

## 1. Problem statement

Create a weapon detection system capable of displaying a warning message when potentially harmful objects are uncovered in an image and/or a recording. The application should either run on the web or a mobile application.

## 2. Data Preprocessing

### 2.1. Data Description

My final dataset contains firearms images separated into training and testing (<https://sci2s.ugr.es/weapons-detection>). Initially, I chose to detect different weapons, such as firearms or knives, but I do not think my model would be extremely accurate if trying to detect too many classes. Therefore, I've decided to only detect firearms, as I prefer a more reliable model over a more flexible one. I also changed my dataset, as the initial one only contained images of a static weapon with no background, which would increase the chance of bias. The new dataset contains a mix of firearms as well as people holding a firearm in 3000 training images. I've also added 3000 more images of normal human activity without firearms from the human pose dataset (<http://human-pose.mpi-inf.mpg.de/#dataset>). The labelling is binary: 0 if there are not firearms, 1 if there are. There are also 608 testing images of which 304 contains a firearm.

### 2.2. Data Preprocessing Methods

- i. Quickly look through the dataset and manually delete any aberrant images
- ii. Center all images on the firearm and convert them to the same dimensions
- iii. Change the images to greyscale
- iv. Visualize the results (optional, for testing)
- v. Separate into 2 arrays: features & labels
- vi. Convert to numpy arrays

### 3. Machine Learning Model

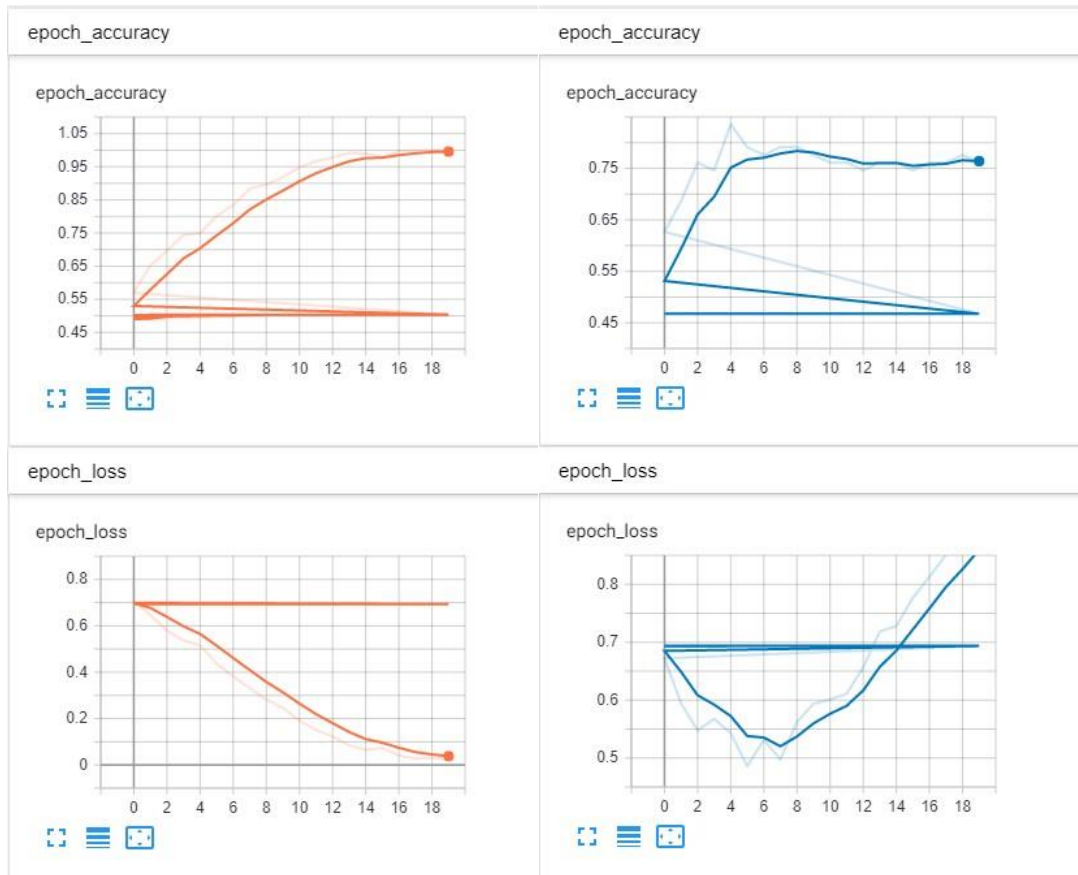
As stated in the first deliverable, I wanted to use a supervised deep learning algorithm. More specifically, I will use a convolutional neural network to classify my images. I will determine an appropriate number of layers (filters) to detect any patterns that will help me determine if an image has a firearm or not.

I used `os`, `cv2` and `matplotlib` to extract the data, visualize it and store it in a list. I also used `numpy` for matrix computations and `numpy` array manipulations. Finally, I used `tensorflow` & `keras` for the model, as I can easily add layers to my CNN and specify a variety of hyperparameters in each.

For the model, I added a initialized a `Sequential` model and added 2 convolutional layers, which consists of a 2D convolution using a 3 x 3 window. A ReLU activation layer and a 2x2 window max pooling. I then flattened the matrix to 1D and passed it to a 64 units dense layer. Finally, the 1-unit dense layer output is passed to a sigmoid activation function. The model used was inspired from a cat/dog classifier tutorial and will be changed later. I have not tried changing hyperparameters yet, as I have not decided on the right dataset.

I tested the model using 30% of the test data as a validation set. The validation set was less accurate than the training set, therefore, my model was overfitting. I will use regularization in the dense layer to address the issue in the next deliverable. I will also add more images to the training set.

## 4. Preliminary results



The model performed a lot better than expected, but it is still biased and overfitting. Also, only a total of 600 images were used to get this result.

## 5. Next steps

I did not have much time for this deliverable, as I was researching on CNNs and how they work. The datasets were also extremely hard to find because it is a sensible topic. Therefore, I plan on expanding the dataset to make the application more reliable and test out different layers/hyperparameters using the knowledge I gained in this deliverable. I'll also have to decide my application's viewpoint (I plan on using a simple webcam or phone camera POV, as I got terrible results using the surveillance camera POV). My goal is to have an accuracy of about 85% using more than 10k images.