

Signali i sustavi  
**Završni ispit (grupa A) – 19. lipnja 2013.**

1. (9 bodova) Vremenski diskretan linearan, kauzalan i vremenski nepromjenjiv sustav opisan je diferencijskom jednačbom

$$y(n) - \frac{1}{4}y(n-1) = 4u(n).$$

- a) (2 boda) Odredite prijenosnu funkciju sustava.
- b) (2 boda) Ispitajte stabilnost sustava.
- c) (2 boda) Odredite impulsni odziv sustava.
- d) (3 boda) Pomoću konvolucijskog zbroja nađite odziv MIRNOG sustava na pobudu  $u(n) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n \mu(n)$ .

2. (9 bodova) Vremenski kontinuirani kauzalan sustav opisan je diferencijalnom jednačbom

$$y'(t) + 5y(t) = 10u(t).$$

- a) (1 bod) Odredite prijenosnu funkciju sustava.
- b) (3 boda) Izračunajte i skicirajte amplitudnu i faznu frekvencijsku karakteristiku zadanog sustava.
- c) (4 boda) Odredite PRISILNI odziv zadanog sustava na pobudu  $u(t) = 3\sqrt{2}\cos\left(5t + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) - 6\sin\left(5\sqrt{3}t + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ .
- d) (1 bod) Komentirajte ponašanje TOTALNOG odziva zadanog sustava za  $t \gg 0$  uz  $y(0^-) = 0$ .

3. (9 bodova) Vremenski diskretan linearan, kauzalan i vremenski nepromjenjiv sustav opisan je diferencijskom jednačbom

$$8y(n) + 2y(n-1) - y(n-2) = 5u(n).$$

Neka je pobuda  $u(n) = 3^{-n} \mu(n)$  i neka je  $y(-1) = 3$  i  $y(-2) = 9$ .

- a) (2 boda) Za zadani sustav odredite karakteristični polinom i karakterističnu jednačbu te zatim izračunajte karakteristične vrijednosti.
- b) (2 boda) Odredite odziv mirnog sustava.
- c) (2 boda) Odredite odziv nepobuđenog sustava.
- d) (2 boda) Odredite prisilni odziv sustava.
- e) (1 bod) Odredite totalni odziv sustava.

4. (9 bodova) Vremenski kontinuirani kauzalan sustav opisan je diferencijalnom jednačbom

$$y''(t) + 8y'(t) + 15y(t) = 2u''(t) + 4u'(t) + 2u(t).$$

- a) (4 boda) Odredite impulsni odziv zadanog sustava postupkom u vremenskoj domeni.
- b) (3 boda) Odredite impulsni odziv zadanog sustava korištenjem Laplaceove transformacije.
- c) (2 boda) Pomoću konvolucijskog integrala odredite odziv mirnog sustava na pobudu  $u(t) = e^{-t} \mu(t)$ .

5. (9 bodova) Neka je impulsni odziv linearnog, kauzalnog i vremenski nepromjenjivog vremenski diskretnog sustava  $h(n) = \{4, -2, 4, -2, 4, -2, \dots\}$  (slijed 4, -2 se ponavlja unedogled).

- a) (1 bod) Na temelju impulsnog odziva ispitajte stabilnost sustava.
- b) (6 bodova) Nađite odziv sustava na kauzalnu pobudu  $u(n) = \{1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}, \dots, \frac{1}{2^n}, \dots\}$  ako je poznato da je  $y(-2) = y(-1) = 1$ .
- c) (2 boda) Odredite prisilni odziv sustava.

①

$$e) \quad H(z) = \frac{4}{1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-1}}, \quad |z| > \frac{1}{4}$$

$$b) \quad 1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-1} = 0 \Rightarrow z = \frac{1}{4}, \quad |z| < 1$$

SYSTAV JE STABILNÍ

$$c) \quad H(z) = \frac{4}{1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-1}} \rightarrow h(n) = 4\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u(n)$$

$$d) \quad y_H(n) = h(n) * u(n) =$$

$$= \sum_{i=-\infty}^{+\infty} 4\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^i u(i) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{n-i} u(n-i) =$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0, & n < 0 \\ \sum_{i=0}^n 4\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^i = 4\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n (n+1), & n \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

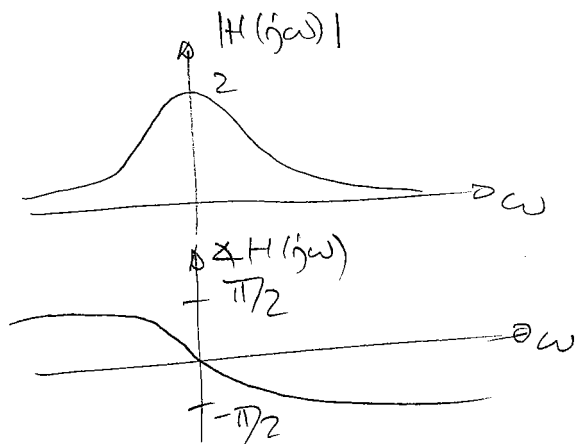
2.  $y(t) \neq 5y(t) = 10u(t)$

a)  $H(s) = \frac{10}{s+5}$

b)  $H(j\omega) = \frac{10}{j\omega+5}$

$|H(j\omega)| = \frac{10}{\sqrt{\omega^2+25}}$

$\angle H(j\omega) = -\arctg \frac{\omega}{5}$



c) Primilni odziv na  $u(t) = 3\sqrt{2} \cos(5t + \frac{\pi}{3}) - 6 \sin(5\sqrt{3}t + \frac{\pi}{4})$

$\omega = 5 \quad |H(j5)| = \frac{10}{\sqrt{25+25}} = \sqrt{2}$

$\angle H(j5) = -\arctg \frac{5}{5} = -\pi/4$

$\omega = 5\sqrt{3} \quad |H(j5\sqrt{3})| = \frac{10}{\sqrt{25+25 \cdot 3}} = \frac{10}{10} = 1$

$\angle H(j5\sqrt{3}) = -\arctg \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{5} = -\pi/3$

$y_H(t) = 6 \cos(5t + \frac{\pi}{12}) - 6 \sin(5\sqrt{3}t - \frac{\pi}{12})$

d) ostane samo primilni odziv

$$③ \quad 8y(n) + 2y(n-1) - y(n-2) = 5u(n)$$

$$u(n) = 3^{-n} \mu(n), \quad y(-1) = 3, \quad y(-2) = 9$$

a) KARAKTERISTIČNI POLINOM:  $8 + 2z^{-1} - z^{-2}$   
 KARAKTERISTIČNA JEDNAČINA:  $8 + 2z^{-1} - z^{-2} = 0$

$$8 + 2z^{-1} - z^{-2} = (4 - z^{-1})(2 + z^{-1}) = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow z_1 = \frac{1}{4}, \quad z_2 = -\frac{1}{2} \quad \text{KARAKTERISTIČNE VRIJEDNOSTI}$$

b) Odziv mirnog sustava je odziv na zateznom pobudu  $u(n)$  uz  $y(-1) = y(-2) = 0$ .

$$H(z) = \frac{5}{8 + 2z^{-1} - z^{-2}}, \quad U(z) = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{3}z^{-1}} = \frac{3}{3 - z^{-1}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Y_M(z) &= H(z) \cdot U(z) = \frac{15}{(4 - z^{-1})(2 + z^{-1})(3 - z^{-1})} = \\ &= \frac{\frac{15}{(2+4)(3-4)}}{4 - z^{-1}} + \frac{\frac{15}{(4+2)(3+2)}}{2 + z^{-1}} + \frac{\frac{15}{(4-3)(2+3)}}{3 - z^{-1}} = \\ &= -\frac{15}{24} \frac{4}{4 - z^{-1}} + \frac{15}{60} \frac{2}{2 + z^{-1}} + \frac{15}{15} \frac{3}{3 - z^{-1}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow y_{\text{mirni}}(n) &= \left( -\frac{15}{24} \left( \frac{1}{4} \right)^n + \frac{15}{60} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)^n + \frac{15}{15} \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^n \right) \cdot \mu(n) = \\ &= \left( -\frac{5}{8} \left( \frac{1}{4} \right)^n + \frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)^n + \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^n \right) \mu(n) \end{aligned}$$

$$c) \quad Y_{\text{NEPOBUĐENI}}(u) = A \cdot z_1^u + B \cdot z_2^u = A \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^u + B \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^u$$

$$\begin{cases} y(1) = 3 = 4A - 2B \\ y(2) = 9 = 16A + 4B \end{cases}$$

$$2 \cdot 3 + 9 = (2 \cdot 4 + 16)A \Rightarrow A = \frac{15}{24} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$-4 \cdot 3 + 9 = (2 \cdot 4 + 4) \cdot B \Rightarrow B = -\frac{3}{12} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$Y_{\text{NEPOBUĐENI}}(u) = \frac{5}{8} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^u - \frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^u, \quad \forall u \in \mathbb{Z}$$

e) Totalni odziv je zbroj stare i mirnog i nepobuđenog sustava:

$$Y_{\text{TOTALNI}}(u) = Y_{\text{MIRNI}}(u) + Y_{\text{NEPOBUĐENI}}(u) =$$

$$= \left( \frac{5}{8} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^u - \frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^u \right) \mu(-u+1) + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^u \mu(u)$$

d) Prisilni odziv je dio totalnog odziva koji bitne frekvencijske pothode. Kada je

$$u(u) = 3^{-u} \mu(u) \quad \text{m/jedi:}$$

$$Y_{\text{PRISILNI}}(u) = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^u \mu(u)$$

$$4.) \quad y''(t) + 8y'(t) + 15y(t) = 2u''(t) + 4u'(t) + 2u(t)$$

$$a) \quad y'' + 8y' + 15y = \delta(t)$$

$$h_A(0^+) = 0$$

$$h_A'(0^+) = 1$$

$$h_A'' + 8h_A' + 15h_A = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 + 8\lambda + 15 = 0$$

$$(\lambda + 3)(\lambda + 5) = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda = -3, -5$$

$$h_A = C_1 \cdot e^{-3t} + C_2 \cdot e^{-5t}$$

$$h_A'(t) = -3C_1 \cdot e^{-3t} - 5C_2 \cdot e^{-5t}$$

$$h_A(t) = \left( \frac{1}{2} \cdot e^{-3t} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot e^{-5t} \right) \mu(t)$$

$$h_A(0^+) = C_1 + C_2 = 0$$

$$C_2 = -C_1$$

$$h_A'(0^+) = -3C_1 - 5C_2 = 1$$

$$-3C_1 + 5C_2 = 1$$

$$2C_1 = 1$$

~~$$C_1 = \frac{1}{2}, C_2 = -\frac{1}{2}$$~~

$$C_1 = \frac{1}{2}, C_2 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$h(t) = 2\delta(t) + 2h_A'' + 4h_A' + 2h_A$$

$$= 2\delta(t) + 9 \cdot e^{-3t} - 25 \cdot e^{-5t} - 6 \cdot e^{-3t} + 10 \cdot e^{-5t} + e^{-3t} - e^{-5t}$$

$$h(t) = (2\delta(t) + 4 \cdot e^{-3t} - 16 \cdot e^{-5t}) \mu(t)$$

$$h_A' = -\frac{3}{2} \cdot e^{-3t} + \frac{5}{2} \cdot e^{-5t}$$

$$h_A'' = \frac{9}{2} \cdot e^{-3t} - \frac{25}{2} \cdot e^{-5t}$$

$$4). 2) \quad H(s) = \frac{2s^2 + 4s + 2}{s^2 + 8s + 15} = 2 + \frac{-12s - 28}{(s+3)(s+5)}$$

$$2s^2 + 4s + 2 : s^2 + 8s + 15 = \boxed{2}$$

$$-2s^2 \pm 16s \pm 30$$

$$\boxed{-12s - 28}$$

$$H(s) = 2 + \frac{A}{s+3} + \frac{B}{s+5}$$

$$A + B = -12$$

$$5A + 3B = -28$$

$$-3A - 3B = 36$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \boxed{A = 4} \\ \boxed{B = -16} \end{array} \right.$$

$$H(s) = 2 + \frac{4}{s+3} + \frac{-16}{s+5}$$

$$\underline{h(t) = 2\delta(t) + 4 \cdot e^{-3t} - 16 \cdot e^{-5t}}$$

$$4. c) \quad u(t) = e^{-t} \mu(t)$$

$$\mu(t) = 2\delta(t) + 4 \cdot e^{-3t} \mu(t) - 16 \cdot e^{-5t} \mu(t)$$

$$y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(t-\tau) \cdot \mu(\tau) d\tau$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[ e^{-(t-\tau)} \cdot \mu(t-\tau) \right] \cdot \left[ 2\delta(\tau) + 4 \cdot e^{-3\tau} \mu(\tau) - 16 \cdot e^{-5\tau} \mu(\tau) \right] d\tau$$

$$\boxed{t > 0} \quad = \int_0^t e^{-t+\tau} \cdot 2\delta(\tau) d\tau + \int_0^t e^{-t+\tau} \cdot 4 \cdot e^{-3\tau} d\tau - 16 \int_0^t e^{-t+\tau} \cdot e^{-5\tau} d\tau$$

$$= 2e^{-t} + 4 \cdot \frac{e^{-t-2\tau}}{-2} \Big|_0^t - 16 \cdot \frac{e^{-t-4\tau}}{-4} \Big|_0^t$$

$$= 2 \cdot e^{-t} - 2 \left[ e^{-t-2t} - e^{-t} \right] + 4 \left[ e^{-t-4t} - e^{-t} \right]$$

$$= 4e^{-5t} - 2e^{-3t}, \quad t > 0$$

$$= 4e^{-5t} \mu(t) - 2e^{-3t} \mu(t)$$


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5A)  $h(n) = \{4, -2, 4, -2, \dots\}$

a) Sustav je ua gnerici stabilnosti, jer  $h(n)$  ne teži niti u  $\infty$ , niti u  $\emptyset$ , kada  $n \rightarrow \infty$ .

b)  $u(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \nu(n)$

$\gamma(-2) = \gamma(-1) = 1$

- ODZIV MIRNOG SUSTAVA:

Primerite da se  $h(n)$  može zapisati kao

$h(n) = \nu(n) + 3 \cdot (-1)^n \nu(n) \Rightarrow$

$H(z) = \mathcal{Z}\{h(n)\} = \frac{z}{z-1} + 3 \frac{z}{z+1} = \frac{2z(2z-1)}{z^2-1}$

Iz  $u(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \nu(n) \Rightarrow U(z) = \frac{z}{z-\frac{1}{2}} = \boxed{\frac{2z}{2z-1}}$

$\Rightarrow Y_w(z) = H(z) \cdot U(z) = \frac{4z^2}{z^2-1} = \frac{2z}{z-1} + \frac{2z}{z+1}$

$\Rightarrow Y_w(n) = \boxed{(2 \cdot 1^n + 2 \cdot (-1)^n) \nu(n)}$

- ODZIV NEPOBOJEDENOG SUSTAVA:

Iz  $H(z) = \boxed{\frac{4z^2-2z}{z^2-1}} = \frac{4-2z^{-1}}{1-z^{-2}} \Rightarrow \frac{Y(z)}{U(z)} = \frac{4-2z^{-1}}{1-z^{-2}}$

$\Rightarrow \boxed{Y(n) - Y(n-2) = 4U(n) - 2U(n-1)}$   $U(n) = 0, Y(-1) = Y(-2) = 0$   
 $Y_{np}(n) = 1^n \nu(n)$

$\Rightarrow$  UKUPNO:  $Y(n) = Y_w(n) + Y_{np}(n) = \boxed{(3 \cdot 1^n + 2 \cdot (-1)^n) \nu(n)}$

c) PRISILNI ODZIV:  $Y_{pr} = \emptyset$  (u odzivu nema impulsa)

Signali i sustavi  
**Završni ispit (grupa B) – 19. lipnja 2013.**

1. (9 bodova) Vremenski diskretan linearan, kauzalan i vremenski nepromjenjiv sustav opisan je diferencijskom jednačbom

$$y(n) - \frac{1}{2}y(n-1) = 2u(n).$$

- a) (2 boda) Odredite prijenosnu funkciju sustava.
- b) (2 boda) Ispitajte stabilnost sustava.
- c) (2 boda) Odredite impulsni odziv sustava.
- d) (3 boda) Pomoću konvolucijskog zbroja nađite odziv MIRNOG sustava na pobudu  $u(n) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n \mu(n)$ .

2. (9 bodova) Vremenski kontinuirani kauzalan sustav opisan je diferencijalnom jednačbom

$$y'(t) + 7y(t) = 14u(t).$$

- a) (1 bod) Odredite prijenosnu funkciju sustava.
- b) (3 boda) Izračunajte i skicirajte amplitudnu i faznu frekvencijsku karakteristiku zadanog sustava.
- c) (4 boda) Odredite PRISILNI odziv zadanog sustava na pobudu  $u(t) = 3\sqrt{2}\cos\left(7t + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) - 6\sin\left(7\sqrt{3}t + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ .
- d) (1 bod) Komentirajte ponašanje TOTALNOG odziva zadanog sustava za  $t \gg 0$  uz  $y(0^-) = 0$ .

3. (9 bodova) Vremenski diskretan linearan, kauzalan i vremenski nepromjenjiv sustav opisan je diferencijskom jednačbom

$$8y(n) - 2y(n-1) - y(n-2) = 7u(n).$$

Neka je pobuda  $u(n) = 3^{-n} \mu(n)$  i neka je  $y(-1) = -3$  i  $y(-2) = -9$ .

- a) (2 boda) Za zadani sustav odredite karakteristični polinom i karakterističnu jednačbu te zatim izračunajte karakteristične vrijednosti.
- b) (2 boda) Odredite odziv mirnog sustava.
- c) (2 boda) Odredite odziv nepobuđenog sustava.
- d) (2 boda) Odredite prisilni odziv sustava.
- e) (1 bod) Odredite totalni odziv sustava.

4. (9 bodova) Vremenski kontinuirani kauzalan sustav opisan je diferencijalnom jednačbom

$$y''(t) + 10y'(t) + 24y(t) = 2u''(t) + 5u'(t) + 2u(t).$$

- a) (4 boda) Odredite impulsni odziv zadanog sustava postupkom u vremenskoj domeni.
- b) (3 boda) Odredite impulsni odziv zadanog sustava korištenjem Laplaceove transformacije.
- c) (2 boda) Pomoću konvolucijskog integrala odredite odziv mirnog sustava na pobudu  $u(t) = e^{-t} \mu(t)$ .

5. (9 bodova) Neka je impulsni odziv linearnog, kauzalnog i vremenski nepromjenjivog vremenski diskretnog sustava  $h(n) = \{2, -1, 2, -1, 2, -1, \dots\}$  (sljed 2, -1 se ponavlja unedogled).

- a) (1 bod) Na temelju impulsnog odziva ispitajte stabilnost sustava.
- b) (6 bodova) Nađite odziv sustava na kauzalnu pobudu  $u(n) = \{1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}, \dots, \frac{1}{2^n}, \dots\}$  ako je poznato da je  $y(-2) = y(-1) = 1$ .
- c) (2 boda) Odredite prisilni odziv sustava.

①

$$a) \quad H(z) = \frac{2}{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}}, \quad |z| > \frac{1}{2}$$

$$b) \quad 1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1} = 0 \Rightarrow z = \frac{1}{2}, \quad \left|\frac{1}{2}\right| < 1$$

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$$c) \quad H(z) = \frac{2}{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}} \rightarrow h(n) = 2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n)$$

$$d) \quad y_H(n) = h(n) * u(n) =$$

$$= \sum_{i=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^i u(i) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{n-i} u(n-i) =$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0, & n < 0 \\ 2 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n \sum_{i=0}^n 2^i = 2 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n \frac{1 - 2^{n+1}}{1 - 2} = \end{cases}$$

$$= 2 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n (2^{n+1} - 1) = 4 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n - 2 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n$$

2.

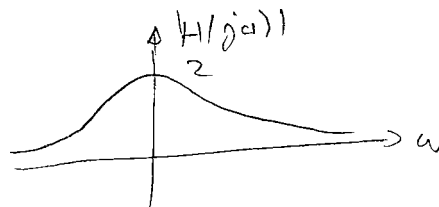
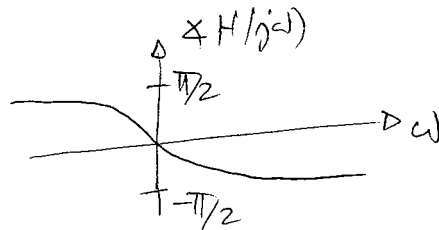
$$y'(t) + 7y(t) = 14u(t)$$

a)  $H(s) = \frac{14}{s+7}$

b)  $H(j\omega) = \frac{14}{j\omega + 7}$

$$\angle H(j\omega) = -\arctg \frac{\omega}{7}$$

$$|H(j\omega)| = \frac{14}{\sqrt{49 + \omega^2}}$$



c) primului celor nu  $u(t) = 3\sqrt{2} \cos(7t + \frac{\pi}{3}) - 6 \sin(7\sqrt{3}t + \frac{\pi}{4})$

$$\omega = 7 \quad |H(j7)| = \frac{14}{\sqrt{49 + 49}} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\angle H(j7) = -\arctg \frac{7}{7} = -\pi/4$$

$$\omega = 7\sqrt{3} \quad |H(j7\sqrt{3})| = \frac{14}{\sqrt{49 \cdot 3 + 49}} = 1$$

$$\angle H(j7\sqrt{3}) = -\arctg \frac{7\sqrt{3}}{7} = -\pi/3$$

$$y_H(t) = 6 \cos(7t + \frac{\pi}{12}) - 6 \sin(7\sqrt{3}t - \frac{\pi}{12})$$

d) astane cauză primului celor

$$\textcircled{3} \quad y(n) - 2y(n-1) - y(n-2) = 7u(n)$$

$$u(n) = 3^{-n} \mu(n), \quad y(-1) = -3, \quad y(-2) = -9$$

a) KARAKTERISTIČNI POLINOM:  $8 - 2z^{-1} - z^{-2}$

KARAKTERISTIČNA JEDNAČBA:  $8 - 2z^{-1} - z^{-2} = 0$

$$8 - 2z^{-1} - z^{-2} = (4 + z^{-1})(2 - z^{-1}) = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow z_1 = -\frac{1}{4}, \quad z_2 = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{KARAKTERISTIČNE VRIJEDNOSTI}$$

b) Odziv mimog sustava je odziv za zadanu pobudu  $u(n)$  uz  $y(-1) = y(-2) = 0$ .

$$H(z) = \frac{7}{8 - 2z^{-1} - z^{-2}}, \quad U(z) = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{3}z^{-1}} = \frac{3}{3 - z^{-1}}$$

$$Y_H(z) = H(z) \cdot U(z) = \frac{21}{(4 + z^{-1})(2 - z^{-1})(3 - z^{-1})} =$$

$$= \frac{\frac{21}{(2+4)(3+4)}}{4 + z^{-1}} + \frac{\frac{21}{(4+2)(3-2)}}{2 - z^{-1}} + \frac{\frac{21}{(4+3)(2-3)}}{3 - z^{-1}} =$$

$$= \frac{21}{168} \cdot \frac{4}{4 + z^{-1}} + \frac{21}{12} \cdot \frac{2}{2 - z^{-1}} - \frac{21}{21} \cdot \frac{3}{3 - z^{-1}} \quad \circ \rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} \circ \rightarrow Y_{\text{MIMO}}(n) &= \left( \frac{21}{168} \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^n + \frac{21}{12} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n - \frac{21}{21} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \right) / u(n) = \\ &= \left( \frac{1}{8} \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^n + \frac{21}{12} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \right) / u(n) \end{aligned}$$

$$c) \quad y_{\text{NEPOBUĐENI}}(n) = A \cdot \varphi_1^n + B \cdot \varphi_2^n = A \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^n + B \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$$

$$\begin{cases} y(-1) = -3 = -4A + 2B \\ y(-2) = -9 = 16A + 4B \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y(-1) = -3 = -4A + 2B \\ y(-2) = -9 = 16A + 4B \end{cases}$$

$$3 \cdot 2 - 9 = (2 \cdot 4 + 16)A \Rightarrow A = -\frac{3}{24} = -\frac{1}{8}$$

$$-3 \cdot 4 - 9 = (2 \cdot 4 + 4)B \Rightarrow B = -\frac{21}{12}$$

$$y_{\text{NEPOBUĐENI}}(n) = -\frac{1}{8} \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^n - \frac{21}{12} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n, \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

e) *Totelni odziv* je zbroj *odnosa mirnog i nepobuđenog sustava*:

$$y_{\text{TOTALNI}}(n) = y_{\text{MIRNI}}(n) + y_{\text{NEPOBUĐENI}}(n) =$$

$$= \left(-\frac{1}{8} \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^n - \frac{21}{12} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n\right) \mu(-n+1) - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \mu(n)$$

d) *Trisični odziv* je dvostruki *totalni odziv* koji treba preobraziti u *poluodiv*. Kako je

$$u(n) = 3^{-n} \mu(n) \quad \text{mijeni:}$$

$$y_{\text{PRISIČNI}}(n) = -\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \mu(n)$$

4 B

$$y''(t) + 10y'(t) + 24y(t) = 2u''(t) + 5u'(t) + 2u(t)$$

$$a) y'' + 10y' + 24y = \delta(t)$$

$$h_A'' + 10h_A' + 24h_A = 0 \quad h_A(0^+) = 0 \quad h_A'(0^+) = 1$$

$$s^2 + 10s + 24 = 0 \Rightarrow (s+6)(s+4) = 0 \Rightarrow s_1 = -4 \quad s_2 = -6$$

$$h_A = C_1 e^{-4t} + C_2 e^{-6t}$$

$$h_A(0^+) = C_1 + C_2 = 0 \quad \left| \quad C_1 = \frac{1}{2} \right.$$

$$h_A'(0^+) = -4C_1 - 6C_2 = 1 \quad \left| \quad C_2 = -\frac{1}{2} \right.$$

$$h_A(t) = \frac{1}{2} e^{-4t} - \frac{1}{2} e^{-6t} \quad \left| \quad h_A'(t) = -2e^{-4t} + 3e^{-6t} \right. \quad \left| \quad h_A''(t) = 8e^{-4t} - 18e^{-6t} \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} h(t) &= 2\delta(t) + 2h_A''(t) + 5h_A'(t) + 2h_A(t) = \\ &= 2\delta(t) + 16e^{-4t} - 36e^{-6t} - 10e^{-4t} + 15e^{-6t} + e^{-4t} - e^{-6t} = \\ &= 2\delta(t) + 7e^{-4t} - 22e^{-6t} \quad t \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$b) H(s) = \frac{2s^2 + 5s + 2}{s^2 + 10s + 24} = 2 + \frac{-15s - 46}{(s+6)(s+4)} = 2 + \frac{A}{s+6} + \frac{B}{s+4}$$

$$A+B = -15$$

$$A = -22$$

$$4A+6B = -46$$

$$B = 7$$

$$H(s) = 2 + \frac{-22}{s+6} + \frac{7}{s+4}$$

$$h(t) = 2\delta(t) + (7e^{-4t} - 22e^{-6t}) u(t)$$

$$\begin{aligned} c) y(t) &= \int_0^t (2\delta(\tau) + 7e^{-4\tau} - 22e^{-6\tau}) e^{-(t-\tau)} d\tau = \\ &= 2 \int_0^t \delta(\tau) e^{-(t-\tau)} d\tau + 7 \int_0^t e^{-3\tau-t} d\tau - 22 \int_0^t e^{-5\tau-t} d\tau = \\ &= 2e^{-t} + 7 \frac{e^{-t}}{-3} e^{-3\tau} \Big|_0^t - 22 \frac{e^{-t}}{-5} e^{-5\tau} \Big|_0^t = \\ &= 2e^{-t} - \frac{7}{3} e^{-t} (e^{-3t} - 1) + \frac{22}{5} e^{-t} (e^{-5t} - 1) = \\ &= 2e^{-t} - \frac{7}{3} e^{-4t} + \frac{7}{3} e^{-t} + \frac{22}{5} e^{-6t} - \frac{22}{5} e^{-t} = \\ &= -\frac{1}{15} e^{-t} - \frac{7}{3} e^{-4t} + \frac{22}{5} e^{-6t} \end{aligned}$$

5B)  $h(n) = \{2, -1, 2, -1, 0, 0, 0\}$ .

a) Sustav je na granici stabilnosti, jer  $h(n)$  nije niti  $\infty$  niti  $\emptyset$ , kada  $n \rightarrow \infty$ .

b)  $u(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \nu(n)$   
 $Y(-2) = Y(-1) = 1$

- ODZIV MIRNOG SUSTAVA:

Pretpostavite da se  $h(n)$  može zapisati kao

$$h(n) = \frac{1}{2} \nu(n) + \frac{3}{2} (-1)^n \nu(n). \Rightarrow$$

$$H(z) = \mathcal{Z}\{h(n)\} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{z}{z-1} + \frac{3}{2} \frac{z}{z+1} \Rightarrow$$

$$H(z) = \frac{z z^2 - z}{z^2 - 1} = \frac{z(2z-1)}{z^2 - 1}$$

Iz  $u(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \nu(n) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{Z}} U(z) = \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2z}{2z-1}$

$$\Rightarrow Y_m(z) = H(z) \cdot U(z) = \frac{2z^2}{(z-1)(z+1)} = \frac{z}{z-1} + \frac{z}{z+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow Y_m(n) = (1^n + (-1)^n) \nu(n).$$

- ODZIV NEPOBUĐENOG SUSTAVA:

Iz  $H(z) = \frac{2z^2 - z}{z^2 - 1} = \frac{z - z^{-1}}{1 - z^{-2}} \Rightarrow \frac{Y(z)}{U(z)} = \frac{z - z^{-1}}{1 - z^{-2}} \Rightarrow$

$$Y(n) - Y(n-2) = 2U(n) - U(n-2), \quad u(n) = 0, \quad Y(-1) = Y(-2) = 0$$

$$Y_{np}(n) = 1^n \nu(n)$$

UKUPNO  
 $Y(n) = (Y_m + Y_{np})(n) = (2 \cdot 1^n + (-1)^n) \nu(n)$

c) PRISILNI ODZIV:  $Y_{pr} = \emptyset$  (u odzivu nema impulsa)