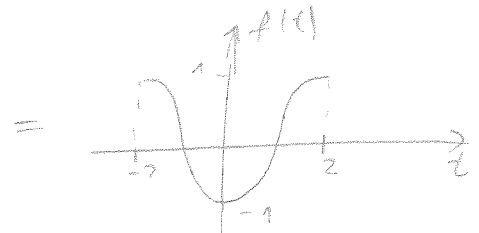
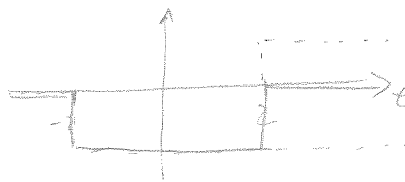
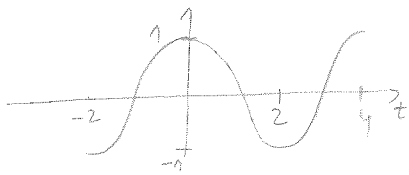


$$1. \quad f(t) = \cos \frac{\pi}{2} t \quad (\mu(t-2) - \mu(t+2))$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} T = 2\pi$$

$$T = 4$$



$$a) \quad E = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |f(t)|^2 dt = \int_{-2}^2 (-\cos \frac{\pi}{2} t)^2 dt = \int_{-2}^2 \frac{1 + \cos \pi t}{2} dt$$

SIS Ab-95/3  
20.5.2/3

$$= \left( \frac{1}{2} t + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\cos \pi t}{\pi} \right) \Big|_{-2}^2 = \frac{1}{2} (2 - (-2)) + \frac{1}{2\pi} (\underbrace{\cos 2\pi}_1 - \underbrace{\cos (-2\pi)}_1)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4 = 2$$

b) CTFT

$$F(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= \int_{-2}^2 (-\cos \frac{\pi}{2} t) e^{-j\omega t} dt = - \int_{-2}^2 \frac{1}{2} (e^{j\frac{\pi}{2} t} + e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2} t}) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^2 [e^{j(\frac{\pi}{2} - \omega)t} + e^{-j(\frac{\pi}{2} + \omega)t}] dt$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{e^{j(\frac{\pi}{2} - \omega)t}}{j(\frac{\pi}{2} - \omega)} \Big|_{-2}^2 - \frac{e^{-j(\frac{\pi}{2} + \omega)t}}{-j(\frac{\pi}{2} + \omega)} \Big|_{-2}^2 \right]$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2j(\frac{\pi}{2} - \omega)} \cdot (e^{j(\frac{\pi}{2} - \omega) \cdot 2} - e^{-j(\frac{\pi}{2} - \omega) \cdot 2}) + \frac{1}{2j(\frac{\pi}{2} + \omega)} (e^{-j(\frac{\pi}{2} + \omega) \cdot 2} - e^{j(\frac{\pi}{2} + \omega) \cdot 2})$$

$$= \frac{-1}{2j(\frac{\pi}{2} - \omega)} \cdot 2j \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} - \omega) \cdot 2 + \frac{1}{2j(\frac{\pi}{2} + \omega)} (-2j) \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + \omega) \cdot 2$$

$$= \frac{\sin 2(\frac{\pi}{2} - \omega)}{\omega - \frac{\pi}{2}} - \frac{\sin (\frac{\pi}{2} + \omega) \cdot 2}{\frac{\pi}{2} + \omega}$$

1. c) LINEARWOST zu CTFT

$$a f(t) + b g(t) \xrightarrow{\text{CTFT}} a F(j\omega) + b G(j\omega)$$

$$\text{CTFT} \{a f(t) + b g(t)\} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (a f(t) + b g(t)) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= a \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt + b \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= a F(j\omega) + b G(j\omega)$$

2.  $f(n) = \cos \frac{\pi}{4} n - \sin \frac{\pi}{4} n$

SIS16-45/13-13  
274-35/3

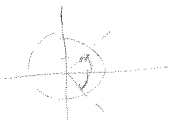
$\hookrightarrow$  PERIOD  $\frac{\pi}{4} N = 2\pi \rightarrow N=8$

a) DTFS

$$\begin{aligned} f(n) &= \frac{1}{2} (e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}n} + e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}n}) - \frac{1}{2j} (e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}n} - e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}n}) \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2j}\right) e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}n} + \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2j}\right) e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}n} \\ &= \frac{1+j}{2} e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}n} + \frac{1-j}{2} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}n} \\ &= \frac{1+j}{2} e^{j\frac{2\pi}{8}n \cdot 1} + \frac{1-j}{2} e^{j\frac{2\pi}{8}n \cdot 7} \end{aligned}$$

$$F_1 = \frac{1+j}{2}$$

$$F_7 = \frac{1-j}{2}$$



$$|F_1| = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$|F_7| = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

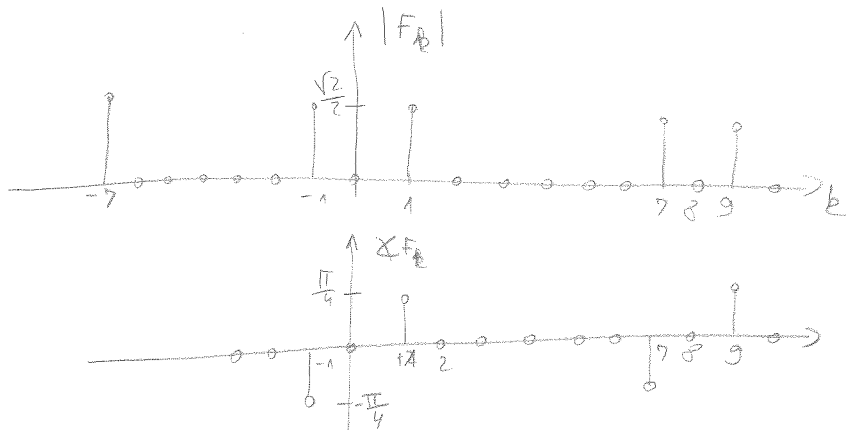
$$\angle F_1 = \arctan \frac{1}{1} = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\angle F_7 = -\frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$F_1 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

$$F_7 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

b)



PERIODIČKI  
SE PONAŠAJA

c) DTFT - in tabela

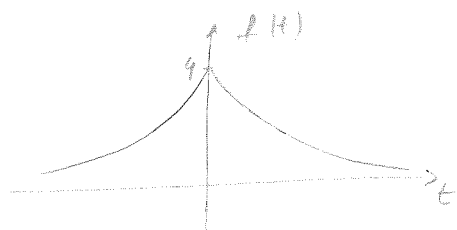
SIS16-46/15-17  
SALSAHITER

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \frac{\pi}{4} n &\xrightarrow{\text{DTFT}} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \pi \left[ \delta(\Omega + \frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi i) + \delta(\Omega - \frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi i) \right] \\ \sin \frac{\pi}{4} n &\xrightarrow{\text{DTFT}} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} j\pi \left[ \delta(\Omega + \frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi i) - \delta(\Omega - \frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi i) \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$F(e^{j\Omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (\pi - j\pi) \delta(\Omega + \frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi i) + (\pi + j\pi) \delta(\Omega - \frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi i)$$

3.

$$f(t) = 4e^{-2|t|}$$



a) DTFT

$$F(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^0 4e^{2t} e^{-j\omega t} dt + \int_0^{\infty} 4e^{-2t} e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= 4 \left. \frac{e^{(2-j\omega)t}}{2-j\omega} \right|_{-\infty}^0 + \left. \frac{4e^{(-2-j\omega)t}}{-2-j\omega} \right|_0^{\infty}$$

$$= \frac{4}{2-j\omega} - \frac{4}{-2-j\omega} = \frac{4}{2-j\omega} + \frac{4}{2+j\omega}$$

$$= \frac{2+4j\omega+2-4j\omega}{4+\omega^2} = \frac{16}{4+\omega^2}$$

17.1.14/5,6

b) DTFT

$$\tilde{f} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\tilde{f}(n) = 4e^{-2|n|} = 4e^{-2|\frac{n}{2}|} = 4e^{-|n|} = \begin{cases} 4e^n, & n < 0 \\ 4e^{-n}, & n \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$F(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} 4e^n e^{-j\omega n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 4e^{-n} e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=-1}^{\infty} 4e^{-(1-j\omega)n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 4e^{-(1+j\omega)n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 4e^{-(1-j\omega)n} - 4 + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 4e^{-(1+j\omega)n}$$

$$= \frac{4}{1-e^{-(1-j\omega)}} - 4 + \frac{4}{1-e^{-(1+j\omega)}}$$

17.1.14/5/4

c) Da.

Spektar signala  $f(t) = 4e^{-2|t|}$  je  $\frac{16}{4+\omega^2}$ , a on postoji za neki  $\omega$  i vrijednost je od 0. Dakle, ne postoji  $\omega_{max}$ . Da ne bi došlo do zbunjenja pojmovima istovremeno može biti  $\omega_{max}$ , a to nije ispravno. Zbog toga je manje od toga.

4.  $f(t) = 4 |\cos 4t|$

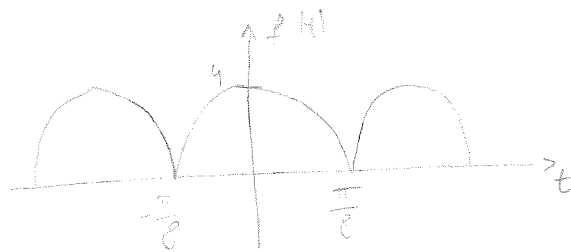
a) CTFS

$\omega = 4$

$\hookrightarrow 4T = 2\pi$

$T = \frac{\pi}{2}$

also  $|\cos 4t| \rightarrow T = \frac{\pi}{4} \rightarrow$  factor is  $2 \cdot 4 = 8$



$\frac{16}{\pi} \frac{j^k}{1 - 4k^2}$   
for  $k \neq 0$

$$F_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(t) e^{-j \frac{2\pi}{T} kt} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi/4} \int_{-\pi/8}^{\pi/8} 4 \cos 4t e^{-j \frac{2\pi}{\pi/2} kt} dt$$

$$= \frac{16}{\pi} \int_{-\pi/8}^{\pi/8} \frac{1}{2} (e^{j4t} + e^{-j4t}) e^{-j8kt} dt$$

$$= \frac{8}{\pi} \int_{-\pi/8}^{\pi/8} [e^{j(4-8k)t} + e^{-j(4+8k)t}] dt$$

$$= \frac{8}{\pi} \left[ \frac{e^{j(4-8k)t}}{j(4-8k)} + \frac{e^{-j(4+8k)t}}{-j(4+8k)} \right] \Big|_{-\pi/8}^{\pi/8}$$

$$= \frac{8}{\pi} \left[ \frac{e^{j(4-8k)\frac{\pi}{8}} - e^{-j(4-8k)\frac{\pi}{8}}}{j(4-8k)} + \frac{e^{-j(4+8k)\frac{\pi}{8}} - e^{j(4+8k)\frac{\pi}{8}}}{-j(4+8k)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{8}{\pi} \left[ \frac{2j \sin(4-8k)\frac{\pi}{8}}{j(4-8k)} - \frac{2j \sin(4+8k)\frac{\pi}{8}}{j(4+8k)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{16}{\pi} \left[ \frac{\sin(4-8k)\frac{\pi}{8}}{4-8k} + \frac{\sin(4+8k)\frac{\pi}{8}}{4+8k} \right]$$

$$= \frac{16}{\pi} \frac{4 [\sin(4-8k)\frac{\pi}{8} + \sin(4+8k)\frac{\pi}{8}] + 8k [\sin(4-8k)\frac{\pi}{8} - \sin(4+8k)\frac{\pi}{8}]}{16 - 64k^2}$$

$$= \frac{16}{\pi} \frac{4 \cdot 2 \sin \frac{8\pi}{8} \cos \frac{16k\pi}{8} + 8k \cdot 2 \cos \frac{8\pi}{8} \sin \frac{-16k\pi}{8}}{16 - 64k^2}$$

$$= \frac{16}{\pi} \frac{2 \cos k\pi}{16(1-4k^2)} = \frac{2}{\pi} \frac{\cos k\pi}{1-4k^2}$$

4b)

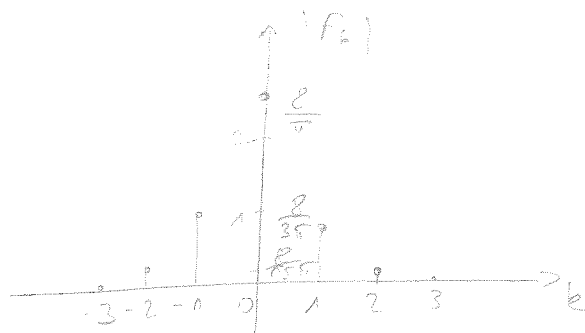
$$|F_k| = \left| \frac{2}{\pi} \frac{\cos k\pi}{1-6k^2} \right|$$

$$|F_0| = \frac{2}{\pi}$$

$$|F_1| = \left| \frac{2}{\pi} \frac{\cos \pi}{1-4} \right| = \left| \frac{-2}{-3\pi} \right| = \frac{2}{3\pi}$$

$$|F_2| = \left| \frac{2}{\pi} \frac{\cos 2\pi}{1-12} \right| = \frac{2}{11\pi}$$

$$|F_3| = \left| \frac{2}{\pi} \frac{\cos 3\pi}{1-36} \right| = \frac{2}{35\pi}$$



$$c) \quad P = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{T_0} |p(t)|^2 dt = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} |F_k|^2$$

(SIS/6.94/26-27)

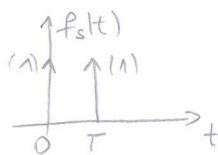
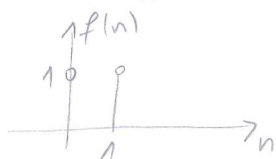
$$P = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{T_0} p(t) \cdot p^*(t) dt = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{T_0} p(t) \left( \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} F_k^* e^{-ik\omega_0 t} \right) dt$$

$$= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} F_k^* \underbrace{\frac{1}{T_0} \int_{T_0} p(t) e^{-ik\omega_0 t} dt}_{F_k} = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} |F_k|^2$$

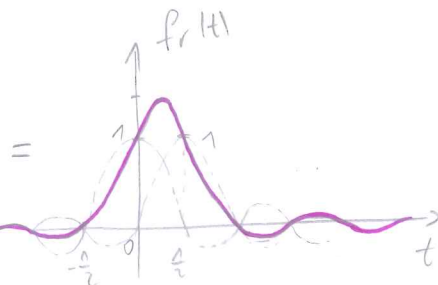
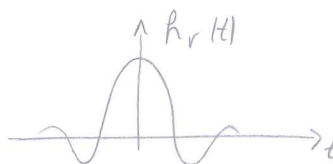
5.

$$f(n) = \{1, 1\}$$

$$a) \quad T = \frac{1}{2}$$



\*



$$(\delta(t) + \delta(t-T)) *$$

\*

$$\left( \frac{\sin \frac{\pi t}{T}}{\frac{\pi t}{T}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\sin \frac{\pi t}{T}}{\frac{\pi t}{T}} + \frac{\sin \frac{\pi (t-T)}{T}}{\frac{\pi (t-T)}{T}}$$

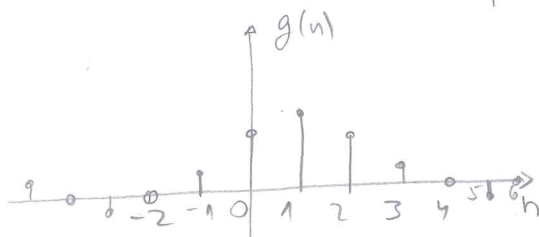
$$= \frac{\sin \frac{\pi t}{T}}{\pi t/T} + \frac{\sin \left( \frac{\pi t}{T} - \pi \right)}{\frac{\pi t}{T} - \pi} = \frac{\sin \frac{\pi t}{T}}{\pi t/T} + \frac{-\sin \frac{\pi t}{T}}{\frac{\pi t}{T} - \pi}$$

$$= \sin \frac{\pi t}{T} \left( \frac{T}{\pi t} - \frac{T}{\pi (t-T)} \right) = T \sin \frac{\pi t}{T} \left( \frac{\pi t - \pi T - \pi t}{\pi t (\pi t - \pi T)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{-\pi T^2 \sin \frac{\pi t}{T}}{\pi t (\pi t - \pi T)} = - \frac{T^2 \sin \frac{\pi t}{T}}{t \pi (t-T)}$$

$$f_r(t) = - \frac{1}{4} \frac{\sin 2\pi t}{t \pi (t - \frac{1}{2})} = \frac{\sin 2\pi t}{2\pi t} + \frac{\sin 2\pi (t - \frac{1}{2})}{2\pi (t - \frac{1}{2})}$$

$$b) \quad g(nT) = - \frac{1}{4} \frac{\sin 2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{4} n}{\frac{1}{4} n \pi (\frac{1}{4} n - \frac{1}{2})} = - \frac{\sin \frac{\pi n}{2}}{\frac{1}{4} n \pi (n-2)} = \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{2} n}{\frac{\pi}{2} n} + \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{2} (n-2)}{\frac{\pi}{2} (n-2)}$$



n	g(n)
-2	0
-1	$\frac{1}{-\frac{1}{4} \cdot (-3)} = \frac{4}{3\pi}$
0	$\frac{-\pi/2}{-\pi/2} = 1$
1	$\frac{-1}{\frac{1}{4} \cdot (-1)} = \frac{4}{\pi}$
2	$\frac{\pi/2}{\pi/2} = 1$
3	$\frac{1}{\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{4}{3\pi}$

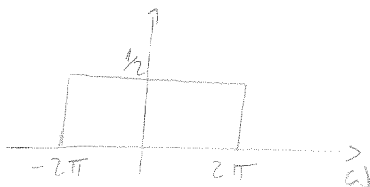
5. c)

$$f(t) \\ T=1$$

$$\left( \sin \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$f(t) = \frac{\sin 2\pi t}{2\pi t} + \frac{\sin 2\pi (t - \frac{1}{2})}{2\pi (t - \frac{1}{2})}$$

$$\frac{\sin 2\pi t}{2\pi t} = \text{sinc } 2t \quad \xleftrightarrow{\text{CTFT}} \quad \frac{1}{2} \text{rect} \left( \frac{\omega}{4\pi} \right) \quad (\text{SAVAHANITE})$$



$$\text{rect} \frac{\omega}{4\pi} = \begin{cases} 1, & -\frac{1}{2} < \frac{\omega}{4\pi} < \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, & \text{inače} \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} 1, & -2\pi < \omega < 2\pi \\ 0, & \text{inače} \end{cases}$$

$$\omega_g = 2\pi$$

↓  
Če ne bi bilo ALIASINGA, frekvencije odčitane ne more biti  
kot  $2 \cdot 2\pi = 4\pi$

$$T=1 \rightarrow f=1 \text{ Hz} \rightarrow \omega = 2\pi f = 2\pi$$

redana frekvencija odčitavanja je  $2\pi < 4\pi$ ,

uporabi Shannonovogo teorema nismo zadovoljeni.