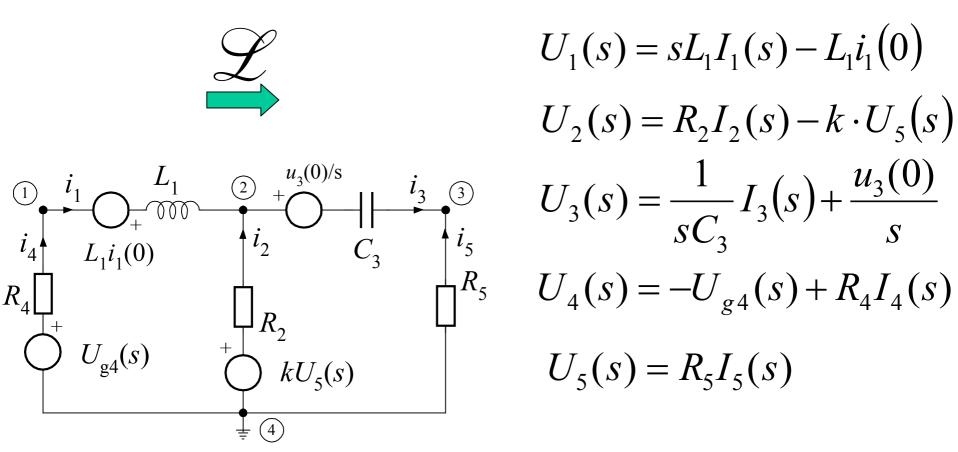
• Drugi način  $\longrightarrow$  invertiranjem  $\mathbf{Z}_{b}$ 

$$\mathbf{Y}_{b} = \mathbf{Z}_{b}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{sL_{3}}{\Delta M} & 0 & -\frac{sM}{\Delta M} & 0 & 0\\ 0 & \frac{1}{R_{2}} & 0 & 0 & 0\\ -\frac{sM}{\Delta M} & 0 & \frac{sL_{1}}{\Delta M} & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R_{4}} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & sC_{5} \end{bmatrix}$$

 Primjer 3. Za krug na slici postaviti jednadžbe temeljnog sustava petlji, rezova i čvorišta.



Strujno naponske jednadžbe grana



Jednadžbe grana u matričnome obliku

$$\begin{bmatrix} U_{1}(s) \\ U_{2}(s) \\ U_{3}(s) \\ U_{4}(s) \\ U_{5}(s) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} sL_{1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & R_{2} & 0 & 0 & -k \cdot R_{5} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{sC_{3}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & R_{4} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & R_{5} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} I_{1}(s) \\ I_{2}(s) \\ I_{3}(s) \\ I_{4}(s) \\ I_{5}(s) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -L_{1} \cdot i_{1}(0) \\ 0 \\ u_{3}(0) / s \\ -U_{g4}(s) \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

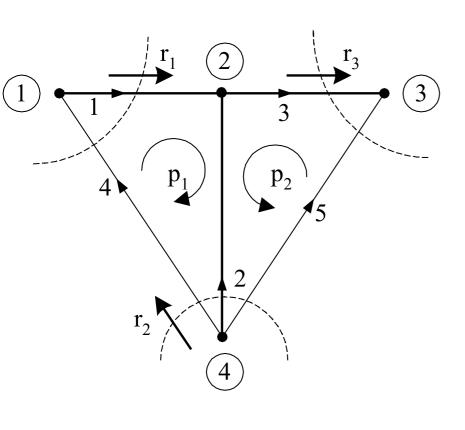
$$\mathbf{U}_b = \mathbf{Z}_b \cdot \mathbf{I}_b + \mathbf{U}_{0b}$$

Matrica impedancija grana

$$\mathbf{Z}_{b} = \begin{bmatrix} sL_{1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & R_{2} & 0 & 0 & -k \cdot R_{5} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{sC_{3}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & R_{4} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & R_{5} \end{bmatrix}$$

- Nije dijagonalna
- Nije simetrična oko glavne dijagonale  $\mathbf{Z}_b^t \neq \mathbf{Z}_b$
- Mreža je nerecipročna

# Matrice



$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{S} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{Q} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Jednadžbe temeljnih petlji

$$\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{b} = \mathbf{0}$$

$$\mathbf{0} = \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{ob} + \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{Z}_{b} \cdot \mathbf{S}^{t} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{p}$$

$$\mathbf{0} = \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{ob} + \mathbf{Z}_{p} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{p}$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_{p} = \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{Z}_{b} \cdot \mathbf{S}^{t} = \begin{bmatrix} sL + R_{2} + R_{4} & R_{2} + kR_{5} \\ R_{2} & R_{2} + \frac{1}{sC_{3}} + R_{5} + kR_{5} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_{p} \cdot \mathbf{I}_{p} = -\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{ob}$$

Jednadžbe temeljnih petlji

$$\begin{bmatrix} sL + R_2 + R_4 & R_2 + kR_5 \\ R_2 & R_2 + \frac{1}{sC_3} + R_5 + kR_5 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} I_{p1} \\ I_{p2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} U_{g4}(s) + L_1 \cdot i_1(0) \\ \frac{1}{s} u_3(0) \end{bmatrix}$$

Rješenje

$$\mathbf{I}_{n} = -\mathbf{Z}_{n}^{-1} \cdot \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{ob}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} I_{p1} \\ I_{p2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} sL + R_2 + R_4 & R_2 + kR_5 \\ R_2 & R_2 + \frac{1}{sC_3} + R_5 + kR_5 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} U_{g4}(s) + L_1 \cdot i_1(0) \\ \frac{1}{s}u_3(0) \end{bmatrix}$$

- Matrica admitancija grana.
- Preuređenjem jednadžbi grana

$$I_1(s) = \frac{U_1(s)}{sL_1} + \frac{i_1(0)}{s}$$

$$I_2(s) = \frac{U_2(s)}{R_2} + k \frac{U_5(s)}{R_2}$$

$$I_3(s) = sC_3U_3(s) - sC_3i_3(0)$$

$$I_4(s) = \frac{U_{g4}(s)}{R_4} + \frac{U_4(s)}{R_4}$$

$$I_5(s) = \frac{U_5(s)}{R_5}$$

Matrica admitancija grana

$$\mathbf{Y}_b = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{sL_1} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{R_2} & 0 & 0 & \frac{k}{R_2} \\ 0 & 0 & sC_3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R_4} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R_5} \end{bmatrix}$$

• Drugi način  $\longrightarrow$  invertiranjem  $\mathbf{Z}_{b}$ 

$$\mathbf{Y}_{b} = \mathbf{Z}_{b}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{sL_{1}} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{R_{2}} & 0 & 0 & \frac{k}{R_{2}} \\ 0 & 0 & sC_{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R_{4}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{R_{5}} \end{bmatrix}$$